```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
        df = pd.read csv('QVI purchase behaviour.csv')
        df.info()
        df.head()
       <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
       RangeIndex: 72637 entries, 0 to 72636
       Data columns (total 3 columns):
       # Column
                             Non-Null Count Dtype
       - - -
       0 LYLTY_CARD_NBR 72637 non-null int64
           LIFESTAGE
                              72637 non-null object
          PREMIUM CUSTOMER 72637 non-null object
       dtypes: int64(1), object(2)
       memory usage: 1.7+ MB
Out[1]:
           LYLTY_CARD_NBR
                                         LIFESTAGE PREMIUM_CUSTOMER
        0
                            YOUNG SINGLES/COUPLES
                                                                Premium
                           YOUNG SINGLES/COUPLES
        1
                       1002
                                                              Mainstream
        2
                                    YOUNG FAMILIES
                       1003
                                                                 Budget
        3
                       1004
                            OLDER SINGLES/COUPLES
                                                              Mainstream
        4
                       1005 MIDAGE SINGLES/COUPLES
                                                              Mainstream
In [2]: df.dtypes
Out[2]: LYLTY CARD NBR
                             int64
        LIFESTAGE
                            object
        PREMIUM CUSTOMER
                            object
        dtype: object
In [3]: #Handle Missing or Incorrect Data
        # Check missing values
        df.isnull().sum()
        # Drop or fill missing values if any
        df.dropna(inplace=True)
        # OR
        # df.fillna(method='ffill', inplace=True)
In [4]: # Standardize text: strip whitespace and fix casing
        df['LIFESTAGE'] = df['LIFESTAGE'].str.strip().str.title()
        df['PREMIUM CUSTOMER'] = df['PREMIUM CUSTOMER'].str.strip().str.title()
        # Convert to categorical for memory efficiency
        df['LIFESTAGE'] = df['LIFESTAGE'].astype('category')
        df['PREMIUM CUSTOMER'] = df['PREMIUM CUSTOMER'].astype('category')
In [5]: df.duplicated(subset='LYLTY_CARD_NBR').sum()
Out[5]: np.int64(0)
In [6]: #Customer AnalyticsHere you start deriving insights from the cleaned data.
In [7]: # Count by life stage
        df['LIFESTAGE'].value_counts(normalize=True) * 100
        # Count by premium segment
        df['PREMIUM CUSTOMER'].value counts(normalize=True) * 100
        # Crosstab to see segment overlaps
        pd.crosstab(df['LIFESTAGE'], df['PREMIUM_CUSTOMER'])
```

Out[7]:	PREMIUM_CUSTOMER	Budget	Mainstream	Premium
	LIFESTAGE			
	Midage Singles/Couples	1504	3340	2431
	New Families	1112	849	588
	Older Families	4675	2831	2274
	Older Singles/Couples	4929	4930	4750
	Retirees	4454	6479	3872
	Young Families	4017	2728	2433
	Young Singles/Couples	3779	8088	2574

```
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

sns.set(style="whitegrid")

# Lifestage Distribution

df['LIFESTAGE'].value_counts().plot(kind='barh', figsize=(10,6), color='skyblue')

plt.title('Customer Distribution by Lifestage')

plt.xlabel('Number of Customers')

plt.show()

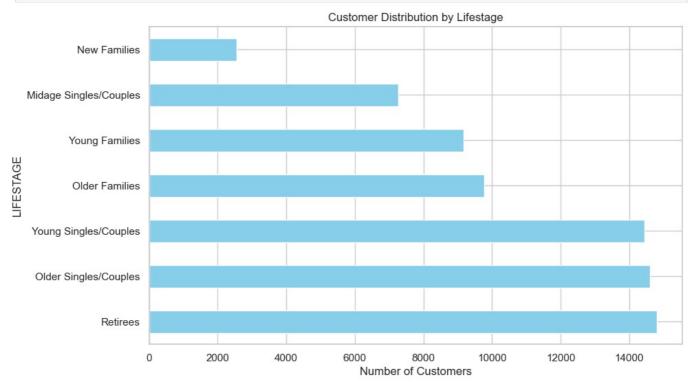
# Premium Segment Distribution

df['PREMIUM_CUSTOMER'].value_counts().plot(kind='barh', figsize=(6,4), color='salmon')

plt.title('Customer Distribution by Premium Segment')

plt.xlabel('Number of Customers')

plt.show()
```





```
In [9]: print(df.describe())
```

LYLTY\_CARD\_NBR count 7.263700e+04 1.361859e+05 mean std 8.989293e+04 1.000000e+03 min 25% 6.620200e+04 50% 1.340400e+05 75% 2.033750e+05 2.373711e+06 max

In [ ]: