

```

void sieve() {
    for (int i = 3; i * i < N; i += 2) {
        if (marked[i] == false) // i is a prime {
            for (int j = i * i; j < N; j += i + i) {
                marked[j] = true;
            }
        }
    }
}

bool isPrime(int n) {
    if (n < 2) return false;
    if (n == 2) return true;
    if (n % 2 == 0) return false;
    return marked[n] == false;
}

```

Prime Factorization (Integer factorization):

=> $O(\sqrt{n})$

Ex: 36 => 2 2 3 3

```

int main() {
    int n;
    cin >> n;
    vector<int> prime_factors;
    for (int i = 2; i * i <= n; i++) {
        while (n % i == 0) {
            prime_factors.push_back(i);
            n /= i;
        }
    }
    if (n > 1) prime_factors.push_back(n);
    for (auto &prime : prime_factors)
        cout << prime << " ";
}

```

Prime Factorization using Sieve algorithm:

=> $O(\log(n))$

Ex: 50 => 2 5 5

vector<int> **spf**(N); // SPF : smallest prime factor
 void **sieve**() // => $O(n \log \log n)$

```

{
    for (int i = 1; i < N; i++) spf[i] = i;
    for (int i = 2; i * i < N; i++) {
        if (spf[i] == i) {
            for (int j = i * i; j < N; j += i)
                if (spf[j] == j) spf[j] = i;
        }
    }
}

int main() {
    sieve();
    int n;
    cin >> n;
    while (n != 1) {
        cout << spf[n] << " ";
        n /= spf[n];
    }
}

```

```

}

```

Binary Exponentiation using Iterative method: **=> $O(\log(b))$.**

Ex: $3^{13} \Rightarrow 3^{(8+4+0+1)} \Rightarrow 3^8 * 3^4 * 3^0 * 3^1 \Rightarrow 1594323;$
 $\rightarrow (a^b)$

```

const int Mod = 1e9 + 7;
long long BinExpIter(ll a, ll b) {
    ll ans = 1;
    while (b) {
        if (b & 1) ans = (ans * a) % Mod;
        a = (a * a) % Mod;
        b >>= 1;
    }
    return ans;
}

```

Binary Exponentiation for $N^{1/x}$: **=> $O(x * \log(N * 10^d))$**

$3^{1/5} = 1.2457312346;$

double **eps** = 1e-6; // eps=1e-d; =>with d
decimal accuracy

```

double BinExpPow (double n, int x) {
    double l = 0, r = n, m = (l + r) / 2;
    while (r - l > eps) {
        if (pow(m, x) > n) r = m;
        else l = m;
        m = (l + r) / 2;
    }
    return m;
}

```

Euler Totient Function:

// Find the co-prime between(1 to i);

// Time Complexity: $O(N \log \log N)$

const int N = 1e6 + 7;

int coprimeCnt[N];

ll coprimeSum[N];

```

void generatePhi() {
    for (int i = 0; i < N; ++i) coprimeCnt[i] = i;
    for (int i = 2; i < N; i++) {
        if (coprimeCnt[i] == i) {
            for (int j = i; j < N; j += i)
                coprimeCnt[j] -= coprimeCnt[j] / i;
        }
    }
    // Sum of all coprime values (Ex: 10 => 1 + 3 +
    7 + 9 = 20)
    coprimeSum[1] = 1;
    for (ll i = 2; i < N; ++i)
        coprimeSum[i] = (i * coprimeCnt[i]) >> 1;
}

```

Find the co-prime between(1 to i) => $O(\sqrt{n})$