

## Experiment - I :

- (Q) write a C++ program to declare a class student having data members as roll-no & student having data members as name. Accept and display data for single data.

```

→ #include <iostream>
# include <string>
using namespace std;

class student {
    int roll-no;
    string name;
public:
    void accept () {
        cout << "enter roll no. of Student and name: ";
        cin >> roll-no >> name;
    }
    void display () {
        cout << "Roll no: " << roll-no << ", Name: "
            << name << endl;
    }
};

int main () {
    student s1;
    s1.accept();
    s1.display();
    return 0;
}

```

out-put :

enter roll no. of student and name: 17 swani  
 roll no.: 17 , Name : Swani

Q) write a C++ program to create a class book, having data members as bname, bprice, bpages. Accept two data for two books and display the names of book having greater price.

```
#include <iostream.h>
using namespace std;
class book {
public: int bprice, bpages;
public: string bname;
public: void accept () {
    cout << "enter name, price and pages: ";
    cin >> bname >> bprice >> bpages;
}
int main () {
    book b1, b2;
    b1 .accept ();
    b2 .accept ();
    cout << "Book with greatest price: " << (b1 .bprice >
        b1 .bname : b2 .bname);
    return 0;
}
```

Output:

enter name, price, and number of pages:

book1 200 800

enter name, price, and number of pages:

book2 399 999

Books with greatest price : book2

Q) write a program to declare class "time", accept time in HH:MM:SS format, convert it into total second and display them.

```
→ #include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class time {
int h,m,s;
public:
void accept () {
    cout << "enter time in HH:MM:SS format: ";
    cout << "Hours (0-23): ";
    cin >> h;
    cout << "Minutes (0-59): ";
    cin >> m;
    cout << "Seconds (0-59): ";
    cin >> s;
}
int main () {
    time t1, t2;
    t1 .accept ();
    t2 .accept ();
    cout << "Total seconds: " << ((long int)h * 3600 + (long int)
        m * 60 + (long int)s) << endl;
}
```

Void display () {

cout << "Entered time: " << h << ":" << m << ":" << s;
cout << "Total seconds: " << ((long int)h \* 3600 + (long int)
 m \* 60 + (long int)s) << endl;

int main () {

```
time t1, t2;
t1 .accept ();
t2 .display ();
return 0;
}
```

Output: enter time in HH:MM:SS format:

Hours (0-23): 21

Minutes (0-59): 12

Seconds (0-59): 33

enter time : 21 : 12 : 33

Total seconds : 76353

## Experiment No. 2 :

- Q) Write a program to declare a class 'city' having data members as name and population. Accept this data for 5 city cities and display names of city having highest population.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
using namespace std;
```

```
class city {
    string city_name;
    int population;
```

```
public:
```

```
void accept () {
    cout << "Enter city name: ";
    cin.ignore();
    getline (cin, city_name);
    cout << "Enter population: ";
    cin >> population;
}
```

```
void display () {
```

```
cout << "City name: " << city_name <<
    endl;
```

```
int getPopulation () {
```

```
return population;
```

```
}
```

```
?;
```

```

int main () {
    City c[5];
    for (int i=0; i<5; i++) {
        cout << "nEnter city name: " << i+1 << ": ";
        c[i].accept();
    }
    int max = c[0].getPopulation();
    int index=0;
    for (int i=1; i<5; i++) {
        if (c[i].getPopulation()>max) {
            max = c[i].getPopulation();
            index=i;
        }
    }
    cout << "nEnter city with highest population: ";
    c[index].display();
    return 0;
}

```

~~\* Out put:~~

```

enter city name: Mumbai
enter population: 21000
enter city name: Delhi
enter population: 19000
enter city name: Pune
enter population: 9000
enter city name: Kolkata
enter population: 15000
enter city name: Chennai
enter population: 11000
city with highest population:
city name: Mumbai
population: 21000

```

DATE: \_\_\_\_\_  
PAGE NO. \_\_\_\_\_  
NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

obtain post of workers:

```

① #include <iostream>
# include < string >
using namespace std;

class Staff {
    string name;
    string post;
public:
    void accept() {
        cout << "Enter name: ";
        cin.ignore();
        getline (cin, name);
        cout << "Enter post: ";
        cin >> post;
    }

    void display() {
        cout << "Name: " << name << endl;
        cout << "Post: " << post << endl;
    }

    string getPost() {
        return post;
    }
};

void display() {
    if (post == "HOD") {
        cout << "nEnter HOD details " << endl;
        display();
    }
}

```




```

int main() {
    Staff s[5];
    for (int i=0; i<5; i++) {
        cout << "\nEnter details for staff " << i+1 << endl;
        s[i].accept();
    }
    cout << "\nList of HODs: \n";
    for (int i=0; i<5; i++) {
        s[i].display_HOD();
    }
    return 0;
}

```

out put:

list of HODs:  
 HOD details  
 Name: Mr. Sharmin  
 Post : HOD

HOD details  
 Name: az khan  
 Post : HOD

HOD details

Name : Ms. Meena  
 Post : HOD

Ques  
268

PAGE NO.  
DATE:

Experiment No. 3:-

#include <iostream>

# include <string>

using namespace std;

class book {

String book-title;

String author-name;

int price;

public:

void accept() {

cout << "enter book title: ";

cin.ignore();

getline (cin, book-title);

cout << "enter author name: ";

getline (cin, author-name);

cout << "enter price: ";

cin >> price;

cout << endl;

}

void display() {

cout << "Book title: " << book-title << endl;

cout << "Author name: " << author-name << endl;

cout << "price: " << author-name << endl;

cout << endl;

3.

int main() {

book b;

b.accept();

Book \*ptr = &b;

ptr->display();

return 0;

}

Output:

enter book title: notebook

enter author name: Swami

enter price: 888

Book title: notebook

Author name: Swami

enter price: 888

PAGE NO.

DATE:

Student name and roll no.

```
PAGE NO. _____  
DATE: _____
```

```
① #include <iostream>  
using namespace std;  
  
class Student {  
    int roll-no;  
    int percentage;  
  
public:  
    void accept () {  
        cout << "enter roll-no: ";  
        cin >> this->roll-no;  
        cout << "enter percentage: ";  
        cin >> this->percentage;  
    }  
  
    void display () {  
        cout << "Roll no: " << roll-no << endl;  
        cout << "percentage: " << this->percentage << "%<< endl;  
        cout << endl;  
    }  
};  
  
int main () {  
    Student s;  
    s.accept ();  
    s.display ();  
    return 0;  
}
```

Out Put:

```
enter roll no: 45  
enter percentage: 67  
Roll no: 45  
Percentage: 67 %
```

```
PAGE NO. _____  
DATE: _____
```

```
① WAP to declare a class 'Student' having data members roll-no and percentage. Using 'this' pointer invoke members function to accept and display this data for one object of the class.  
→ #include <iostream.h>  
using namespace std;  
class student {  
    char name;  
    int roll-no;  
  
public:  
    void accept () {  
        cout << "write it please";  
        cin >> this->name >> this->roll-no;  
    }  
  
    void display () {  
        cout << "write it please";  
        cin >> this->name >> this->roll-no << endl;  
    }  
};  
  
int main () {  
    student s;  
    s.display ();  
    return 0;  
}
```

(Q) WAP to demonstrate the use of nested class.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
using namespace std;

class student {
private:
    string name;
public:
    class Address {
private:
    string city;
    string country;
public:
    Address(const string& city = "", const string& country = "") : city(city), country(country) {}

    void accept_address() {
        cout << "Enter City: ";
        getline(cin, city);
        cout << "Enter Country: ";
        getline(country);
    }

    void display_address() const {
        cout << "Address: " << city << ", " << country;
    }
};

Address student_address;
student l; name(" "), student_address(" ", " ") {}
```

```
void accept_data() {
    cout << "Enter Student Data" << endl;
    cout << "Enter Student Name: ";
    getline(cin, name);
    student_address.accept_address();
}

void display_data() const {
    cout << "In Display Student Data" << endl;
    cout << "Student Name: " << this->name << endl;
    this->student_address.display_address();
}

int main() {
    student student;
    student.accept_data();
    student.display_data();
    cout << "In creating a stand alone Address object" << endl;
    student.address.new_address("London", "UK");
    new_address.display_address();
}

return 0;
```

Qn  
28/8

## Exp. 4:

- (Q1) Write a C++ program to resolve the following problems statement  
 ↳ Swap 2 numbers from same class using object as function argument. Write Swap function as member function.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class num {
public:
    int n1, n2;
    void accept () {
        cout << "enter first no. : " << endl;
        cin >> n1;
        cout << "enter second no. : " << endl;
        cin >> n2;
    }
    void display () {
        cout << "Num1: " << n1 << endl;
        cout << "Num2: " << n2 << endl;
    }
    void swap (num) {
        int temp = n1 = n2, n2 = temp;
        cout << "Swapped: In First no. : " << n1 << endl
            << "Second no. : " << n2;
    }
}
```

Exn;

```
int main () {
    nu.accept ();
    nu.display ();
    nu.swap (nu);
    return 0;
}
```

O/P:

enter first no:

5

enter second no:

9

num1: 5

num2: 9

Swapped: num1: 9

num2: 5

3) Swap two numbers from same class using concept of friend function.

→ #include <iostream>

using namespace std;

class num {

public:

int n1, n2;

void accept () {

cout << "enter first number: " << endl;

cin >> n1;

cout << "enter second no.: " << endl;

cin >> n2;

}

void display () {

cout << "Num1: " << n1 << endl << "Num2:"

<< n2 << endl;

}

}nu;

void swap (num) {

int temp = nu.n1;

nu.n1 = nu.n2;

cout << "Swapped: In first: " << nu.n1 << endl  
-nd: " nu.n2 << endl;

} int main () {

nu.accept (); O/P:

nu.display (); enter first no: 5

swap (nu); enter second no: 9

return 0; num1: 5

} num2: 9

First: 9

Second: 5

3) Swap two numbers from different class using friend function.

→ #include <iostream>

using namespace std;

class num1 {

public: int n1;

void accept () {

cout << "enter first no: " << endl;

cin >> n1; }

void display () { cout << "Num1: " << n1 << endl;

} nu1;

class num2 {

public: int n2;

void accept () {

cout << "enter second no: " << endl;

cin >> n2; }

void display () { cout << "Num2: " << n2 << endl;

} nu2;

void swap (num1, num2) {

int temp = nu1.n1;

nu1.n1 = nu2.n2;

nu2.n2 = temp;

cout << "Swapped: In first: " << nu1.n1 << endl  
-nd: " nu2.n2 << endl;

}

int main () {

nu1.accept ();

nu2.accept ();

nu1.dsp ();

nu2.dsp ();

swap (nu2, nu1);

return 0;

O/P:

enter first no: 5

enter second no: 9

Num1: 5

Num2: 9

Swapped: First : 9  
second : 5

4) Create 2 classes Result and Result 2 which stores the marks of the students. Read the value of marks for both the class objects & compute avg.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class Result {
public:
    int r1;
    void accept () {
        cout << "enter first result: " << endl;
        cin >> n1;
    }
    class Result 2 {
public:
    int r2;
    void accept () {
        cout << "enter second result: " << endl;
        cin >> n2;
    }
    float avg (Result 1, Result 2) {
        return (res1.r1 + res2.r2) / 2;
    }
    int main () {
        res1.accept ();
        res2.accept ();
    }
    int main () {
        res1.accept ();
        res2.accept ();
        float avg = avg
```

```
int main () {
    res1.accept ();
    res2.accept ();
    float avg = avg (res1, res2);
    cout << "Average: " << avg;
    return 0;
}
```

O/P:  
enter first result: 95  
enter second result: 99  
Avg 97.

5) Find the greater number among 2 numbers from 2 different classes using friend function.

→ ~~#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class num 1 {
public: int n1;
void accept () {
 cout << "enter first number: " << endl;
}
class num 2 {
public: int n2;
void accept () {
 cout << "enter second number: " << endl;
}
int gnum(int n1, int n2) { return (n1 > n2) (n1 : n2); }~~

```

int main()
{
    nu1.accept();
    nu2.accept();
    int gr = gnum(nu1.n1, nu2.n2);
    cout << "Greatest: " << gr << endl;
    return 0;
}

```

O/P :-

enter first no: 5

enter second no: 9

Greatest = 9

- Q) Create two classes, A & B with a private integer, write a ~~or~~ friend function sum() that can access private data from both the classes and return the sum.

```

#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class not class B;
class class A;
int A;
public:
void accept()
{
    cout << "enter value from A: ";
    cin >> A;
}
friend int sum(class A OA, class B OB);

```

```

public:
void accept()
{
    cout << "enter value for B: ";
    cin >> B;
}
friend int sum(class A OA, class B OB);
int sum(class A OA, class B OB)
{
    return OA.A + OB.B;
}
int main()
{
    na.accept();
    nb.accept();
    cout << "sum: " << sum(na, nb) << endl;
    return 0;
}

```

O/P:-

enter value for A: 3

enter value for B: 5

sum: 8

7) WAP with a class number that contains a private integer. Use a friend function swap numbers (Number &, number &) to swap two private values of two number objects.

```
#include <iostream>
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```
class Number {
```

```
    int num;
```

```
public:
```

```
void accept () {
```

```
cout << "enter value: ";
```

```
cin >> num;
```

```
}
```

```
void display () {
```

```
cout << "value: " < num << endl;
```

```
}
```

```
friend void swap numbers (Number &num1,
```

```
Number &num2);
```

```
{n1, n2;
```

```
void swap numbers (Number &, number &){
```

```
int temp = n1.num;
```

```
n1.num = n2.num;
```

```
n2.num = temp;
```

```
}
```

```
int main () {
```

```
n1.accept ();
```

```
n2.accept ();
```

```
cout << "Before swap: " << endl;
```

```
n1.display ();
```

```
n2.display ();
```

swap numbers (n1, n2),  
cout << "After swap: " << endl;  
n1dsp();  
n2dsp();  
return 0;  
}

O/P :-

enter value : 3

enter value : 6

Before Swap:

value : 6

value : 3

After swap:

value: 6

value: 3

8) Define two classes Box & cube, each having  $\text{prt}$  & volume, write a friend function find greater (Box, cube) that determines which obj. has a larger volume.

```
#include <iostream>
```

```
using namespace std;
```

~~class cube;~~~~class Box;~~

```
double v;
```

```
public:
```

```
void accept () {
```

```
double w, l, h;
```

```
cout << "enter length, width & height of Box: ";
```

```
cin >> l >> w >> h;
```

PAGE NO. \_\_\_\_\_  
 DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

```

V = l * w * h;
? friend void findgreater(Box b, Cube c);
? b;
class Cube {
  double v;
public:
  void accept () {
    double s;
    cout << "enter side length for the cube: ";
    cin >> s;
    V = s * s * s;
  }
  friend void findgreater (Box b, Cube c);
? c;
  void findGreater (Box, Cube) {
    string res = (b.v > c.v) ? "Box" : ((c.v > b.v) ?
    cout << "greater volume"; res << endl);
  }
int main () {
  b.accept ();
  c.accept ();
  find greater (b, c);
  return 0;
}
  
```

O/P:

```

enter l,w,h for box: 3, 4, 3
enter side length for cube: 3
greater volume : Box.
  
```

PAGE NO. \_\_\_\_\_  
 DATE: \_\_\_\_\_

q) Create a class complex with real and imaginary parts as a pt member. Use a friend function to add two complex no.'s & return the result as a new complex obj.

```

#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class complex {
  double r, i;
public:
  void accept () {
    cout << "enter real & imaginary parts: ";
    cin >> r >> i;
  }
  void display () {
    cout << r << "+" << i << "i" << endl;
  }
  friend complex add (complex c1, complex c2);
? c1, c2;
  complex add (complex, complex) {
    complex sum;
    sum.r = c1.r + c2.r;
    sum.i = c1.i + c2.i;
    return sum;
  }
  int main () {
    c1.accept ();
    c2.accept ();
    complex.sum = add (c1, c2);
    cout << "The sum is : ";
    sum.display ();
    return 0;
  }
  
```

(10) Create a class student with pvt data members: name & three subject marks. friend function calculate Avg (student) Avg. marks  
 → #include <iostream>  
 using namespace std;  
 class student {  
 string n;  
 int m[3];  
 public:  
 void accept () {  
 cout << "enter student name: ";  
 cin >> n;  
 cout << "enter marks for 3 sub: ";  
 cin >> m[0] >> m[1] >> m[2];  
} friend void calculateAvg (student s);  
}s;  
void calculateAvg (student s)  
double avg = (s.m[0] + s.m[1] + s.m[2]) / 30;  
cout << "student: " << s.n << endl;  
cout << "Avg marks: " << avg << endl;  
}  
int main () {  
s.accept();  
calculateAvg (s);  
return 0;  
}

Q  
No 18.

Exp: 5:

1) WAP to find the sum of numbers between 1 to n using a constructor where the value of n will be passed to the constructor.

#include <std.h> <iostream>

using namespace std;

class calcu {

int sum;

public:

calcu () {

int n = 10;

sum = 0;

for (i = 0; i <= n; i++) {

sum += i;

}

calcu (calcu & x) {

sum = x.sum

cout << "sum" << sum;

{ } else

};

int main () {

calcu c1;

calcu c2 (c1);

return 0;

}

O/P:

Sum of sum

Sum of numbers from 1 to 10 is 55.

2) WAP to declare a class "student" having data members as name & percentage. Write a constructor to initialize these data members. Accept & display data for one student.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
using namespace std;
class student {
private:
    string name;
    float percentage;
public:
    "N/A";
    student () { name = "N/A"; percentage = 0.0; }
    void setStudentData (string sName, float sPercentage)
    { name = sName; percentage = sPercentage;
        << endl; }
};

int main ()
{
    string studentName; float studentPercentage;
    student student1;
    cout << "Enter student's name: "; getline (cin, studentName);
    cout << "Enter student's percentage: ", cin >> studentPercentage;
    student1.setStudentData (studentName, studentPercentage);
    cout << "\nStudent Data\n";
    student1.displayData ();
    return 0;
}
```

(Default)

(Parametrized constructor)

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
using namespace std;
class student {
private:
    string name;
    float percentage;
public:
    student (string sName, float sPercentage) { name = sName, percentage = sPercentage }
    void displayData () { cout << "Student Name: " << name << endl;
        cout << "Percentage: " << percentage << endl;
    }
};

int main ()
{
    string studentName;
    float studentPer;
    cout << "enter student name: ";
    getline (cin, studentName);
    cout << "enter student percentage: ";
    cin >> studentPer;
    student s1 (studentName, studentPer);
    s1.displayData ();
    return 0;
}
```

### 3) copy constructor:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class calculator {
private:
    int sum;
public:
    calculator()
    {
        int n=10,
        sum=0;
        for (int i=0; i<=n; i++) {
            sum+=i;
        }
    }
    calculator(calculator &x)
    {
        sum=x.sum;
        cout << "sum = " << sum;
    }
};
int main()
{
    calculator c1;
    calculator c2(c1);
    return 0;
}
```

### \* default constructor:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
using namespace std;
class student {
string name;
float percentage;
public:
    student()
    {
        name = "Swani";
        percentage = 100;
    }
    cout << "Name: " << name << endl
        << "percentage" << endl;
}
int main()
{
    student s1;
    return 0;
}
```

Q) WAP to demonstrate constructor over loading,

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

class student {
    int roll;
    string name;
public:
    student() {
        name = "Unknown";
        roll = 0;
    }
    student(string n) {
        name = n;
        roll = 0;
    }
    student(string n, int r) {
        name = n;
        roll = r;
    }
    void display() {
        cout << "Name: " << name << endl;
        cout << "Roll number: " << roll << endl;
    }
};
```

```
int main() {
    student s1;
    student s2("Swami");
    student s3("Tanisha", 18);
    s1.display();
    s2.display();
    s3.display();
    return 0;
}
```

Q  
11/11

## Experiment - G:

Q1) WAP to implement multi level inheritance,

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
class department {
protected:
    string dname;
```

```
};
```

```
class student : protected department {
protected:
```

```
    string sname;
```

```
    int roll;
```

```
};
```

```
class marks : protected student {
int m1, m2, percentage;
```

```
public :
```

~~void accept()~~~~cout << "enter department: " << endl;~~~~cin >> dname;~~~~cout << "enter name: " << endl;~~~~cin >> name;~~~~cout << "Enter marks: " << endl;~~~~cin >> m1;~~~~cout << "Enter marks: " << endl;~~~~cin >> m2;~~

```

PAGE NO. _____
DATE: _____
```

```

void calculate() {
    int per = (m1 + m2) / 2;
    cout << "Department: " << dname << endl;
    cout << "Name: " << sname << endl;
    cout << "Percentage: " << percentage << endl;
}

int main() {
    marks m;
    m.accept();
    m.calculate();
    return 0;
}

```

```

PAGE NO. _____
DATE: _____
```

(Q2) multiple inheritance,  
~~#include <iostream>~~  
using namespace std;  
class department {  
protected:  
 string dname;  
};  
class student {  
protected:  
 string sname;  
 int roll;  
};  
class marks { protected department, protected student  
public:  
 void accept() {  
 cout << "enter department: " << endl;  
 cin >> dname;  
 cout << "enter name: " << endl;  
 cin >> sname;  
 cout << "enter marks 1: " << endl;  
 cin >> m1;  
 cout << "Enter marks 2: " << endl;  
 cin >> m2;  
 }  
 void calculate() {  
 int per = (m1 + m2) / 2;  
 cout << "Department: " << dname << endl;  
 cout << "Name: " << sname << endl;  
 cout << "Percentage: " << per << endl;  
 }  
} int main() {  
 marks m;  
 m.accept();  
 m.calculate();  
}

### Q3) Hierarchical inheritance:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

class Person {
protected:
    string name;
    int age;
public:
    void acceptPer() {
        cout << "enter name: " << endl;
        cin >> name;
        cout << "enter age: " << endl;
        cin >> age;
    }
};

class Student : public Person {
private:
    float per;
public:
    void acceptStud() {
        cout << "enter roll number: " << endl;
        cin >> roll;
        cout << "enter Percentage: " << endl;
        cin >> per;
    }
};

void displayStud() {
    cout << "Name: " << name << endl;
    cout << "Age: " << age << endl;
    cout << "Roll no. " << roll << endl;
    cout << "Percentage: " << per << endl;
}
```

```
void displayStaff() {
    cout << "Name: " << name << endl;
    cout << "emp Id: " << emp_id << endl;
    cout << "Age: " << age << endl;
    cout << "Subject: " << sub << endl;
}
```

```
int main() {
    Student s;
    Staff t;
```

```
s.acceptPer();
s.acceptStud();
s.acceptPer();
s.acceptStaff();
```

~~s.displayStud();~~  
~~t.displayStaff();~~

```
return 0;
}
```

(ii) hybrid inheritance:

#

class college {

protected:

String name;

};

class employee : protected college {

protected

String emp-name;

int id;

};

class staff : public employee {

String ~~name~~ emp-name;

int dept Id;

public:

void accept Emp() {

cout << "enter colg name : " << endl;

cin >> cname;

cout << "enter emp name : " << endl;

cin >> emp-name;

cout << "enter Id : " << endl;

cin >> id;

cout << "enter staff name : " << endl;

cin >> name;

cout << "dept Id : " << endl;

cin >> dept Id;

}

class Student : protected college {

String stu-name;

int roll;

public

void accept Stud() {

cout << " enter colg name : " << endl;

cin >> cname;

cout << " enter name : " << endl;

cin >> stu-name;

cout << " enter roll number : " << endl;

cin >> roll;

void display

cout << " college : " << endl;

cout << " student name : " << endl;

cout << " roll number : " << endl;

int main () {

staff staff1;

staff1 . accept Emp();

staff1 . display Emp();

Student stud1;

stud1 . accept Stud();

stud1 . display Stud();

Qn

return 0;

?

1111

exp : 7 :

- (01) function overloading, area of laboratory & area of class room. (rect & sq).

#

class Area {

public :

float calculate (float length, float breadth){  
 return length \* breadth;  
}float calculate (float side){  
 return side \* side;

}

}

int main (){

Area A;

(cout << "Area of laboratory : " << A.calculate (l, b) << endl;  
~~(cout << "Area of square : " << A.calculate (s) << endl)~~)

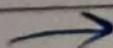
}

- (02) WAP using Function over loading, sum of 5 float values & 10 int values.

#

class sum {

public :



```

int total (int a[], int n) {
    int s = 0;
    for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
        s += a[i];
    return s;
}

float total (float a[], int n) {
    float s = 0
    for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
        s += a[i];
    return s;
}

int main () {
    sum s;
    int marks [10] = { 45, 56, 67, 78, 89, 90, 76, 88, 92, 85 };
    float grades [5] = { 9.2, 8.7, 9.5, 8.9, 9.0 };

    cout << "Sum of 10 std marks : " << total (marks);
    cout << "Sum of 5 std grades : " << total (grades);

    return 0;
}

```

(Q3) WAP , compile time & implement Unary operation used with obj so that the numeric data member of the class is negated.

```

class teacher {
    int experience;
public:
    teacher (int e) {
        experience = e;
    }
    void display () {
        cout << "experience = " << experience << endl;
    }
    void operator - () {
        experience = -experience;
    }
};

int main () {
    teacher t1 (10),
    t1 - . display ();
    cout << "After negation = ";
    t1 - . display ();
    return 0;
}

```

(b) Unary ++ operator, (incremented)

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

class student {
    int count;
public:
    student (int c=0) {
        count = c;
    }
    void operator++() {
        ++count;
    }
    void operator++(int) {
        count++;
    }
    void display() {
        cout << "student count : " << count << endl;
    }
    int main() {
        student s1 (50);
        cout << "before increment <endl";
        s1.display();
        cout << "After pre increment <endl";
        s1.display();
        s1++;
        cout << "after Post increment <endl";
        s1.display();
        return 0;
    }
}
```

Q1

Ex: 8:

```
(1)
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
using namespace std;
class combine {
    string str;
public:
    combine (string s=" ") {
        str = s;
    }
    combine operator+(combine &obj) {
        return combine(str + obj.str);
    }
    void display() {
        cout << str << endl;
    }
};

int main() {
    combine s1 ("xyz"), s2 ("pqz"), s3;
    s3 = s1 + s2;
    cout << "concatenated string : ";
    s3.display();
}
```

(Q2) #

```

class I_login {
protected:
    string name, password;
public:
    virtual void accept() {
        cout << "Name << name << endl;
        cout << "Password << password << endl;
    }
};

class email_login : public I_login {
    string email;
public:
    void accept() override {
        cout << "Enter email ID: ";
        cin >> email;
        I_login::accept();
    }
    void disp() override {
        cout << "Email login details" << endl;
        cout << "Email ID << email_id << endl;
        I_login::display();
    }
};

```

```

class membership_login : public I_login {
    string member_ID;

```

```

public:
    void accept() override {
        disp
    }
};

```

cout << "In membership login Details are,"  
cout << "membership ID, " number 10 << endl,  
I\_login::display();  
}  
};  
int main() {
 I\_login login;  
 email\_login ;  
 membership\_login m;  
 login = & c;  
 login -> accept();  
 login -> display();  
 login = m;  
 login -> accept();  
 login -> display();  
 return 0;
}

Date  
1/1/1

Exp :- 9:

(Q1) #include <iostream>

#include <fstream>

using namespace std;

int main () {

if stream infile ("first.txt"),  
of stream outfile ("second.txt");

if (!inFile){

cout << "error opening First - txt" << endl;  
return 1;

}

char ch;

while (inFile.get (ch)){

outfile.put (ch);

}

cout << "file copied successfully" << endl;

infile.close ();

outfile.close ();

return 0;

}

```

01) #
int main () {
    if stream file ("first.txt");
    if (!file) {
        cout << "error opening file" << endl;
        return 1;
    }
    char ch;
    int digits = 0, spaces = 0,
        while (file.get (ch)) {
            if (is digit (ch))
                digits++;
            else if (is space (ch))
                spaces++;
        }
        cout << "Digits: " << digits << endl;
        cout << "Spaces: " << spaces << endl;
        file.close ();
    return 0;
}

```

03) # include <iostream>  
~~# string & include <iostream>~~  
~~# include <String>~~  
 using name space std;  
 int main () {
 if stream file ("first.txt");
 if (!file) {
 cout << "error opening file" << endl;
 return 1;
 }
 String word;
 int count = 0,
 while (file >> word)
 count++;
 cout << "Total words: " << count << endl;
 file.close ();
 return 0;
 }

a) #

```
int main () {
    if stream file("First.txt");
    if (!file) {
        cout << "error" << endl;
        return 1;
    }
```

```
string word, target;
int count = 0;
cout << "Enter word to count:" << endl;
cin >> target;
while (file >> word) {
    if (word == target)
        count++;
}
cout << "Occurrences of " << target << " is ";
cout << count << endl;
```

```
file.close();
```

Q  
1/11

exp: 10:

a) #

```
template <class T>
T sum (T a[], int n) {
    T s=0;
    for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
        s+=a[i];
    return s;
}
```

```
int main() {
    int a[5];
    for (int i=0; i<5; i++)
        cin >> a[i];
    cout << sum(a, 5);
}
```

b) #include <iostream>
# include <string>
using namespace std;
template <class T>
T Square (T x) {
 return x\*x;
}

```
template <>
String square (String s) {
    return STS;
}
```

```
int main () {
    cout << Square (4) << endl;
    cout << square (String ("Hi"));
```

c) #

```

template <class T>
class calc {
    T a, b;
public:
    void get() { cin >> a >> b; }
    void add() { cout << a + b; }
};

int main() {
    calc<int> c;
    c.get();
    c.add();
}

```

d) #

```

template <class T>
class stack {
    T s[10];
    int top;
public:
    Stack() { top = -1; }
    void push(T x) { s[++top] = x; }
    void pop() { if (top >= 0) top--; }
    void display() { for (int i = 0; i <= top; i++)
        cout << s[i] << " ";}
};

int main() {
    Stack<int> s;
    s.push(1);
    s.push(2);
    s.push(3);
}

```

Q

```

    s.pop();
    s.display();

```

exp 11:

```

1) #include <iostream>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;

int main() {
    vector<int> v;
    for (int i = 10, i <= 30, i += 10)
        v.push_back(i);
    int x;
    cin >> x;
    cout << v[x] << endl;
    int n;
    cin >> n;
    for (int i = 0, i < v.size(); i++)
        v[i] = n;
    for (int i = 0, i < v.size(); i++)
        cout << v[i] << " ";
}

```

without iterators:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;

int main()
{
    int n;
    cout << "enter scalar value:" << endl;
    cin >> n;
    vector<int> v = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};
    cout << "initial vector:" << endl;
    for (int i=0; i<5; i++)
    {
        cout << v[i] << " ";
    }
    cout << endl;
    for (int i=0; i<5; i++)
    {
        v[i] = v[i]*n;
    }
    cout << "new vector: " << endl;
    for (int i=0; i<5; i++)
    {
        cout << v[i] << " ";
    }
    cout << endl;
    return 0;
}
```

Ques  
1/1

exp 12:

a) #include <iostream>  
#include <stack>  
using namespace std;

```
int main () {
    stack<int> s;
    s.push(10);
    s.push(20);
    s.push(30);
    while (!s.empty())
    {
        cout << s.top() << " ";
        s.pop();
    }
}
```

b) #include <iostream>  
#include <queue>  
using namespace std;

```
int main ()
{
    queue<int> q;
    q.push(10);
    q.push(20);
    q.push(30);
}
```

```
while (!q.empty())
{
    cout << q.front() << " ";
    q.pop();
}
```

## \* Calculator:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

template <<class T>
class calc {
    T a, b;
public:
    void get() { cin >> a >> b; }
    T add() { return a + b; }
    T sub() { return a - b; }
    T mul() { return a * b; }
    T div() { return a / b; }
    T minv() { return 1 / a; }
    T maxv() { return a > b ? a : b; }
};

int main() {
    int ch;
    cin >> ch;
    calc <double> c;
    c.get();
    switch (ch) {
        case 1: cout << c.add(); break;
        case 2: cout << c.sub(); break;
        case 3: cout << c.mul(); break;
        case 4: cout << c.div(); break;
        case 5: cout << c.minv(); break;
        case 6: cout << c.maxv(); break;
        default: cout << "invalid";
    }
}
```

Q  
|||