]: [n5 = np.full((3,3),5) n5 array([[5, 5, 5],
	#Initializing numpy array with a range n7 = np.arange(10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43,
:	21, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50]) #Initiallizing numpy array with a range n8 = np.arange(1,105,10) n8 array([1, 11, 21, 31, 41, 51, 61, 71, 81, 91, 101]) #Initiallizing numpy array with a random numbers n9 = np.random.randint(1,1000,10) n9 array([59, 159, 915, 246, 589, 59, 204, 626, 537, 127])
	#Numpy-shape #Checking the shape of numpy arrays n10 = np.array([[1,2,3],[4,5,6]]) n10 array([[1, 2, 3],
:	<pre>(2, 3) #Changing the shape of a numpy array n10.shape = (3,2) n10 array([[1, 2], [3, 4], [5, 6]])</pre>
	#Joining numpy array n1 = np.array([10,20,30]) n2 = np.array([100,200,300]) #vstack np.vstack((n1,n2)) array([[10, 20, 30],
: [<pre>array([10, 20, 30, 100, 200, 300]) #column_stack np.column_stack((n1,n2)) array([[10, 100],</pre>
	<pre>#intersect1d np.intersect1d(n1,n2) array([50, 60]) #setdiff1d(n1,n2) np.setdiff1d(n1,n2) array([10, 20, 30, 40])</pre>
: [<pre>#setdiff1d(n2,n1) np.setdiff1d(n2,n1) array([70, 80, 90]) #Numpy Array Mathematics #Addition of numpy array n1 = np.array([10,20]) n2 = np.array([30,40]) #np.sum([n1,n2]) np.sum([n1,n2])</pre>
	#np.sum([n1, n2], axis=0) np.sum([n1, n2], axis=0) array([40, 60]) #np.sum([n1, n2], axis=1) np.sum([n1, n2], axis=1) array([30, 70])
:	#Basic addition n1 = np.array([10,20,30]) n1 = n1 + 1 n1 array([11, 21, 31]) #Basic subtraction n1 = np.array([10,20,30]) n1 = n1 - 1 n1
: [<pre>array([9, 19, 29]) #Basic multiplication n1 = np.array([10, 20, 30]) n1 = n1*2 n1 array([20, 40, 60]) #Basic division n1 = np.array([10, 20, 30])</pre>
: [n1 = n1/2 n1 array([5., 10., 15.]) #Basic maths function #Mean n1 = np.array([10,20,30,40,50,60]) np.mean(n1) 35.0
:	#Median n1 = np.array([11,44,5,96,67,85]) np.median(n1) 55.5 #Standard deviation n1 = np.array([1,5,3,100,4,48]) np.std(n1) 36.59424666377065 #Basic maths function
:	n1 = np.array([10,48,23,9,45,61]) #Mean np.mean(n1) 32.6666666666664 #Standard deviation np.std(n1) 19.821424996424675
: [<pre>#Median np.median(n1) 34.0 #Saving and loading a numpy array n1 = np.array([10,20,87,0,12,65,232,9]) #Saving numpy array np.save('final_numpy_array',n1)</pre>
: [<pre>#Loading numpy array n2 = np.load('final_numpy_array.npy') n2 array([10, 20, 87, 0, 12, 65, 232, 9]) #Pandas #Pandas series object #Creating a series import pandas as pd s1 = pd.Series([1,2,3,4,5]) s1</pre>
:	0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 dtype: int64 #Checking its type type(s1) pandas.core.series.Series
:	#Creating a series l1 = [1,2,3,4,5] s1 = pd.Series(l1) s1 0
	#Creating a series #Creating a series \$1 = pd.Series([10,30,43,12,9302]) \$1 0
: [<pre>type(s1) pandas.core.series.Series #Changing the index s1 = pd.Series([1,2,3,4,5]) s1 0</pre>
:	<pre>dtype: int64 s1 = pd.Series([1,2,3,4,5],index = ['a','b','c','d','e']) s1 a 1 b 2 c 3 d 4 e 5 dtype: int64 #Series object from dictionary s1 = pd.Series({'a':10,'b':20,'c':30}) s1</pre>
: [<pre>a 10 b 20 c 30 dtype: int64 #Series object from dictionary s1 = pd.Series({'a':100,'b':200,'c':300}) s1 a 100 b 200 c 300 dtype: int64</pre>
	#Changing the index position s1 = pd.Series({'a':100,'b':200,'c':300},index = ['d','c','a','b']) s1 d
	#Extracting a sequence of element s1 = pd.Series([1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9]) s1[:4] 0
	#Extracting elements from back s1 = pd.Series([1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9]) s1[-3:] 6
	<pre>0 6 1 7 2 8 3 9 4 10 5 11 6 12 7 13 8 14 dtype: int64 #Adding two series objects s1 = pd.Series([1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9]) s2 = pd.Series([10,20,30,40,50,60,70,80,90]) s1+s2</pre>
	<pre>0 11 1 22 2 33 3 44 4 55 5 66 6 77 7 88 8 99 dtype: int64 #Subtracting scaler value from a series s1 = pd.Series([1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9]) s1 -100</pre>
:	<pre>0 -99 1 -98 2 -97 3 -96 4 -95 5 -94 6 -93 7 -92 8 -91 dtype: int64 #Multiplying with a scaler value s1 = pd.Series([1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9]) s1 *2</pre>
	0
:	\$1,\$2 (0
: [3
: [4 55 5 66 6 77 7 88 8 99 dtype: int64 #Subtraction of two series objects \$1-\$2 0 -9 1 -18 2 -27 3 -36 4 -45
: [<pre>5 -54 6 -63 7 -72 8 -81 dtype: int64 #Creating a dataframe df1 = pd.DataFrame({'Name':['Sam', 'Julia', 'Anne', 'Matt'], 'Marks':[99,32,100,78]}) df1 Name Marks 0 Sam 99</pre> O Sam 99
: [1 Julia 32 2 Anne 100 3 Matt 78 #Dataframe in-build functions college_1 = pd.read_csv('college_1.csv') #head() college_1.head() Name python mysql Previous Geekions CodeKata Score Department Rising
	0 A.Dharani 82.0 20.0 24500 24500 Computer Science and Engineering 0 1 V.JEEVITHA 82.0 20.0 21740 21740 Computer Science and Engineering 0 2 HEMAVATHI.R 100.0 100.0 19680 19680 Computer Science and Engineering 0 3 Mugunthan S 100.0 47.0 10610 10610 Computer Science and Engineering 0 4 Sathammai.S 100.0 8.0 8980 8980 Computer Science and Engineering 0 #tail() colspan="6">colspan="6">colspan="6">Colspan="6"
: [79 KarthikeyanS 45.0 0.0 0 0 Electronics and Electrical Engineering 0 80 BARATH.P 29.0 0.0 0 0 Electronics and Electrical Engineering 0 81 N.Ajith kumar 82.0 0.0 0 0 Electronics and Electrical Engineering 0 82 mohamed nabi 0.0 0.0 0 0 Electronics and Electrical Engineering 0 83 yaser ahamed.A 0.0 27.0 0 0 Electronics and Electrical Engineering 0 #shape college_1.shape (84, 7)
	#describe() college_1.describe() python mysql Previous Geekions CodeKata Score Rising count 84.000000 84.00000 84.00000 84.00000 84.000000 84.000000 mean 73.392857 27.60119 2904.523810 2906.071429 1.547619 std 35.589280 36.30562 4372.425826 4374.184197 14.184163 min 0.000000 0.00000 0.000000 0.000000 0.000000
	50% 90.250000 11.62500 1580.000000 0.000000 75% 100.000000 41.00000 3727.500000 0.000000 max 100.000000 100.00000 24500.000000 130.000000 #Extracting indiviual rows and columns .iloc[] college_1.iloc[0:3,0:2] Name python 0 A.Dharani 82.0 1 V.JEEVITHA 82.0 2 HEMAVATHLR 100.0
: [#Extracting indiviual rows and columns .loc[] college_1.loc[5:11,('Name','python')] Name python NIVEESHWAR S 100.0 KALAIARASAN K 85.0 MOHAMED ZUBAIR AHMED 82.0 8 J.SUGANTHI 27.0
	9 thamizhpaana 29.0 10 Iyappan Samiraj 50.0 11 Ponniyamma.R 100.0 #Droping a particular column from a given dataframe .drop(,axis=1) #DataFrame.drop('column_name', axis=1) #Droping a particular rows from a given dataframe .drop(,axis=0) #DataFrame.drop([rows_values], axis=0)
·	<pre>#Pandas functions #mean() college_1.mean() C:\Users\swara\AppData\Local\Temp/ipykernel_27228/3366505761.py:3: FutureWarning: Dropping of nuisance columns in DataFrame reductions (with ic_only=None') is deprecated; in a future version this will raise TypeError. Select only valid columns before calling the reduction.</pre>
	<pre>#median() college_1.median() C:\Users\swara\AppData\Local\Temp/ipykernel_27228/3826758542.py:2: FutureWarning: Dropping of nuisance columns in DataFrame reductions (with ic_only=None') is deprecated; in a future version this will raise TypeError. Select only valid columns before calling the reduction. college_1.median() python</pre>
)	College_1.min() Name
33	
	<pre>#value_counts() college_1['Department'].value_counts() Computer Science and Engineering</pre>
	82 mohamed nabi 0.0 0.00 0 Electronics and Electrical Engineering 0 49 bavithra 0.0 100.00 1020 Electronics and Communication Engineering 0 50 Deivani.S 0.0 86.25 980 980 Electronics and Communication Engineering 0 51 Nivetha.S 0.0 50.00 950 950 Electronics and Communication Engineering 0 19 S.srinivasan 100.0 12.00 4090 4090 Computer Science and Engineering 0 56 pravina 100.0 100.00 720 720 Computer Science and Engineering 0 18 Abirami Anbazhagan 100.0 0.00 4320 4320 Electronics and Communication Engineering 0 61 Aravind 100.0 0.00 380 380 Computer Science and Engineering 0
	41 vijayakumar 100.0 0.00 1580 1580 Computer Science and Engineering 0 84 rows × 7 columns

In [1]: import numpy as np