if	The if statement allows conditional execution of a statement or a conditional choice of two statements, executing one or the other but not both.
	
	The Expression must have type boolean or Boolean, or a compile-time error occurs.
	
	`if(expression) {`
	`  statement`
	`}`
		Common logical statement - must have

plus	The unary plus operator + `(1 + 1) = 2`	Common logical statement - must have
minus	The unary minus operator - `(1 - 1) = 0`	Common logical statement - must have
divide	`(10 / 2) = 5`	Common logical statement - must have
multiple	`(5 * 2) = 10`	Common logical statement - must have
int	`intvar1 := 1`	Common logical statement - must have
double	`doublevar1 := 1.1`	No need for float Common logical statement - must have.
list	list ava[2] := (1, 2) listAdd(list, Value, index) listRemove(list, Value, index)	To provide an easier way of using arrays, in form of what modern languages do

boolean	A boolean can either be true or false
	
	`var1 := true`
	`var2 := false`
		Common logical statement - must have

string	`var1 := "abc"`	Common logical statement - must have " rather than ' in order to use english grammar like don't