VCG mechanism in combinatorial auctions

M = {1,...,m} : set of objects

Ω = 2 M := {S:S ⊆ M} : set of bundles

 $O_i: \Omega \to \mathbb{R}$: type/value of agent i

We assume $\theta_i(s) > 0 \ \forall s \in \Lambda$, objects are "goods"

An allocation in this case is a partition of the objects

 $a = \{a_0, a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n\}$, $a_i \in \Omega$, $a_i \cap a_j = \phi + i \neq j$

Ü a = M. Let A be The set of all such allocations.

ao: set of mallocated objects.

Assume $\theta_i(\phi) = 0$

Also assume selfish valuations, i.e., $\theta_i(a) = \theta_i(a_i)$ agent i's valuation does NOT depend on the allocations to others.

Claim: In The allocation of goods, the VCG payment for agent, that gets no object in the efficient allocation, is zero.

Proof sketch: $a^* \in \underset{a \in A}{\operatorname{argmax}} \sum \theta_j(a)$, $a_i^* = \phi$

 $a_{i}^{*} \in argmax \sum_{a \in A} \theta_{j}(a)$ $a \in A \quad j \in N \setminus \{i\}$

We know, $p_i^{vcq}(\theta) > 0$, also $p_i^{vcq}(\theta) = \sum_{j \neq i} \theta_j(\underline{a}_i^*) - \sum_{j \neq i} \theta_j(\underline{a}^*)$

A mechanism (f, p) is individually reational if $v_i(f(\theta), \theta_i) - p_i(\theta) > 0$, $\forall \theta \in \Theta$, $\forall i \in N$.

Claim: In the allocation of goods, VCG mechanism is individually trational.

Prunt sketch:
$$\theta_{i}(a^{*}) - \beta_{i}^{vcG}(\theta)$$

$$= \theta_{i}(a^{*}) - \left(\sum_{j \neq i} \theta_{j}(a_{i}^{*}) - \sum_{j \neq i} \theta_{j}(a^{*})\right)$$

$$= \sum_{j \in N} \theta_{j}(a^{*}) - \sum_{j \neq i} \theta_{j}(a_{i}^{*}) - \theta_{i}(a_{i}^{*}) + \theta_{i}(a_{i}^{*})$$

$$= \sum_{j \in N} \theta_{j}(a^{*}) - \sum_{j \in N} \theta_{j}(a_{i}^{*}) + \theta_{i}(a_{i}^{*}) + \theta_{i}(a_{i}^{*})$$

$$= \sum_{j \in N} \theta_{j}(a^{*}) - \sum_{j \in N} \theta_{j}(a_{i}^{*}) + \theta_{i}(a_{i}^{*}) > 0$$

$$= \sum_{j \in N} \theta_{j}(a^{*}) - \sum_{j \in N} \theta_{j}(a_{i}^{*}) + \theta_{i}(a_{i}^{*}) > 0$$

$$> 0, \text{ by defn. of } a^{*}$$