

## Assignment No. 4.

Title - Polygon Drawing & fillingProblem Statement:-

Write the C++ program to draw the polygon by using the mouse. choose the colors by clicking on designed color pane.

Objective:-

- To understand & study polygon drawing algorithm.
- To study the different polygon filling algorithm.
- To understand & study different concepts & features of OOP.
- To understand & study different manipulation facilities in QT creator in C++.

Outcome:-

To implement the polygon drawing algorithm.

Software & hardware requirement:-

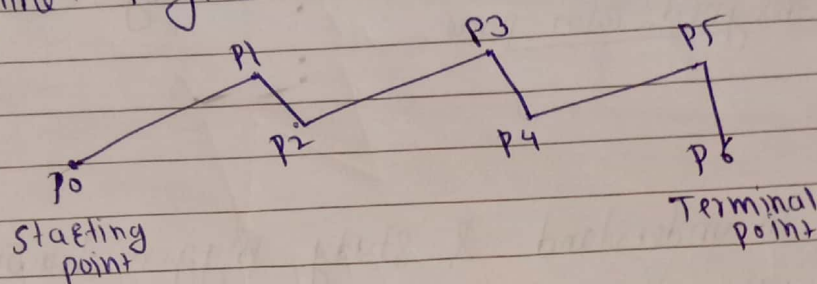
Linux based OS.

QT creator.

Theory :-

• Polygons :-

Polyline :- Polyline is chain of connected line segments.

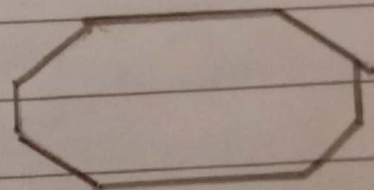
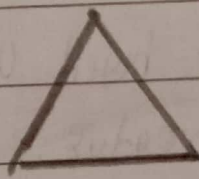
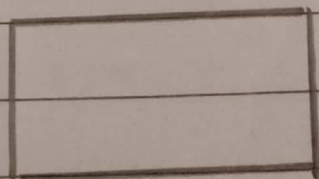


- when the starting point & terminal point of any polyline is same then it is called polygon.
- segments which make up polygon boundary are called sides of polygon.

• Types of polygons :-

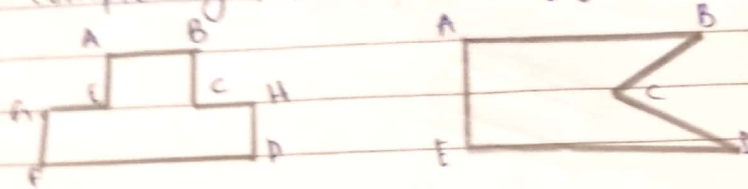
• Convex :-

A polygon in which line segment joining any two points within polygon lies completely inside the polygon.

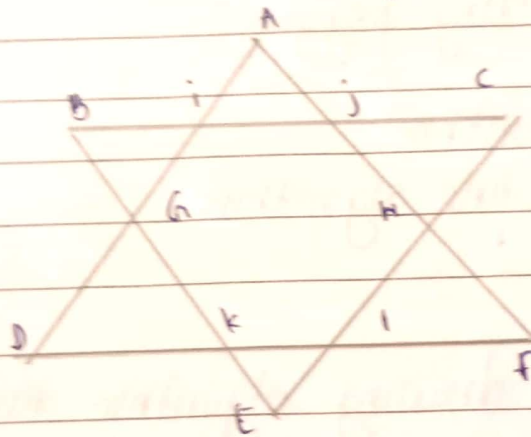




- Concave - A polygon in which line segment joining any two points within the polygon may not lie completely inside the polygon.



- Complex - Polygon in which edges intersect each other is called complex polygon.



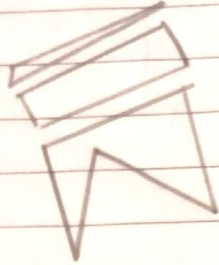
## ② Polygon representation -

### i) Polygon as unit :-

Some graphics device supply a polygon drawing primitives to directly image polygon image.

ii) Trapezoid primitive :

Represent polygon as series of trapezoid.

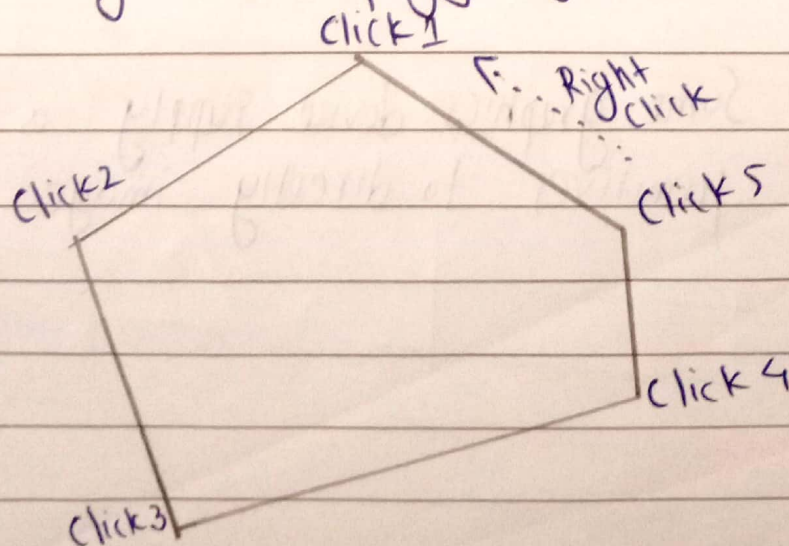


① 2-ways of entering polygon

i) DDA line algorithm

ii) Bresenham's line algorithm

- Same line drawing algorithm can be used to draw polygon
- When we click on the mouse the repeated line are drawn using any of the algorithm.
- Due to right click polygon get closed.





### Algorithm -

1. Declare array  $a[10]$ ,  $b[10]$

2. mousePressEvent (@MouseEvent \*obj)  
{

    i. if (start == true) then

$p = pos().x();$

$q = pos().y();$

$a[vee] = p;$

$b[vee] = q;$

    end if

    ii. if (button == RightButton) then

        {

        DDA ( $a[vee]$ ,  $b[vee]$ ,  $a[0]$ ,  $b[0]$ );

        start = false;

        }

    iii. vertt;

3. OnpushButton - clicked ()

{

    color.getcolor ();

}

Conclusion:-

We have learn & implement the polygon drawing algorithm & MouseEvent handling in this assignment.

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