

Assignment No. 5

Title :- Polygon filling (flood fill)

Problem Statement :-

Write the C++ program to draw the polygon by using the mouse. Choose colors by clicking on designed color pane. Use window port to draw. Use DDA algorithm for line drawing.

Objective :-

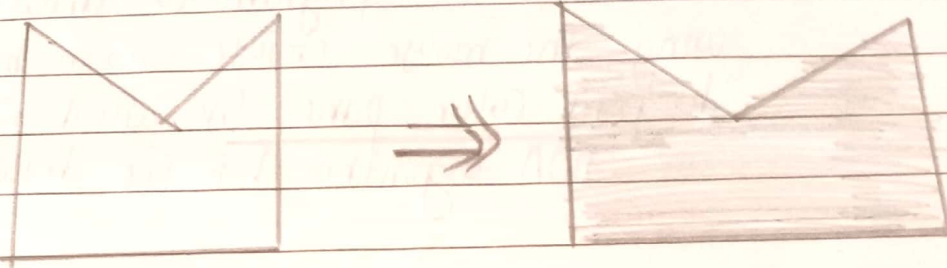
- To understand & study polygon filling algorithm.
- To study the different polygon filling algorithm.
- To understand & study different concepts & features of OOP.
- To understand & study different manipulation facilities in QT creator in C++.

Software & h/w requirement :-

Linux based OS.
QT creator.

Theory :-

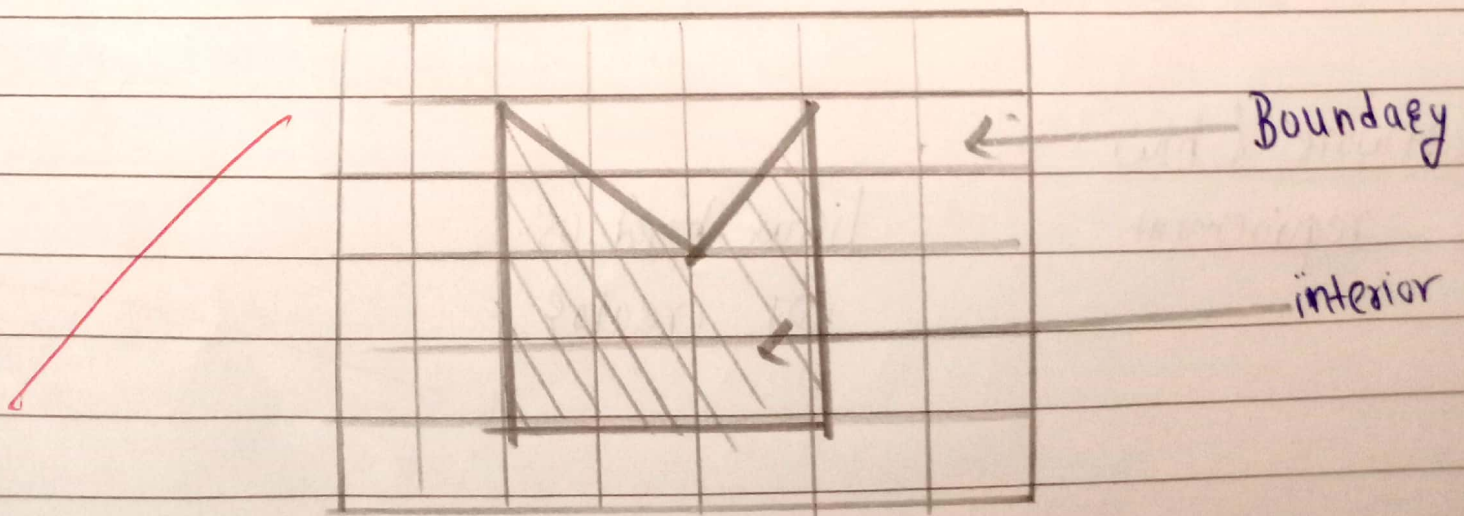
- Polygon filling :- process of colouring the area of polygon is polygon filling.



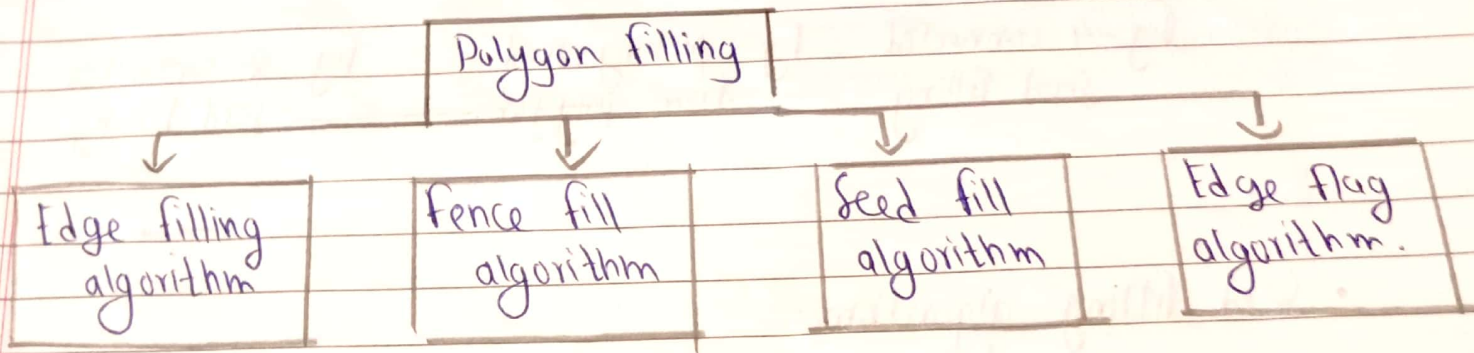
- Filling the polygon means highlighting all the pixels which lie inside the polygon with any colour other than background.

Types of regions :-

- i) Boundary defined region :-
- ii) Interior defined region :-



- It is collection of same colour pixels [Exterior pixels have different colour.]
- algorithm used to fill these region are called flood fill algorithm.



- Boundary & flood fill algorithm together is called seed fill algorithm
- Starts at sample pixel called as a seed pixel from the area, fill the color value & the boundary color value.
- It is pixel-level approach.
- We can get pixel using `getpixel()`, `setpixel()` methods.
- It is recursive algorithm.

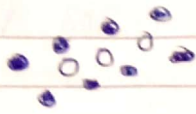


fig - 4 - connected
seed filling

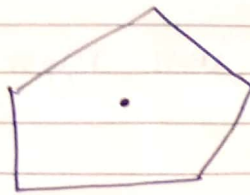


fig - picking seed
from polygon



fig - 8 - connected
seed filling

• Seed filling algorithm:-

- i) Draw the edge of polygon in frame buffer.
- ii) Start with seed point which is inside the polyg
- iii) Set the intensity to interior style & examine neighbouring pixel.
- iv) Continue until boundary pixel.

• Boundary / flood fill

check for boundary color pixel in

- i) Four - connected region.
- ii) eight - connected region.

• Flood-Fill algorithm

- i) Useful to fill the area i.e. not defined within a single colour boundary.
- ii) This fills area by replacing a specified interior colour instead of searching for boundary value.

• Pseudocode:

```

Algorithm Flood-Fill (x, y, fillcolor, bkcolor)
    Start
    if (getpixel(x, y) == bkcolor) then
        Begin
            Flood-Fill(x+1, y, fillcolor, bkcolor)
            Flood-Fill(x, y+1, fillcolor, bkcolor)
            Flood-Fill(x-1, y, fillcolor, bkcolor)
            Flood-Fill(x, y-1, fillcolor, bkcolor)
        END
    END

```

END

getpixel(x, y) :- It returns the color of particular co-ordinate x, y.

Conclusion -

We have learn & implement the polygon filling algorithm flood fill & its pixel approach & way of using in recursive manner.