Assignment: Build a Paginated React App using CoinGecko API with Caching

Objective:

Create a React app that fetches cryptocurrency data from the CoinGecko API with pagination functionality. Implement caching to optimize API calls using a caching library of your choice.

Requirements:

1. Fetch Data from CoinGecko API:

- Use the CoinGecko API to fetch a list of cryptocurrencies.
- API endpoint to use: <u>/coins/markets</u>.
- Parameters:
 - vs_currency : Set this to USD.
 - page: The page number to implement pagination.
 - per_page : Number of results per page (e.g., 10 or 20).

2. Implement Pagination:

- Add pagination controls that allow users to navigate through the pages of results.
- Ensure the current page number is highlighted or indicated.
- Only load data for the page the user is currently on.

3. Cache API Responses:

- Implement a caching mechanism to store and retrieve API responses.
- Cache data for a set amount of time (e.g., 5 minutes) to reduce unnecessary API requests.
- Utilize a caching library such as react-query, swr, localforage, or axios-cacheadapter.

4. Display Cryptocurrency Data:

- Display key information for each cryptocurrency:
 - Name
 - Symbol
 - Current price
 - 24-hour percentage change
 - Market cap
- Provide a clean and responsive UI layout for the list.

5. Error Handling and Loading States:

- Display loading spinners or placeholders while data is being fetched.
- Show appropriate error messages if the API request fails.

6. Bonus (Optional):

- Allow users to select different vs_currency options (e.g., EUR, GBP).
- o Implement client-side sorting for the results (e.g., sort by market cap, price).
- Add a search input to filter cryptocurrencies by name.

Steps to Complete:

1. Set up a new React app:

- Initialize a new React project using create-react-app or a similar setup.
- Install necessary dependencies such as Axios for API calls and the caching library of your choice.

2. Make the API Request:

- Create a service to handle API requests to the CoinGecko endpoint.
- Implement the logic to fetch data for specific pages and handle the pagination state.

3. Implement Pagination:

- Add buttons or controls that allow users to switch between pages.
- Dynamically update the data based on the page selected.

4. Set up Caching:

- Use a caching library (e.g., react-query, swr) to cache the API responses and reduce duplicate calls.
- Ensure that cached data is automatically refreshed or expired based on your configuration.

5. **Test the Application:**

- Test the app by navigating through different pages and verify that caching is working by checking API call frequency.
- Test edge cases such as network failures, no data, etc.