

## MAD LAB EXPT 2

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**Aim:** To design Flutter UI by including common widgets.

### **Theory:**

Flutter employs a reactive framework, allowing for fast development and expressive, flexible UI designs. Central to Flutter are widgets, which are the building blocks used to construct user interfaces.

**Container:** A versatile widget used to contain other widgets. It allows you to customize properties such as alignment, padding, margin, color, and more.

**Row and Column:** Widgets used to arrange child widgets horizontally (Row) or vertically (Column). They automatically size and position their children according to their properties.

**Text:** Widget used to display text with styling options like font size, color, weight, and alignment.

**Image:** Widget used to display images from various sources such as assets, network, or memory. It supports various image formats and provides options for resizing and scaling.

**Icon:** Widget used to display icons from the Material Icons or custom icon sets.

### **Output:**

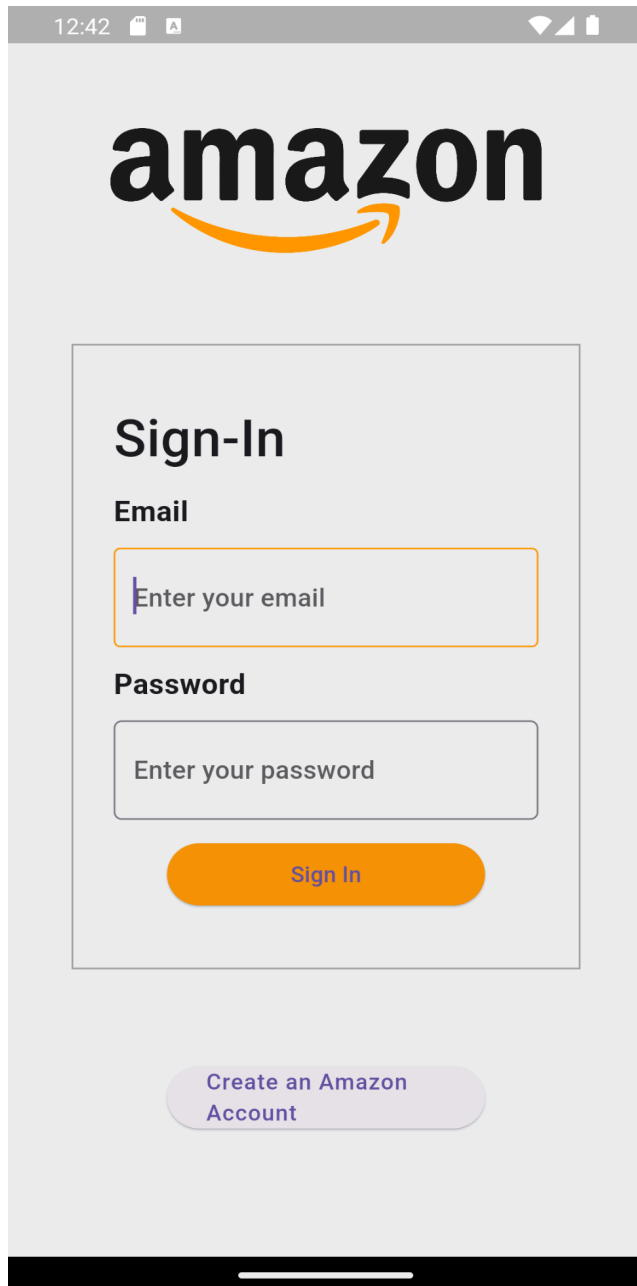
```
import 'package:amazon_clone/utils/utils.dart';  
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
```

```
class CustomMainButton extends StatelessWidget {  
  final Widget child;  
  final Color color;  
  final bool isLoading;  
  final VoidCallback onPressed;  
  const CustomMainButton({  
    Key? key,  
    required this.child,
```

```
required this.color,  
required this.isLoading,  
required this.onPressed,  
}) : super(key: key);
```

```
@override
```

```
Widget build(BuildContext context) {  
  Size screenSize = Utils().getScreenSize();  
  return ElevatedButton(  
    style: ElevatedButton.styleFrom(  
      primary: color,  
      fixedSize: Size(  
        screenSize.width * 0.5,  
        40,  
      )),  
    onPressed: onPressed,  
    child: !isLoading  
      ? child  
      : const Padding(  
        padding: EdgeInsets.symmetric(vertical: 5),  
        child: AspectRatio(  
          aspectRatio: 1 / 1,  
          child: CircularProgressIndicator(  
            color: Colors.white,  
          ),  
        ),  
      ),  
  );  
}
```



### **Text field Widget-**

```
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
```

```
class TextFieldWidget extends StatefulWidget {
```

```

final String title;
final TextEditingController controller;
final bool obscureText;
final String hintText;
const TextFieldWidget({
  Key? key,
  required this.title,
  required this.controller,
  required this.obscureText,
  required this.hintText,
}) : super(key: key);

@override
State<TextFieldWidget> createState() => _TextFieldWidgetState();
}

class _TextFieldWidgetState extends State<TextFieldWidget> {
  late FocusNode focusNode;
  bool isFocus = false;

  @override
  void initState() {
    super.initState();
    focusNode = FocusNode();

    focusNode.addListener(() {
      if (focusNode.hasFocus) {
        setState(() {
          isFocus = true;
        });
      } else {
        setState(() {
          isFocus = false;
        });
      }
    });
  }

  @override
  Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return Column(
      mainAxisAlignment: MainAxisAlignment.min,
      crossAxisAlignment: CrossAxisAlignment.start,
      children: [

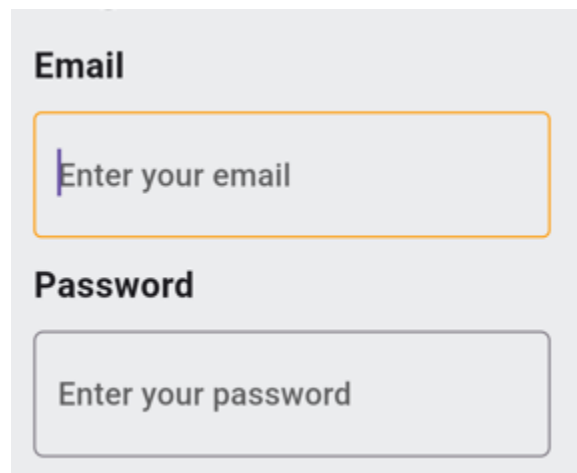
```

```

Padding(
  padding: const EdgeInsets.only(bottom: 15),
  child: Text(
    widget.title,
    style: const TextStyle(
      fontWeight: FontWeight.bold,
      fontSize: 17,
    ),
  ),
),
Container(
  decoration: BoxDecoration(boxShadow: [
    isFocus
      ? BoxShadow(
        color: Colors.orange.withOpacity(0.4),
        blurRadius: 8,
        spreadRadius: 2,
      )
      : BoxShadow(
        color: Colors.black.withOpacity(0.2),
        blurRadius: 8,
        spreadRadius: 2,
      )
  ]),
  child: TextField(
    focusNode: focusNode,
    obscureText: widget.obscureText,
    controller: widget.controller,
    maxLines: 1,
    decoration: InputDecoration(
      fillColor: Colors.white,
      filled: true,
      hintText: widget.hintText,
      border: OutlineInputBorder(
        borderRadius: BorderRadius.circular(3),
        borderSide: const BorderSide(
          color: Colors.grey,
          width: 1,
        ),
      ),
      focusedBorder: const OutlineInputBorder(
        borderSide: BorderSide(
          color: Colors.orange,
          width: 1,

```

```
    ),  
    ),  
    ),  
    ),  
  )  
  ],  
);  
}  
}
```



The image shows a login form with a light gray background. It contains two sections: 'Email' and 'Password'. The 'Email' section has a text input field with a light blue border and a placeholder text 'Enter your email'. The 'Password' section has a text input field with a light blue border and a placeholder text 'Enter your password'.

**Conclusion: Common widgets for text and button have been implemented for Flutter application.**