# 20MCA-132 OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LAB RECORD

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 Define a class 'product' with data members pcode, pname and price. Create 3 objects of the class and find the product having the lowest price.

```
import java.util.*;
public class Product {
  int pcode;
  String pname;
  int price;
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int smallest;
   Product p1 = new Product();
   Product p2 = new Product();
   Product p3 = new Product();
   p1.pcode=1001;
   pl.pname="RAM";
   p1.price=7000;
   p2.pcode=1002;
   p2.pname="Processor";
   p2.price=37000;
```

6

```
p3.pcode=1003;
  p3.pname="SSD";
  p3.price=16700;
  if(p1.price<p2.price) {</pre>
  if(p3.price<p1.price) {</pre>
     smallest = p3.price;
     System.out.println(p3.pname+ "is the cheapest.");
  } else {
    smallest = p1.price;
    System.out.println(p1.pname+ " is the cheapest.");
  }
} else {
  if(p2.price<p3.price) {</pre>
     smallest = p2.price;
     System.out.println(p2.pname+ " is the cheapest.");
  } else {
     smallest = p3.price;
     System.out.println(p3.pname+" is the cheapest.");
```

```
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    }
 }
OUTPUT
D:\javalab>javac Product.java
D:\javalab>java Product
RAM is the cheapest.
D:\javalab>
2. Read 2 matrices from the console and perform matrix
  addition.
import java.util.*;
class matrixadd{
public static void main(String[] args)
int row,col,i,j;
Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
System .out.print("enter the no of rows:");
row=sc.nextInt();
System .out.print("enter the no of columns:");
                                8
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```

```
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col=sc.nextInt();
int mat1[][]=new int[row][col];
int mat2[][]=new int[row][col];
int mat3[][]=new int[row][col];
System.out.print("enter the elements of matrix1:");
for(i=0;i<row;i++)
for(j=0;j<col;j++)
mat1[i][j]=sc.nextInt();
System.out.println();
System.out.print("enter the elements of matrix2:");
for(i=0;i<row;i++)
for(j=0;j<col;j++)
mat2[i][j]=sc.nextInt();
                                 9
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```

```
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System.out.println();
for(i=0;i<row;i++)
for(j=0;j<col;j++)
mat3[i][j]=mat1[i][j]+mat2[i][j];
System.out.print("sum of matrix :");
for(i=0;i<row;i++)
for(j=0;j<col;j++)
System.out.print(mat3[i][j]+"\t");
System.out.println();
                                  10
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                                                                2021
```

```
D:\javalab>javac matrixadd.java

D:\javalab>java matrixadd
enter the no of rows:2
enter the no of columns:2
enter the elements of matrix1:2

4

2
enter the elements of matrix2:1

2
sum of matrix:3
6
3

D:\javalab>
```

# 3. Add complex numbers

```
public class Complex{
  double a, b;
  Complex(double r, double i){
    this.a = r;
    this.b = i;
  }
  public static Complex sum(Complex c1, Complex c2)
  {
      Complex temp = new Complex(0, 0);
    }
}
```

```
temp.a = c1.a + c2.a;
temp.b = c1.b+ c2.b;
return temp;
}

public static void main(String args[]) {
  Complex c1 = new Complex(5, 4);
  Complex c2 = new Complex(6, 3.5);
   Complex temp = sum(c1, c2);
   System.out.printf("Sum is: "+ temp.a+" + "+ temp.b +"i");
}
```

```
D:\javalab>javac Complex.java
D:\javalab>java Complex
Sum is: 11.0 + 7.5i
D:\javalab>
```

4. Read a matrix from the console and check whether it is symmetric or not.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Symmetric
{
```

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```
public static void main(String[] args)
{
  Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
  System.out.println("Enter the no. of rows:");
  int rows = sc.nextInt();
  System.out.println("Enter the no. of columns:");
  int cols = sc.nextInt();
  int matrix[][] = new int[rows][cols];
  System.out.println("Enter the elements:");
  for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++)
  {
     for (int i = 0; i < cols; i++)
     {
       matrix[i][j] = sc.nextInt();
  }
  System.out.println("Printing the input matrix:");
  for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++)
     for (int j = 0; j < cols; j++)
                              13
```

```
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       {
          System.out.print(matrix[i][j]+"\t");
       System.out.println();
     }
     if(rows != cols)
       System.out.println("The given matrix is not a square
matrix, so it can't be symmetric.");
     }
     else
       boolean symmetric = true;
       for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++)
       { for (int j = 0; j < cols; j++) {
             if(matrix[i][j] != matrix[j][i]) {
               symmetric = false;
               break;
          }
                                  14
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```

```
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       if(symmetric)
         System.out.println("The given matrix is
symmetric...");
       else
         System.out.println("The given matrix is not
symmetric...");
    sc.close();
```

```
D:\javalab>javac Symmetric.java

D:\javalab>java Symmetric
Enter the no. of rows:

Enter the no. of columns:

Enter the elements:

2
1
4
3
5
1
7
Printing the input matrix:
2
1
4
3
5
1
7
The given matrix is not symmetric...

D:\javalab>
```

# 5. Program to Sort strings

```
public class sortstring{
public static void main(String[] args)
{
String names[]={"amal","jyothi","college","of","engineering"};
String temp;
int n= names.length;
int i;
int j;
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
{

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```

```
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for(j=i+1;j<n;j++)
if(names[i].compareTo(names[j])>0)
{
     temp=names[i];
     names[i]=names[j];
    names[j]=temp;
System.out.println("the sorted array of string is:");
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    System.out.println(names[i]);
OUTPUT
                                17
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```

```
D:\javalab>javac sortstring.java
D:\javalab>java sortstring
the sorted array of string is :
amal
college
engineering
jyothi
of
D:\javalab>
```

# 6.Search an element in an array.

```
import java.util.*;
public class searchele{
public static void main(String[] args)
int n,i,b,flag=0;
Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.println("enter the number of elements for the
array:");
n=s.nextInt();
int a[]=new int[n];
System.out.println("enter the elements of the array:");
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
```

```
20MCA132
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a[i]=s.nextInt();
System.out.println("enter the element u want to search:");
b=s.nextInt();
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
if(a[i]==b)
flag=1;
break;
else
flag=0;
if(flag==1)
System.out.println("element found at position:"+(i+1));
                                19
```

```
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else
System.out.println("element not found");
OUTPUT
D:\javalab>javac searchele.java
D:\javalab>java searchele
enter the number of elements for the array :
enter the elements of the array :
enter the element u want to search :
element found at position :2
D:\javalab>
7. Perform string manipulations.
public class Sample_String
 public static void main(String[] args)
 String str_Sample = "RockStar";
 System.out.println("Length of String: " + str_Sample.length());
```

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```
System.out.println("Character at position 5: " +
str_Sample.charAt(5));
System.out.println("EndsWith character 'r': " +
str_Sample.endsWith("r"));
System.out.println("Replace 'Rock' with 'Duke': " +
str_Sample.replace("Rock", "Duke"));
}
```

```
D:\javalab>javac Sample_String.java
D:\javalab>java Sample_String
Length of String: 8
Character at position 5: t
EndsWith character 'r': true
Replace 'Rock' with 'Duke': DukeStar
D:\javalab>
```

8. Program to create a class for Employee having attributes eNo, eName eSalary. Read n employ information and Search for an employee given eNo, using the concept of Array of Objects.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Employee {
int empid;
String name;
```

```
float salary;
public void getInput() {
Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.print("Enter the empid::");
empid = in.nextInt();
System.out.print("Enter the name :: ");
name = in.next();
System.out.print("Enter the salary :: ");
salary = in.nextFloat();
public void display() {
System.out.println("Employee id = " + empid);
System.out.println("Employee name = " + name);
System.out.println("Employee salary = " + salary);
public static void main(String[] args) {
Employee e[] = new Employee[5];
for(int i=0; i<5; i++) {
 e[i] = new Employee();
 e[i].getInput();
                              22
```

```
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```

```
20MCA132
 System.out.println("**** Data Entered as below ****");
 for(int i=0; i<5; i++) {
 e[i].display();
```

```
D:\javalab>javac Employee.java
D:\javalab>java Employee
Enter the empid :: 1
Enter the name :: ankitha
Enter the salary :: 32000
Enter the empid :: 2
Enter the name :: sree
Enter the salary :: 31000
Enter the empid :: 3
Enter the name :: farhan
Enter the salary :: 54000
Enter the empid :: 4
Enter the name :: farha
Enter the salary :: 92000
Enter the empid::: 5
Enter the name :: arnav
Enter the salary :: 81000
**** Data Entered as below ****
Employee id = 1
Employee name = ankitha
Employee salary = 32000.0
Employee id = 2
Employee name = sree
Employee salary = 31000.0
Employee id = 3
Employee name = farhan
Employee salary = 54000.0
Employee id = 4
Employee name = farha
Employee salary = 92000.0
Employee id = 5
Employee name = arnav
Employee salary = 81000.0
D:\javalab>
```

# 9. Area of different shapes using overloaded functions

```
public class shape
int side, as, ar;
public void area(int a)//area of square
side=a;
as=a*a;
System.out.println("area of square is"+as);
public void area(double r)//area of circle
double radi=r;
double ac=(22/7)*radi*radi;
System.out.println("area of circle is"+ac);
public void area(int l,int w)//area of rectangle
{ int len=I;
int wid=w;
ar=len*wid;
                               24
```

```
System.out.println("area of rectangle"+ar);
public void area(int h,double r)//area of cylinder
{ int he=h;
double rad=r;
double acy=(2*(22/7)*rad*he)+((22/7)*rad*rad);
System.out.println("area of cylinder"+acy); }
public static void main(String[] args)
{ shape s=new shape();
s.area(4);//area of square
s.area(5.52);//area of circle
s.area(5,4);//area of rectangle
s.area(5,4.5); //area of cylinder }
```

```
D:\javalab>javac shape.java
D:\javalab>java shape
area of square is16
area of circle is91.41119999999998
area of rectangle20
area of cylinder195.75
D:\javalab>
```

10.Create a class 'Employee' with data members Empid, Name, Salary, Address and constructors to initialize the data members. Create another class 'Teacher' that inherit the properties of class employee and contain its own data members department, Subjects taught and constructors to initialize these data members and also include display function to display all the data members. Use array of objects to display details of N teachers.

```
import java.util.*;
class Employee
{
int empid;
String name, address;
double salary;
public Employee(int empid, String name, String address,
double salary) {
this.empid = empid;
this.name = name:
this.address = address:
this.salary = salary;
```

```
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public class Teacher extends Employee
String subject, department;
public Teacher(int empid, String name, String address,
double salary, String department, String subject ) {
super(empid, name, address, salary);
this.subject = subject;
this.department = department;
void display()
System.out.println("Empid: "+this.empid+"
                                                  Name
"+this.name+" Salary: "+this.salary+" Address: "+this.address+"
department: "+this.department+" Subjects: "+this.subject);
public static void main(String[] args) {
// TODO Auto-generated method stub
Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
int n:
System.out.println("Enter number of Teachers:");
n=sc.nextInt();
```

```
Teacher obj[]=new Teacher[n];
for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {
int i = i+1;
System.out.print("Enter Empid of teacher "+j+":");
int Empid = sc.nextInt();
System.out.print("Enter Name of teacher "+j+":");
String Name = sc.next();
System.out.print("Enter Salary of teacher "+j+":");
double Salary = sc.nextDouble();
System.out.print("Enter Address of teacher "+j+":");
String Address = sc.next();
System.out.print("Enter department of teacher "+j+":");
String department =sc.next();
System.out.print("Enter Subjects of teacher "+j+":");
String Subjects =sc.next();
obj[i] = new Teacher(Empid, Name, Address,
                                                     Salary,
department, Subjects);
System.out.println("\n-----
   -----\n'');
                             28
```

```
System.out.println("Teacher's List \n");

for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {

obj[i].display();
}
}
```

11.Create a class 'Person' with data members Name, Gender, Address, Age and a constructor to initialize the data members and another class 'Employee' that inherits the properties of class Person and also contains its own data members like Empid, Company\_name, Qualification, Salary and its own constructor. Create another class 'Teacher' that

inherits the properties of class Employee and contains its own data members like Subject, Department, Teacherid and also contain constructors and methods to display the data members. Use array of objects to display details of N teachers.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class Person
{ String name, gender, address;
int age;
public Person(String name, String gender, String address, int
age) {
super();
this.name = name;
this.gender = gender;
this.address = address;
this.age = age; } }
class Employee extends Person {
int empid;
String company_name, qualification;
double salary;
public Employee (String name, String gender, String address,
int age, int empid, String company name,
String qualification, double salary) {
super(name, gender, address, age);
```

```
this.empid = empid;
this.company_name = company_name;
this.qualification = qualification;
this.salary = salary; \ \
class Teacher extends Employee {
String subject, department;
int teacherid:
public Teacher (String name, String gender, String address, int
age, int empid, String company_name,
String qualification, double salary, String subject, String
department, int teacherid) {
super(name, gender, address, age, empid, company_name,
qualification, salary);
this.subject = subject;
this.department = department;
this.teacherid = teacherid; }
void display() {
System.out.println("....Personal details...");
System.out.println(" Name : "+this.name+" Gender
"+this.gender+" Age :"+this.age);
System.out.println("...Employee details....");
System.out.println("Empid: "+this.empid+" company name:
"+this.company_name+" Salary : "+this.salary+" Address
"+this.address+" qualification: "+this.qualification);
                             31
```

```
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System.out.println("...Teacher's details...");
                                  : "+this.teacherid+
System.out.println("
                      teacherid
department: "+this.department+" Subjects: "+this.subject);
public class Main {
public static void main(String[] args)
Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
int n:
System.out.println("Enter number
                                      of Teachers
n=s.nextInt();
Teacher obi[]=new Teacher[n];
for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {
System.out.println("Enter the
                                            name:");
                                                        String
                                  person
nam1=s.next();
System.out.println("Enter the Gender: "); String gen1=s.next();
System.out.println("Enter the Address: "); String adr1=s.next();
System.out.println("Enter the Age:"); int age1=s.nextlnt();
System.out.println("Enter the Employee id: ");
int id1=s.nextInt();
System.out.println("Enter the Company name: ");
String cname1=s.next();
System.out.println("Enter the Salary:");
```

```
D:\javalab>javac Main.java
D:\javalab>java Main
Enter number of Teachers :
Enter the person name:
Enter the Gender:
female
Enter the Address:
kottayam
Enter the Age:
Enter the Employee id:
Enter the Company name:
AJCE
Enter the Salary:
45000
Enter the Qualification:
Enter the Teacher id:
Enter the Department:
Enter the Subject:
Network
....Personal details...
Name : navya Gender : female Age :27
...Employee details....
Empid : 5 company_name : AJCE Salary : 45000.0 Address : kottayam qualification : mca
...Teacher's details...
teacherid : 2 department : mca Subjects : Network
D:\javalab>
```

12.Write a program has class Publisher, Book, Literature and Fiction. Read the information and print the details of books from either the category, using inheritance.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class Publisher {
String Pubname;
Publisher()
{
Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);

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```

```
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System.out.println("Enter publisher name");
Pubname=s.next();
class Book extends Publisher
String title, author;
int price;
Book()
Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.println("Enter Title of the book");
title=s.next();
System.out.println("Enter Author's name");
author=s.next();
System.out.println("Enter price");
price=s.nextInt();
}}
class Literature extends Book
{ Literature()
{ System.out.println("Literature Books"); }
void display()
```

```
20MCA132
                                     OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LAB
System.out.println("Publisher name: "+Pubname);
System.out.println("Title of the book: "+title);
System.out.println("Author's name: "+author);
System.out.println("Price: "+price);
} }
class Fiction extends Literature
{ Fiction()
{ System.out.println("Friction Books"); }
void display()
{ super.display(); }
public static void main(String args[])
{ int n;
Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.println("Enter the No of literature book: ");
int a=s.nextInt();
Literature L[]=new Literature[a];
for(int i=0;i<\alpha;i++)
{ L[i]=new Literature(); }
System.out.println("Enter the No of Fiction book: ");
int b=s.nextInt();
Fiction F[]=new Fiction[b];
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```

```
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for(int i=0;i<b;i++)
{ F[i]=new Fiction(); }
int no;
System.out.println("Enter your choice of book");
no=s.nextInt();
int type =no;
switch (no) {
case 1:
System.out.println(".....Details of literature books");
for(int i=0;i<\alpha;i++)
L[i].display();
break;
case 2:
System.out.println(".....Details of fiction books");
for(int i=0;i<b;i++)
F[i].display();
break;
default:
System.out.println("Wrong input"); } }
OUTPUT
                                  37
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```

```
D:\javalab>javac Fiction.java
D:\javalab>java Fiction
Enter the No of literature book:
1
Enter publisher name
aroh
Enter Title of the book
dream
Enter Author's name
aroh
Enter price
340
Literature Books
Enter the No of Fiction book:
```

13. Create classes Student and Sports. Create another class Result inherited from Student and Sports. Display the academic and sports score of a student.

```
interface student
{ void stresullt(); }
interface sports
{ void spresult(); }
class result implements student,sports{
 public void spresult() {
   String hundred="First";
   String twohundred="Second";
   String fivehundred="First";
   String relay="Second";
   System.out.println("Sports Result");
   System.out.println("Hundred Meter:"+hundred);
```

```
System.out.println("Two Hundred Meter:"+twohundred);
    System.out.println("Five Hundred Meter:"+fivehundred);
    System.out.println("Relay:"+relay); }
    public void stresullt() {
    int physics=30;
    int chemistry=40;
    int maths=45;
    int english=50;
    int computer=50;
    System.out.println("Marks");
    System.out.println("Physics:"+physics);
    System.out.println("Chemistry:"+chemistry);
    System.out.println("Mathematics:"+maths);
    System.out.println("English:"+english);
    System.out.println("Computer:"+computer); }
    public static void main(String[] args)
       result r = new result();
         r.stresullt();
         r.spresult(); }
OUTPUT
```

```
D:\javalab>javac result.java
D:\javalab>java result
Marks
Physics:30
Chemistry:40
Mathematics:45
English:50
Computer:50
Sports Result
Hundred Meter:First
Two Hundred Meter:Second
Five Hundred Meter:First
Relay:Second
D:\javalab>
```

14.Create an interface having prototypes of functions area() and perimeter(). Create two classes Circle and Rectangle which implements the above interface. Create a menu driven program to find area and perimeter of objects.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
interface Shape
{
  void input();
  void area();
  void perimeter();
}
class Circle implements Shape
{
```

```
Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
Rectangle obj1 = new Rectangle();
Circle obj2 = new Circle();
System.out.println("1.Area of circle");
System.out.println("2.Perimeter of circle");
System.out.println("3.Area of rectangle");
System.out.println("4.Perimeter of rectangle");
System.out.println("Enter your option:");
   n= s.nextInt();
switch(n) {
case 1:
  obj2.input();
  obj2.area();
break;
case 2:
  obj2.input();
  obj2.perimeter();
break;
 case 3:
  obj2.input();
```

```
obj2.area();
break;
case 4:
    obj2.input();
    obj2.perimeter();
break;
default:
    System.out.println("Invalid option");
}
}
```

```
D:\javalab>javac shapes.java
D:\javalab>java shapes
1.Area of circle
2.Perimeter of circle
3.Area of rectangle
4.Perimeter of rectangle
Enter your option:
1
Enter radius of circle:4
Area of circle:50.24
D:\javalab>
```

15.Prepare bill with the given format using calculate method from interface. Order No.

```
20MCA132
                                    OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LAB
interface bill
{
    int productdetails();
class product1 implements bill{
          int id = 101, quantity= 2, unit=25, total=0;
          String name="A";
          public int productdetails()
     {
     total = quantity * unit;
          System.out.println("Product Id:"+id);
          System.out.println("Name:"+name);
          System.out.println("Quantity:"+quantity);
          System.out.println("Unit price:"+unit);
          System.out.println("Total:"+total);
          return(total);
class product2 implements bill{
    int id = 102,quantity= 1,unit=100,total=0;
                                45
```

```
String name="B";
     public int productdetails()
         total = quantity * unit;
         System.out.println("Product Id:"+id);
         System.out.println("Name:"+name);
         System.out.println("Quantity:"+quantity);
         System.out.println("Unit price:"+unit);
         System.out.println("Total:"+total);
         return(total); } }
public class productbill
{
     public static void main(String[] args)
          product1 p1 = new product1();
          product2 p2 = new product2();
         int t1 = p1.productdetails();
         int t2= p2.productdetails();
         int t3=t1+t2;
```

```
System.out.println("Net. Amount:"+t3);
```

```
D:\javalab>javac productbill.java
D:\javalab>java productbill
Product Id :101
Name :A
Quantity :2
Unit price :25
Total:50
 roduct Id:102
Quantity :1
Unit price :100
Total :100
Net. Amount :150
D:\iavalab>
```

16.Create a Graphics package that has classes and interfaces for figures Rectangle, Triangle, Square and Circle. Test the package by finding the area of these figures.

```
Package
Graphiccs;
interface
Area1
    public void
    Rectangle();
    public void
    Triangle(); public
    void Square();
```

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```
20MCA132
                                    OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LAB
     public void
     Circle(); public
     void getRect();
     public void
     getTri(); public
     void getSqr();
     public void
     getCrl();
//shapess.java
package
Graphiccs;
import
java.util.*;
public class shapess implements Area1
{
     double
     Ir,lb,ra,th,tb,ta,saa,sa,c,
     CC;
     public void getrect()
          Scanner ab= new
                               48
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                                                            2021
```

```
Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.println("Enter the length
     of the rectangle"); Ir=ab.nextInt();
     System.out.println("Enter the
     breadth of the rectangle");
    lb=ab.nextInt();
public void rectangle()
    ra=lr*lb:
    System.out.println("Area of Rectangle is "+ra);
public void getTri()
    Scanner cb= new
    Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("Enter the
    height of the Triangle");
     th=cb.nextInt();
    System.out.println("Enter the base
```

```
of the Triangle"); tb=cb.nextInt();
public void Triangle()
    ta=0.5*th*tb;
    System.out.println("Area of Triangle angle is "+ta);
public void getSqr()
    Scanner sq= new
    Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.println("Enter the
    Side of the Square");
    sa=sq.nextInt();
}
public void Square()
    saa=sa*sa;
    System.out.println("Area of Square is "+saa);
public void getCrl()
```

```
Scanner sc= new
    Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("Enter the
    radius of the Circle");
    cc=sc.nextInt();
public void Circle()
    cr=3.14*cc*cc;
    System.out.println("Area of Square is "+cr);
}
public static void main(String[] args)
    shapess o= new
    shapess();
    o.getrect();
    o.rectangle
     (); o.getTri();
    o.Triangle();
    o.getSqr();
    o.Square();
```

```
20MCA132
```

```
o.getCrl();
o.Circle();
```

```
D:\java_lab>javac -d . Area1.java
D:\java_lab>javac -d . shapess.java
D:\java_lab>java Graphiccs.shapess
Enter the length of the rectangle
S
Enter the breadth of the rectangle
2
Area of Rectangle is 10.0
Enter the height of the Triangle
9
Enter the base of the Triangle
2
Area of Triangle angle is 9.0
Enter the Side of the Square
4
Area of Square is 16.0
Enter the radius of the Circle
6
Area of Square is 113.0399999999999
```

17. Create an Arithmetic package that has classes and interfaces for the 4 basic arithmetic operations. Test the package by implementing all operations on two given numbers

```
package
Aarithmetic;
interface operations
{
    public void
    input(); public
    void add();
```

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```
20MCA132
                                    OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LAB
     public void
     substract();
     public void
     multiply();
     public void
     division();
package
Aarithmetic;
import
java.util.*;
public class basic implements operations
{
     double
     a,b,ad,dif,mult,div;
     public void input()
          Scanner ab=new
          Scanner(System.in);
          System.out.println("Enter
                               53
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```

```
20MCA132
                                   OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LAB
          two numbers");
          a=ab.nextInt();
          b=ab.nextInt();
     }
     public void add()
          ad=a+b;
          System.out.println("Sum is "+ad);
     public void substract()
          dif=a-b;
          System.out.println("Difference is "+dif);
     public void multiply()
          mult=a*b;
          System.out.println("Product is "+mult);
     public void division()
          div=a/b;
                               54
```

```
System.out.println("Quotient is "+div);
public static void main(String[] args)
     basic o=new
     basic();o.input();
     o.add();
     o.substract(
     );
     o.multiply();
     o.division();
```

```
Command Prompt

D:\java_lab>javac -d . operations.java

D:\java_lab>java -d . basic.java

D:\java_lab>java Aarithmetic.basic
Enter two numbers

5
2
Sum is 7.0
Difference is 3.0
Product is 10.0
Quotient is 2.5

D:\java_lab>
```

18. Write a user defined exception class to authenticate the user name and password.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class UsernameException extends Exception {
public UsernameException(String msg) {
 super(msg);
class PasswordException extends Exception {
public PasswordException(String msg) {
 super(msg);
public class CheckLoginCredential {
public static void main(String[] args) {
  Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);
 String username, password;
 System.out.print("Enter username :: ");
 username = s.nextLine();
 System.out.print("Enter password :: ");
 password = s.nextLine();
 int length = username.length();
 try {
 if (length < 6)
                              56
```

# 19. Find the average of N positive integers, raising a user defined exception for each negative input.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
import java.util.InputMismatchException;
public class TestDemo
    public static void main(String args[])
         double total = 0, N, userInput;
         Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
         while (true)
          System.out.print("Enter how many numbers(N) to
calculate average:");
          userInput = input.nextDouble();
          if (userInput > 0)
              N = userInput;
                              58
```

```
20MCA132
                                     OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LAB
               break;
           }
           else
                    System.out.println("N must be positive.");
          for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)
          {
               while (true)
               {
                    System.out.print("Enter number:");
                    try
                    {
                         userInput = input.nextDouble();
                         total += userInput;
                         break;
                    }
                    catch (InputMismatchException e)
                         input.nextLine();
                         System.out.println("Input must
                                                             bea
number. Try again");
                    }
                                59
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```

```
OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LAB

}

System.out.println("Average: "+ total / N);
}
```

```
D:\javalab>javac TestDemo.java

D:\javalab>java TestDemo
Enter how many numbers(N) to calculate average:5
Enter number:4
Enter number:1
Enter number:2
Enter number:3
Enter number:6
Average: 3.2

D:\javalab>
```

20. Define 2 classes; one for generating multiplication table of 5 and other for displaying first N prime numbers. Implement using threads. (Thread class)

```
20MCA132
                                    OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LAB
class ThreadB extends Thread
{
  public void run()
  {
    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
int i,n,p,count,flag;
System.out.println("Enter the number of prime terms you
want!");
   n=sc.nextInt();
   System.out.println("First "+n+" prime numbers are :-");
p=2;
  i=1;
    while(i<=n)
   {
     flag=1;
     for(count=2;count<=p-1;count++)</pre>
       if(p%count==0)
                               61
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                                                           2021
```

```
20MCA132
                                    OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LAB
        flag=0;
        break;
        if(flag==1)
         System.out.print(p+"");
        i++;
     p++;
//System.out.println("Exiting from Thread B ...");
public class Demonstration_111
  public static void main(String args[]) {
     ThreadA a = new ThreadA();
     ThreadB b = new ThreadB();
     a.start();
     b.start();
                                62
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                                                            2021
```

```
System.out.println("... Multithreading is over ");
}
```

```
D:\javalab>javac Demonstration_111.java

D:\javalab>java Demonstration_111
... Multithreading is over

5 * 1 = 5
5 * 2 = 10
5 * 3 = 15
5 * 4 = 20
5 * 5 = 25
5 * 6 = 30
5 * 7 = 35
5 * 8 = 40
5 * 9 = 45
5 * 10 = 50
Exiting from Thread A ...
Enter the number of prime terms you want!

4
First 4 prime numbers are :-
2 3 5 7
D:\javalab>
```

21. Define 2 classes; one for generating Fibonacci numbers and other for displaying even numbers in a given range. Implement using threads. (Runnable Interface)

```
20MCA132
                                   OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LAB
class Runnable2 implements Runnable{
  public void run(){
    for(int i=0;i<11;i++){
       if(i\%2 == 1)
         System.out.println(i);
     }
class Runnable1 implements Runnable{
  public void run(){
     int n1=0,n2=1,n3,i,count=10;
System.out.print(n1+""+n2);//printing 0 and 1
for(i=2;i<count;++i)//loop starts from 2 because 0 and 1 are
already printed
 n3=n1+n2;
 System.out.print(""+n3);
 n1=n2;
                               64
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```

```
20MCA132
                                     OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LAB
 n2=n3:
OUTPUT
D:\javalab>javac Mythread.java
D:\javalab>java Mythread
O 1 1 2 3 51
22. Program to draw Circle, Rectangle, Line in Applet.
import java.awt.*;
import java.applet.*;
public class circle extends Applet
public void paint (Graphics g)
{ g.setColor(Color.red);
  g.fillOval(80,70,150,150);
     g.drawOval(80,70,150,150);
     g.setColor(Color.BLACK);
                                 65
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```

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}

<html>

20MCA132

<head>

</head>

<body>

<div align="center">

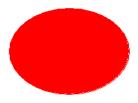
<applet code="circle.class"width="800"height="500">

</applet>

</div>

</body>

</html>



66

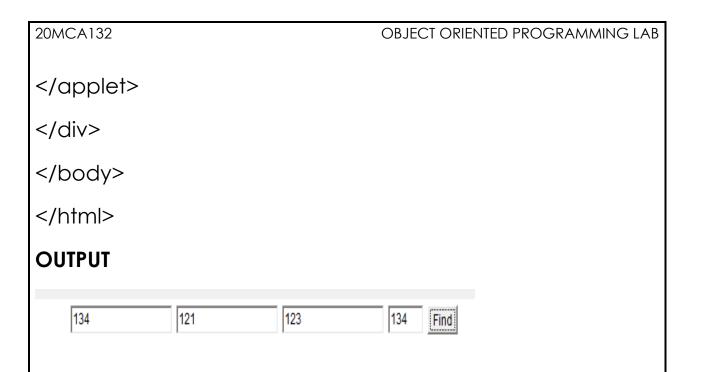
```
20MCA132
                                  OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LAB
import java.awt.*;
import java.applet.*;
public class rectapplet extends Applet
public void paint(Graphics g)
{ g.setColor(Color.YELLOW);
  g.fillRect(50,100,180,80);
    g.setColor(Color.BLACK);
    g.drawRect(50,100,180,80);
<html>
<head>
</head>
<body>
<div align="center">
<applet code="rectapplet.class"width="800"height="500">
</applet>
                              67
S2 - REG - MCA
                                                         2021
```

```
20MCA132
                                   OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LAB
</div>
</body>
</html>
23. Program to find maximum of three numbers using AWT.
import java.awt.*;
import java.applet.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
public class findlarge extends Applet implements
ActionListener
TextField t1,t2,t3,t4;
Button b1;
public void init()
                               68
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                                                           2021
```

```
t1=new TextField(15);
  11.setBounds(100,25,50,20);
  t2=new TextField(15);
  t2.setBounds(100,25,50,20);
  t3=new TextField(15);
  t3.setBounds(100,25,50,20);
  t4=new TextField("Ans");
  t4.setBounds(175,50,50,20);
  b1= new Button("Find");
  b1.setBounds(175,65,50,40);
  add(t1);
  add(t2);
  add(t3);
  add(t4);
  add(b1);
  b1.addActionListener(this);
}
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e)
  int i,j,k;
                              69
```

```
20MCA132
                                    OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LAB
   i=Integer.parseInt(t1.getText());
  j=Integer.parseInt(t2.getText());
   k=Integer.parseInt(t3.getText());
  if(i<j)
  {
    if(j < k)
     t4.setText(""+k);
     else
     t4.setText(""+j);
  }
  else
   t4.setText('"'+i);
<html>
<head>
</head>
<body>
<div align="center">
<applet code="findlarge.class" width="800" height="500">
```

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24. Find the percentage of marks obtained by a student in 5 subjects. Display a happy face if he secures above 50% or a sad face if otherwise.

```
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
import java.applet.*;
public class marks extends Applet implements
ActionListener {
public int per =0;
Label I1 = new Label("enter Marks of Subject 1: ");
Label I2 = new Label("enter Marks of Subject 2: ");
Label I3 = new Label("enter Marks of Subject 3: ");
Label I4 = new Label("enter Marks of Subject 4: ");
```

```
Label 15 = new Label ("enter Marks of Subject 5: ");
Label 16 = new Label ("Total Percentage: ");
TextField 11 = new TextField(10);
TextField t2 = new TextField(10);
TextField t3 = new TextField(10);
TextField t4 = new TextField(10);
TextField t5 = new TextField(10);
TextField t6 = new TextField(10);
Button b1 = new Button("CALCULATE PERCENTAGE");
public marks()
11.setBounds(50, 100, 280, 20);
12.setBounds(50, 150, 280, 20);
13.setBounds(50, 200, 280, 20);
14.setBounds(50, 250, 280, 20);
15.setBounds(50, 300, 280, 20);
16.setBounds(50, 350, 280, 20);
                               72
```

```
t1.setBounds(200, 100, 300, 20);
t2.setBounds(200, 150, 300, 20);
t3.setBounds(200, 200, 300, 20);
t4.setBounds(200, 250, 300, 20);
t5.setBounds(200, 300, 300, 20);
t6.setBounds(200, 350, 300, 20);
b1.setBounds(200,400, 200, 20);
GridLayout g1 = new GridLayout(20, 2, 5, 5);
setLayout(g1);
add(11);
add(t1);
add(12);
add(t2);
add(13);
add(t3);
add(14);
add(t4);
add(I5);
                              73
```

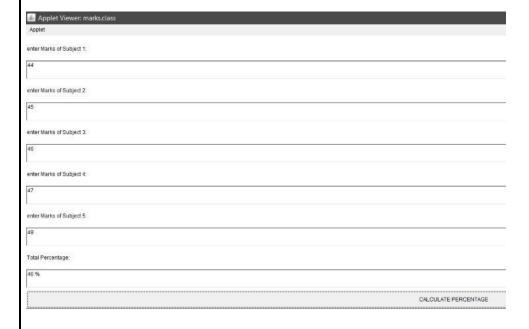
```
20MCA132
                                   OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LAB
add(t5);
add(16);
add(t6);
add(b1);
b1.addActionListener(this);
@Override
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e) {
// TODO Auto-generated method stub
int m1 = Integer.parseInt(t1.getText());
int m2= Integer.parseInt(t2.getText());
int m3= Integer.parseInt(t3.getText());
int m4= Integer.parseInt(t4.getText());
int m5= Integer.parseInt(t5.getText());
if(e.getSource()==b1)
int add=m1+m2+m3+m4+m5;
per=add/5;
t6.setText(String.valueOf(per)+"%");
                              74
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                                                         2021
```

```
20MCA132
                                     OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LAB
repaint();
public void paint(Graphics g)
if(per > = 50)
g.setColor(Color.yellow);
g.drawOval(100, 700, 150, 150);
g.fillOval(100, 700, 150, 150);
g.setColor(Color.BLACK);
g.fillOval(120, 740, 15, 15);
g.fillOval(170, 740, 15, 15);
g.drawArc(130, 800, 50, 20, 180, 180);
else if(per>0 && per<50)
g.setColor(Color.yellow);
g.drawOval(100, 700, 150, 150);
g.fillOval(100, 700, 150, 150);
                                75
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```

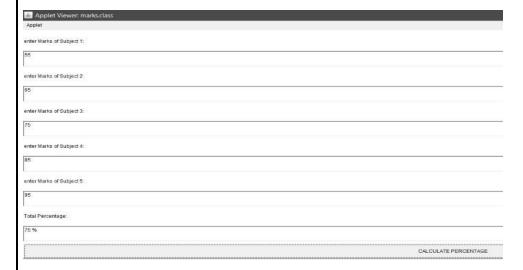
```
g.setColor(Color.BLACK);
g.fillOval(120, 740, 15, 15);
g.fillOval(170, 740, 15, 15);
g.drawArc(130,820,50,20,0,180);
public static void main(String args[]) {
new marks();
}
<html>
<head></head>
<body><div align="center">
<applet code="marks.class"width="1000"height="1000">
</applet></div>
</body>
</html>
```

#### 20MCA132

#### **OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LAB**









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25.Using 2D graphics commands in an Applet, construct a house. On mouse click event, change the color of the door from blue to red.

```
import java.applet.*;
import java.awt.*;
import java.util.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
public class house extends Applet implements
MouseListener, Runnable
{
     private Color textColor = Color.BLUE;
public void paint (Graphics g)
{ int [] x = \{150, 300, 225\};
int [] y = {150, 150, 25};
g.drawRect(150, 150, 150, 200); //House
g.drawRect(200, 200, 50, 150);
g.setColor(Color.blue);
g.setColor(textColor);
g.fillRect(200, 200, 50, 150); // Door
g.setColor(Color.black);
g.fillPolygon(x, y, 3); // Roof
```

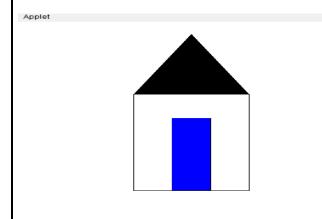
```
20MCA132
                                    OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LAB
public void init()
  {
    this.setSize(200,200);
    addMouseListener(this);
  public void run()
    while(true)
       repaint();
       try
        Thread.sleep(17);
       catch (InterruptedException e)
          e.printStackTrace();
                                79
```

<applet code="house.class"width="800"height="500">

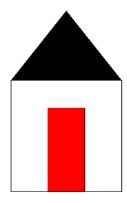
</applet></div>

</body></html>

## **OUTPUT**



Applet Viewer: house.class
Applet



# 26.Implement a simple calculator using AWT components.

import java.awt.\*;

import java.awt.event.\*;

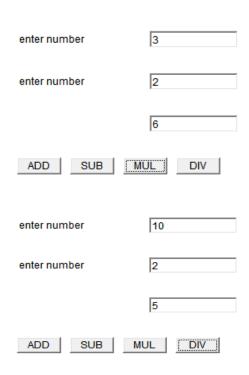
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t2.setBounds(200,150,100,20);

t3.setBounds(200,200,100,20);

```
public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e){
int i=Integer.parseInt(t1.getText());
int j=Integer.parseInt(t2.getText());
if(e.getSource()==b1) {
t3.setText(String.valueOf(i+j)); }
if(e.getSource()==b2) {
t3.setText(String.valueOf(i-j)); }
if(e.getSource()==b3)
t3.setText(String.valueOf(i*j));
if(e.getSource()==b4)
t3.setText(String.valueOf(i/j)); }
public static void main(String args[]) {
new calc();
                               84
```



27. Develop a program that has a Choice component which contains the names of shapes such as rectangle, triangle, square and circle. Draw the corresponding shapes for given parameters as per user's choice.

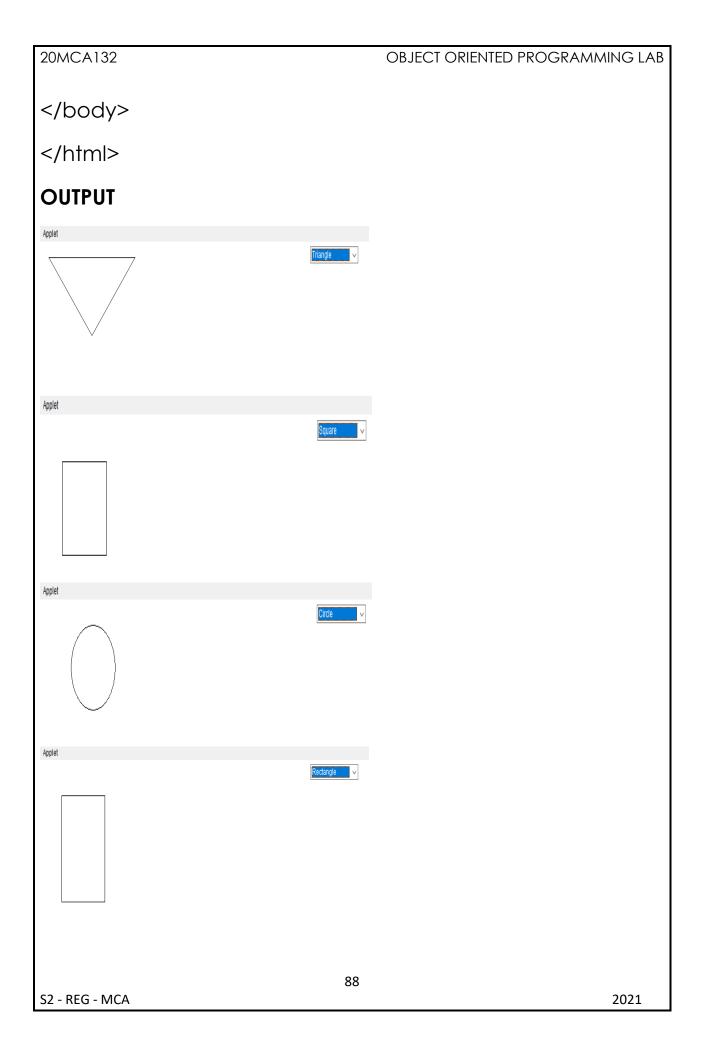
```
import java.applet.*;
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.Graphics;
import java.awt.event.*;
public class figchoice extends Applet implements ItemListener {
Choice ch;
```

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```
20MCA132
                                   OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LAB
int x1[] = \{50, 120, 220, 20\};
int y1[] = \{50, 120, 20, 20\};
int n=4;
int Selection;
public void init()
ch = new Choice();
ch.addItem("Select a Shape");
ch.addItem("Rectangle");
ch.addltem("Triangle");
ch.addltem("Square");
ch.addltem("Circle");
add(ch);
ch.addItemListener(this);
public void itemStateChanged (ItemEvent e)
Selection = ch.getSelectedIndex();
repaint();
```

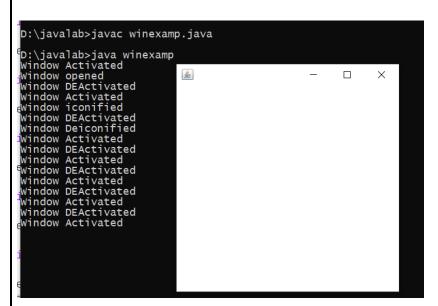
```
20MCA132
                                   OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LAB
public void paint (Graphics g)
{
super.paint(g);
if (Selection == 1)
{ g.drawRect(50,50,100,150); }
if (Selection == 2)
{ g.drawPolygon(x1,y1,n); }
if (Selection == 3)
  g.drawRect(50,50,100,100);
if (Selection == 4)
{
g.drawOval(70,30,100,100);
} } }
<html><head>
</head>
<body>
<div align="center">
<applet code="figchoice.class"width="800"height="500">
</applet>
</div>
                              87
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                                                         2021
```



### 28. Develop a program to handle all window events

```
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.WindowEvent;
import java.awt.event.WindowListener;
public class winexamp extends Frame implements
Windowl istener
winexamp()
addWindowListener(this);
setSize(400,400);
setLayout(null);
setVisible(true);
public static void main(String args[])
new winexamp();
public void windowActivated(WindowEvent arg0)
System.out.println("Window Activated");
public void windowClosed(WindowEvent args0)
System.out.println("Window closed");
public void windowClosing(WindowEvent arg0)
System.out.println("Window closing");
public void windowDeactivated(WindowEvent arg0)
                            89
```

```
System.out.println("Window DEActivated");
}
public void windowDeiconified(WindowEvent arg0)
{
System.out.println("Window Deiconified");
}
public void windowIconified(WindowEvent arg0)
{
System.out.println("Window iconified");
}
public void windowOpened(WindowEvent arg0)
{
System.out.println("Window opened");
}
}
```



### 29. Develop a program to handle all mouse events

import java.awt.\*;

```
MouseListener
{
    mousexamp12()
    addMouseListener(this);
    setSize(400,400);
    setLayout(null);
    setVisible(true);
    public void mouseClicked(MouseEvent e)
    Graphics g=getGraphics();
    g.setColor(Color.blue);
    g.fillOval(e.getX(),e.getY(),30,30);
```

public void mousePressed(MouseEvent e)

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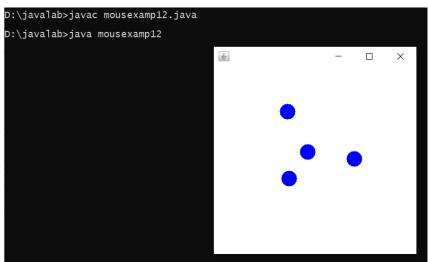
import java.awt.event.\*;

```
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{
}
public void mouseReleased(MouseEvent e){
}
public static void main(String args[])
{
new mousexamp12();
}
}
OUTPUT

S:\javalabsjavac mousexamp12.java
```

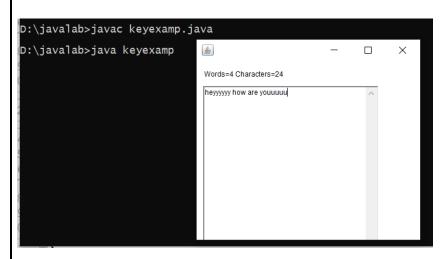


# 30. Develop a program to handle Key events.

import java.awt.\*; import java.awt.event.\*; public class keyexamp extends Frame implements KeyListener

```
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Label I;
TextArea a;
keyexamp()
l=new Label();
l.setBounds(20,50,200,20);
a=new TextArea();
a.setBounds(20,80,300,300);
a.addKeyListener(this);
add(I);
add(a);
setSize(400,400);
setLayout(null);
setVisible(true);
public void keyPressed(KeyEvent e)
public void keyReleased(KeyEvent e)
String t=a.getText();
String w[]=t.split("\\s");
                               93
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                                                           2021
```

```
l.setText("Words="+w.length+" Characters="+t.length());
}
public void keyTyped(KeyEvent e)
{}
public static void main(String args[])
{
new keyexamp();
}
}
```



# 31.Producer/Consumer using ITC

```
import java.util.*;
class Q
{
```

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```
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                                     OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LAB
int n;
boolean statusFlag=false;
synchronized void put(int n)
{
try
while(statusFlag)
wait();
catch(InterruptedException e){}
this.n=n;
System.out.println("Put:"+n);
statusFlag=true;
notify();
synchronized int get()
try{
                                 95
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                                                             2021
```

```
20MCA132
                                    OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LAB
while(!statusFlag)
wait();
catch(InterruptedException e){}
statusFlag=false;
System.out.println("Got:"+n);
notify();
return n;
class Producer implements Runnable
{
Qq;
Producer(Qq)
this.q=q;
new Thread(this, "Producer").start();
                                96
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                                                            2021
```

```
20MCA132
                                    OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LAB
public void run()
int i=0;
while(true)
q.put(i++);
class Consumer implements Runnable
Qq;
Consumer(Qq)
this.q=q;
new Thread(this,"Consumer").start();
public void run()
while(true)
                               97
S2 - REG - MCA
                                                            2021
```

```
20MCA132
                                 OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING LAB
q.get();
public class D
public static void main(String[] args)
Q = new Q();
Producer p=new Producer(q);
Consumer c=new Consumer(q);
OUTPUT
                             98
```

2021

```
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```

```
Put: 700
Got: 700
Put: 701
Got: 701
Put: 702
Got: 702
Put: 703
Got: 703
Put: 704
Got: 704
Put: 705
Got: 705
Put: 706
Got: 706
Put: 707
Got: 707
Put: 708
Got: 708
Put: 709
Got: 709
Put: 710
Got: 710
Put: 711
Got: 711
Put: 712
Got: 712
Put: 713
Got: 713
Put: 714
```

# 32.Program to create a generic stack and do the Push and Pop operations.

```
public class StackAsLinkedList {
   StackNode root;
   static class StackNode {
     int data;
     StackNode next;
     StackNode(int data) { this.data = data; }
}
```

```
public boolean isEmpty()
  if (root == null) {
    return true;
  else
    return false;
}
public void push(int data)
{
  StackNode newNode = new StackNode(data);
  if (root == null) {
    root = newNode;
  else {
    StackNode temp = root;
    root = newNode;
    newNode.next = temp;
                      100
```

```
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         System.out.println(data + " pushed to stack");
       }
       public int pop()
         int popped = Integer.MIN_VALUE;
         if (root == null) {
            System.out.println("Stack is Empty");
         else {
            popped = root.data;
            root = root.next;
         return popped;
       }
       public int peek()
         if (root == null) {
```

```
System.out.println("Stack is empty");
     return Integer.MIN_VALUE;
  else {
     return root.data:
}
// Driver code
public static void main(String[] args)
{
  StackAsLinkedList sll = new StackAsLinkedList();
  sll.push(10);
  sll.push(20);
  sll.push(30);
  System.out.println(sll.pop()
              + "popped from stack");
```

```
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```

```
System.out.println("Top element is " + sll.peek());
}
```

```
D:\javalab>javac StackAsLinkedList.java
D:\javalab>java StackAsLinkedList
10 pushed to stack
20 pushed to stack
30 pushed to stack
30 popped from stack
Top element is 20
D:\javalab>
```

## 33. Using generic method perform Bubble sort.

```
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        }
 }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int arr[] = \{1, 6, -2, 6, -4, 8, 5, -7, -9, 4\};
    System.out.println("Array Before Bubble Sort");
   for(int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
     System.out.print(arr[i] + " ");
    System.out.println();
    bubbleSort(arr);
    System.out.println("Array After Bubble Sort");
    for(int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
     System.out.print(arr[i] + " ");
    }
OUTPUT
```

```
D:\javalab>javac BubbleSort.java
D:\javalab>java BubbleSort
Array Before Bubble Sort
1 6 -2 6 -4 8 5 -7 -9 4
Array After Bubble Sort
-9 -7 -4 -2 1 4 5 6 6 8
D:\javalab>
```

# 34.Program to demonstrate the creation of queue object using the PriorityQueue class

```
import java.util.*;
class PriorityQueue1{
public static void main(String args[]){
PriorityQueue<String> queue=new PriorityQueue<String>();
queue.add("Amit");
queue.add("Vijay");
queue.add("Karan");
queue.add("Jai");
queue.add("Rahul");
System.out.println("head:"+queue.element());
System.out.println("head:"+queue.peek());
System.out.println("iterating the queue elements:");
Iterator itr=queue.iterator();
while(itr.hasNext()){
```

```
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System.out.println(itr.next());
queue.remove();
queue.poll();
System.out.println("after removing two elements:");
Iterator<String> itr2=queue.iterator();
while(itr2.hasNext()){
System.out.println(itr2.next());
OUTPUT
D:\javalab>javac PriorityQueue1.java
D:\javalab>java PriorityQueue1
head:Amit
 iterating the queue elements:
 (aran
 after removing two elements:
 Vijay
D:\javalab>
```

## 35. Program to remove all the elements from a linked list

```
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```

```
D:\javalab>javac removelink.java
D:\javalab>java removelink
The Original linked list: [violet, Green, Black, Pink, blue]
The New linked list: []
D:\javalab>
```

# 36.program to demonstrate the addition and deletion of elements in dequeue

```
import java.util.*;
public class deque
public static void main(String[] args)
Deque<String> deque = new LinkedList<String>();
// We can add elements to the queue
// in various ways
// Add at the last
deque.add("Element 1 (Tail)");
// Add at the first
deque.addFirst("Element 2 (Head)");
// Add at the last
                              108
```

```
deque.addLast("Element 3 (Tail)");
// Add at the first
deque.push("Element 4 (Head)");
// Add at the last
deque.offer("Element 5 (Tail)");
// Add at the first
deque.offerFirst("Element 6 (Head)");
System.out.println(deque + "\n");
// We can remove the first element
// or the lastelement.
deque.removeFirst();
deque.removeLast();
System.out.println("Deque after removing " + "first and last: "
+ deque);
```

```
D:\javalab>javac deque.java

D:\javalab>java deque
[Element 6 (Head), Element 4 (Head), Element 2 (Head), Element 1 (Tail), Element 3 (Tail), Element 5 (Tail)]

Deque after removing first and last: [Element 4 (Head), Element 2 (Head), Element 1 (Tail), Element 3 (Tail)]

D:\javalab>
```

# 37. Maintain a list of Strings using ArrayList from collection framework, perform built-in operations.

```
import java.util.*;
class arrayjava{
public static void main(String args[]){
ArrayList<String> alist=new ArrayList<String>();
alist.add("appu");
alist.add("ammu");
alist.add("minnu"); alist.add("thomu");
alist.add("pinky"); alist.add("Tom");
//displaying elements
System.out.println(alist);
//Adding "appu" at the fourth position alist.add(3, "appu");
//displaying elements
System.out.println(alist);
```

### **OUTPUT**

```
D:\javalab>javac arrayjava.java
D:\javalab>java arrayjava
[appu, ammu, minnu, thomu, pinky, Tom]
[appu, ammu, minnu, thomu, pinky, Tom]
D:\javalab>
```

# 38. Program to demonstrate the working of map interface by adding ,removing, changing.

```
import java.util.*;
class HashMapDemo {
 public static void main(String args[])
  Map<String, Integer> hm = new HashMap<String,
Integer>();
    hm.put("Anu", new Integer(1));
    hm.put("sinu", new Integer(2));
    hm.put("Jinu", new Integer(3));
    // Traversing through the map
    for (Map.Entry<String, Integer> me: hm.entrySet()) {
       System.out.print(me.getKey() + ":");
       System.out.println(me.getValue());
 }
```

#### **OUTPUT**

```
D:\javalab>javac HashMapDemo.java
D:\javalab>java HashMapDemo
Jinu:3
sinu:2
Anu:1
D:\javalab>
```

### 39.program to convert hash map to tree map.

```
import java.util.*;
import java.util.stream.*;
public class HT
 public static void main(String args[])
{
   Map<String, String> map = new HashMap<>();
   map.put("1", "One");
   map.put("2", "Two");
   map.put("3", "Three");
   map.put("4", "Four");
   map.put("5", "Five");
   map.put("6", "Six");
   map.put("7", "Seven");
   map.put("8", "Eight");
   map.put("9", "Nine");
   System.out.println("HashMap = " + map);
   Map<String, String> treeMap = new TreeMap<>();
   treeMap.putAll(map);
```

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```
System.out.println("TreeMap (HashMap to TreeMap) " + treeMap);
}
```

```
D:\javalab>javac HT.java
D:\javalab>java HT
HashMap = {1=One, 2=Two, 3=Three, 4=Four, 5=Five, 6=Six, 7=Seven, 8=Eight, 9=Nine}
TreeMap (HashMap to TreeMap) {1=One, 2=Two, 3=Three, 4=Four, 5=Five, 6=Six, 7=Seven, 8=Eight, 9=Nine}
D:\javalab>
```

# 40. Program to list the sub directories and files in a given directory and also search for a file name.

```
import java.io.File;
import java.util.*;
import java.io.*;
public class p1 {
  public static final String RED="\033[0;31m";
  public static final String RESET="\033[0m";
  static void RecursivePrint(File[] arr, int index, int level,
  String search
  for) {
    // exit condition
    if (index == arr.length)
    return;
    // space for internbal level
    for (int i = 0; i < level; i++)</pre>
```

```
System.out.print("\t");
if(arr[index].getName().toLowerCase().contains(searchf
or))
System.out.print(RED);
else
System.out.print(RESET);
// for files
if (arr[index].isFile())
System.out.println(arr[index].getName());
else if (arr[index].isDirectory()) {
System.out.println("[" + arr[index].getName() + "]");
RecursivePrint(arr[index].listFiles(), 0, level + 1,
searchfor);
RecursivePrint(arr, ++index, level, searchfor);
public static void main(String[] args) {
Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.println("Enter the directory path");
String maindirpath = scan.nextLine();
System.out.println("Enter the file/directory name to
search");
String searchfor = scan.nextLine();
File maindir = new File(maindirpath);
if (maindir.exists() && maindir.isDirectory()) {
File arr[] = maindir.listFiles();
```

41. Write a program to write to a file, then read from the file and display the contents on the console.

```
import java.io.FileReader;
import java.io.FileWriter;
import java.io.IOException;
```

```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
import java.io.File;
class read {
public static void main(String[] args) {
String var = "";
Scanner scan = new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.println("Enter the text to create file: type
exit to stop"
);
while (!var.endsWith("exit\n"))
var = var + scan.nextLine()+"\n";
try {
File file = new File("output.txt");
FileWriter fw = new FileWriter(file);
fw.write(var);
fw.close();
System.out.println("Reading File content");
FileReader fr = new FileReader("output.txt");
String str = "";
int i:
while ((i = fr.read()) != -1) {
// Storing every character in the string
str += (char) i;
System.out.println(str);
fr.close();
} catch (IOException e) {
```

```
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System.out.println("There are some exception");
}
}

OUTPUT

D:\javalab>javac read.java

D:\javalab>java read
Enter the text to create file : type exit to stop
helloooooo
```

### 42. Write a program to copy one file to another

Pre-requisite

Reading File content

helloooooo

D:\javalab>

Create a text file with content where the java program is running for reading

And have another file to copy

```
copies.java  copy_written.bt  copy_to_be.bt  new 3  new 3
```

import java.io.FileReader;

import java.io.FileWriter;

import java.io.IOException;

```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
import java.io.File;
public class copy {
public static void main(String[] args) {
Scanner scan=new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.println("Enter the source File Name");
String source=scan.nextLine();
try {
FileReader fr=new FileReader(source);
String str = "";
int i;
System.out.println("Reading from file "+source);
while ((i = fr.read()) != -1) {
// Storing every character in the string
str += (char) i;
System.out.println(str);
System.out.println("\nEnter the filename to copy");
String destination=scan.nextLine();
                               118
```

```
File file=new File(destination);
FileWriter fw = new FileWriter(file);
fw.write(str);
fr.close();
fw.close();
System.out.println("Copied from "+source+" to
"+destination+ "Successfully..!");
} catch (Exception e) {
//TODO: handle exception
System.out.println("Exception Occured");
```

```
D:\java_lab>java copy
Enter the source File Name
copy_written.txt
Reading from file copy_written.txt
Welcome all to our java lab let's copy a file

Enter the filename to copy
copy_to_be.txt
Copied from copy_written.txt to copy_to_be.txt Successfully...
```

```
| Copy is java | Copy_written.bd | Copy_to_be.bd | Copy_journey |
```

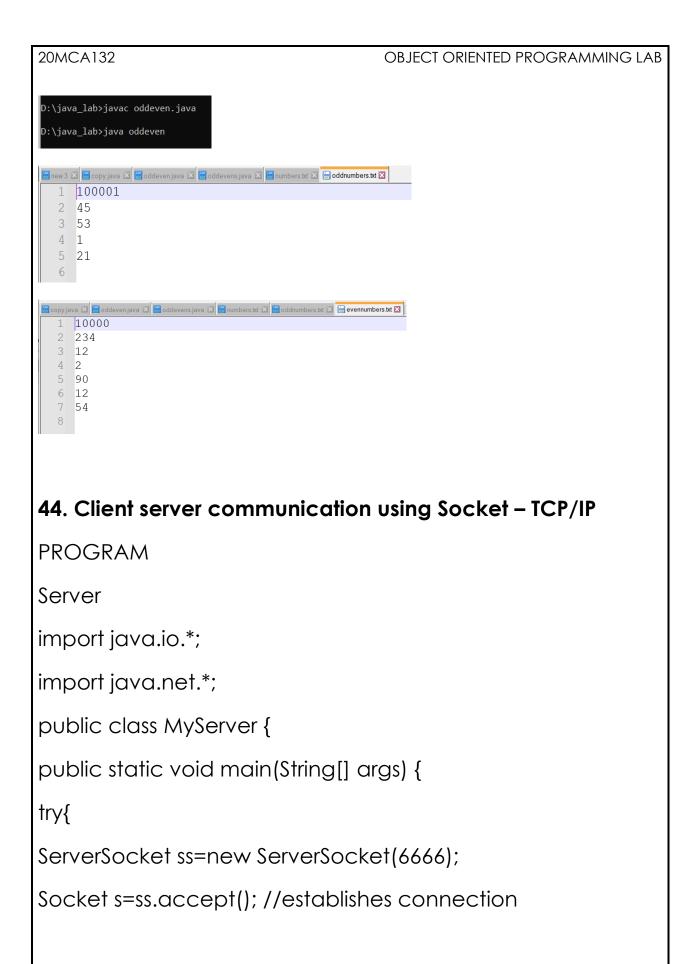
# 43. Write a program that reads from a file having integers. Copy even

numbers and odd numbers to separate files

Pre-requisite

Create a text file with content of numbers where the java program is running for reading numbers

```
import java.io.FileReader;
import java.io.*;
import ja
public class oddevens {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
    try{
        FileReader fr=new FileReader("number.txt");
        BufferedReader br=new BufferedReader(fr);
        File file1=new File("oddnumbers.txt");
```



DataInputStream dis=new DataInputStream(s.getInputStream()); String str=(String)dis.readUTF(); System.out.println("message= "+str); ss.close(); }catch(Exception e) { System.out.println(e);} Client import java.io.\*; import java.net.\*; public class MyClient { public static void main(String[] args) { try{ Socket s=new Socket("localhost",6666); DataOutputStream dout=new DataOutputStream(s.getOutputStream()); dout.writeUTF("Hello Server"); // Writes a string to the underlying output stream using modified UTF-8 encoding 123

```
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dout.flush();
dout.close();
s.close();
}catch(Exception e){System.out.println(e);}
OUTPUT
D:\java_lab>javac MyServer.java
D:\java_lab>java MyServer
message= Hello Server
D:\java_lab>javac MyClient.java
D:\java_lab>java MyClient
```