ALGORITHM:

Part1: Encryption

Step 1: Construction of 10x10 substitution matrix:

The proposed method starts with a Playfair encryption technique by constructing a 10x10 substitution matrix. English alphabets (upper and lower case), space, numbers, and some special characters with punctuations are used for the substitution matrix.

- i. A keyword is chosen.
- ii. Characters of the keyword are entered in 10x10 substitution matrix, eliminating the duplicate characters.
- iii. Remaining spaces of the substitution matrix is filled with rest of the characters.

Step 2: Encryption Process: The message is encrypted into medialcipher text by using the 10x10 substitution matrix.

- i. Message is broken into a group of two characters.
- ii. Filler character 'æ' (Latin: dipthong) is added, after the first character when both the characters are same, or only one character is left.
- iii. Rules used to encrypt the pairs of characters of message using substitution matrix, is same as the Classical Playfair Cipher.

Step 3: DNA Encoding: Medialcipher text is encoded into a *DNA sequence*. (A for 00, C for 01, G for 10, T for 11)

- **i.** ASCII of each character of medialcipher text is converted into its binary equivalent in 8-bit representation.
- **ii.** Binary sequence is broken into group of two characters to transform into DNA sequence.

Step 4: Interweaving Process on DNA sequence.

Interweave matrix is constructed by representing DNA sequence in form of a square matrix, dimension of the matrix depends on the length of the sequence.

Step 4(a): Construction of Interweave matrix

- i. Interweave matrix is constructed by representing DNA sequence in form of a square matrix.
- ii. Matrix is constructed in a column wise manner from the sequence in reverse

Step 4(b): Interweaving Process:

- i. Upward circular rotation is performed on the 1st column of the matrix.
- ii. Left circular rotation is performed on the 1st row of the matrix.

Step 5: Generating Terminalcipher Text.

- i. Matrix after interweaving is represented in a sequence.
- ii. Remaining DNA sequence is added to the sequence in reverse order to form the terminalcipher Text.

ALGORITHM:

Part 2: Decryption

Step 1: Interweaving Process on DNA sequence.

Step 1(a): Construction of Inverse-Interweave matrix

- i. Inverse interweave matrix is constructed by representing terminalcipher text in form of a square matrix.
- ii. Dimension of the matrix depends on the length of the sequence. Matrix is constructed in a column wise manner from the sequence in sequential order.

Step 1(b): Inverse-Interweaving Process:

- i. Right circular rotation is performed on the 1st row of the matrix:
- ii. Downward circular rotation is performed on the 1st column of the matrix:

Step 2: Generating Original DNA sequence.

- i. Matrix after inverse interweaving is represented in a sequence.
- ii. Matrix represented sequence is appended with the remaining sequence in reverse order to get the original DNA sequence.

Step 3: Binary Equivalent of DNA.

i. Inverse DNA encoding is applied to change the DNA sequence in binary format.

Step 4: Medialcipher text of Binary.

- i. From the binary value the ASCII values are deduced.
- ii. Medialcipher text is deduced from the ASCII value.

Step 5: Decryption using 10x10 substitution matrix to get original message.

- i. 10x10 substitution matrix is constructed using a keyword.
- ii. Medialcipher text is broken into group of two characters or doublets
- iii. Decryption is done by the inverse rule of encryption.

Step 6: Original message is generated by eliminating the filler character 'æ' (Dipthong).