

Appendix

Data summary

```
## 'data.frame':    2935849 obs. of  6 variables:
## $ date           : Factor w/ 1034 levels "01.01.2013","01.01.2014",...: 35 69 137 171 477 30
## $ date_block_num: int  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ shop_id        : int  59 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 ...
## $ item_id        : int  22154 2552 2552 2554 2555 2564 2565 2572 2572 2573 ...
## $ item_price     : num  999 899 899 1709 1099 ...
## $ item_cnt_day   : num  1 1 -1 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 ...
```

```
## [1] 0
```

```
##      date      date_block_num    shop_id    item_id
## Min.   :2013-01-01   Min.   : 0.00   Min.   : 0    Min.   :    0
## 1st Qu.:2013-08-01   1st Qu.: 7.00   1st Qu.:22   1st Qu.: 4476
## Median :2014-03-04   Median :14.00   Median :31   Median : 9343
## Mean   :2014-04-03   Mean   :14.57   Mean   :33   Mean   :10197
## 3rd Qu.:2014-12-05   3rd Qu.:23.00   3rd Qu.:47   3rd Qu.:15684
## Max.   :2015-10-31   Max.   :33.00   Max.   :59   Max.   :22169
##
##      item_price    item_cnt_day      year      month
## Min.   :    -1.0   Min.   : -22.000   2013:1267562   1      : 303561
## 1st Qu.:   249.0   1st Qu.:   1.000   2014:1055861   3      : 284057
## Median :   399.0   Median :   1.000   2015: 612426  12      : 274032
## Mean   :   890.9   Mean   :   1.243                2      : 270251
## 3rd Qu.:   999.0   3rd Qu.:   1.000                8      : 248415
## Max.   :307980.0   Max.   :2169.000                6      : 237428
##                                     (Other):1318105
##
##      day
## 2      : 103372
## 7      : 102273
## 22     : 101345
## 23     : 101339
## 8      : 100986
## 21     : 100208
## (Other):2326326
```

Group by month sales

```
## # A tibble: 34 x 3
## # Groups:   year [3]
##   year month total_sales_month
##   <fct> <fct>           <dbl>
## 1 2013   1           131479
## 2 2013   2           128090
## 3 2013   3           147142
```

```
## 4 2013 4 107190
## 5 2013 5 106970
## 6 2013 6 125381
## 7 2013 7 116966
## 8 2013 8 125291
## 9 2013 9 133332
## 10 2013 10 127541
## # ... with 24 more rows
```

```
## # A tibble: 2,935,849 x 9
```

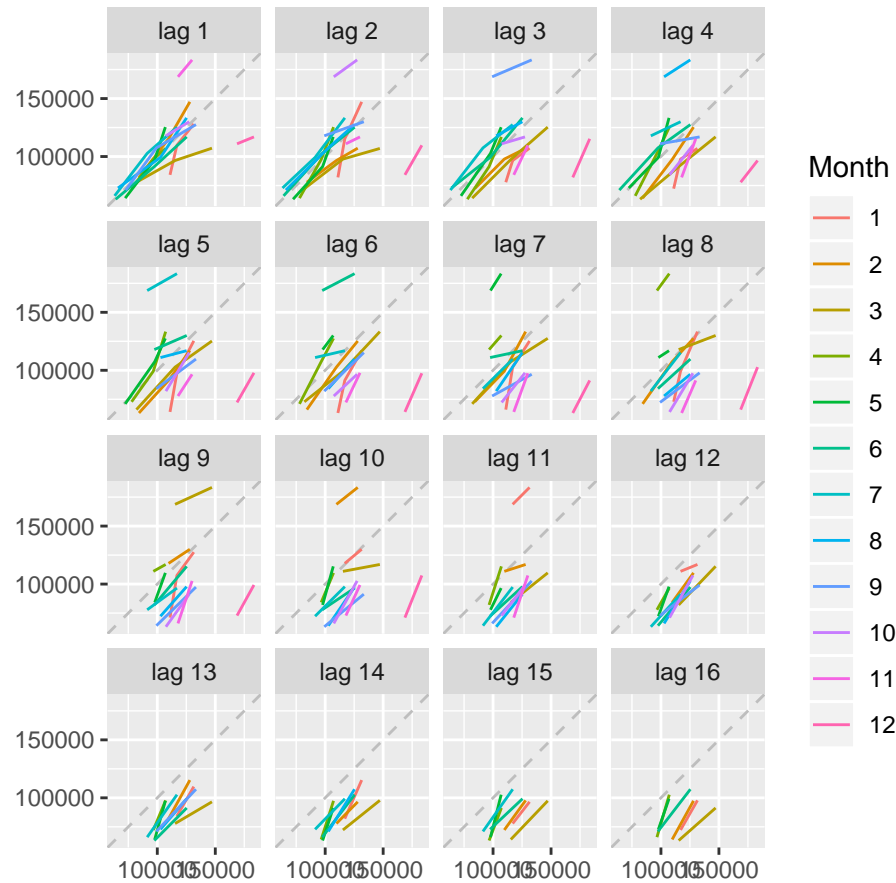
```
## # Groups:   year, month [34]
```

```
##   date      date_block_num shop_id item_id item_price item_cnt_day year month
##   <date>          <int>   <int>   <int>      <dbl>      <dbl> <fct> <fct>
## 1 2013-01-02           0      59   22154       999          1 2013  1
## 2 2013-01-03           0      25   2552       899          1 2013  1
## 3 2013-01-05           0      25   2552       899         -1 2013  1
## 4 2013-01-06           0      25   2554      1709.          1 2013  1
## 5 2013-01-15           0      25   2555      1099          1 2013  1
## 6 2013-01-10           0      25   2564       349          1 2013  1
## 7 2013-01-02           0      25   2565       549          1 2013  1
## 8 2013-01-04           0      25   2572       239          1 2013  1
## 9 2013-01-11           0      25   2572       299          1 2013  1
## 10 2013-01-03          0      25   2573       299          3 2013  1
## # ... with 2,935,839 more rows, and 1 more variable: day <fct>
```

Summary of ts object data

```
##           Jan    Feb    Mar    Apr    May    Jun    Jul    Aug    Sep    Oct
## 2013 131479 128090 147142 107190 106970 125381 116966 125291 133332 127541
## 2014 116899 109687 115297  96556  97790  97429  91280 102721  99208 107422
## 2015 110971  84198  82014  77827  72295  64114  63187  66079  72843  71056
##           Nov    Dec
## 2013 130009 183342
## 2014 117845 168755
## 2015
```

Scatterplot for lag



Dicky-Fuller test

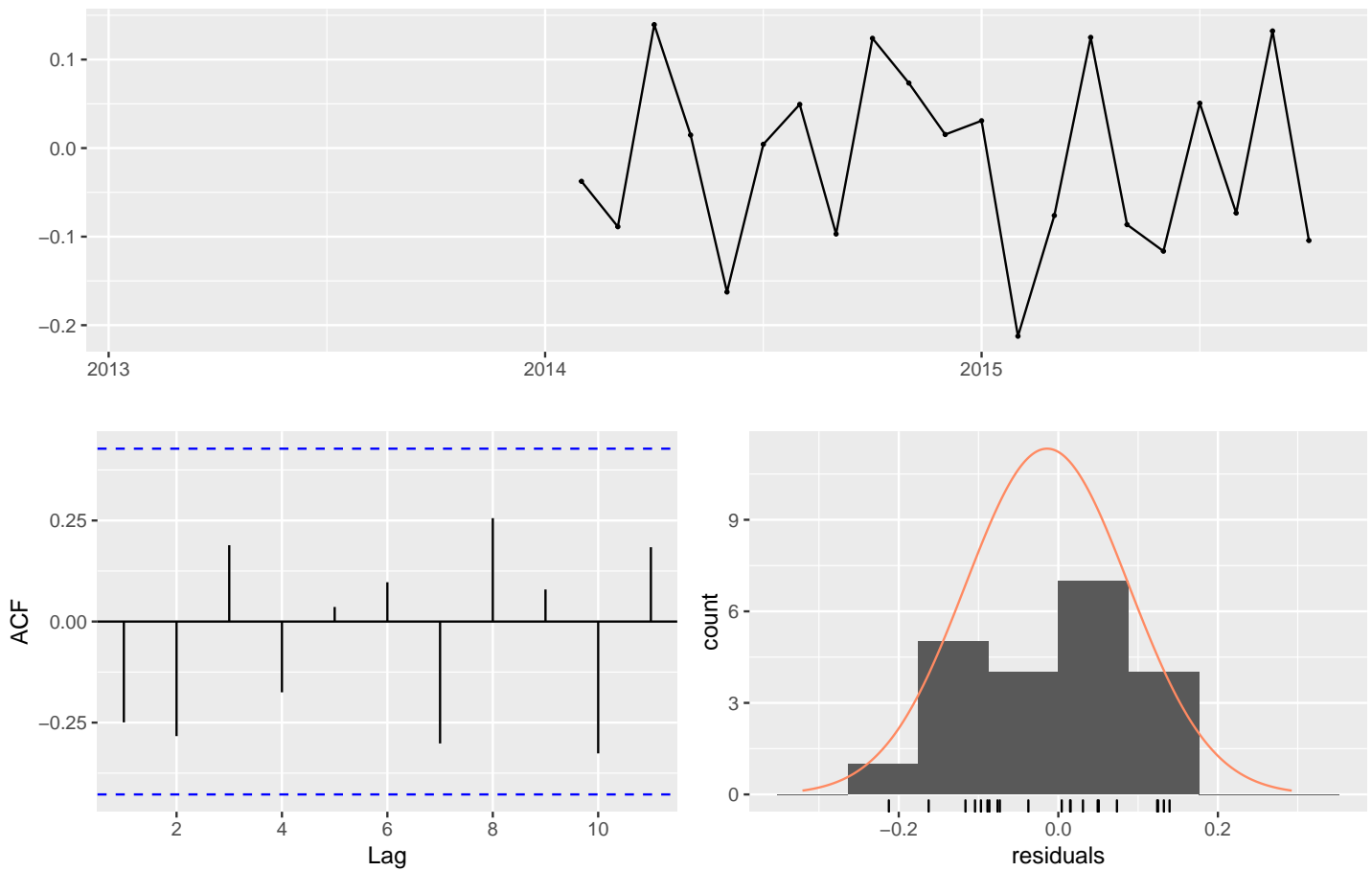
```
##  
## Augmented Dickey-Fuller Test  
##  
## data: sales_monthly_ts  
## Dickey-Fuller = -0.32986, Lag order = 12, p-value = 0.9835  
## alternative hypothesis: stationary
```

Seasonal naive output

```
##  
## Forecast method: Seasonal naive method  
##  
## Model Information:  
## Call: snaive(y = changeofitemsales)  
##  
## Residual sd: 0.1022  
##  
## Error measures:
```

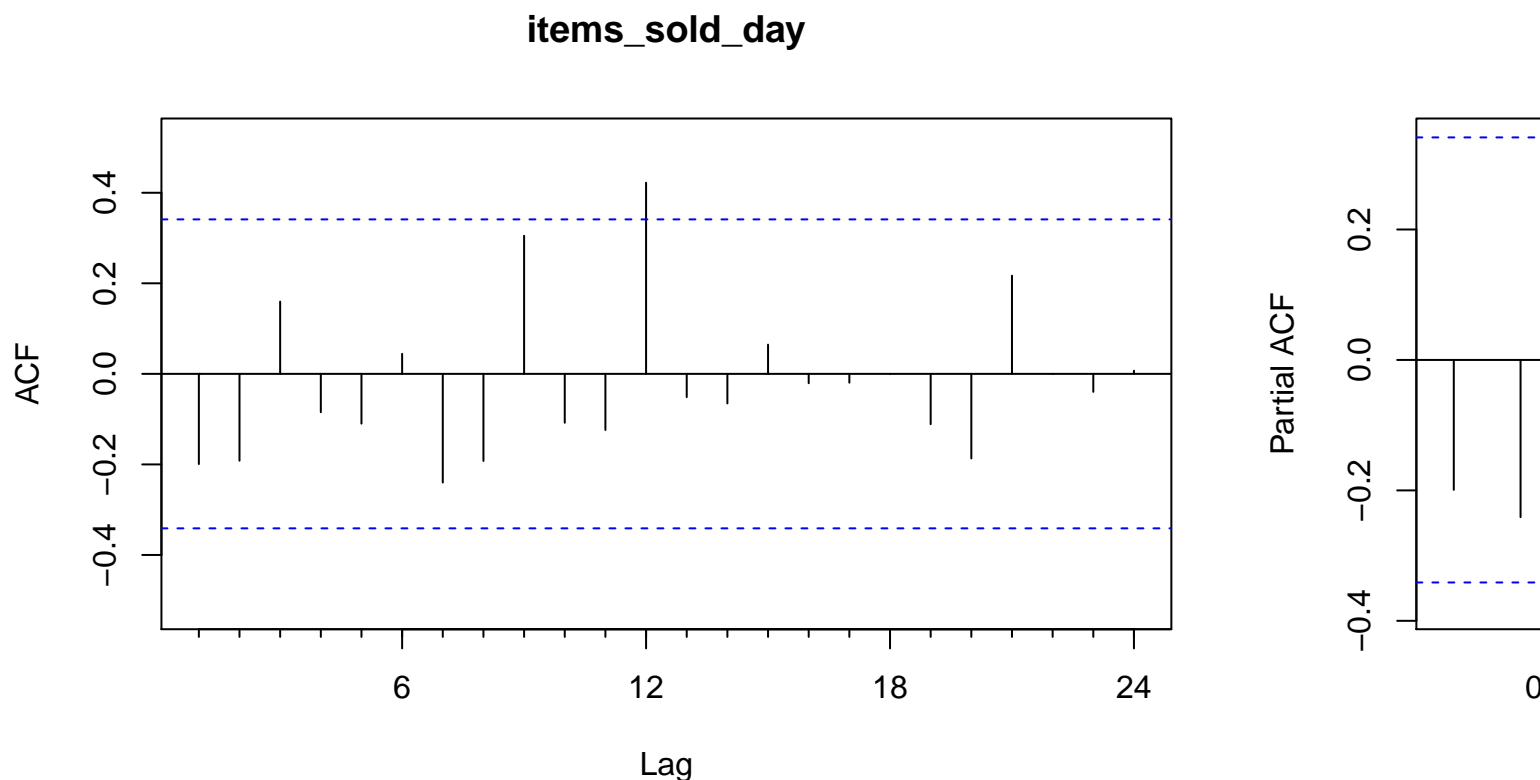
##		ME	RMSE	MAE	MPE	MAPE	MASE	ACF1
##	Training set	-0.0140838	0.1007235	0.08639063	249.7803	346.9721	1	-0.2493608
##								
##	Forecasts:							
##		Point Forecast	Lo 80	Hi 80	Lo 95	Hi 95		
##	Nov 2015	0.09260520	-0.03647718	0.221687583	-0.10480927	0.290019669		
##	Dec 2015	0.35907776	0.22999537	0.488160141	0.16166329	0.556492227		
##	Jan 2016	-0.41917905	-0.54826144	-0.290096669	-0.61659352	-0.221764583		
##	Feb 2016	-0.27609774	-0.40518012	-0.147015354	-0.47351221	-0.078683268		
##	Mar 2016	-0.02628120	-0.15536359	0.102801180	-0.22369567	0.171133267		
##	Apr 2016	-0.05240155	-0.18148393	0.076680834	-0.24981602	0.145012920		
##	May 2016	-0.07373344	-0.20281583	0.055348940	-0.27114791	0.123681026		
##	Jun 2016	-0.12009222	-0.24917461	0.008990162	-0.31750669	0.077322248		
##	Jul 2016	-0.01456417	-0.14364655	0.114518219	-0.21197864	0.182850305		
##	Aug 2016	0.04475241	-0.08432997	0.173834796	-0.15266206	0.242166882		
##	Sep 2016	0.09745544	-0.03162694	0.226537828	-0.09995903	0.294869914		
##	Oct 2016	-0.02483814	-0.15392053	0.104244242	-0.22225261	0.172576328		
##	Nov 2016	0.09260520	-0.08994486	0.275155257	-0.18658102	0.371791420		
##	Dec 2016	0.35907776	0.17652770	0.541627815	0.07989154	0.638263978		
##	Jan 2017	-0.41917905	-0.60172911	-0.236628995	-0.69836527	-0.139992832		
##	Feb 2017	-0.27609774	-0.45864780	-0.093547680	-0.55528396	0.003088483		
##	Mar 2017	-0.02628120	-0.20883126	0.156268854	-0.30546742	0.252905017		
##	Apr 2017	-0.05240155	-0.23495161	0.130148508	-0.33158777	0.226784671		
##	May 2017	-0.07373344	-0.25628350	0.108816614	-0.35291967	0.205452777		
##	Jun 2017	-0.12009222	-0.30264228	0.062457836	-0.39927844	0.159093999		
##	Jul 2017	-0.01456417	-0.19711422	0.167985893	-0.29375039	0.264622056		
##	Aug 2017	0.04475241	-0.13779765	0.227302470	-0.23443381	0.323938633		
##	Sep 2017	0.09745544	-0.08509461	0.280005502	-0.18173078	0.376641665		
##	Oct 2017	-0.02483814	-0.20738820	0.157711916	-0.30402436	0.254348079		

Residuals from Seasonal naive method



```
##
##  Ljung-Box test
##
## data:  Residuals from Seasonal naive method
## Q* = 8.8521, df = 7, p-value = 0.2635
##
## Model df: 0.   Total lags used: 7
```

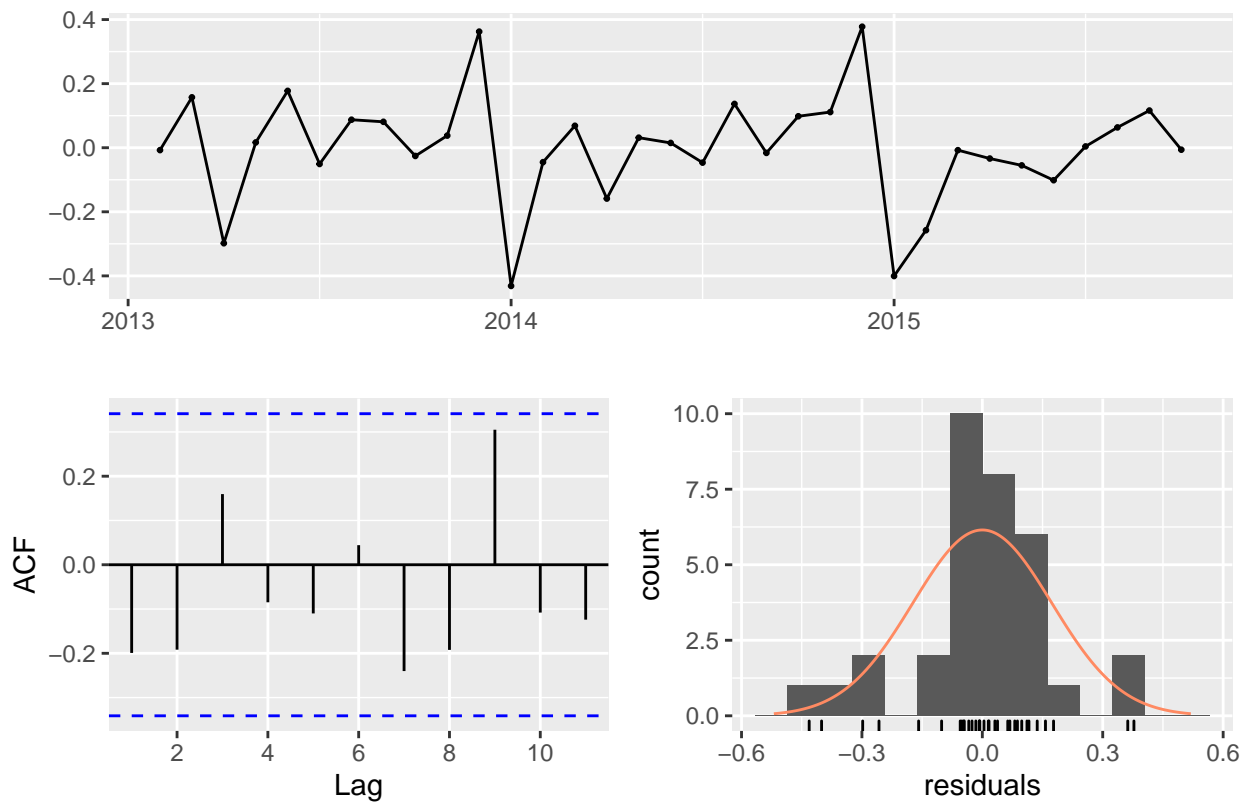
ACF and PACF for ARIMA



ARIMA (0,0,0)

```
##
## Call:
## arima(x = monthly_stationary, order = c(0, 0, 0), seasonal = list(order = c(0,
##    0, 0), period = 12))
##
## Coefficients:
##      intercept
##      -0.0186
## s.e.      0.0297
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 0.02908:  log likelihood = 11.55,  aic = -19.1
##
## Training set error measures:
##              ME      RMSE      MAE      MPE      MAPE      MASE
## Training set -8.426951e-19 0.1705142 0.1177058 52.99428 128.1393 0.6187436
##              ACF1
## Training set -0.1992047
```

Residuals from ARIMA(0,0,0) with non-zero mean



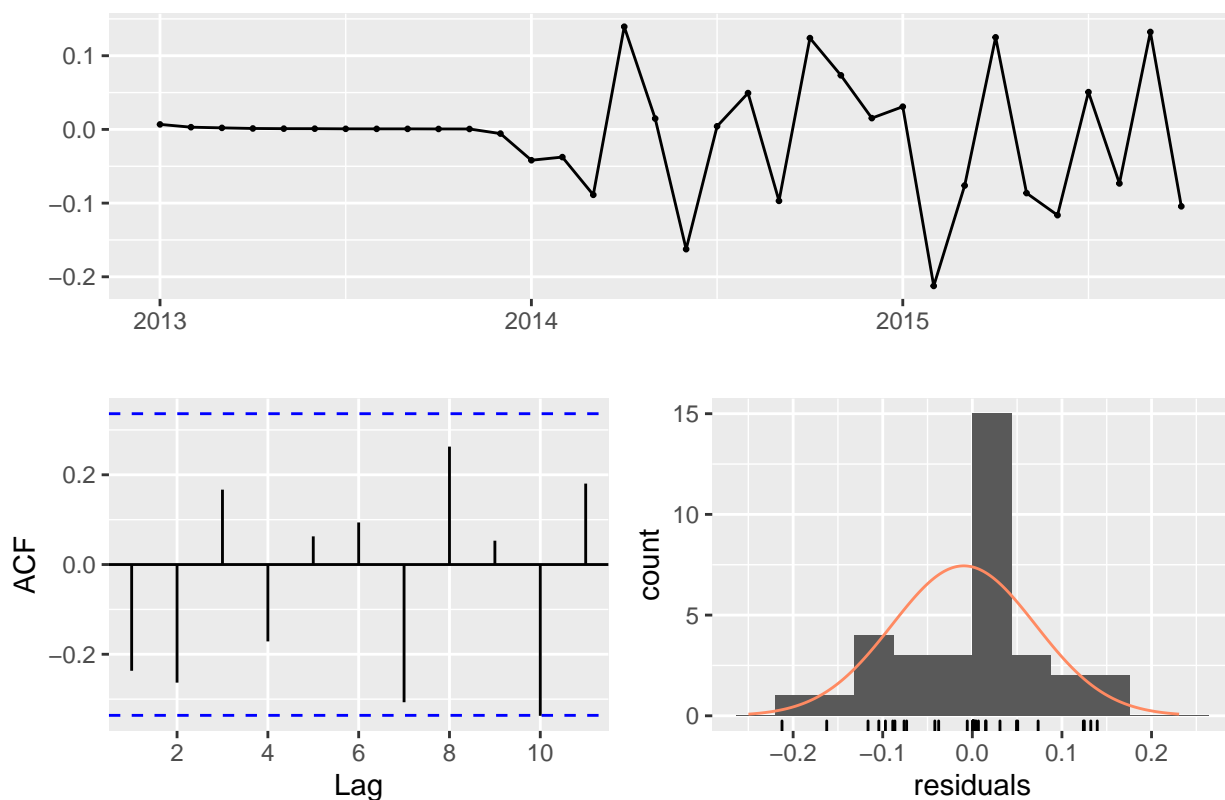
```
##
##  Ljung-Box test
##
## data:  Residuals from ARIMA(0,0,0) with non-zero mean
## Q* = 7.2141, df = 6, p-value = 0.3015
##
## Model df: 1.    Total lags used: 7

## [1] 0.1705286
```

ARIMA (0,1,0)

```
## Series: log(sales_monthly_ts)
## ARIMA(0,1,0)(0,1,0)[12]
##
## sigma^2 estimated as 0.01023:  log likelihood=18.41
## AIC=-34.81  AICc=-34.6  BIC=-33.77
##
## Training set error measures:
##              ME      RMSE      MAE      MPE      MAPE      MASE
## Training set -0.009545926 0.07950166 0.05530518 -0.08547149 0.4859299 0.234775
##              ACF1
## Training set -0.2367404
```

Residuals from ARIMA(0,1,0)(0,1,0)[12]



```
##
##  Ljung-Box test
##
## data:  Residuals from ARIMA(0,1,0)(0,1,0)[12]
## Q* = 11.845, df = 7, p-value = 0.1058
##
## Model df: 0.   Total lags used: 7

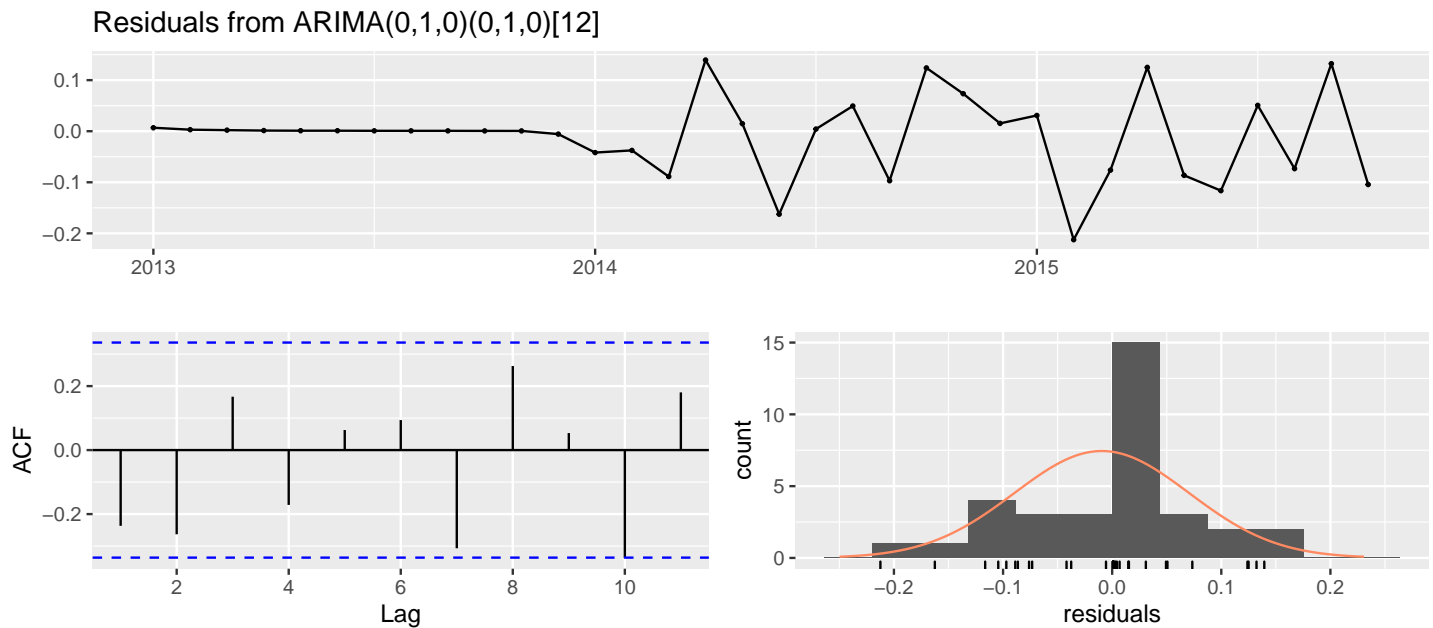
## [1] 0.1011435
```

ARIMA (0,1,0) fitting

```
##           Jan      Feb      Mar      Apr      May      Jun      Jul      Aug      Sep      Oct
## 2013 131479 128090 147142 107190 106970 125381 116966 125291 133332 127541
## 2014 116899 109687 115297  96556  97790  97429  91280 102721  99208 107422
##           Nov      Dec
## 2013 130009 183342
## 2014 117845 168755

##           Jan      Feb      Mar      Apr      May      Jun      Jul      Aug      Sep      Oct
## 2015 141604 130143 124927 122475 121304 120740 120468 120336 120273 120242
## 2016 120216 120214 120214 120213 120213 120213 120213 120213 120213 120213
##           Nov      Dec
## 2015 120227 120220
## 2016 120213 120213
```


Forecasting



Reference

- [1] Coursera (2018). Predict Future Sales. Retrieved April 10, 2020 from <https://www.kaggle.com/c/competitive-data-science-predict-future-sales/data>.
- [2] Brownlee, J. (2016). How to Check if Time Series Data is Stationary with Python. Retrieved April 10, 2020 from <https://machinelearningmastery.com/time-series-data-stationary-python>
- [3] Schneider, O. (2020). Seminar 27: Time series, lecture notes, Statistical Methods for Data Analytics MSCI 718, University of Waterloo, delivered in Mar 2020.
- [4] Rob J Hyndman and George Athanasopoulos (2018). Forecasting principles and practice. Retrieved April 11, 2020 from <https://otexts.com/fpp2>.