Why Julia

Perl for Numerical Computing

WC

sed cat patch awk csplit sort grep cut tr diff tsort expand uniq

paste

Numeric Computing Environments

Fortran R

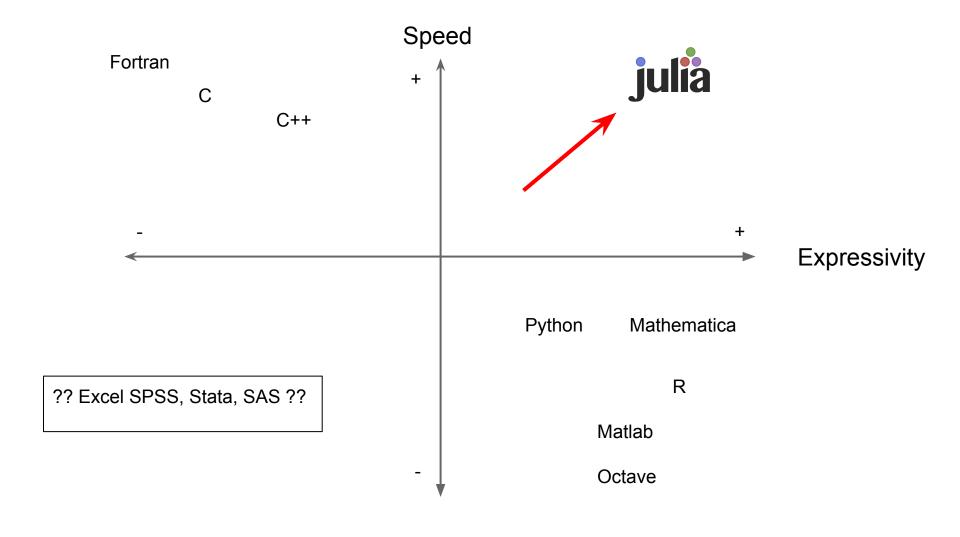
C, C++ Stata

Python, Numpy, Scipy SPSS

Matlab SAS

Mathematica Maple

Octave Excel



Expressivity

Functions

```
f(x) = x + 2x - 4x^3
function count_whitespace(text)
    white = [' ', '\t', '\n']
    sum([c in white ? 1 : 0 for c=text])
end
map(x \rightarrow x^2, [1 2 3 4])
```

Arrays

Type System

```
type Point
                 type Rectangle
    x::Real
                      top_left::Point
                      bottom_right::Point
    y::Real
end
                 end
                 type Circle
                      center::Point
                      radius::Real
                 end
```

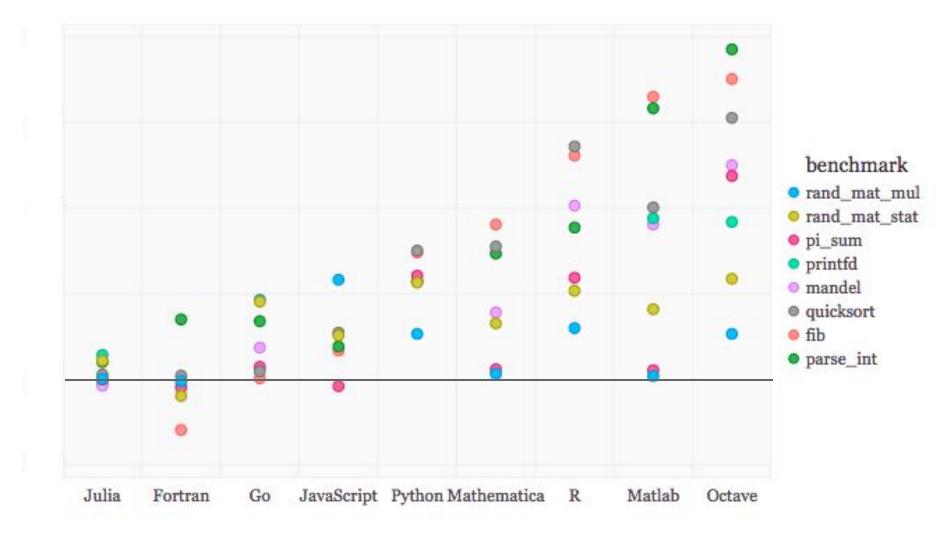
Multiple Dispatch

```
-(p1::Point, p2::Point) = (p1.x-p2.x, p1.y-p2.y)
area(circ::Circle) = pi * circ.radius^2
function area(rect::Rectangle)
   abs(prod(rect.bottom_right - rect.top_left))
end
```

Calling External Code

```
time = ccall((:clock, "libc"), Int32, ())
@pyimport scipy.optimize as so
so.newton(x \rightarrow cos(x) - x, 1)
dir = "/Users/erik"
readchomp(    `find $dir -exec wc {} \;`
           > `sort -r -k1,1`)
```

Speed



	Fortran gcc 4.8.1	Julia 0.2	Python 2.7.3	R 3.0.2	Matlab R2012a	Octave 3.6.4	Mathe- matica 8.0	JavaScript V8 3.7.12.22	Go go1
fib	0.26	0.91	30.37	411.36	1992.00	3211.81	64.46	2.18	1.03
parse_int	5.03	1.60	13.95	59.40	1463.16	7109.85	29.54	2.43	4.79
quicksort	1.11	1.14	31.98	524.29	101.84	1132.04	35.74	3.51	1.25
mandel	0.86	0.85	14.19	106.97	64.58	316.95	6.07	3.49	2.36
pi_sum	0.80	1.00	16.33	15.42	1.29	237.41	1.32	0.84	1.41
rand_mat_stat	0.64	1.66	13.52	10.84	6.61	14.98	4.52	3.28	8.12
rand_mat_mul	0.96	1.01	3.41	3.98	1.10	3.41	1.16	14.60	8.51

Figure: benchmark times relative to C (smaller is better, C performance = 1.0).



Fast
Expressive
Numerical Computing

julialang.org