

ODUOR, LEAH (SHERLEY)

19-1319

MAT 399

09/04/2022

1. standard deviation = 25 hours

mean = 1014 hours

sample = 20 bulbs

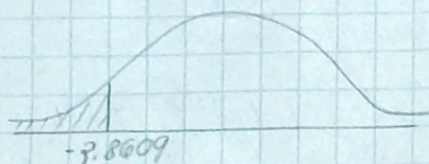
CI = 99%

$$\mu = \bar{x} \pm t_{(n-1), \frac{\alpha}{2}} \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$= t_{(20-1), \frac{\alpha}{2}}$$

$$= 19, 0.005$$

$$= 2.8609$$



$$\mu = \bar{x} - t \times \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$= 1014 \pm 2.8609 \times \frac{25}{\sqrt{20}}$$

$$\mu \approx 998.00, 1029.99$$

sample = 15 rods

CI = 95%

$$\mu = \bar{x} \pm t_{(n-1), \frac{\alpha}{2}} \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$t_{(15-1), \frac{\alpha}{2}}$$

$$14, 0.025$$

$$= 2.1448$$

$$\bar{x} = \frac{8.94 + 8.91 + 8.93 + 8.94}{15}$$

$$\bar{x} = 8.934$$

$$\text{standard deviation} = 0.03$$

$$= 8.934 \pm 2.1448 \times \frac{0.03}{\sqrt{15}}$$

$$= 8.95\text{mm}, 8.917\text{mm}$$

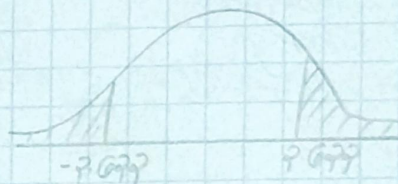
$$H_0: \mu = 1500\text{hrs}$$

$$H_a: \mu \neq 1500\text{hrs}$$

$$t_{(10-1, 0.025)}$$

$$t_{(9, 0.025)}$$

$$= 2.679$$



$$t = \frac{\bar{x} - \mu_0}{\frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}}$$

$$= \frac{1410 - 1500}{\frac{90}{\sqrt{10}}} = \frac{-90}{28.46}$$

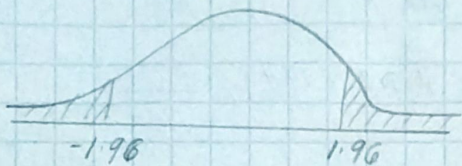
$$= -3.17$$

$$t \approx -3.17$$

We reject the null hypothesis that expected lifetime of electric bulbs is 1500hrs.

4. standard deviation = 500 grams
 CI = 95%
 sample size

$$n = \left(\frac{z\delta}{E} \right)^2$$



$$(\sqrt{n})^2 = \left(\frac{1.96 \times 5}{100} \right)^2$$

$$n = \left(\frac{1.96 \times 500}{100} \right)^2$$

$$= 96.04$$

5. H_0 :
 38% another org.
 39% self employed
 23% freelancing
 7% own companies

H_A Observed
 another org 122
 self emp 85
 freelancing 76
 own 17
 total 300

$$\frac{38}{100} \times 300 = 114$$

$$\frac{39}{100} \times 300 = 96$$

$$\frac{23}{100} \times 300 = 69$$

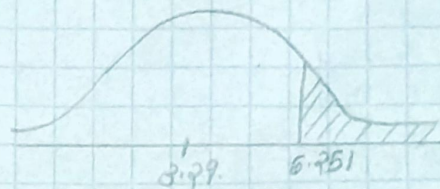
$$\frac{7}{100} \times 300 = 21$$

$$\chi^2 = \left(\frac{122-114}{114} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{85-96}{96} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{76-69}{69} \right)^2 +$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{17-21}{21} \right)^2 \\ &= 0.56 + 1.96 + 0.71 + 0.76 \\ &= 3.99 \end{aligned}$$

$$\chi^2_{(4-1, 0.10)}$$

$$\chi^2_{(3, 0.10)} = 6.251$$



We accept the null hypothesis

6. H_0 : reported height
 H_A : measured height

$$\chi^2 = \left(\frac{668-68}{68} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{739-74}{74} \right)^2 +$$

$$\left(\frac{661-66.5}{66.5} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{672-69}{69} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{619-68}{68} \right)^2$$

$$+ \left(\frac{694-71}{71} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{69.9-70}{70} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{686-70}{70} \right)^2$$

$$+ \left(\frac{619-67}{67} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{616-68}{68} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{688-70}{70} \right)^2$$

$$= 0.02 + 0.000135 + 0.0024 + 0.05 +$$

$$0.00015 + 0.036 + 0.00014 + 0.028$$

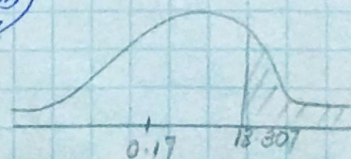
$$+ 0.012 + 0.0024 + 0.02$$

$$= 0.171$$

$$\chi^2_{(11-1, 0.05)}$$

$$= (10, 0.05)$$

$$= 18.307$$



We accept the null hypothesis that students exaggerated their heights