



# Safety Plan Lane Assistance

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# Document history

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05/21/2018	1.0	Swapnil More	First Draft
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# Introduction

## Purpose of the Safety Plan

The purpose of the Safety Plan is to document the functional safety framework of a Lane Assistance System and outline that the system follows ISO 26262 standards

## Scope of the Project

For the lane assistance project, the following safety lifecycle phases are in scope:

Concept phase Product Development at the System Level Product Development at the Software Level

The following phases are out of scope:

Product Development at the Hardware Level Production and Operation

## Deliverables of the Project

The deliverables of the project are:

Safety Plan
Hazard Analysis and Risk Assessment
Functional Safety Concept
Technical Safety Concept
Software Safety Requirements and Architecture

### Item Definition

The item considered in this document is a Level 2 Lane Assistance System. The system is part of the Advanced Driver Assistance package. It has two main functions:

**Lane Departure Warning:** If a driver departs a lane without using a turn signal, the system assumes that the driver has become distracted and did not mean to leave the lane. The system will then alert the driver using audio, visual and/or haptic feedback. (i.e. steering vibration, warning alarm or a flashing dashboard warning

**Lane Keeping Assistance:** If the drifting driver is doesn't stabilize the vehicle before it leaves the lane, the system applies a steering torque to keep the vehicle in the current lane.

The Camera subsystem and Display subsystem analyze the Lane Departure Warning function whereas the Lane Keep Assistance is performed by the Electronic Power Steering subsystem.

### Lane Assistance Subsystem Components (Figure 1):

- Camera Subsystem:
  - o Camera Sensor
  - Camera Sensor ECU
- Display Subsystem:
  - Car Display ECU
  - Car Display
- Electronic Power Steering Subsystem:
  - Driver Steering Torque Sensor
  - Electronic Power Steering ECU
  - Motor providing torque to the steering wheel

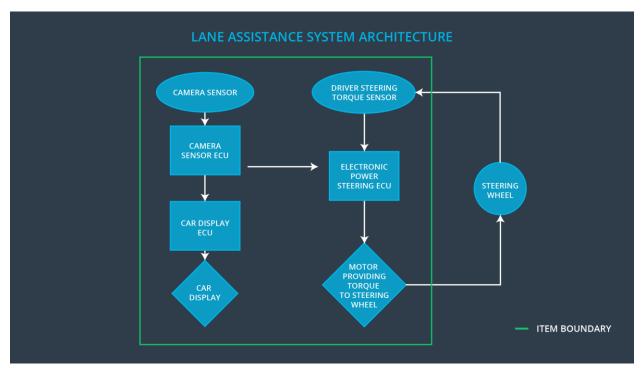


Figure 1: Lane Assistance Subsystems

# Goals and Measures

### Goals

The goals of the project are:

- Identify hazards in the Lane Assistance system that could cause physical injury or damage to a person's health
- Evaluate the risk of the hazardous situations so that we know how much we need to lower the risk
- Use systems engineering to lower risks to reasonable levels and prevent accidents

### Measures

Measures and Activities	Responsibility	Timeline
Follow safety processes	All Team Members	Constantly
Create and sustain a safety culture	Safety Manager	Constantly

Coordinate and document the planned safety activities	Safety Manager	Constantly	
Allocate resources with adequate functional safety competency	Project Manager	Within 2 weeks of start of project	
Tailor the safety lifecycle	Safety Manager	Within 4 weeks of start of project	
Plan the safety activities of the safety lifecycle	Safety Manager	Within 4 weeks of start of project	
Perform regular functional safety audits	Safety Auditor	Once every 2 months	
Perform functional safety pre- assessment prior to audit by external functional safety assessor	Safety Manager	3 months prior to main assessment	
Perform functional safety assessment	Safety Assesor	Conclusion of functional safety activities	

# Safety Culture

In order to ensure a good safety culture, the following characteristics must be observed:

- High priority: safety has the highest priority among competing constraints like cost and productivity
- Accountability: processes ensure accountability such that design decisions are traceable back to the people and teams who made the decisions
- Rewards: the organization motivates and supports the achievement of functional safety
- Penalties: the organization penalizes shortcuts that jeopardize safety or quality
- **Independence**: teams who design and develop a product should be independent from the teams who audit the work
- **Well defined processes**: company design and management processes should be clearly defined
- Resources: projects have necessary resources including people with appropriate skills
- Diversity: intellectual diversity is sought after, valued and integrated into processes
- Communication: communication channels encourage disclosure of problems

# Safety Lifecycle Tailoring

For the lane assistance project, the following safety lifecycle phases are in scope:

Concept phase Product Development at the System Level Product Development at the Software Level

The following phases are out of scope:

Product Development at the Hardware Level Production and Operation

## Roles

Role	Org
Functional Safety Manager- Item Level	OEM
Functional Safety Engineer- Item Level	OEM
Project Manager - Item Level	OEM
Functional Safety Manager- Component Level	Tier-1
Functional Safety Engineer- Component Level	Tier-1
Functional Safety Auditor	OEM or external
Functional Safety Assessor	OEM or external

# **Development Interface Agreement**

This sections defines the roles and responsibilities between the parties involved in the Lane Assistance Project (i.e. OEM, Tier-1 Supplier and/or External Supplier) to ensure its development in compliance with ISO 26262:

• Functional Safety Manager – Item Level: Entire Lane Assist System

- Planning, coordinating and documenting of the development phase of the safety lifecycle
- Tailors the safety lifecycle
- Maintains the safety plan
- Monitors progress against the safety plan
- Performs pre-audits before the safety auditor
- Functional Safety Engineer Item Level: Entire Lane Assist System
  - Product development
  - Integration
  - Testing at the hardware, software and system levels
- Project Manager Item Level: Entire Lane Assist System
  - Overall project management
  - o Acquires and allocates resources needed for the functional safety activities
  - o Appoints safety manager or might act as safety manager
- Functional Safety Manager Component Level (Swapnil More): Particular Lane Assist Component
  - Planning, coordinating and documenting of the development phase of the safety lifecycle
  - Tailors the safety lifecycle
  - Maintains the safety plan
  - Monitors progress against the safety plan
  - Performs pre-audits before the safety auditor
- Functional Safety Engineer Component Level: Particular Lane Assist Component
  - Product development
  - Integration
  - Testing at the hardware, software and system levels
- Functional Safety Auditor: Internal or External
  - Ensures that the design and production implementation conform to the safety plan and ISO 26262.
  - Must be independent from the team developing the project
- Functional Safety Assessor: Internal or External
  - Independent judgement as to whether functional safety is being achieved via a functional safety assessment
  - Must be independent from the team developing the project

## **Confirmation Measures**

Confirmation measures serve two purposes:

- that a functional safety project conforms to ISO 26262, and
- that the project really does make the vehicle safer

#### **Confirmation Measures Definitions**

#### Confirmation review

Ensures that the project complies with ISO 26262. As the product is designed and developed, an independent person would review the work to make sure ISO 26262 is being followed.

### Functional safety audit

Checking to make sure that the actual implementation of the project conforms to the safety plan is called a functional safety audit.

#### Functional safety assessment

Confirming that plans, designs and developed products actually achieve functional safety is called a functional safety assessment.

A safety plan could have other sections that we are not including here. For example, a safety plan would probably contain a complete project schedule.

There might also be a "Supporting Process Management" section that would cover "Part 8: Supporting Processes" of the ISO 26262 functional safety standard. This would include descriptions of how the company handles requirements management, change management, configuration management, documentation management, and software tool usage and confidence.

Similarly, a confirmation measures section would go into more detail about how each confirmation will be carried out.