复习6答案(仅供参考)

一、填空题(每空1分,共10分)

题号	第一空	第二空	第三空
1	$I_0 e^{-\frac{t}{L/R}}$	$\frac{U_s}{R} \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t}{L/R}} \right)$	
2	10∠-90°		
3	-20 (写 20 也算对)		
4	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}}$		
5	过阻尼	临界阻尼	欠阻尼
6	4.5		
7	$\begin{bmatrix} 7 & 2 \\ 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$		

二、单项选择(每小题 2 分, 共 10 分) 题号: 1 2 3 4 5

三、简答题(每小题10分,共20分)

1、三个条件:

(1) 无损耗; (2) 全耦合 (耦合系数 k=1); (3) 电感、互感为∞,但是 $\sqrt{\frac{L_1}{L_2}}$ 为定值。 (共6分,每个2分)

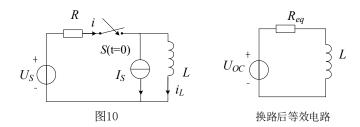
电路方程: $\frac{u_1}{u_2} = n$, $\frac{i_1}{i_2} = -\frac{1}{n}$ (共4分,每个2分)

2、
$$\tilde{S} = P + jQ = \dot{U}\dot{I}^* = I^2Z = U^2Y^*$$
 (4分: 说明:写出任意一个即可)

复功率的实部为平均功率,虚部为无功功率,复功率的模为视在功率。 (6分,每个2分)

四、分析与计算题(每小题 10 分, 共 60 分)

1、解:



$$i_{I}(0_{+}) = i_{I}(0_{-}) = -2A \quad (2 \%)$$

换路后等效电路如图:

$$u_{OC} = U_S - I_S R = 6V$$
 (1 $\%$) $R_{eq} = R = 2\Omega$ (1 $\%$)
$$\tau = \frac{L}{R} = 2s$$
 (1 $\%$) $i_L(\infty) = \frac{U_{OC}}{R_{eq}} = 3A$ (1 $\%$)
$$i_L(t) = 3 + (-2 - 3)e^{-0.5t} = 3 - 5e^{-0.5t} A$$
 ($t \ge 0$) (2 $\%$)
$$i(t) = I_S + i_L(t) = 5 - 5e^{-0.5t} A$$
 ($t \ge 0$) (2 $\%$)

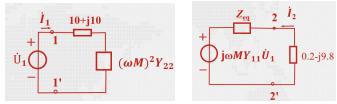
2、解:

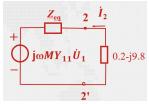
$$S_1 = \frac{P}{\cos \phi} = 125 \text{ VA}, \quad Q_1 = 75 \text{ var}$$
 (3 $\%$)
 $S_2 = \frac{P}{\cos \phi} = 111 \text{ VA}, \quad Q_2 = 48.4 \text{ var}$ (3 $\%$)
 $Q_C = Q_1 - Q_2 = 26.6 \text{ var}$ (2 $\%$)
 $C = \frac{Q_C}{U^2 \omega} = \frac{26.6}{220^2 \times 314} = 1.75 \,\mu\text{F}$ (2 $\%$)

3、解:

(1)
$$(\omega M)^2 Y_{22} = \frac{2^2}{Z_X + j10} = 10 - 10j$$
 (2 $\%$)

解得:
$$Z_X = 0.2 - 9.8j$$





(2)
$$j\omega MY_{11}\dot{U}_1 = \frac{j2 \times 20 \angle 0^0}{10 + j10} = 2\sqrt{2}\angle 45^0$$
 (2 \Re)

$$Z_{eq} = j10 + (\omega M)^2 Y_{11} = j10 + \frac{2^2}{10 + j10} = 0.2 + 9.8j$$
 (2 $\%$)

$$\dot{I}_2 = \frac{2\sqrt{2} \angle 45^0}{Z_{eq} + 02. - 9.8j} = 5\sqrt{2} \angle 45^0 \qquad (1 \, \%)$$

负载的平均功率:
$$P_X = I_2^2 R_X = 10 \text{ W}$$
 (2分)

4、解:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
10\Omega & \underline{j_1} & \underline{A} \\
\downarrow & \underline{A} \\
\downarrow$$

根据理想变压器阻抗变换: $Z = \frac{1}{4}(-j) = -\frac{j}{4}$ (2分)

$$\dot{I}_1 = \frac{10 \angle 0^{\circ}}{10 + \frac{\dot{J}}{4} - \frac{\dot{J}}{4}} = 1 \angle 0^{\circ} \text{ A}, \qquad (2 \, \text{$\%$})$$

$$\dot{I}_2 = \frac{1}{2}\dot{I}_1 = 0.5 \angle 0^\circ$$
 (2 \(\frac{1}{2}\))

$$\dot{U}_1 = \dot{I}_1 \times (-\frac{\dot{J}}{4}) = 0.25 \angle -90^{\circ} \text{V} \quad (2 \%)$$

$$\dot{U}_2 = 2\dot{U}_1 = 0.5 \angle -90^{\circ} \text{V}$$
 (2 \(\frac{1}{2}\)

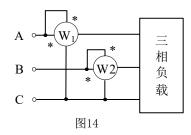
5、**解**: 次级阻抗变换后:
$$L' = L/25$$
 (2分)

$$Q = \frac{\omega_0 L'}{R} = \frac{L'}{\sqrt{L'C}R} = \sqrt{\frac{L'}{C}} \frac{1}{R} = \sqrt{\frac{L}{25C}} \frac{1}{R} = \sqrt{\frac{L}{C}} \frac{1}{5R} \Rightarrow 100 = \sqrt{\frac{L}{0.2*10^{-6}}} \frac{1}{20} \Rightarrow L = 0.8 \text{H}$$
(4 \(\frac{1}{2}\))

$$BW = \frac{R}{L'} = \frac{4}{0.8/25} = 125 \text{ rad/s}$$
 (2 $\%$)

$$U_L = 5 * U_{L'} = 5 * Q * U_s = 500V$$
 (2 \(\phi\))

6、解:



对称时:
$$P = \sqrt{3}U_l I_l \cos \varphi$$
 (2分)

解得:
$$I_l = \frac{P}{\sqrt{3}U_l \cos \varphi} = 4.368A$$
 (1分)

$$\varphi = \cos^{-1} 0.866 = 30^{\circ} \quad (1 \, \%)$$

表 1 示数:
$$P_1 = U_l I_l \cos(30^0 - \varphi) = 380 \times 4.386 \cos 0^0 = 1666.68 W$$
 (3 分)

表 2 示数:
$$P_2 = U_l I_l \cos(30^0 + \varphi) = 380 \times 4.386 \cos 60^0 = 833.34$$
W (3分)