Te	st Compiler Design Total points 10/10	?
Emai	I address *	
swarr	nava415@gmail.com	
	Name * nava Chakraborty	
Roll 1	No *	
	A grammar that produces more than one parse tree for some sentence called	is1/1
	Ambiguous	
0	Unabiguous	•
0	Regular	
0	None of the above	
~	Which of the following derivations does a top-down parser use while	1/1
	parsing an input string? *	
•	Leftmost derivation	✓
	Leftmost derivation in reverse Rightmost derivation	
0	Rightmost derivation in reverse	
	Which of the following derivations does a bottom-up parser use while parsing an input string? *	1/1
\bigcirc	Leftmost derivation Leftmost derivation in reverse	
0	Rightmost derivation	
•	Rightmost derivation in reverse	✓
	Which of the following needed to convert an arbitrary CFG to an LL(1) grammar? *	1/1
0	Removing left recursion only	
0	Factoring the grammar alone	
•	Factoring & left recursion removal	✓
\bigcirc	None of the mentioned	
~	Compiler should report the presence of in the source	1/1
	program, in translation process. *	
0	Classes	
	Object Error	/
0	Codes	·
~	What is the output of the lexical analyser? *	1/1
\bigcirc	parse tree	
•	list of tokens	✓
0	intermediate code machine code	
~	is considered as a sequence of characters in a token. *	1/1
\bigcirc	Token	
O	Lexeme	✓
0	String	
0	Word	
~	The grammar A \rightarrow AA (A) e is not suitable for predictive-parsing	1/1
	because the grammar is? *	, •
0	Ambiguous	
	Left recursive Right recursive	/
0	An operator grammar	
	Which of the following groups is/are token together into semantic structures? *	1/1
\bigcirc	Syntax analyzer	
0	Intermediate code generation	
•	Lexical analyzer	✓
0	Semantic analyzer	
		J.
✓	Grammar of the programming is checked at phase of compiler.	* 1/1
	Semantic analysis	

This content is neither created nor endorsed by Google. - <u>Terms of Service</u> - <u>Privacy Policy</u>

Syntax analysis

Code optimization

Code generation