HTML-INTRO

```
Tuesday, October 20, 2020 2:31 PM
```

```
<!DOCTYPEhtml>
<htmllang="en">
<head>
<metacharset="UTF-8">
<title>Title</title>
</head>
<body>
<!--commentsection-->
</body>
</html>
Basically html consists of head and body
1.head - for meta data and css , is integreations
2.body - main code for web designing
_____
Chapter 2 basic tags:
H1 to H6 heading tag ranges
Size decreases
<h1>HEADING1</h1>
<h2>HEADING2</h2>
<h3>HEADING3</h3>
<h4>HEADING4</h4>
<h5>HEADING5</h5>
<h6>HEADING6</h6>
for either paragaraph or use separate tags for each
sentences as it creates an individual space
<q>
This has its sepearate space
Incase if you want have
Write in seperate lines
</p>
line1fromotherptag
line2fromotherptag
```

```
strong tag is for bold
<strong>usingstrongtagforbold,oldoneisbtag</strong>
em tag is for italics
<em>usingemtagforitalicsoldoneisitag</em>
=======end of basic tags==========
List in html
_____
Ordered list
Created a numeber for each li inside ol tag
<h1>LISTS</h1>
<h3>orderedlistexample:userslistwise</h3>
<l
user1
user2
_____
Ordered list
Created a bullet point for each li inside ul tag
<h3>un-orderedlistexample:grocesseries</h3>
<u1>
>li>bread
peanutbutter
apples
rememberthislistandaddtocart
_____
Complex lists
We can use both combinedly to create complext listing
structure according to the use
<h3>complexlist, usingbothorderedandunorderedlist</h3>>
<h4>differentshopsandrandomitems</h4>
<l
<li>shopA</li>
\langle u1 \rangle
</ul>
shopB
<ul>
waterbottles
```

```
</body>
</html>
Final output for the above code
LISTS
ordered list example:users list wise
  1. user1
  2. user 2
un-ordered list example:grocesseries

    bread

  · peanut butter

    apples

  · remember this list and add to cart
complex list, using both ordered and unordered list
>
different shops and random items
   1. shop 1

    fruits

         vegitables
   2. shop 2
       o water bottles
         writing pad
====end of the chapter html lists============
DIV AND SPAN :
<!--divandspanalsoexplainedinthesession-->
<divclass="container1">
<q>
This isa div class
```

So that I can appply any styles in future

Specific to this container using css

HTML LEVEL -2

Tables

- 1. Tables, coloumns and rows
- 2. for creating container for table
- 3. <thead> for declaring container for headers
- 4. for declaring coloumn names
- 5. container for each row
- 6. for inserting individual cell data inside row The following example demonstatres how to use tables and tags

Border attribite gives you border line for the table

```
<thead>
NAME
```

```
Michle

Output

NAME JOB_DESIGNATION
JOHN DATA ANALYST
Michle UI/UX Designer
```

HTML - FORMS

Output

```
Form is the tag used for creating the form
Inside by using input tag
With type parameter
We can create multiple parameters with their data types
Input type="color generates a color picker "
</head>
<body>
<h2>LOGINFORMEXAMPLE</h2>
<h3>PLEASEENTERLOGINCREDENTIALS</h3>
<form>
<inputtype="email",name="useremail",value="pleaseenterava</pre>
lidemail">
<inputtype="password",name="userpassword",value="password"</pre>
please..">
<inputtype="submit",name="",value="clickhere">
</form>
<h3>a color picker example using input tag and form</h3>
<inputtype="color",name="useremail",value="clickhere">
</body>
</html>
```

LOGIN FORM EXAMPLE

PLEASE ENTER LOGIN CREDENTIALS

PLEASE ENTER LO	GIN CREDENTIA	LS	
please enter a valid email	•••••	click here	
enter movie name name he	re please		
a color picker example	e using input tag ar	nd form	
We have added a t	text input cal	led movie	
Here we have used A lables stores t Using "for" attri	the data as the Lbute		
and the other in the same reference <labelfor="movie" <inputtype="text"< td=""><th>ce to its id ex '>enter movie</th><td>name</td><td>W</td></inputtype="text"<></labelfor="movie" 	ce to its id ex '>enter movie	name	W
HTML SELECTIONS			
Radio buttons and selections	d dropdowns are	e important aspe	cts in
Lets breakdown th	ne code,tags a	nd attributes	
<h3>form selection</h3>	ons example <td>3></td> <td></td>	3>	
<pre><formmethod="get' <h5="">do you have a</formmethod="get'></pre>		ication <b h5>	

input type = radio :---> for radio buttons
To make the selection appropriate
We need to make sure the input tag draws the right for attribute into its id
And converts to a respective value
This is the important step in value taking and value

forwarding

```
<label for="yes">yes</label>
<input type="radio"id="yes"value="yes">
<label for="no">no</label>
<input type="radio"id="no"value="no">
<h5>dropdown menu example</h5>
<h6>select your country</h6>
Select tag -> for dropdown menu
<option> for the individual item in the list of items in
the drop down menu
<select>
<option value="us">US</option>
<option value="india">India</option>
</select>
Input type submit creates a button to get or post the
values once filled
<input type="submit"value="submit">
<strong>Any queries</strong>
Text area provides an option for larger text input taking
mechanism
<textarea rows="8"cols="8"></textarea>
EXAMPLE OUTPUT :
```

form selections example

do you have aws-cda certification		
yes ○ no ○		
drop down menu example		
select your country		
US 🕶		
Any queries		
submit		
end	of	basic
html		