Logistic_Regression_Assignment12 Step 1 | Data Pre-Processing Importing the Libraries import pandas as pd import numpy as np import matplotlib.pyplot as plt %matplotlib inline import seaborn as sns sns.set(color codes=True) from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder Importing the dataset dataset = pd.read_csv("Social_Network_Ads.csv") In [3]: dataset.head() Out[3]: User ID Gender Age EstimatedSalary Purchased **0** 15624510 Male 19000 **1** 15810944 Male 35 20000 **2** 15668575 Female 26 43000 **3** 15603246 Female 27 57000 **4** 15804002 Male 19 76000 dataset.shape (400, 5) In [5]: dataset.columns Index(['User ID', 'Gender', 'Age', 'EstimatedSalary', 'Purchased'], dtype='object') In [6]: dataset.isna().any() False User ID Out[6]: False Gender False EstimatedSalary False Purchased False dtype: bool dataset.isna().sum() User ID Out[7]: Gender Age EstimatedSalary Purchased dtype: int64 dataset["Gender"].unique() array(['Male', 'Female'], dtype=object) dataset["Gender"].replace({'Male':'0', 'Female':'1'},inplace=True) In [11]: Out[11]: User ID Gender Age EstimatedSalary Purchased **0** 15624510 0 19 19000 **1** 15810944 0 35 20000 **2** 15668575 1 26 43000 **3** 15603246 1 27 57000 0 19 **4** 15804002 76000 1 46 41000 15691863 **396** 15706071 0 51 23000 **397** 15654296 1 50 20000 **398** 15755018 **399** 15594041 1 49 36000 400 rows × 5 columns Splitting the dataset into the Training set and Test set from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(dataset[['Gender','Age','EstimatedSalary']],dataset['Purchased'],test_size=0.2) len(X_train) Out[15]: 320 len(X_test) Out[16]: 80 Feature Scaling from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler In [18]: sc_X = StandardScaler() X_train = sc_X.fit_transform(X_train) X_test = sc_X.transform(X_test) Step 2 | Logistic Regression Model from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression lr = LogisticRegression() Fitting Logistic Regression to the Training set In [23]: lr.fit(X_train,y_train) Out[23]: LogisticRegression() Step 3 | Predection In [24]: lr.predict(X test) Out[24]: array([0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0], dtype=int64) In [26]: X_test Out[26]: array([[9.75304830e-01, -1.12010746e+00, -7.95427841e-01], [-1.02532046e+00, 2.30291199e-01, -3.24934479e-01], [-1.02532046e+00, -4.44908129e-01, -1.14829786e+00], [9.75304830e-01, -2.51994035e-01, 2.26277902e+00], [-1.02532046e+00, 7.12576434e-01, -1.11889203e+00], [9.75304830e-01, 3.26748246e-01, 5.73413786e-02], [9.75304830e-01, -5.90799412e-02, 1.96872066e+00], [9.75304830e-01, -5.90799412e-02, 2.92588060e-01], [9.75304830e-01, 1.58068986e+00, 1.11595144e+00], [9.75304830e-01, -2.51994035e-01, 2.79355434e-02], [-1.02532046e+00, -2.51994035e-01, -4.42557819e-01], [-1.02532046e+00, 2.15943214e+00, -8.24833677e-01], [-1.02532046e+00, -1.12010746e+00, 4.69023071e-01], [-1.02532046e+00, 2.30291199e-01, -3.83746149e-01], [-1.02532046e+00, -7.34279269e-01, 2.92588060e-01], [-1.02532046e+00, 7.12576434e-01, -1.41295038e+00], [-1.02532046e+00, 3.73771057e-02, 2.79355434e-02], [9.75304830e-01, 1.96651804e+00, 7.33675587e-01], [-1.02532046e+00, -1.21656450e+00, 2.63182225e-01], [9.75304830e-01, 1.96651804e+00, -6.77804501e-01], [-1.02532046e+00, -1.69884974e+00, 4.69023071e-01], [-1.02532046e+00, -9.27193363e-01, 2.63182225e-01], [9.75304830e-01, -5.41365175e-01, 1.90990899e+00], [-1.02532046e+00, -1.40947860e+00, -2.07311138e-01], [-1.02532046e+00, 4.23205293e-01, -1.77905303e-01], [-1.02532046e+00, -2.51994035e-01, -9.13051182e-01], [-1.02532046e+00, -5.41365175e-01, -1.53057372e+00], [-1.02532046e+00, -1.55536988e-01, 8.51298928e-01], [-1.02532046e+00, -7.34279269e-01, -1.55997956e+00], [-1.02532046e+00, 4.23205293e-01, -4.71963654e-01], [9.75304830e-01, -1.55536988e-01, -2.07311138e-01],

Making the Confusion Matrix In [31]: # confusion matrix in sklearn from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix from sklearn.metrics import classification_report # actual values actual = [0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0]# predicted values predicted = [0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1] # confusion matrix matrix = confusion_matrix(actual, predicted, labels=[1,0]) print('Confusion matrix : \n', matrix) # outcome values order in sklearn tp, fn, fp, tn = confusion_matrix(actual,predicted,labels=[1,0]).reshape(-1) print('Outcome values : \n', tp, fn, fp, tn)

[9.75304830e-01, 1.09840462e+00, 2.08634401e+00], [9.75304830e-01, 1.00194757e+00, 1.99812650e+00], [-1.02532046e+00, -6.37822222e-01, -3.54340314e-01],[-1.02532046e+00, -2.51994035e-01, -5.01369490e-01], [9.75304830e-01, 2.30291199e-01, 1.45558884e-01], [9.75304830e-01, 1.33834153e-01, 1.45558884e-01], [-1.02532046e+00, 4.23205293e-01, 9.98328104e-01], [9.75304830e-01, -2.51994035e-01, -1.38354454e+00], [-1.02532046e+00, -9.27193363e-01, 5.57240576e-01], [-1.02532046e+00, 1.33834153e-01, 1.88050316e+00], [-1.02532046e+00, -2.51994035e-01, 8.67472137e-02], [9.75304830e-01, 9.05490527e-01, 1.26298062e+00], [9.75304830e-01, 3.26748246e-01, 2.92588060e-01], [-1.02532046e+00, -1.12010746e+00, -1.17770370e+00], [-1.02532046e+00, -6.37822222e-01, 1.16153049e-01], [-1.02532046e+00, -5.90799412e-02, -5.30775325e-01], [9.75304830e-01, 2.06297509e+00, -1.20710953e+00], [9.75304830e-01, 1.96651804e+00, -9.42457017e-01], [9.75304830e-01, 1.00194757e+00, 1.43941563e+00], [9.75304830e-01, -7.34279269e-01, 1.35119813e+00], [9.75304830e-01, -6.37822222e-01, 5.57240576e-01], [-1.02532046e+00, -1.79530678e+00, -1.32473287e+00], [9.75304830e-01, 9.05490527e-01, -5.89586995e-01], [-1.02532046e+00, -1.12010746e+00, -1.58938539e+00], [9.75304830e-01, -4.44908129e-01, -2.95528643e-01], [9.75304830e-01, 1.96651804e+00, -1.38354454e+00], [-1.02532046e+00, -1.55536988e-01, -2.95528643e-01], [9.75304830e-01, -2.51994035e-01, -3.83746149e-01], [-1.02532046e+00, -5.90799412e-02, 2.63182225e-01], [-1.02532046e+00, 2.15943214e+00, 3.80805565e-01], [9.75304830e-01, 2.06297509e+00, 1.74964719e-01], [-1.02532046e+00, -1.55536988e-01, -1.08948619e+00], [9.75304830e-01, -3.48451082e-01, 5.73413786e-02], [9.75304830e-01, -1.55536988e-01, 1.45558884e-01], [9.75304830e-01, -1.02365041e+00, -4.71963654e-01], [9.75304830e-01, -6.37822222e-01, -1.61879123e+00], [9.75304830e-01, 4.23205293e-01, -1.47029176e-03], [-1.02532046e+00, 3.73771057e-02, 2.79355434e-02], [9.75304830e-01, 1.67714690e+00, 1.61585064e+00], [9.75304830e-01, 1.38777576e+00, -1.44235622e+00], [9.75304830e-01, -1.79530678e+00, -1.29532704e+00], [-1.02532046e+00, -8.30736316e-01, 2.29218485e+00], [9.75304830e-01, -1.89176383e+00, -7.66022006e-01], [-1.02532046e+00, -1.50593564e+00, -1.53057372e+00], [-1.02532046e+00, 8.09033481e-01, 2.63182225e-01], [9.75304830e-01, 1.00194757e+00, -1.03067452e+00], [9.75304830e-01, -1.12010746e+00, 2.92588060e-01], [-1.02532046e+00, 1.58068986e+00, -1.47029176e-03], [9.75304830e-01, -1.69884974e+00, 3.51399730e-01]])

Step 4 | Evaluating The Predection

lr.score(X test,y test)

Out[27]: 0.9

Age

100000 200000

EstimatedSalary

- # classification report for precision, recall f1-score and accuracy matrix = classification_report(actual,predicted,labels=[1,0]) print('Classification report : \n', matrix) Confusion matrix : [[1 1] [2 5]] Outcome values : 1 1 2 5 Classification report : precision recall f1-score support 0.33 0.50 0.40 0.83 0.71 0.77 accuracy 0.67 9 macro avg 0.58 0.61 0.58 9 weighted avg 0.72 0.69 Visualization
- sns.pairplot(dataset[['Gender','Age','EstimatedSalary','Purchased']],hue='Purchased') Out[32]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x15a8e347d30> 50 9 40 W 30 20 Purchased 150000 0 • 1 125000