

Microservice architecture

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MICROSERVICES

Introduction

Concepts

Small & autonomous, loose coupling & tight cohesion, Conway's law, resilience & scaling

Testing

Consumer-driven contracts, Canary releases, Semantic monitoring

Monitoring

Distributed logging, Correlation IDs, Distributed Tracing

Patterns

Timeouts, Circuit breakers, Bulkheads, Idempotency, Fail fast, Decoupling Middleware, Event sourcing



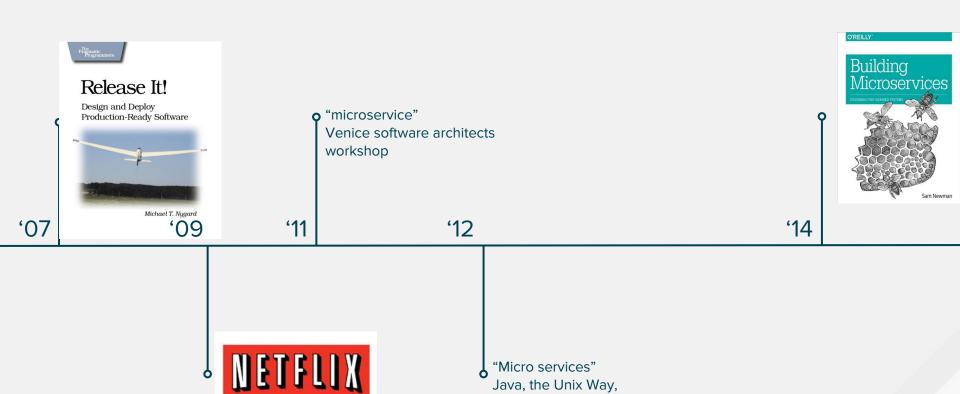
Introduction



MICROSERVICES, THE TERM

"Fine grained SOA" Adrian Cockcroft @

Netflix



James Lewis

33rd Degree, Kraków



NETFLIX STORY

- ...the very first piece of Netflix that was running in the cloud was the search auto-complete service. ... That ran as a service, there was no graphics around it. All of the website that was supporting that was still running in the datacenter. It's just that as you type that word in, it was sent off to a search index in the cloud.....
- ...It's a trivial piece of technology, but it taught us everything about pushing production systems to the cloud, hooking them up to a load balancer and the tooling we needed to do it. Two or three engineers, I think, worked on getting that built in a month or so maybe. It was a very small piece of work, plus the tooling, but it proved certain things worked. Then, we got the first bits and pieces up and running in the cloud one piece at a time...

-- Adrian Cockcroft



JAVA, THE UNIX WAY

today. He put pipes into Unix." Thompson also had to change most of the programs, because up until that time, they couldn't take standard input. There wasn't really a need; they all had file arguments. "GREP had a file argument, CAT had a file argument."

The next morning, "we had this orgy of `one liners.' Everybody had a one liner. Look at this, look at that. ... Everybody started putting forth the UNIX philosophy. Write programs that do one thing and do it well. Write programs to work together. Write programs that handle text streams, because that is a universal interface." Those ideas which add up to the tool approach, were there in some unformed way before pipes, but they really came together afterwards. Pipes became the catalyst for this UNIX philosophy. "The tool thing has turned out to be actually successful. With pipes, many programs could work together, and they could work together at a distance."

-- Lions commentary on UNIX 2nd Edition



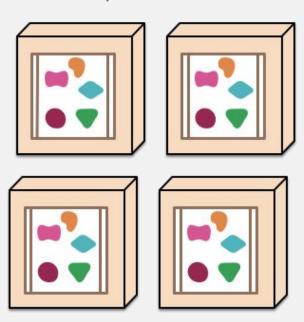
A monolithic application puts all its functionality into a single process...



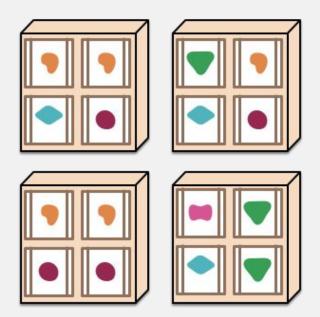
A microservices architecture puts each element of functionality into a separate service...



... and scales by replicating the monolith on multiple servers



... and scales by distributing these services across servers, replicating as needed.



Martin Fowler - Microservices a definition of this new architectural term https://martinfowler.com/articles/microservices.html



Concepts



SMALL AND AUTONOMOUS

Small

- Each application only does one thing
- Small enough to fit in your head

Packaging and Deployment

- single "fat jar" file
- independently testable
- installable as any system service
- containers
 - fat jar vs. shared layers



SMALL AND AUTONOMOUS

e.g. as a SystemD service

```
[Unit]
Description=Store Catalogue
After=network.service

[Service]
Environment=SPRING_DATASOURCE_URI=jbdc://foo/bar
ExecStart=/bin/sh -c 'java -jar /opt/store/catalogue.jar'
User=catalogue

[Install]
WantedBy=multi-user.target
```



LOOSE COUPLING

...and tight cohesion

- The Single Responsibility Principle
 - Gather together those things that change for the same reason, and separate those things that change for different reasons.
- Services separated via network calls
 - APIs
 - JSON/XML over HTTP (REST), Messaging
 - versioning



CONWAY'S LAW

Organizations which design systems are constrained to produce designs whose structure are copies of the communication structures of these organizations -- Melvin Conway 1968

- Each application in separate source repository
 - Treat common code as any other shared library
- Mythical Man-Month
- 2 pizza rule



RESILIENCE AND SCALING

Design for failure

Resilience

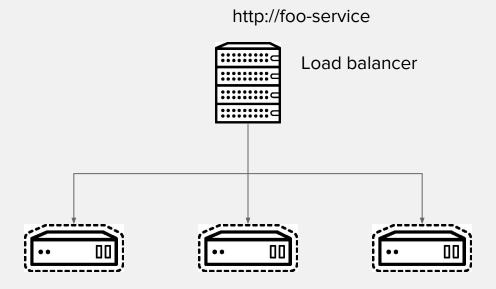
- A resilient system keeps processing transactions, even when there are transient impulses, persistent stresses, or component failures disrupting normal processing.
- Ability to contain a failure to the failing component.

Scaling

- horizontal scaling
 - fault tolerance via redundancy

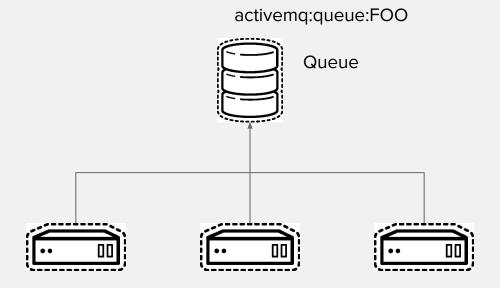


LOAD BALANCING





WORKER BASED SCALING



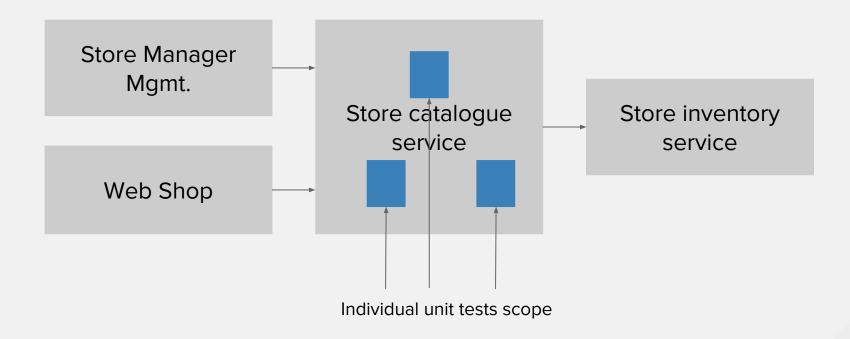


Testing

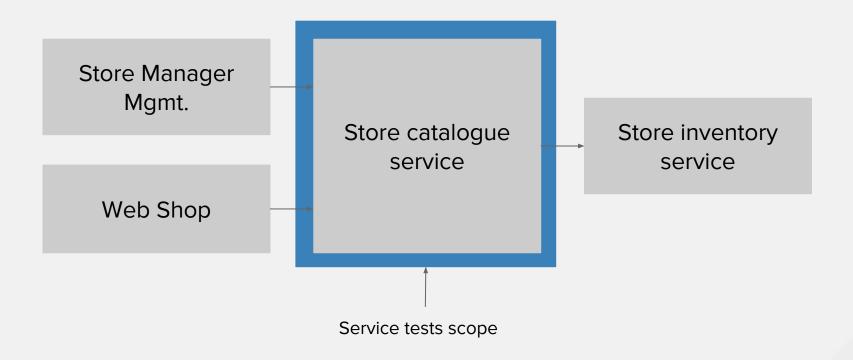




Unit tests



Service tests





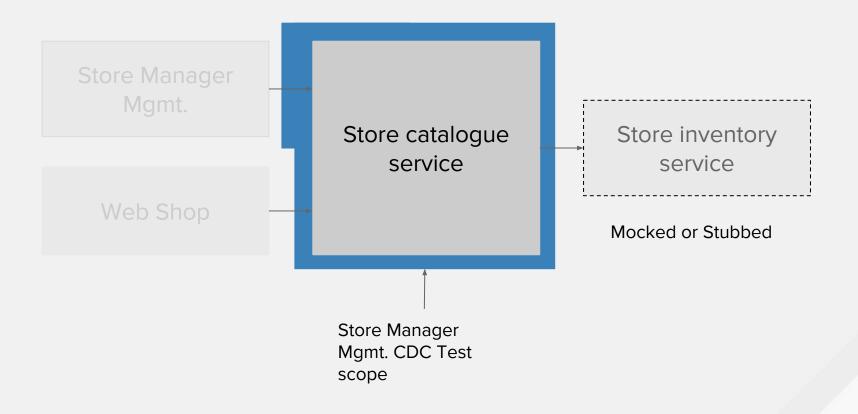
End-to-end tests



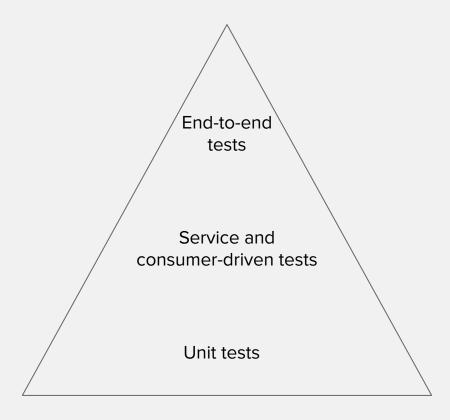
End-to-end tests scope



Consumer-driven contracts









TESTING IN PRODUCTION

Testing environment is never identical to production

- Blue/green deployment
- Canary release
- Semantic monitoring
- Chaos monkey



Monitoring



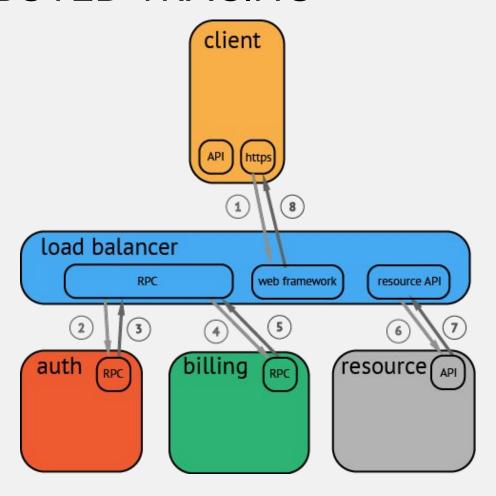
LOGGING

aggregation

- ELK / EFK
- Correlation ID
- Distributed Tracing

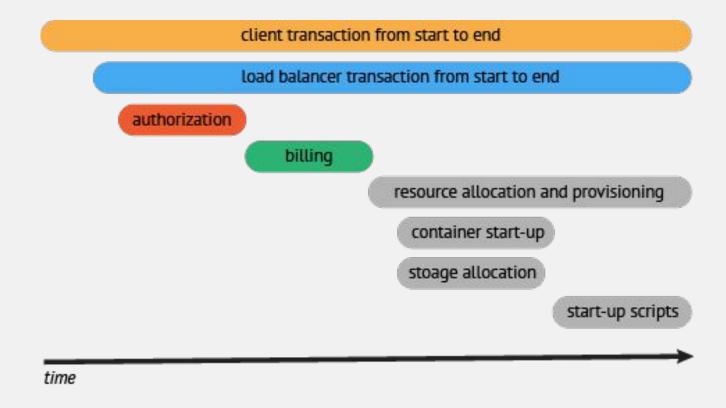


DISTRIBUTED TRACING





DISTRIBUTED TRACING





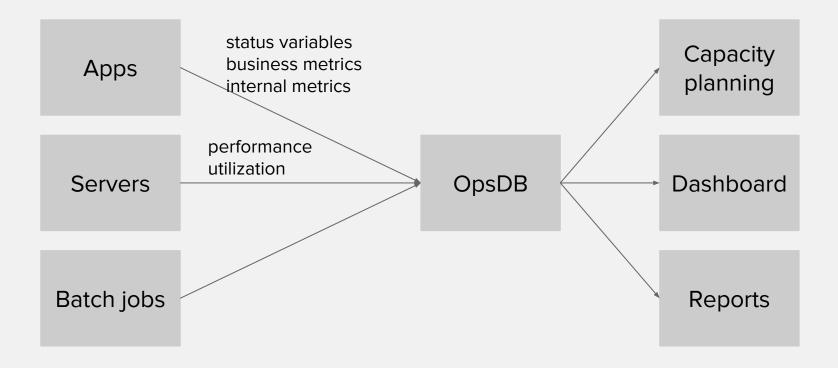
MONITORING

individual services

- Mechanisms
 - JMX / Jolokia
- Data
 - Traffic indicators
 - Resource pool health
 - DB connections health
 - Integration point health
 - Cache health



OPERATIONS DATABASE



Patterns



TIMEOUTS

networks are fallible

- prevents calls to integration points from causing blocked threads
 - cascading failures
- thread / connection pools
- consider delayed retries / queueing
 - Beware of Acts of self-denial



"don't do it if it hurts"



Service functions normally

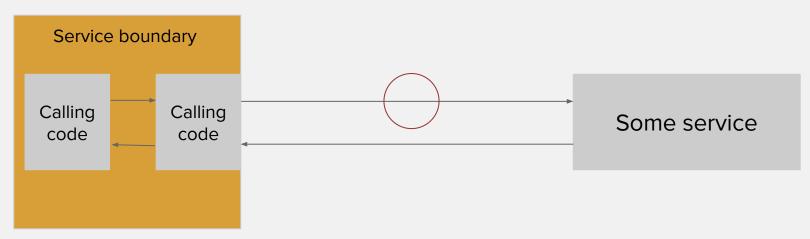
Closed





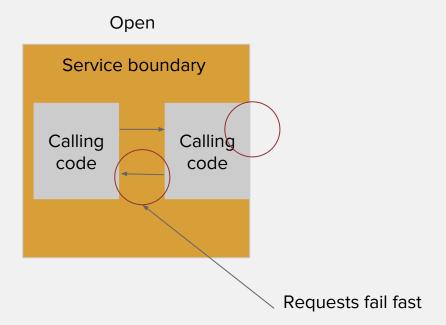
Calls starting to timeout or returning errors

Closed





Connection stopped when threshold reached

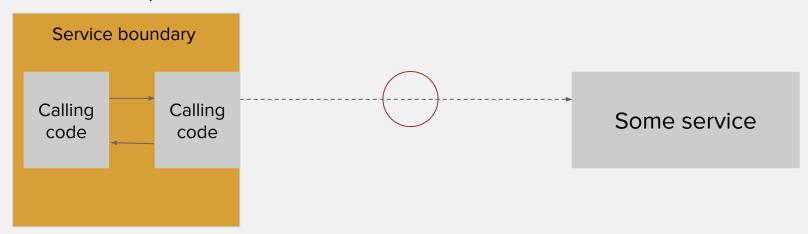


Some service



Retry after grace period, or occasional health check

Half-open





CIRCUIT BREAKER

Connection reset when healthy threshold reached

Closed





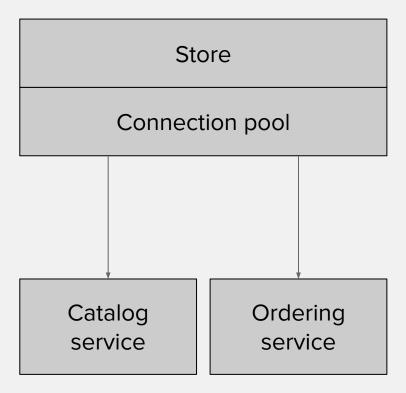
BULKHEADS

isolating from failure

- Separation of concerns (separate service)
- Separating thread/connection pools

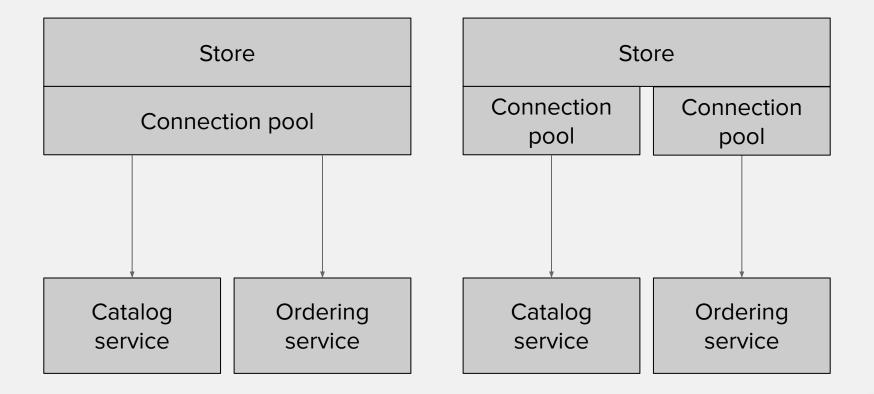


BULKHEADS



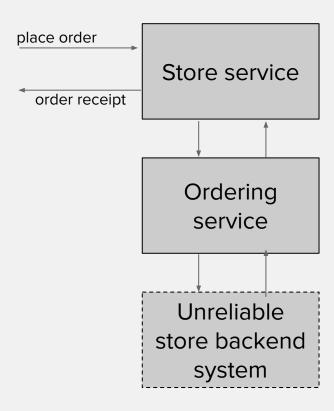


BULKHEADS



DECOUPLING MIDDLEWARE

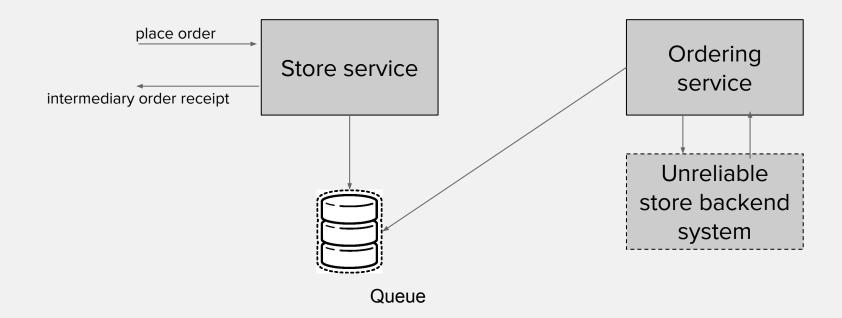
enable message processing in different place and time





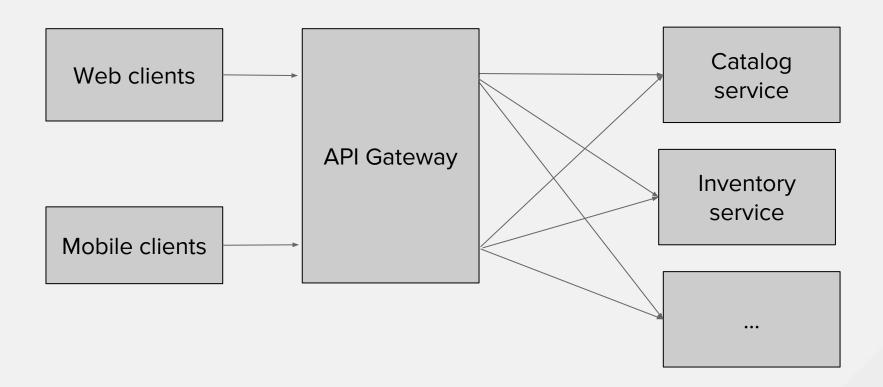
DECOUPLING MIDDLEWARE

enable message processing in different place and time





API GATEWAY





API GATEWAY

is not just a proxy

- merge multiple calls (saving network overhead)
- different APIs for different clients
- API management



IDEMPOTENCY

and eventual consistency



IDEMPOTENCY

PUT http://order-service/order

```
{
    "customer": {
        "name": "John Doe",
        ...
},
    "items" = [
        {"storeId": 1000, "itemPrice": 99.90, "amount": 2}
]
}
```



IDEMPOTENCY

PUT http://order-service/order

```
"uuid": "12de-adbe-ef42",
"customer": {
 "name": "John Doe",
"items" = [
 {"storeId": 1000, "itemPrice": 99.90, "amount": 2}
```



CAP THEOREM

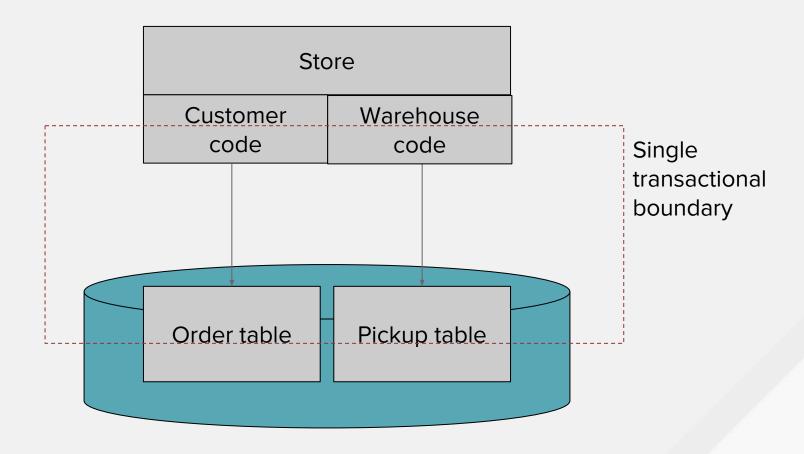
Two out of three ain't bad

- Consistency
- Availability
- Partition Tolerance



NON-DISTRIBUTED

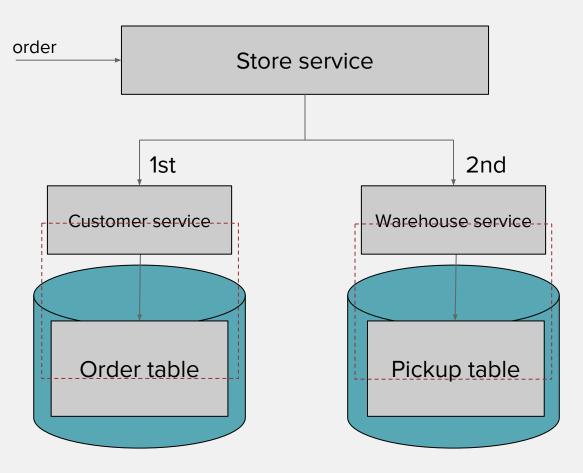
Monolithic service





INCONSISTENT APPROACH

Separate services

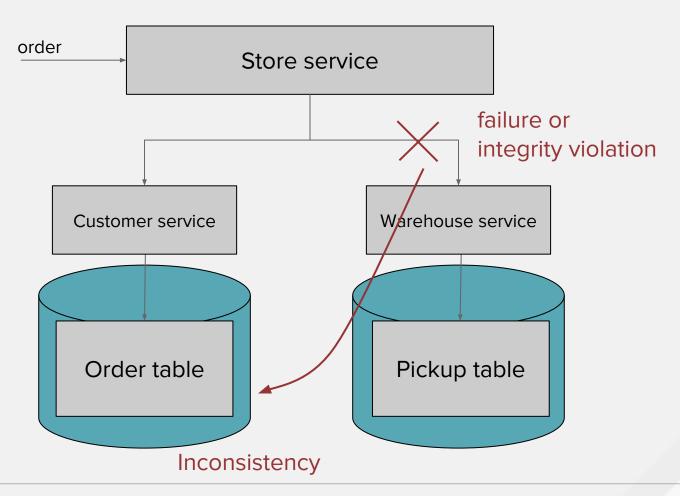


Separate transactional boundaries



INCONSISTENT APPROACH

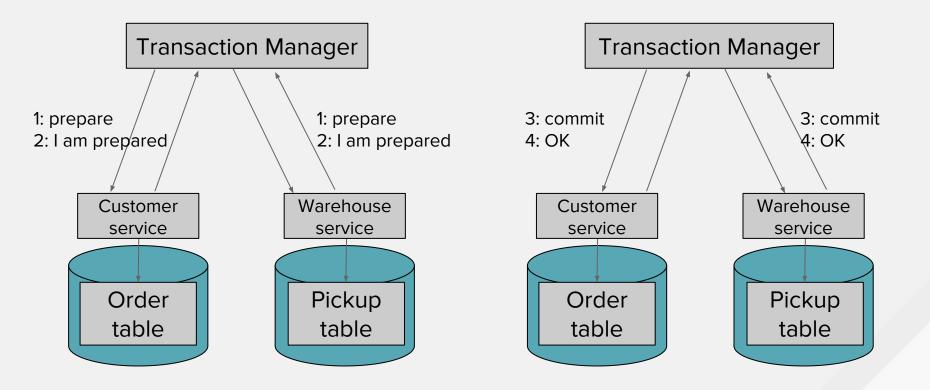
Separate services





(almost) CONSISTENT APPROACH

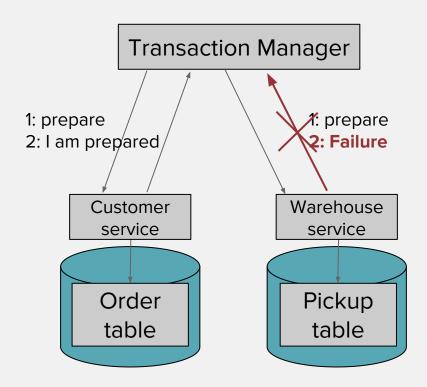
Block writes until all services are ready to commit (two-phased commit)

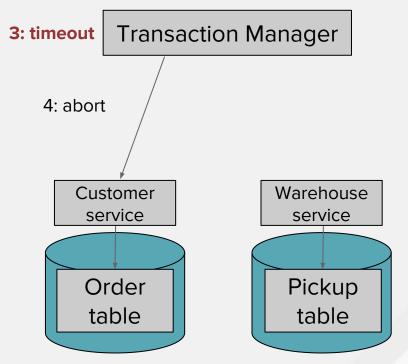




(almost) CONSISTENT APPROACH

Block writes until all services are ready to commit (two-phased commit)

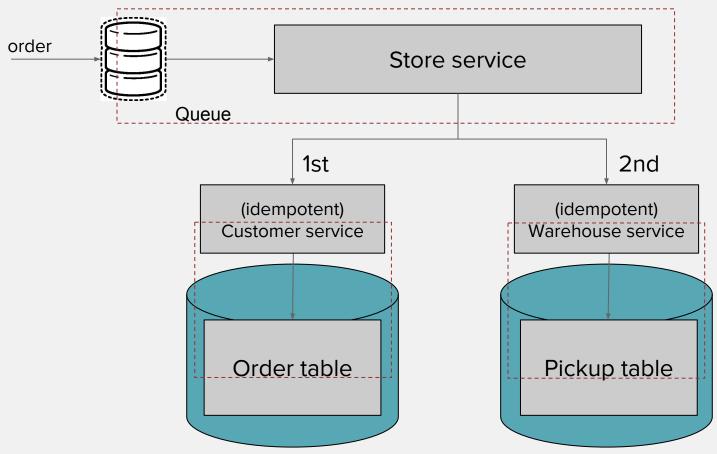






EVENTUALLY CONSISTENT APPROACH

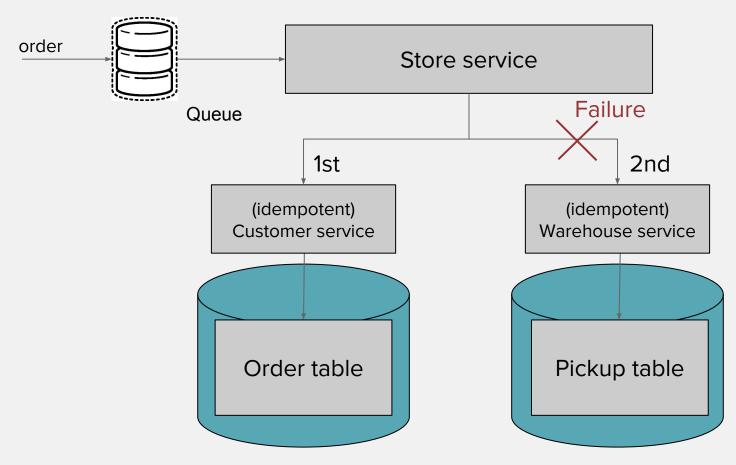
Compensating Transactions





COMPENSATING TRANSACTIONS

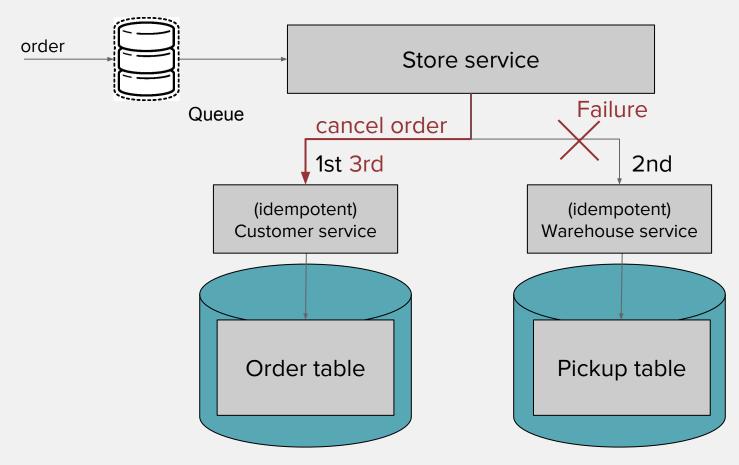
Compensating Transactions





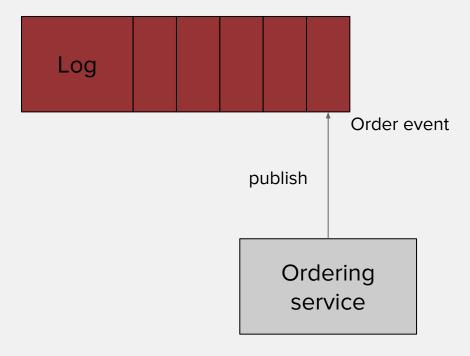
COMPENSATING TRANSACTIONS

Compensating Transactions

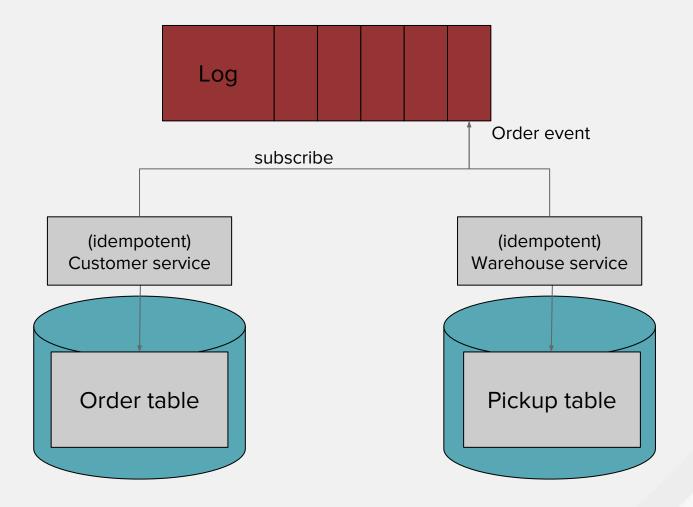


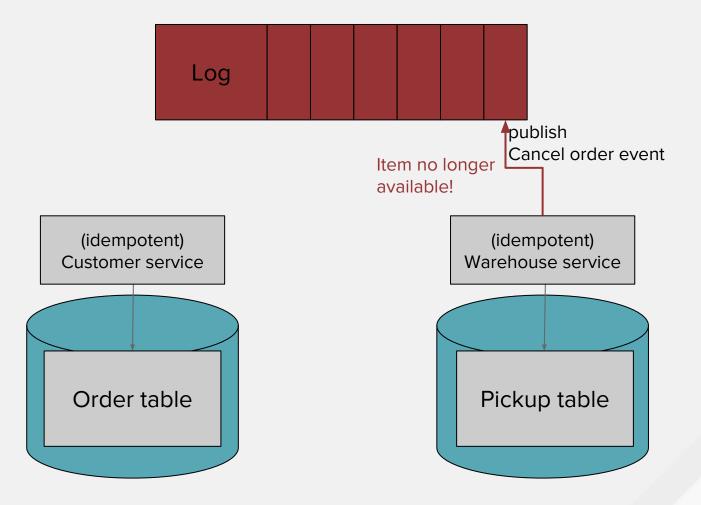




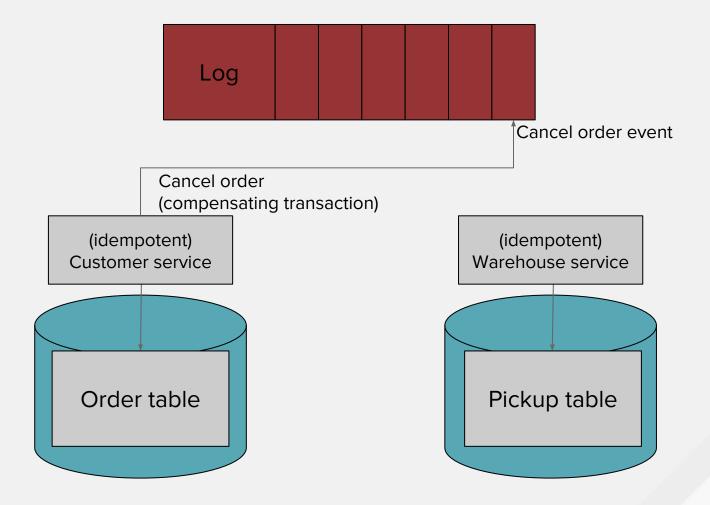














One Log to Rule them All

- Log is the source of truth
 - audit trail
- CQRS
- Debugging
- Alternate histories
- Drawbacks
 - external systems
 - identifiers
 - event schema



Summary



MICROSERVICE BENEFITS

INDEPENDENT COMPONENT SCALING CONTINUOUS AND DECOUPLED DEPLOYMENTS

SMALL AND AGILE DEV TEAMS



MICROSERVICE TRADE-OFFS

DISTRIBUTED SYSTEM

EVENTUAL CONSISTENCY

OPERATIONAL COMPLEXITY



MICROSERVICE TRADE-OFFS

DISTRIBUTED SYSTEM

Design for failure

EVENTUAL

CONSISTENCY

Carefully consider

consistency

requirements

OPERATIONAL

COMPLEXITY

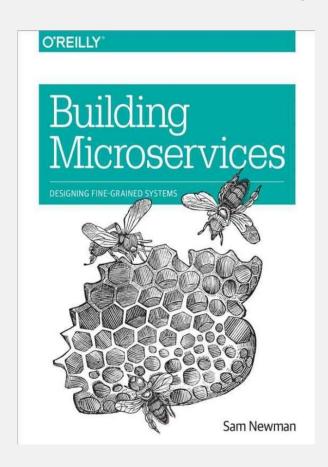
Embrace immutable

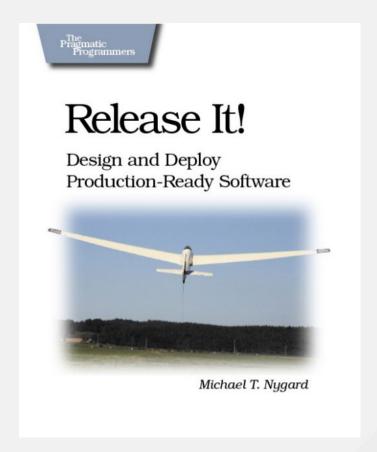
infrastructure,

automate



Further reading







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