

# Control flow in try catch

## Points to remember

1. Exception can also be raised in catch or finally blocks.
2. Within the try block if any exception is raised then the rest of the try block won't be executed, even though you have handled the exception. Hence there should be less statements within try block and it should be as short as possible
3. If any statement that is not part of the try block raises an exception, the program will terminate abnormally.