

# Practice Midterm 1

1. Let  $A = \{a, b, c\}$ ,  $B = \{b, c, d\}$ ,  $C = \{c, d, e\}$ .

(a)  $A \cap B = ?$

(b)  $B \cup C = ?$

(c)  $C \setminus A = ?$

2. Let  $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be defined as  $f(x) = (x-1)(x-2)(x-3)$ .

(a) Is  $f$  an one to one function? Prove or disprove your answer.

(b) What is the range of  $f$ ?

(c) Is  $f$  an onto function?

3. (a) Let  $R$  be a relation defined on  $\{a, b, c, d, e\}$ . The truth table of the relation  $xRy$  is given by the following. Is  $R$  an equivalence relation?

$x \setminus y$	$a$	$b$	$c$	$d$	$e$
$a$	T	F	F	T	T
$b$	F	T	F	F	T
$c$	F	F	T	F	F
$d$	T	F	F	T	F
$e$	T	T	F	F	T

Ans: (Yes or No)

(b) If  $R$  is an equivalence relation, list all the distinct equivalence classes given by it. If  $R$  is not an equivalence relation, state why it fails to be one.

4. Evaluate the following.

(a) Find an integer  $x$  such that  $2x \equiv 1 \pmod{5}$  and  $0 \leq x < 5$ .

(b)  $\gcd(4208, 288) = ?$

5. Prove that

$$\sum_{i=1}^n (2i-1) = n^2$$

for  $n = 1, 2, \dots$  by induction.

6. Please complete the multiplication (Cayley) table of the group  $(\mathbb{Z}_5, +)$ .

+	0	1	2	3	4
0					
1					
2					
3					
4					

7. Let  $G = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & a \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}; a \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$ .

(a) Prove that  $G$  is a group under the matrix multiplication.

(b) Is  $G$  abelian?