```
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from PIL import Image
import warnings
DATADIR = '/PetImages'
CATEGORIES = ['Dog', 'Cat']
def create_data():
    data = []
    for category in CATEGORIES:
        path = os.path.join(DATADIR, category)
        class_num = CATEGORIES.index(category)
        for img in os.listdir(path):
            img_path = os.path.join(path, img)
                with warnings.catch warnings():
                    warnings.simplefilter("ignore")
                    with Image.open(img_path) as im:
                        im.verify() # Verify if the image is not corrupt
                    img_array = cv2.imread(img_path, cv2.IMREAD_COLOR)
                    resized_array = cv2.resize(img_array, (150, 150))
                    data.append([resized_array, class_num])
            except Exception as e:
                pass
    return data
dataset = create data()
np.random.shuffle(dataset)
X = []
y = []
for features, label in dataset:
    X.append(features)
    y.append(label)
X = np.array(X)
y = np.array(y)
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, Flatten, Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Dropout
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
{\tt from\ tensorflow.keras.losses\ import\ SparseCategoricalCrossentropy}
# Normalize the pixel values
X_train_normalized = X_train / 255.0
X_test_normalized = X_test / 255.0
# Create a sequential model
model = Sequential([
   Flatten(input_shape=(150, 150, 3)),
    Dense(128, activation='relu'),
    Dense(2, activation='softmax')
])
# Compile the model
model.compile(optimizer=Adam(), loss=SparseCategoricalCrossentropy(from_logits=True), metrics=['accuracy'])
# Train the model
model.fit(X_train_normalized, y_train, epochs=10, validation_split=0.1)
# Evaluate the model on test data
test_loss, test_accuracy = model.evaluate(X_test_normalized, y_test)
print(f"Test accuracy: {test_accuracy}")
     Epoch 1/10
     /usr/local/lib/python3.9/dist-packages/keras/backend.py:5612: UserWarning: "`sparse_categorical_crossentropy` received `from_
```

import os import cv2

import numpy as np

```
78/78 [===========] - 17s 208ms/step - loss: 2.8103 - accuracy: 0.6967 - val loss: 0.5617 - val accuracy:
    Epoch 2/10
    78/78 [============ ] - 16s 201ms/step - loss: 0.6565 - accuracy: 0.7387 - val loss: 0.5546 - val accuracy:
   Epoch 3/10
   78/78 [========] - 16s 203ms/step - loss: 0.5403 - accuracy: 0.7706 - val_loss: 0.5696 - val_accuracy:
   Epoch 4/10
   78/78 [========] - 17s 216ms/step - loss: 0.5249 - accuracy: 0.7859 - val_loss: 0.5740 - val_accuracy:
   Epoch 5/10
   78/78 [========] - 16s 202ms/step - loss: 0.5421 - accuracy: 0.7557 - val_loss: 0.5474 - val_accuracy:
   Epoch 6/10
   78/78 [=========] - 15s 197ms/step - loss: 0.4832 - accuracy: 0.7892 - val_loss: 0.5647 - val_accuracy:
    Epoch 7/10
   78/78 [============ ] - 15s 193ms/step - loss: 0.5315 - accuracy: 0.7718 - val loss: 0.6296 - val accuracy:
   Epoch 8/10
   78/78 [===========] - 15s 194ms/step - loss: 0.4868 - accuracy: 0.7831 - val loss: 0.5548 - val accuracy:
   Epoch 9/10
    78/78 [============= ] - 16s 203ms/step - loss: 0.5008 - accuracy: 0.7872 - val loss: 0.5574 - val accuracy:
   Epoch 10/10
   78/78 [========] - 15s 194ms/step - loss: 0.4638 - accuracy: 0.7964 - val_loss: 0.5623 - val_accuracy:
    22/22 [=============] - 0s 20ms/step - loss: 0.5650 - accuracy: 0.7253
   Test accuracy: 0.7252907156944275
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Dropout
# Create a CNN model
cnn_model = Sequential([
   Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu', input_shape=(150, 150, 3)),
   MaxPooling2D((2, 2)),
   Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu'),
   MaxPooling2D((2, 2)),
   Conv2D(128, (3, 3), activation='relu'),
   MaxPooling2D((2, 2)),
   Flatten(),
   Dense(128, activation='relu'),
   Dense(2, activation='softmax')
# Compile the CNN model
cnn_model.compile(optimizer=Adam(), loss=SparseCategoricalCrossentropy(from_logits=True), metrics=['accuracy'])
# Train the CNN model
cnn_model.fit(X_train_normalized, y_train, epochs=10, validation_split=0.1)
# Evaluate the CNN model on test data
test loss, test accuracy = cnn model.evaluate(X test normalized, y test)
print(f"Test accuracy: {test accuracy}")
    Epoch 1/10
   78/78 [==========] - 135s 2s/step - loss: 0.5927 - accuracy: 0.7702 - val loss: 0.5799 - val accuracy: 0.
    Epoch 2/10
   78/78 [====
               Epoch 3/10
   78/78 [===========] - 133s 2s/step - loss: 0.4902 - accuracy: 0.7831 - val loss: 0.5231 - val accuracy: 0.
    Epoch 4/10
   78/78 [========== ] - 120s 2s/step - loss: 0.4559 - accuracy: 0.7908 - val loss: 0.5238 - val accuracy: 0.
   Epoch 5/10
   78/78 [===========] - 121s 2s/step - loss: 0.4130 - accuracy: 0.8106 - val loss: 0.5842 - val accuracy: 0.
    Epoch 6/10
   78/78 [==========] - 122s 2s/step - loss: 0.3651 - accuracy: 0.8380 - val loss: 0.5373 - val accuracy: 0.
   Epoch 7/10
   78/78 [=====
                =========] - 121s 2s/step - loss: 0.3083 - accuracy: 0.8582 - val_loss: 0.5998 - val_accuracy: 0.
   Epoch 8/10
   78/78 [==========] - 124s 2s/step - loss: 0.2512 - accuracy: 0.8946 - val_loss: 0.6769 - val_accuracy: 0.
    Epoch 9/10
    78/78 [=====
                Epoch 10/10
    78/78 [============ ] - 121s 2s/step - loss: 0.1241 - accuracy: 0.9548 - val loss: 0.9244 - val accuracy: 0.
    22/22 [==============] - 8s 385ms/step - loss: 0.7226 - accuracy: 0.7558
   Test accuracy: 0.7558139562606812
# Create a CNN model
cnn model = Sequential([
   Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu', input shape=(150, 150, 3)),
   MaxPooling2D((2, 2)),
   Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu'),
   MaxPooling2D((2, 2)),
   Conv2D(128, (3, 3), activation='relu'),
```

output, from logits = get logits(

```
MaxPooling2D((2, 2)),
     Flatten(),
     Dense(128, activation='relu'),
     Dense(2, activation='softmax')
1)
# Compile the CNN model
cnn_model.compile(optimizer=Adam(), loss=SparseCategoricalCrossentropy(from_logits=True), metrics=['accuracy'])
# Train the CNN model
cnn_model.fit(X_train_normalized, y_train, epochs=10, validation_split=0.1)
# Evaluate the CNN model on test data
test loss, test accuracy = cnn model.evaluate(X test normalized, y test)
print(f"Test accuracy: {test_accuracy}")
      Epoch 1/10
      78/78 [============ ] - 132s 2s/step - loss: 0.5318 - accuracy: 0.7738 - val_loss: 0.5432 - val accuracy: 0.
      Epoch 2/10
      78/78 [==========] - 121s 2s/step - loss: 0.4769 - accuracy: 0.7807 - val loss: 0.5429 - val accuracy: 0.
      Epoch 3/10
      78/78 [==========] - 118s 2s/step - loss: 0.4531 - accuracy: 0.7985 - val_loss: 0.5414 - val_accuracy: 0.
      Epoch 4/10
      78/78 [============] - 121s 2s/step - loss: 0.3908 - accuracy: 0.8243 - val loss: 0.6393 - val accuracy: 0.
      Epoch 5/10
      78/78 [==========] - 118s 2s/step - loss: 0.3048 - accuracy: 0.8728 - val loss: 0.6933 - val accuracy: 0.
      Epoch 6/10
      78/78 [===========] - 119s 2s/step - loss: 0.2332 - accuracy: 0.9011 - val_loss: 0.6327 - val_accuracy: 0.
      Epoch 7/10
      78/78 [===========] - 121s 2s/step - loss: 0.1528 - accuracy: 0.9370 - val loss: 0.8655 - val accuracy: 0.
      Epoch 8/10
      78/78 [===========] - 123s 2s/step - loss: 0.0952 - accuracy: 0.9637 - val_loss: 1.2375 - val_accuracy: 0.
      Epoch 9/10
      78/78 [==========] - 120s 2s/step - loss: 0.0658 - accuracy: 0.9737 - val loss: 1.2063 - val accuracy: 0.
      Epoch 10/10
      78/78 [============= ] - 120s 2s/step - loss: 0.0458 - accuracy: 0.9842 - val_loss: 1.4042 - val_accuracy: 0.9842 - val_loss: 1.4042 - val_accuracy: 0.9842 - va
      22/22 [=============] - 8s 374ms/step - loss: 1.1097 - accuracy: 0.7645
      Test accuracy: 0.7645348906517029
from tensorflow.keras.applications import MobileNetV2
from tensorflow.keras.layers import GlobalAveragePooling2D
# Load the pre-trained MobileNetV2 model without the top (classifier) layers
base_model = MobileNetV2(input_shape=(150, 150, 3), include_top=False, weights='imagenet')
# Freeze the base model layers
for layer in base model.layers:
     layer.trainable = False
# Create a custom classifier on top of the base model
transfer_model = Sequential([
     base model,
     GlobalAveragePooling2D(),
     Dense(128, activation='relu'),
     Dense(2, activation='softmax')
])
# Compile the transfer learning model
transfer model.compile(optimizer=Adam(), loss=SparseCategoricalCrossentropy(from logits=True), metrics=['accuracy'])
# Train the transfer learning model
transfer_model.fit(X_train_normalized, y_train, epochs=10, validation_split=0.1)
# Evaluate the transfer learning model on test data
test_loss, test_accuracy = transfer_model.evaluate(X_test_normalized, y_test)
print(f"Test accuracy: {test_accuracy}")
      WARNING:tensorflow: input_shape is undefined or non-square, or `rows` is not in [96, 128, 160, 192, 224]. Weights for input
      Downloading data from https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/keras-applications/mobilenet_v2/mobilenet_v2 weights_tf_dim_
      9406464/9406464 [===========] - 1s Ous/step
      Epoch 1/10
      78/78 [====
                           Epoch 2/10
      78/78 [============ ] - 48s 611ms/step - loss: 0.0709 - accuracy: 0.9721 - val loss: 0.1724 - val accuracy:
      Epoch 3/10
      Epoch 4/10
```

Simple feedforward neural network:

• Test accuracy: 72.53%

Convolutional neural network (CNN):

• Test accuracy: 75.58%

CNN with more epochs:

• Test accuracy: 76.45%

Transfer learning using MobileNetV2:

• Test accuracy: 96.08%

The best performing model is the transfer learning model using MobileNetV2, which achieved a test accuracy of 96.08%. This model significantly outperforms the other models, demonstrating the benefits of using transfer learning. By leveraging pre-trained weights from a model trained on a large dataset, transfer learning can lead to better feature extraction and classification.