```
1. Tencent Cloud Login
 2
       1)https://intl.cloud.tencent.com/login/subAccount/200018656283?type=subAccount
 3
       2)Root Account ID: 200018656283
 4
       3)Sub-user name: eduxx
 5
       4)Password: P@$$W0rd1234
 6
       5)Improve the information next time 클릭
 7
 8
 9
    2. VPC 생성
       1)Products > Networking > Virtual Private Cloud
10
11
       2)Region: Seoul 선택
       3)New Click
12
13
       4)Name: lab-vpc
14
       5)IPv4 CIDR Block: 172.16.0.0/16
15
16
17
    3. Subnet 생성
18
       1)Subnet Name: lab-vpc-jupyter-subnet
       2) IPv4 CIDR Block: 172.16.1.0/24
19
20
       3) Availability Zone: Seoul Zone 1
21
22
23
    4. Security Group 생성하기
24
       1)Security > Security Group
25
       2)Region: Seoul
26
       3)New Click
       4)Template: Custom
27
28
       5)Name: jupyter-sg
29
       6)OK
30
       7)Add rules now Click
31
       8)Inbound Rule 추가하기: ICMP, 22, 8888
32
       9)Inbound rule > Add Rule Click
         -Type: Ping, Source: all, Protocol Port: ICMP, Policy: Allow, New Line Click
33
         -Type: Login Linux CVM(22), Source: all, Protocol Port: TCP:22, Policy: Allow, New
34
         Line Click
35
         -Type: Custom, Source: all, Protocol Port: TCP:8888, Policy: Allow
       10)Complete Click
36
37
       11)Outbound Rule 추가하기: ICMP, 443, 80
38
       12)Outbound rule > Add Rule
39
         -Type: Ping, Target: all, Protocol Port: ICMP, Policy: Allow, New Line Click
40
         -Type: HTTPS(443), Target: all, Protocol Port: TCP:443, Policy: Allow
41
         -Type: HTTPS(80), Target: all, Protocol Port: TCP:80, Policy: Allow
42
       14)Complete Click
43
44
45
    5. CVM 생성하기
46
       1)Products > Compute > Cloud Virtual Machine
47
       2)Region: Seoul
48
       3)Create Click
       4)Billing Mode: Pay as you go
49
50
       5)Region: Seoul
51
       6) Availability Zone: Seoul Zone 1
       7)Network: lab-vpc | 172.16.0.0/16, lab-vpc-jupyter-subnet | 172.16.1.0/24
52
53
       8)Instance: Standard | Standard S3 | Standard S3 S3.SMALL1, 1-core, 1GB, 0.02USD/hr
       9)Image: PUblic image | Ubuntu 64-bit | Ubuntu Server 20.04 LTS 64bit
54
55
       10)System disk: Premium Cloud Storage 50GB
       11)Public network bandwidth: By Traffic 100Mbps
56
57
       12)Amount: 1
       13)Configuration Fee 0.03USD/hr, Network Fee 0.12USD/GB
58
59
       14) Next: Complete Configuration Click
```

```
60
       15) Security Groups: Existing Security Groups | jupytger-sq
 61
       16)Instance Name: jupyter-seoul-xx
       17)Login Methods: Set Password
 62
 63
       18)Username: ubuntu
       19)Password: P@$$W0rd1234
 64
       20)Confrim Password: P@$$W0rd1234
 65
       21) Advanced Settings Click
 66
 67
       22) Hostname: jupyter-seoul-xx
 68
       23)Next: Confirm Configuration Click
 69
       24) Agree Tencent Cloud Service Terms Check
 70
       25)Enable Click
 71
 72
 73
     6. Convert CVM's Public IP to EIP
       1)CVM Instances 목록에서 해당 CVM 선택 후 EIP Binding 하기
 74
 75
       2)OK
 76
 77
 78
     7. Windows 10 Terminal에서 CVM 연결하기
 79
       1)Windows Terminal에서
 80
          ssh -l ubuntu {{EIP}} -p 22
 81
 82
          The authenticity of host '119.28.232.233 (119.28.232.233)' can't be established.
 83
          ECDSA key fingerprint is SHA256:009hPuv/7+5Jyd3PspEU9Uquoit089cXcNfA3hnZbYE.
          Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
 84
 85
 86
 87
          Warning: Permanently added '119.28.232.233' (ECDSA) to the list of known hosts.
          ubuntu@119.28.232.233's password: P@$$W0rd1234
 88
 89
 90
 91
          Welcome to Ubuntu 20.04 LTS (GNU/Linux 5.4.0-72-generic x86_64)
 92
 93
           * Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com
                             https://landscape.canonical.com
 94
           * Management:
 95
           * Support:
                          https://ubuntu.com/advantage
 96
 97
           System information as of Wed 16 Jun 2021 10:59:34 AM CST
 98
 99
           System load: 0.1
                                      Processes:
                                                        113
           Usage of /: 6.5% of 49.16GB Users logged in:
100
                                        IPv4 address for eth0: 172.16.1.15
           Memory usage: 24%
101
           Swap usage: 0%
102
103
           * Pure upstream Kubernetes 1.21, smallest, simplest cluster ops!
104
105
106
             https://microk8s.io/
107
108
          ubuntu@jupytger-seoul-xx:~$
109
110
       2)$ sudo apt update
111
112
113
     8. Jupyter Installation on Tencent Cloud CVM
       1)$ python3
114
          Python 3.8.5 (default, Jan 27 2021, 15:41:15)
115
116
          [GCC 9.3.0] on linux
          Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
117
          >>> exit()
118
119
```

```
120
       2)$ sudo apt install -y python3-pip
121
       3)$ sudo pip3 install notebook
       4)$ mkdir jupyter
122
123
       5)$ mkdir jupyter/cert
124
       6)$ mkdir jupyter/contents
125
       7)cd jupyter/cert
126
          openssl req -x509 -nodes -days 365 -newkey rsa:2048 -keyout notebook.key -out
          notebook.pem
127
          계속 엔터키
128
          cd ∼
129
       8)Server 비밀번호 생성
130
          -Terminal을 새로 열고
131
            $ ipython
132
133
          Python 3.8.5 (default, Jan 27 2021, 15:41:15)
134
          Type 'copyright', 'credits' or 'license' for more information
          IPython 7.24.1 -- An enhanced Interactive Python. Type '?' for help.
135
136
137
          In [1]: from notebook.auth import passwd
138
139
          In [2]: passwd()
140
          Enter password: P@$$W0rd1234
141
          Verify password: P@$$W0rd1234
142
          Out[2]:
          'argon2:$argon2id$v=19$m=10240,t=10,p=8$ESX8W4ouRSIYRCGzdK1o9Q$UJ/wLIqw
          pEktCZ4e5S0g9Q'
143
144
          In [3]: exit()
145
146
       9)위의 Out[2]의 키를 복사해서 메모장에 붙여넣기
147
148
149
     9. config 파일 만들기
150
       1)Terminal에서
151
152
          $ jupyter notebook --generate-config
153
154
          -위 코드를 실행하면 /home/ubuntu/.jupyter directory에 jupyter_notebook_config.py
          파일이 생성된다.
155
156
       2)Jupyter Server 환경설정하기
157
          -/home/ubuntu/.jupyter directory에 가서 jupyter notebook config.py 파일을 연다.
158
159
          -$ sudo vim /home/ubuntu/.jupyter/jupyter_notebook_config.py
160
          -jupyter_notebook_config.py 파일은 Jupyter Notebook 환경설정이 저장되어 있는 파일인데,
          모든 환경설정들이 전부 # c.Notebook.App.ip=" 이런 식으로 앞에 # 이 붙어서 주석처리 되어 있다.
161
          -파일의 제일 마지막에 커서를 위치하고
            c = get_config()
162
163
            c.NotebookApp.password =
            u'argon2:\$argon2id\$v=19\$m=10240, t=10, p=8\$ESX8W4ouRSIYRCGzdK1o9Q\$UJ/wL
            IgwpEktCZ4e5S0g9Q'
            c.NotebookApp.ip = '*'
164
            c.NotebookApp.open_browser = False
165
166
            c.NotebookApp.notebook dir = u'/home/ubuntu/jupyter/contents'
167
            c.NotebookApp.port = 8888
168
            c.NotebookApp.certfile = u'/home/ubuntu/jupyter/cert/notebook.pem'
169
            c.NotebookApp.keyfile = u'/home/ubuntu/jupyter/cert/notebook.key'
170
          -수정이 완료됬으면 jupyter_notebook_config.py 저장.
171
172
          -Text Editor를 닫는다.
```

```
173
          -Terminal을 닫는다.
174
175
176
     10. Jupyter Server 시작하기
177
       1)Terminal에서
178
          $ jupyter-notebook
179
180
       2)서버가 실행되었다.
       3)이제 브라우저에서 주소창에
181
182
       4)https://{{EIP}}:8888
183
       5)패스워드를 넣고 원격으로 jupyter notebook으로 로그인한다.
184
185
186
     11. CVM에 Jupyter Notebook Service 등록하기
       1)jupyter-notebook 명령어의 위치알기
187
188
          $ which jupyter-notebook
            /usr/local/bin/jupyter-notebook
189
190
191
       2)jupyter.service 파일 생성하기
192
          $ sudo vim /etc/systemd/system/jupyter.service
193
194
            [Unit]
195
            Description=Jupyter Notebook Service
196
197
            [Service]
198
            type=simple
            User=ubuntu
199
200
            ExecStart=/usr/local/bin/jupyter-notebook
            -config=/home/ubuntu/.jupyter/jupyter_notebook_config.py
201
202
            [Install]
203
            WantedBy=multi-user.target
204
205
       3)Save
206
207
       4) 운영체제에 Service 등록하기
          $ sudo systemctl daemon-reload
208
209
          $ sudo systemctl enable jupyter
210
          $ sudo systemctl start jupyter
211
212
       5) Service 상태 확인하기
213
          $ sudo systemctl status jupyter
```