Report AIML prod

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Alt-Text & Search for

Albumy

1) **GitHub Commit Link** Final commit (permalink to the exact commit used for grading):

https://github.com/swaroop9494/fau-ml-prod-assignment1.git

2) Technical Description

Alt-Text: Automatic generation + manual override + regeneration

Where it happens: albumy/blueprints/main.py

1. Auto-generate on upload

In the upload() route, once the image is saved and resized, the code generates alt-text and object labels using a local ML service:

image_path = os.path.join(current_app.config['ALBUMY_UPLOAD_PATH'], filename)
auto_alt_text = ml_service.generate_alt_text(image_path)
detected_objects = ml_service.detect_objects(image_path)

The returned auto_alt_text is stored on the Photo record; detected_objects are joined into a comma-separated string and also turned into **Tag** rows (created if missing, then attached to the photo). This makes them immediately visible in the UI and searchable.

2. Manual editing

In edit_alt_text(photo_id), authors (or moderators) can directly update photo.alt_text via the AltTextForm, enabling human corrections.

3. One-click regeneration

In regenerate_alt_text(photo_id), users can invoke the ML service again to replace the alt-text with a fresh caption.

4. Accessibility fallback

In edit_description(photo_id), if a user saves a **description** while alt_text is empty, the code copies the description into alt_text so images never ship without an accessible alternative.

Relevant code (after you have the final commit):

upload() — auto alt-text + auto tags

https://github.com/swaroop9494/fau-ml-prod-assignment1.gitpy#L[upload-start]-L[upload-end]

edit_alt_text() — manual override .../main.py

```
@main_bp.route('/photo/<int:photo_id>/alt-text', methods=['POST'])
@login_required
def edit_alt_text(photo_id):
    photo = Photo.query.get_or_404(photo_id)
    if current_user != photo.author and not current_user.can('MODERATE'):
        abort(403)
```

```
form = AltTextForm()

if form.validate_on_submit():
    photo.alt_text = form.alt_text.data
    db.session.commit()

    flash('Alt text updated.', 'success')
```

```
flash_errors(form)
return redirect(url_for('.show_photo', photo_id=photo_id))
```

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• regenerate_alt_text() — one-click re-caption

```
@main_bp.route('/photo/<int:photo_id>/regenerate-alt-text',
    methods=['POST'])
@login_required
def regenerate_alt_text(photo_id):
    photo = Photo.query.get_or_404(photo_id)
    if current_user != photo.author and not current_user.can('MODERATE'):
        abort(403)
```

```
# Regenerate alt text using ML service
image_path = os.path.join(current_app.config['ALBUMY_UPLOAD_PATH'],
photo.filename)
auto_alt_text = ml_service.generate_alt_text(image_path)
photo.alt_text = auto_alt_text
db.session.commit()
flash('Alt text regenerated automatically.', 'success')
return redirect(url_for('.show_photo', photo_id=photo_id))
```

Search: Whooshee-backed with robust fallbacks

Where it happens: search() route in main.py.

The search endpoint supports three categories: user, tag, and photo.

1. Primary search (Whooshee full-text):

```
if category == 'user':
    pagination = User.query.whooshee_search(q).paginate(...)
elif category == 'tag':
    pagination = Tag.query.whooshee_search(q).paginate(...)
else:
    pagination = Photo.query.whooshee_search(q).paginate(...)
```

2. Schema-mismatch resilience:

If Whooshee's index schema falls out of sync (e.g., you added a new field such as alt text or detected objects), a KeyError can occur. The handler:

- Purges the stale index subdir for the model,
- Calls whooshee_ext.reindex() to rebuild all indexes, then
- Retries the Whooshee guery.
- 3. Last-resort fallback (DB substring search):

If reindexing fails, it falls back to case-insensitive LIKE queries over Photo.description, Photo.alt text, and Photo.detected objects:

```
from sqlalchemy import or_
like = f"%{q}%"

Photo.query.filter(or_(
    Photo.description.ilike(like),
    Photo.alt_text.ilike(like),
    Photo.detected_objects.ilike(like)
))
```

4. Indexing hygiene on upload:

During upload(), index updates are temporarily disabled while the new Photo is created. After commit, the app calls whooshee_ext.reindex() to ensure downstream search sees the new fields and schema.

Relevant code (after commit):

- search() primary + fallback search logic
 https://github.com/swaroop9494/fau-ml-prod-assignment1.git
- py#L[search-start]-L[search-end]
- upload() disable indexing during write + full reindex after .../main.py

```
from albumy.extensions import whooshee as whooshee_ext
    wh_cfg = current_app.extensions.get('whooshee', {})
```

```
prev_enable = wh_cfg.get('enable_indexing', True)
wh_cfg['enable_indexing'] = False
```

3) UI/UX Design Justification

We map each feature to class concepts (Automate / Prompt / Organize / Annotate / Hybrid), then justify by **forcefulness**, **frequency**, **value**, **cost**.

Alt-Text

- Recommended Strategy: Hybrid (Automate + Annotate/Override)
 - Automate on upload to minimize friction and ensure accessibility by default.
 - Annotate/Override so users can correct bias/errors; provide Regenerate for quick retries.
- Forcefulness: Medium. Captions appear automatically but are editable (not locked).
- Frequency: High. Every image.
- Value: High. Accessibility, searchability, and content understanding.
- Cost: Moderate. Inference time + occasional re-runs.
- If implementation differs: If you ever disabled manual editing, I'd add an inline "Edit alt-text" affordance near the image and a small confidence chip (e.g., "Low confidence") to nudge edits when needed.

Search

- Recommended Strategy: Organize + Annotate (with a light Prompt)
 - Organize: Use facets/filters for Tags, Author, Time; visually cluster results (grid for photos) and show key metadata (alt-text snippet, tags).
 - Annotate: Show highlighted matches from alt-text/description and detected objects to explain why a result surfaced.
 - Prompt (light): When a search returns zero/low results, suggest auto-tagging or query refinements.
- Forcefulness: Low. Search is user-initiated.
- Frequency: Medium. Depends on user goal.
- Value: High. Better findability = higher retention.
- Cost: Low→Medium. Depends on index size and whether you add image embeddings later.
- If implementation differs: If only keyword search is present, I'd add chips for tags and quick toggles ("Only my photos", "With people", "High confidence") for faster narrowing.

4) Harms & Risks

1. Bias & Mislabeling

- Example: Gendered or occupational bias in captions (e.g., "woman in lab coat

 → nurse" vs "doctor").
- Mitigations:
 - Keep manual **Edit/Override** in the UI (already implemented).
 - Store a **moderation audit trail** (who changed what) to learn from corrections.
 - Show **confidence** and encourage edits on low-confidence captions.
 - Periodically retrain or switch to models with fairness audits; add curated post-processing rules (e.g., avoid inferring gender/occupation without strong visual evidence).

2. Offensive/Unsafe Content

- Risk: Generated tags/captions may contain slurs or graphic terms.
- Mitigations:
 - Add a content moderation filter before persisting or displaying generated text.
 - Provide a "Report caption" action (symmetry with report_photo/report_comment) to crowdsource issues.

3. Exclusion / Accessibility Gaps

- Risk: Missing alt-text harms screen-reader users.
- Mitigations:
 - You already added a **description**→**alt-text fallback**; keep that.
 - Consider an **upload gate** that warns if both caption and description are empty (soft prompt, not a hard block).

4. Privacy

- Risk: Detected objects may reveal sensitive context (e.g., "child", "address").
- Mitigations:
 - Provide per-photo **visibility** controls for tags/captions.
 - Allow tag redaction and per-field privacy (show to owner only).

5) Production Challenges

Goal: Scale to millions of users while controlling **latency**, **cost**, and **relevance**.

1. Issue: Inference Cost & Throughput

- Alt-text on upload can be expensive at scale (spikes during bulk imports).
- Solution:
 - Asynchronous pipelines (queue + workers), batching, and result caching (content hash of image).
 - Introduce a tiered model strategy: cheap fast model on upload; allow on-demand "High Quality" regen with a stronger (costly) model.

2. Issue: Search Index Scaling

- Whooshee (SQLite/FS-backed) is great for small/medium apps but becomes a bottleneck for sharding, concurrency, and schema evolution.
- Solution:
 - Migrate to a dedicated engine like OpenSearch/Elasticsearch for full-text and facets; use rolling reindex patterns and versioned indices for zero-downtime schema changes.
 - If adding semantic search, keep a **dual index**: BM25 for precision + ANN (FAISS/Milvus/OpenSearch KNN) for recall.

3. Issue: Hot Reindex / Schema Drift

 The current code repairs schema mismatch at query time by purging & reindexing. That's resilient for dev, but risky in prod (heavy I/O, race conditions).

Solution:

Move to managed background reindex jobs on deploy/migration; block only the affected collections; use blue/green index directories.

4. Issue: Data Store & Fan-out

- Tags + many-to-many relationships + notifications will stress the DB.
- Solution:
 - Add read replicas, partitioning by user/org, and write-behind for denormalized aggregates (e.g., tag counts).
 - Cache hot queries (top tags, recent photos) via **Redis** with TTL + cache invalidation hooks on writes.

5. Issue: Observability & Quality

- Silent caption errors degrade trust.
- Solution:
 - Track caption edit rate, report rate, search click-through, and time-to-first-result.
 - Build a feedback loop that samples low-confidence or frequently corrected captions for evaluation.

Appendix — Pointers to the Key Functions (for graders)

- @main_bp.route('/upload') → auto alt-text + auto tags; indexing disabled then reindex() after commit.
- @main bp.route('/search') → Whooshee search with robust reindex & SQL fallback.
- @main bp.route('/photo/<id>/alt-text') → manual alt-text edit.
- @main_bp.route('/photo/<id>/regenerate-alt-text') → re-caption via ML service.
- @main bp.route('/photo/<id>/tags/auto') → auto-tagging endpoint.
- @main_bp.route('/photo/<id>/description') → description→alt-text fallback for accessibility.

What I'd hand-tune if there were another sprint

- Add inline confidence badges next to alt-text.
- Expose **filters** in search (chips for tags/authors/time).
- Swap "reindex on failure" for migrate-then-switch strategy.
- Consider **semantic search** once you have enough data (keep keyword as the primary for precision).