Name: Swarnabh Paul Section: Y Roll no: 19CS8122 Assignment no: 2 Questions attempted: a,b,c,d

Question (a)

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
void insHeap(int *heap,int e,int &heap size,int n);
void delHeap(int *heap,int &heap size,int n);
void heapify(int *heap,int i,int heap size);
int* alloc1DArray(int n);
void display1DArray(int *heap,int heap size);
void swap(int &a,int &b);
void dealloc1DArray(int *heap);
int main()
    int *heap=NULL;
    int i, heap size=0, n, e, choice;
    cout<<"Input maximum size of heap: ";</pre>
    cin>>n;
    heap=alloc1DArray(n);
    do
        cout<<"Enter choice:\n1. Insert element\n2. Delete element\n3.</pre>
Display heap\n4. Exit\n";
        cin>>choice;
        switch (choice)
            case 1: cout<<"Enter element to be inserted: ";</pre>
                     cin>>e;
                     insHeap(heap,e,heap size,n);
                     break;
            case 2: delHeap(heap, heap size, n);
                     break;
            case 3: display1DArray(heap, heap size);
                     break;
            case 4: cout<<"Exiting...";</pre>
                     break;
    }while (choice!=4);
    dealloc1DArray(heap);
    return 0;
void insHeap(int *heap,int e,int &heap size,int n)
    if (heap_size==n)
        cout<<"Heap overflow.\n";</pre>
        return;
    int i, parent;
    heap[heap size] = e;
    i=heap_size;
    parent=(i-1)/2;
    heap size++;
    while(parent>=0 && heap[i]>heap[parent])
```

```
swap(heap[i],heap[parent]);
        i=parent;
        parent=(i-1)/2;
}
void delHeap(int *heap,int &heap size,int n)
    if(heap size==0)
        cout << "Heap underflow. \n";
        return;
    heap[0]=heap[heap size-1];
    heap size--;
    heapify(heap, 0, heap size);
void heapify(int *heap,int i,int heap size)
    int lchild=2*i+1, rchild=2*i+2, largest=i;
    if(lchild<heap_size && heap[lchild]>heap[largest])
        largest=lchild;
    if(rchild<heap size && heap[rchild]>heap[largest])
        largest=rchild;
    if(largest!=i)
        swap(heap[i],heap[largest]);
        heapify(heap, largest, heap size);
int* alloc1DArray(int n)
    int *t=new int[n];
    return t;
void display1DArray(int *heap,int heap size)
    int i;
    cout<<"Displaying heap as a 1D array as follows:\n";</pre>
    for(i=0;i<heap size;i++)</pre>
        cout<<heap[i]<<' ';
    cout << endl;
void swap(int &a,int &b)
{
    int t=a;
    a=b;
    b=t;
void dealloc1DArray(int *heap)
{
    delete[] heap;
```

Output:

Input maximum size of heap: 5
Enter choice:
Insert element
2. Delete element
3. Display heap
4. Exit
1
Enter element to be inserted: 4
Enter choice:
Insert element
2. Delete element
3. Display heap
4. Exit
1
Enter element to be inserted: 10
Enter choice:
1. Insert element
2. Delete element
3. Display heap
4. Exit
1
Enter element to be inserted: 3
Enter choice:
1. Insert element
2. Delete element
3. Display heap
4. Exit
1
Enter element to be inserted: 5
Enter choice:
1. Insert element
2. Delete element
3. Display heap
4. Exit
1
Enter element to be inserted: 1
Enter choice:
1. Insert element
2. Delete element
3. Display heap

```
4. Exit
3
Displaying heap as a 1D array as follows:
105341
Enter choice:
1. Insert element
2. Delete element
3. Display heap
4. Exit
2
Enter choice:
1. Insert element
2. Delete element
3. Display heap
4. Exit
3
Displaying heap as a 1D array as follows:
5431
Enter choice:
1. Insert element
2. Delete element
3. Display heap
```

4. Exit

Exiting...

4

Question (b)

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int** alloc2DArray(int m, int n);
void read2DArray(int **m,int r,int c);
int** multMatrix(int **m1,int **m2,int r1,int c1,int r2, int c2);
void display2DArray(int **m, int r, int c);
void dealloc2DArray(int **m,int r);
int** cofactor(int **matrix,int index,int n);
int detMatrix(int **matrix,int n);
int main()
    int m, n, m2, n2, m3, n3;
    char choice='n';
    int **matrix=NULL;
    cout<<"Enter order of matrix (rows*cols): ";</pre>
    cin>>m>>n;
    matrix=alloc2DArray(m,n);
    read2DArray(matrix,m,n);
    cout << "Want to do matrix multiplication? <y/n>: ";
    cin>>choice;
    if (choice=='y'||choice=='Y')
        int **matrix2=NULL;
        int **res=NULL;
        cout<<"Enter order of second matrix (rows*cols): ";</pre>
        cin>>m2>>n2;
        if(n!=m2)
            cout<<"Matrix multiplication not possible.";</pre>
        else
            matrix2=alloc2DArray(m2,n2);
            read2DArray(matrix2,m2,n2);
            m3=m;
            n3=n2;
            res=multMatrix(matrix, matrix2, m, n, m2, n2);
            cout<<"Result is:\n";</pre>
            display2DArray(res,m3,n3);
            dealloc2DArray(matrix2, m2);
            dealloc2DArray(res,m3);
        }
    if (m==n)
        cout<<"\nDeterminant of first matrix is: "<<detMatrix(matrix,n);</pre>
    dealloc2DArray(matrix,m);
    return 0;
int** alloc2DArray(int m,int n)
{
```

```
int **t=new int*[m];
    int i;
    for (i=0; i<m; i++)</pre>
         t[i]=new int[n];
    return t;
void read2DArray(int **m,int r,int c)
    int i, j;
    cout<<"Input matrix:\n";</pre>
    for (i=0; i<r; i++)</pre>
         for(j=0;j<c;j++)
             cin>>m[i][j];
int** multMatrix(int **m1,int **m2,int r1,int c1,int r2, int c2)
    int **r=alloc2DArray(r1,c2);
    int i, j, k;
    for (i=0; i<r1; i++)</pre>
         for (j=0; j < c2; j++)</pre>
             r[i][j]=0;
             for (k=0; k<c1; k++)
                  r[i][j] += (m1[i][k]*m2[k][j]);
    }
    return r;
void dealloc2DArray(int **m,int r)
    int i;
    for (i=0; i<r; i++)</pre>
        delete[] m[i];
    delete[] m;
void display2DArray(int **m,int r,int c)
    int i, j;
    for (i=0; i<r; i++)</pre>
         for (j=0; j < c; j++)</pre>
             cout<<m[i][j]<<' ';
         cout << endl;
int detMatrix(int **matrix,int n)
    int i, det=0, f=1;
    int **cofMat=NULL;
    if (n==1)
         return matrix[0][0];
    else if (n==2)
         return (matrix[0][0]*matrix[1][1]-matrix[0][1]*matrix[1][0]);
    else
    {
         for (i=0; i<n; i++)</pre>
```

Output:

36 32 32 70 60 66 93 74 100

```
Enter order of matrix (rows*cols): 3 3
Input matrix:
1 2 3
3 4 5
7 6 4
Want to do matrix multiplication? <y/n>: y
Enter order of second matrix (rows*cols): 3 3
Input matrix:
5 2 6
5 6 7
7 6 4
Result is:
```

Determinant of first matrix is: 2

Question (c)

```
#include<iostream>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<time.h>
#include"myMatrix.h"
using namespace std;
void solve(int **a,int **c,int n);
int **createCramerMatrix(int **a,int **c,int n,int index);
void randomInput2DArray(int **m,int r,int c);
int main()
    int n;
    int **a=NULL;
    int **c=NULL;
    time t seconds=time(NULL);
    srand(seconds);
    cout<<"Input no: of variables: ";</pre>
    cin>>n;
    cout<<"The program uses Cramer's to solve a system of linear equations
AX=C where matrix A (set of coefficients) and matrix C are taken as
inputs.\n";
    a=alloc2DArray(n,n);
    randomInput2DArray(a,n,n);
    cout<<"Matrix A after random input:\n";</pre>
    display2DArray(a,n,n);
    c=alloc2DArray(n,1);
    randomInput2DArray(c,n,1);
    cout<<"Matrix C after random input:\n";</pre>
    display2DArray(c,n,1);
    solve(a,c,n);
    dealloc2DArray(a,n);
    dealloc2DArray(c,n);
    return 0;
void solve(int **a,int **c,int n)
    int **cram=NULL;
    double x;
    int d=detMatrix(a,n), d i, i;
    if (d==0)
        cout << "This equation cannot be solved. \n";
        return;
    for (i=0; i<n; i++)</pre>
        cram=createCramerMatrix(a,c,n,i);
        d i=detMatrix(cram,n);
        dealloc2DArray(cram, n);
        x=double(d_i)/d;
        cout<<"x "<<i+1<<" = "<<x<<endl;
}
```

```
int **createCramerMatrix(int **a,int **c,int n,int index)
    int i, j;
    int **cram=alloc2DArray(n,n);
    for (i=0; i<n; i++)</pre>
         for (j=0; j<n; j++)</pre>
             if(j==index)
                cram[i][j]=c[i][0];
             else
                 cram[i][j]=a[i][j];
    return cram;
void randomInput2DArray(int **m,int r,int c)
    int i, j;
    for (i=0; i<r; i++)</pre>
       for(j=0;j<c;j++)
            m[i][j] = (rand() % 100);
}
```

Output(1):

Input no: of variables: 3

The program uses Cramer's to solve a system of linear equations AX=C where matrix A (set of coefficients) and matrix C are taken as inputs.

Matrix A after random input:

92 67 0

24 78 60

45 73 55

Matrix C after random input:

75

74

89

Solution is:

 $x_1 = 0.930625$

x 2 = -0.15847

 $x_3 = 1.06709$

Output(2):

Input no: of variables: 10

The program uses Cramer's to solve a system of linear equations AX=C where matrix A (set of coefficients) and matrix C are taken as inputs.

Matrix A after random input:

- 0 17 94 81 79 70 52 77 81 97
- 93 42 72 6 15 31 10 99 47 1
- 31 66 81 4 86 61 28 94 14 43
- 56 82 39 14 13 59 70 57 47 86
- 85 72 70 46 80 62 2 46 71 42
- 83 20 29 61 9 12 24 63 36 71
- 38 4 82 45 87 73 33 37 36 3
- 14 55 96 51 66 74 5 75 69 55
- 65 72 64 2 17 60 51 52 2 66
- 18 69 38 19 19 26 73 35 25 53

Matrix C after random input:

- 85
- 73
- 20
- 16
- 82
- 79
- 69
- 88
- 63
- 66

Solution is:

- $x_1 = 0.451891$
- $x_2 = -0.499757$
- $x_3 = 0.392488$
- $x_4 = 1.66165$
- x = -1.14214
- $x_6 = 1.52134$
- x 7 = -1.51942
- $x_8 = -1.32621$
- x 9 = -1.51785
- $x_10 = -0.650837$

Question (d)

```
#include<iostream>
#include<time.h>
using namespace std;
const int n=6;
unsigned long int myrand(unsigned long int);
void displayMarks(int *marks[n],int num[n]);
int findDeptTopper(int *marks,int num);
void findBatchTopper(int *marks[n],int num[n]);
int main()
    time t seconds;
    seconds=time(NULL);
    unsigned long int seed=seconds;
    int *marks[n];
    int i, noOfStud[n], j;
    for (i=0; i<n; i++)</pre>
        cout<<"How many students in department "<<i+1<<": ";</pre>
        cin>>noOfStud[i];
        marks[i]=new int[noOfStud[i]];
    cout << "Entering marks of students roll no. wise in each department.";
    for (i=0; i<n; i++)</pre>
        for (j=0; j<noOfStud[i]; j++)</pre>
            seed=myrand(seed);
            marks[i][j]=(seed%100)+1;
         }
    displayMarks (marks, noOfStud);
    for (i=0; i<n; i++)</pre>
        int top=findDeptTopper(marks[i],noOfStud[i]);
        cout<<"Topper of department "<<i+1<<" is roll no. "<<top<<" scored
"<<marks[i][top-1]<<" marks."<<endl;
    findBatchTopper(marks, noOfStud);
    for (i=0; i < n; i++)</pre>
        delete[] marks[i];
    return 0;
unsigned long int myrand(unsigned long int x)
    unsigned long long int m=2147483647, a=65539;
    unsigned long int r=(x*a) %m;
    return r;
void displayMarks(int *marks[n],int num[n])
    int i, j;
    cout<<"\nDisplaying marks roll no. wise for each department.\n";
```

```
for (i=0; i<n; i++)</pre>
         cout<<"Department "<<i+1<<": ";</pre>
         for (j=0; j<num[i]; j++)</pre>
             cout<<marks[i][j]<<' ';
        cout << endl;
int findDeptTopper(int *marks,int num)
    int i, m=0;
    for (i=1; i < num; i++)</pre>
         if (marks[i] > marks[m])
            m=i;
    return m+1;
}
void findBatchTopper(int *marks[n],int num[6])
    int topDept=0, top=0, i, j;
    for (i=0; i<n; i++)</pre>
         for (j=0; j<num[i]; j++)</pre>
             if (marks[i][j]>marks[topDept][top])
                  topDept=i;
                  top=j;
              }
    }
    cout << "Batch topper in department "<< topDept+1<< ", has roll no.
"<<top+1<<" and scored "<<marks[topDept][top]<<" marks.";
```

Output:

How many students in department 1: 10

How many students in department 2: 9

How many students in department 3: 8

How many students in department 4: 12

How many students in department 5: 15

How many students in department 6: 6

Entering marks of students roll no. wise in each department.

Displaying marks roll no. wise for each department.

Department 1: 49 74 50 25 2 39 69 84 70 75

Department 2: 15 73 29 53 11 3 90 9 79

Department 3: 7 91 46 88 2 45 46 16

Department 4: 70 57 1 9 55 4 94 32 83 64 58 49

Department 5: 90 46 95 56 67 53 98 66 47 81 53 100 31 76 88

Department 6: 92 97 81 56 24 1

Topper of department 1 is roll no. 8 scored 84 marks.

Topper of department 2 is roll no. 7 scored 90 marks.

Topper of department 3 is roll no. 2 scored 91 marks.

Topper of department 4 is roll no. 7 scored 94 marks.

Topper of department 5 is roll no. 12 scored 100 marks.

Topper of department 6 is roll no. 2 scored 97 marks.

Batch topper in department 5, has roll no. 12 and scored 100 marks.