

# Shared Data and Peer-to-Peer Patterns

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WEEK 4-1



# Shared-Data Context

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Various computational components need to share and manipulate large amount of data

This data does not belong solely to any one of those components

# Shared Data Pattern

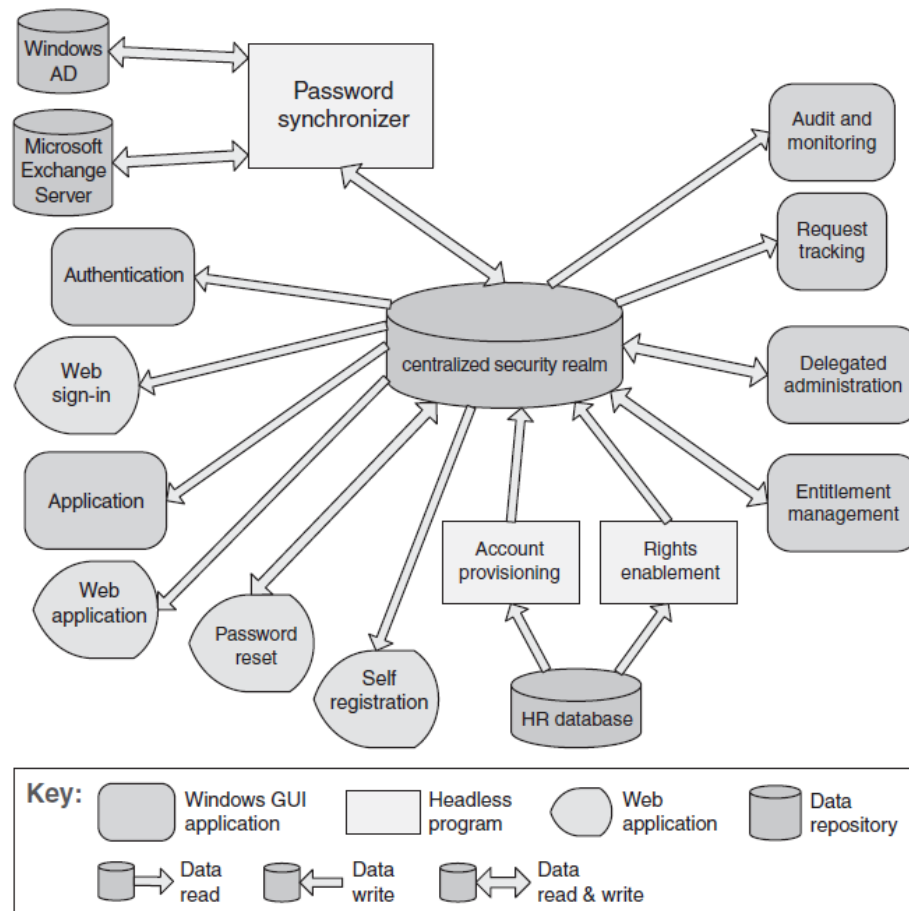
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The data store provide shared access to data to multiple accessors

Mange concurrency through transaction management

Provide fault tolerance and support for access control

# Shared Data Pattern



# Shared Data Pattern

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## Limitations

- The shared data may be a performance bottleneck
- The shared data store may be a single point of failure

## Advantages

- Decoupling of producers from consumers
- Redundancy for availability and performance

# Peer-to-Peer Context

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Need distributed computational entities that are considered equals

Need to cooperate and collaborate to provide a service to a distributed community of users

Achieve high availability and scalability

# Peer-to-Peer Pattern

1/2

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Change client-server architecture such that all participating entities are both client and server

Resources are shared across all peers

No peer are critical for the health of the system

# Peer-to-Peer Pattern

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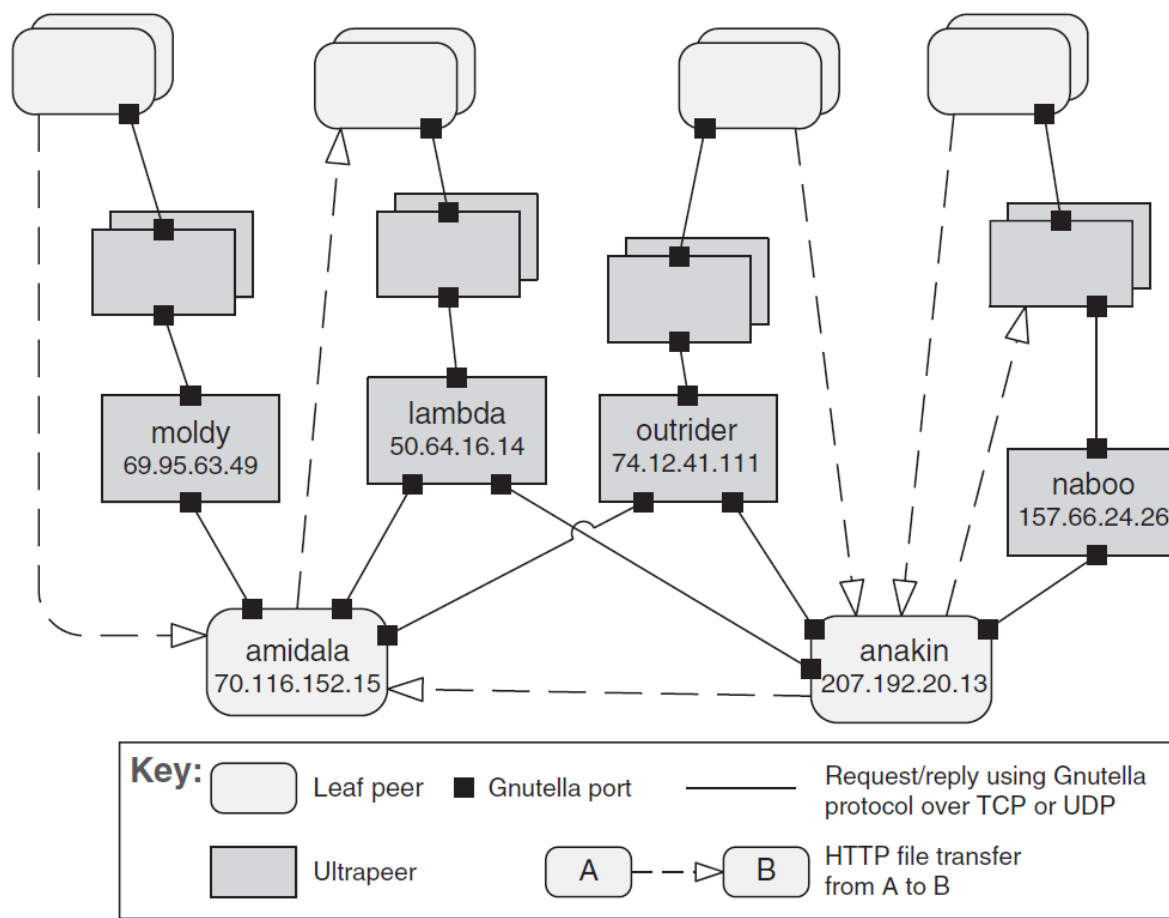
2/2

Overlay network, discovery, hops, join/leave group

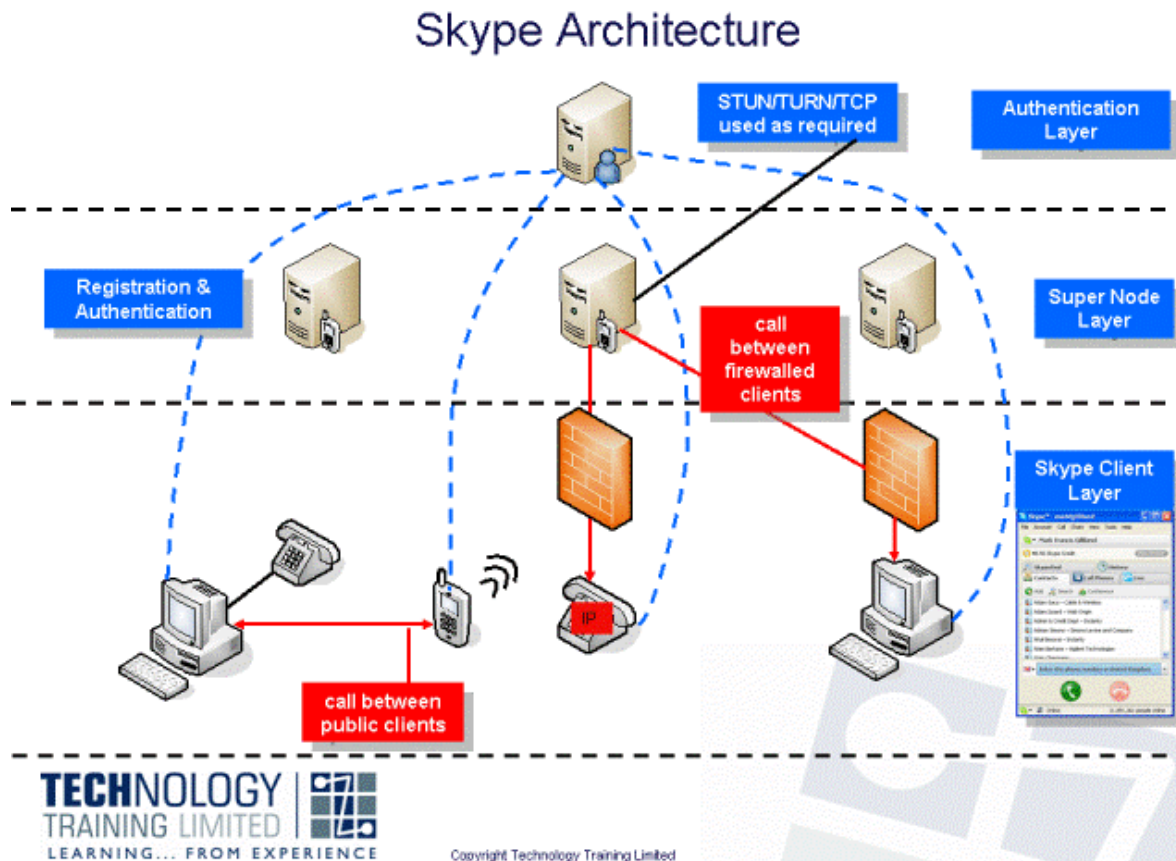
Load balancing techniques, e.g. virtual coin



# Architecture of Gnutella



# Architecture of Skype



## Further Reading

Learning from Five Years as a Skype Architect by Andres Kutt

<https://www.infoq.com/articles/learnings-five-years-skype-architect>

[http://www.technology-training.co.uk/skypesroadmapandarchitecture\\_28.php](http://www.technology-training.co.uk/skypesroadmapandarchitecture_28.php)

# Constraints

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The number of allowable attachments

The number of hops used for searching for a peer

Which peers know about other peers

# Limitations

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Managing security, data consistency, data/service availability, backup and recovery are all more complex

Small P2P may not be able to consistently achieve performance and availability goals

# Some Challenges for P2P

Upstream		Downstream		Aggregate	
BitTorrent	18.37%	Netflix	35.15%	Netflix	32.72%
YouTube	13.13%	YouTube	17.53%	YouTube	17.31%
Netflix	10.33%	Amazon Video	4.26%	HTTP - OTHER	4.14%
SSL - OTHER	8.55%	HTTP - OTHER	4.19%	Amazon Video	3.96%
Google Cloud	6.98%	iTunes	2.91%	SSL - OTHER	3.12%
iCloud	5.98%	Hulu	2.68%	BitTorrent	2.85%
HTTP - OTHER	3.70%	SSL - OTHER	2.53%	iTunes	2.67%
Facebook	3.04%	Xbox One Games Download	2.18%	Hulu	2.47%
FaceTime	2.50%	Facebook	1.89%	Xbox One Games Download	2.15%
Skype	1.75%	BitTorrent	1.73%	Facebook	2.01%
	69.32%		74.33%		72.72%



2016 Top 10 Peak Period Applications in North America

# Next

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## Concepts (After Holidays)

- DevOps

## Things Due

- Paper Review 2 – Due by 11:55 pm, Wednesday, Jan 4
- Lab 5 – Due by 11:55 pm, Thursday, Jan 5