```
# -- 1. Count & Percentage of F vs M that have OCD & -- Average Obsession Score by Gender
SELECT
Gender.
count('Patient ID') as patient_count,
round(avg(`Y-BOCS Score (Obsessions)`),2) as avg_obs_score
FROM health_data.ocd_patient_dataset
Group By 1
Order by 2
)
select
 sum(case when Gender = 'Female' then patient count else 0 end) as count female,
 sum(case when Gender = 'Male' then patient_count else 0 end) as count_male,
 round(sum(case when Gender = 'Female' then patient_count else 0 end)/
 (sum(case when Gender = 'Female' then patient_count else 0 end)+sum(case when Gender = 'Male' then patient_count else 0 end)) *100,2)
 as pct_female,
  round(sum(case when Gender = 'Male' then patient_count else 0 end)/
 (sum(case when Gender = 'Female' then patient_count else 0 end)+sum(case when Gender = 'Male' then patient_count else 0 end)) *100,2)
 as pct_male
from data
# -- 2. Count of Patients by Ethnicity and their respective Average Obsession Score
select
 Ethnicity,
 count('Patient ID') as patient_count,
 avg('Y-BOCS Score (Obsessions)') as obs_score
From health_data.ocd_patient_dataset
Group by 1
Order by 2;
# -- 3. Number of people diagnosed with OCD Months over Months
alter table health data.ocd patient dataset
modify `OCD Diagnosis Date` date;
select
date_format('OCD Diagnosis Date', '%Y-%m-01 00:00:00') as month,
-- 'OCD Diagnosis Date
count('Patient ID') patient_count
from health_data.ocd_patient_dataset
group by 1
Order by 1
# -- 4. What is the most common Obsession Type (Count) & it's respective Average Obsession Score
Select
`Obsession Type`,
count('Patient ID') as patient_count,
round(avg(`Y-BOCS Score (Obsessions)`),2) as obs score
from health_data.ocd_patient_dataset
group by 1
Order by 2
;
# -- 5. What is the most common Compulsion type (Count) & it's respective Average Obsession Score
Select
'Compulsion Type',
count('Patient ID') as patient_count,
round(avg(`Y-BOCS Score (Obsessions)`),2) as obs_score
from health_data.ocd_patient_dataset
group by 1
Order by 2
;
```