

## Assignment No-12

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Title : Template & Exception handling in java.

Problem statement :- Write a program on template an exception handling in java. in this assignment multiple template & to be designed as a pattern & take pattern to be used to take desicionary.

Objective :-

- i) To understand the concept of template & exception handling in java.
- ii) To understand how multiple template are to be designed as a pattern.

Theory :-

Template :- Template are the foundation of generic programming which involves writing code in a way that is independant of any particulae type.

A template is a blue print or formula for creating a generic class or fn.

The library contains like iteration & algorithms e-g. generic programming & have been developed using template concept.



generic method :-

you can write a single generic method declaration that can be called with argument of different type.

e.g. :-

```
class test
```

```
{
```

```
static <T> void display (T ele)
```

```
{
```

```
system.out.println (ele.getClass().  
getName() + " = " + ele)
```

```
}
```

```
public static void main (String[] a)
```

```
{
```

```
display(11);
```

```
display("yellow");
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

Exception handling -

The exception handling in Java is one of the powerful mechanism to handle the runtime error so that normal flow of the application can be maintained.



Types :-

- 1.) checked Exception
- 2.) unchecked Exception
- 3.)  $\text{e}\text{e}\text{e}\text{e}\text{e}$ .

• Keywords used in exception handling :-

i) Try :-

It is used to identify the exception on the block which cause exception must be included in try block.

ii) catch :-

To handle the concurrent exception

iii) Throw :-

It is used to throw the exception explicitly:

iv) Throws :-

It is used to with method signature to throw exception.

v) Finally :-

To close different connection. Java finally block contain rest of code.



Syntax:-

```
try  
{
```

```
    // statements
```

```
    // throw keyword
```

```
}
```

```
catch (exception e)
```

```
{
```

```
    statement
```

```
}
```

```
finally
```

```
{
```

```
    // Rest code
```

```
}
```

Algorithm -

Step 1.) Define one class Stack as abstract

Step 2.) Declare three abstract methods  
push(), pop(), top()

Step 3.) Define one method function() which will  
call all these method based on user's  
choice.

Step 4.) (a) Define class Instack which extends  
Stack class

(b) Implement all abstract methods.

(c) put all the required Runtime exception  
in try block

(d) catch block to catch exception if caused.



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Step 5.)

- (a) Define a class `chaestack` which extends `stack` class
- (b) Implement all abstract class
- (c) Create `RuntimeException` in try block
- (d) catch block if exception occurs.

Step 6.) Define `stackTemp`

Step 7.) Create object of `stackTemp` of type `Intstack`.

Step 8.) call `function()`

Step 9.) create object of `stack` of type `chaestack`

Step 10.) call `function()`

Step 11.) stop.

Conclusion:-

template provide blueprint for class implementation & exception handling is used to handle runtime error.

Thus, we have learnt the concept of template & exception handling.