
General Facility Data Inputs

Roadway Variables:

AreaType := 2 1 = Large Urbanized, 2 = Other Urbanized, 3 = Transitioning/Urban, 4 = Rural Developed
Class := 2 ThruLanes := 4 both directions
PostedSpeed := 45 MedianType := 2 0 = None, 1 = NonRestrictive, 2 = Restrictive
InsideLaneWidth := 12 LeftTurnBay := 1 0 = No, 1 = Yes
OutsideLaneWidth := 12 RightTurnBay := 0 0 = No, 1 = Yes

Traffic Variables:

AADT := 30000 PHF := 0.925 %LeftTurns := 12 BaseSatFlowRate := 1950
Kfactor := 0.095 %HV := 2 %RightTurns := 12
Dfactor := 0.55

Intersection and Segment Data Inputs

Intersection Data:

Int₁ No Inputs Required
Int₂ Cycle₁ := 120 gC₁ := 0.44 ArrivalType₁ := 4 %LeftTurns₁ := 12 %RightTurns₁ := 12 NumDirLanes₁ := 2
Int₃ Cycle₂ := 120 gC₂ := 0.44 ArrivalType₂ := 4 %LeftTurns₂ := 12 %RightTurns₂ := 12 NumDirLanes₂ := 2

Segment Data:

| | |
|--|--|
| Seg ₁ | Seg ₂ |
| Length ₁ := 1760 | Length ₂ := 1760 |
| AADT ₁ := 30000 | AADT ₂ := 30000 |
| HourlyDirVol ₁ := AADT ₁ · Kfactor · Dfactor | HourlyDirVol ₂ := AADT ₂ · Kfactor · Dfactor |
| HourlyDirVol ₁ = 1568 | HourlyDirVol ₂ = 1568 |
| FFS ₁ := 50 | FFS ₂ := 50 |

Signal Data:

Sig₁ := 0 No Inputs Required

Sig₂ := 1 0 = Pretimed, 1 = Semi Actuated, 2 = Fully Actuated

Sig₃ := 1 0 = Pretimed, 1 = Semi Actuated, 2 = Fully Actuated

Computational Steps

1. Calculate the Saturation Flow Rate Adjustment Factors

A. Calculate the population adjustment factor

Population(AreaType) :=
$$\begin{cases} \text{out} \leftarrow 1.5 & \text{if AreaType} = 1 \\ \text{out} \leftarrow 0.4 & \text{if AreaType} = 2 \\ \text{out} \leftarrow 0.03 & \text{if AreaType} = 3 \\ \text{out} \leftarrow 0.003 & \text{if AreaType} = 4 \end{cases}$$

Population(AreaType) = 0.4

PopFact :=
$$\frac{1}{\text{Population(AreaType)}^{-0.018}}$$

PopFact = 0.984

B. Calculate the number of lanes adjustment factor

$$N := \frac{\text{ThruLanes}}{2} \quad E_{CL} := 1.03$$

NumLanesFact :=
$$\frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{N} \cdot (E_{CL} - 1)}$$

NumLanesFact = 0.985

C. Calculate the posted speed adjustment factor

SpeedFact :=
$$\frac{1}{1 - 0.0066(\text{PostedSpeed} - 50)}$$

SpeedFact = 0.968

D. Calculate the traffic pressure adjustment factor

%Turns(%LT, %RT) :=
$$\begin{cases} \%LT & \text{if LeftTurnBay} = 1 \wedge \text{RightTurnBay} = 0 \\ \%RT & \text{if LeftTurnBay} = 0 \wedge \text{RightTurnBay} = 1 \\ \%LT + \%RT & \text{if LeftTurnBay} = 1 \wedge \text{RightTurnBay} = 1 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

%Turns₁ := %Turns(%LeftTurns₁, %RightTurns₁) %Turns₁ = 12

ThruMvmtFlowRate₁ :=
$$\frac{\text{HourlyDirVol}_1}{\text{PHF}} \cdot \left[1 - \left(\frac{\%Turns_1}{100} \right) \right] \quad \text{ThruMvmtFlowRate}_1 = 1491.2$$

$$\text{Cycle}_1 := 120$$

$$v_1 := \frac{\text{ThruMvmtFlowRate}_1 \cdot \text{Cycle}_1}{N \cdot 3600} \quad v_1 = 24.854$$

$$\text{TrafFact} := \frac{1}{1 - 0.0032(v_1 - 20)} \quad \text{TrafFact} = 1.016$$

E. Calculate the lane width adjustment factor

$$\text{AvgLaneWidth}_1 := \frac{[\text{InsideLaneWidth} \cdot (\text{NumDirLanes}_2 - 1)] + \text{OutsideLaneWidth}}{\text{NumDirLanes}_2}$$

$$\text{LaneWidthFact}_1 := 1 + \frac{\text{AvgLaneWidth}_1 - 12}{30} \quad \text{LaneWidthFact}_1 = 1.0$$

F. Determine the Median adjustment factor

$$\text{MedianFact}(\text{Median}) := \begin{cases} \text{out} \leftarrow 0.95 & \text{if Median} = 0 \\ \text{out} \leftarrow 1.0 & \text{if Median} = 1 \\ \text{out} \leftarrow 1.0 & \text{if Median} = 2 \\ \text{out} & \end{cases}$$

$$\text{MedianFact}(\text{MedianType}) = 1$$

$$\text{MedianFact}_1 := \text{MedianFact}(\text{MedianType}) \quad \text{MedianFact}_1 = 1.0$$

G. Determine the left turn bay adjustment factor

$$\text{LeftTurnFact}(\text{LeftTurnBay}) := \begin{cases} \text{out} \leftarrow 0.8 & \text{if LeftTurnBay} = 0 \\ \text{out} \leftarrow 1.0 & \text{if LeftTurnBay} = 1 \\ \text{out} & \end{cases}$$

$$\text{LeftTurnFact}(\text{LeftTurnBay}) = 1$$

$$\text{LeftTurnFact}_1 := \text{LeftTurnFact}(\text{LeftTurnBay}) \quad \text{LeftTurnFact}_1 = 1.0$$

H. Determine the right turn adjustment factor

$$E_{RT}(\text{RightTurnBay}) := \begin{cases} \text{out} \leftarrow 1.07 & \text{if RightTurnBay} = 0 \\ \text{out} \leftarrow 1.0 & \text{if RightTurnBay} = 1 \\ \text{out} & \end{cases}$$

$$E_{RT}(\text{RightTurnBay}) = 1.07$$

$$\text{RightTurnFact} := \left[\frac{1}{1 + \frac{\% \text{RightTurns}_1}{100} \cdot (E_{RT}(\text{RightTurnBay}) - 1)} \right] \quad \text{RightTurnFact} = 0.992$$

I. Calculate the heavy vehicle adjustment factor

$$E_T := 1.74 \quad (\text{per Q/LOS Handbook})$$

$$f_{HV1} := \frac{1}{1 + \left[\frac{\%HV}{100} \cdot (E_T - 1) \right]} \quad f_{HV1} = 0.985$$

2. Calculate the Adjusted Saturation Flow Rate

$$\text{FactAdj} := \text{LaneWidthFact}_1 \cdot \text{MedianFact}_1 \cdot f_{HV1} \cdot \text{PopFact} \cdot \text{TrafFact} \cdot \text{NumLanesFact} \cdot \text{SpeedFact} \cdot \text{LeftTurnFact}_1 \cdot \text{RightTurnFact}$$

$$\text{FactAdj} = 0.931$$

$$\text{AdjSatFlowRate}_1 := \text{BaseSatFlowRate} \cdot \text{FactAdj} \quad \text{AdjSatFlowRate}_1 = 1816$$

3. Calculate signal delay

A. Calculate volume to capacity ratio (v/c)

$$\text{Sig}_1$$

$$c := \text{AdjSatFlowRate}_1 \cdot gC_1 \quad c = 799$$

$$\text{ThruMvmtFlowRate}_1 := \frac{\text{HourlyDirVol}_1}{\text{PHF}} \cdot \left[1 - \left(\frac{\% \text{Turns}_1}{100} \right) \right] \quad \text{ThruMvmtFlowRate}_1 = 1491.2$$

$$vc_1 := \frac{\text{ThruMvmtFlowRate}_1}{c \cdot \text{NumDirLanes}_1} \quad vc_1 = 0.933$$

$$\text{Sig}_2$$

$$c := \text{AdjSatFlowRate}_1 \cdot gC_2 \quad c = 799$$

$$\% \text{Turns}_2 := \% \text{Turns}(\% \text{LeftTurns}_2, \% \text{RightTurns}_2) \quad \% \text{Turns}_2 = 12$$

$$\text{ThruMvmtFlowRate}_2 := \frac{\text{HourlyDirVol}_1}{\text{PHF}} \cdot \left[1 - \left(\frac{\% \text{Turns}_2}{100} \right) \right] \quad \text{ThruMvmtFlowRate}_2 = 1491.2$$

$$vc_2 := \frac{\text{ThruMvmtFlowRate}_2}{c \cdot \text{NumDirLanes}_2} \quad vc_2 = 0.933$$

B. Calculate uniform delay (d_1)

$$d_{1_1} := \frac{0.5 \cdot \text{Cycle}_2 \cdot (1 - gC_2)^2}{1 - (vc_2 \cdot gC_2)} \quad d_{1_1} = 31.92$$

Equation 15-2 HCM 2000

C. Calculate incremental delay (d_2)

Determine k, signal controller mode delay adjustment factor

If the intersection is operating under pretimed mode, $k = 0.5$.

$$\text{kfactor}(\text{Signal}) := \begin{cases} \text{out} \leftarrow 0.5 & \text{if Signal} = 0 \\ \text{out} \leftarrow 0.5 & \text{if Signal} = 1 \\ \text{if Signal} = 2 \\ \quad \begin{cases} \text{out} \leftarrow 0.11 & \text{if } vc_2 < 0.5 \\ \text{out} \leftarrow (1 - 2 \cdot 0.11) \cdot (vc_2 - 0.5) + 0.11 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \\ \text{out} \end{cases}$$

From Exhibit 15-6
HCM 2000

$$\text{kfactor}(\text{Sig}_2) = 0.5 \quad k_1 := \text{kfactor}(\text{Sig}_2) \quad k_1 = 0.5$$

Determine I, the upstream filtering/metering adjustment factor

If the v/c ratio for the upstream signal is greater than 1, then $I = 0.09$.

When there is no upstream signal, use the v/c ratio for that intersection.

$$\text{Ifactor} := \begin{cases} \text{out} \leftarrow 0.09 & \text{if } vc_1 \geq 1.0 \\ \text{out} \leftarrow 1.0 - 0.91 \cdot vc_1^{2.68} & \text{if } vc_1 < 1.0 \\ \text{out} \end{cases}$$

From Exhibit 15-7
HCM 2000

$$\text{Ifactor} = 0.244 \quad I_1 := \text{Ifactor} \quad I_1 = 0.244$$

Calculation:

$$T := 0.25 \quad (\text{ARTPLAN default})$$

$$d_{2_1} := 900 \cdot T \cdot \left[(vc_2 - 1) + \sqrt{(vc_2 - 1)^2 + \frac{8 \cdot k_1 \cdot I_1 \cdot vc_2}{T \cdot c \cdot \text{NumDirLanes}_2}} \right]$$

Equation 15-3
HCM 2000

$$d_{2_1} = 3.444$$

D. Calculate progression adjustment factor (PF)

Determine f_{pA} and R_p based on Arrival Type.

Determine Platoon Ratio

$$R_p(\text{ArrivalType}) := \begin{cases} \text{out} \leftarrow 0.333 & \text{if ArrivalType} = 1 \\ \text{out} \leftarrow 0.667 & \text{if ArrivalType} = 2 \\ \text{out} \leftarrow 1.0 & \text{if ArrivalType} = 3 \\ \text{out} \leftarrow 1.333 & \text{if ArrivalType} = 4 \\ \text{out} \leftarrow 1.667 & \text{if ArrivalType} = 5 \\ \text{out} \leftarrow 2 & \text{otherwise} \\ \text{out} \end{cases}$$

From Exhibit 15-4
HCM 2000

$$R_p(\text{ArrivalType}_2) = 1.333 \quad R_{p_1} := R_p(\text{ArrivalType}_2) \quad R_{p_1} = 1.333$$

Calculate supplemental adjustment factor for platoon arrival during the green

$$f_{pA}(\text{ArrivalType}) := \begin{cases} \text{out} \leftarrow 1.0 & \text{if ArrivalType} = 1 \\ \text{out} \leftarrow 0.93 & \text{if ArrivalType} = 2 \\ \text{out} \leftarrow 1.0 & \text{if ArrivalType} = 3 \\ \text{out} \leftarrow 1.15 & \text{if ArrivalType} = 4 \\ \text{out} \leftarrow 1.0 & \text{if ArrivalType} = 5 \\ \text{out} \leftarrow 1 & \text{otherwise} \\ \text{out} \end{cases}$$

From Exhibit 15-5
HCM 2000

$$f_{pA}(\text{ArrivalType}_2) = 1.15 \quad f_{pA_1} := f_{pA}(\text{ArrivalType}_2) \quad f_{pA_1} = 1.15$$

Calculate the percent arrivals on green

$$\% \text{Green}(gC_2) := \begin{cases} \text{out} \leftarrow 1.0 & \text{if } (R_{p_1} \cdot gC_2) > 1.0 \\ \text{out} \leftarrow R_{p_1} \cdot gC_2 & \text{otherwise} \\ \text{out} \end{cases}$$

Equation 15-4
HCM 2000

$$\% \text{Green}(gC_2) = 0.587 \quad \% \text{Green}_1 := \% \text{Green}(gC_2) \quad \% \text{Green}_1 = 0.587$$

Calculate the Progression Adjustment Factor (PF)

$$PF(gC_2) := \begin{cases} \text{out} \leftarrow \frac{(1 - \%Green_1) \cdot f_{PA_1}}{1 - gC_2} & \text{if } gC_2 \neq 1.0 \\ \text{out} \leftarrow 0 & \text{otherwise} \\ \text{out} \end{cases} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{Equation 15-5} \\ \text{HCM 2000} \end{array}$$

$$PF(gC_2) = 0.849$$

$$PF_1 := PF(gC_2)$$

$$PF_1 = 0.849$$

e. Calculate the total signal delay

$$CtrlDelay_1 := d_{1_1} \cdot PF_1 + d_{2_1}$$

Equation 15-1
HCM 2000

$$CtrlDelay_1 = 30.55$$

7. Calculate the Segment Running Time/Speed

Calculations:

$$Sigs_1 := \frac{5280}{Length_1} \quad Sigs_1 = 3 \quad \text{signals/mi}$$

$$v_temp := \frac{HourlyDirVol_1}{NumDirLanes_1} \quad v_temp = 783.75$$

not adjusted by PHF

$$RunSpeed_1 := \begin{cases} \text{out} \leftarrow 56.941 - 1.53944 \cdot Sigs_1 - 0.00721 \cdot v_temp & \text{if } FFS_1 = 55 \\ \text{out} \leftarrow 51.888 - 1.14222 \cdot Sigs_1 - 0.00795 \cdot v_temp & \text{if } FFS_1 = 50 \\ \text{out} \leftarrow 46.574 - 0.89222 \cdot Sigs_1 - 0.00604 \cdot v_temp & \text{if } FFS_1 = 45 \\ \text{out} \leftarrow 39.69506 - 0.10306 \cdot Sigs_1 - 0.00585 \cdot v_temp & \text{if } FFS_1 = 40 \\ \text{out} \leftarrow 35.23011 - 0.21722 \cdot Sigs_1 - 0.00517 \cdot v_temp & \text{if } FFS_1 = 35 \\ \text{out} \leftarrow 29.893 - 0.05611 \cdot Sigs_1 - 0.00398 \cdot v_temp & \text{if } FFS_1 = 30 \\ \text{out} \leftarrow 25.58418 - 0.00095 \cdot Sigs_1 - 0.00356 \cdot v_temp & \text{if } FFS_1 = 25 \\ \text{out} \end{cases} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{Regression} \\ \text{Equations} \end{array}$$



ARTPLAN uses specific array values for running time, rather than the above regression equations, so results do not match.



$$RunSpeed_1 = 42.2 \quad \text{mi/h} \quad \text{running time}$$

$$SegRunTime_1 := \frac{3600}{RunSpeed_1}$$

$$SegRunTime_1 = 85.2$$

seconds/mile

$$L_1 := \frac{\text{Length}_1}{5280} \quad L_1 = 0.333 \quad \text{miles}$$

$$\text{TotTravTime}_1 := \text{SegRunTime}_1 \cdot L_1 + \text{CtrlDelay}_1 \quad \text{TotTravTime}_1 = 59.0 \quad \text{seconds}$$

$$S_{A1} := \frac{3600 \cdot L_1}{\text{TotTravTime}_1} \quad \text{Equation 15-6} \\ \text{HCM 2000}$$

$$S_{A1} = 20.35 \quad \text{mi/h} \quad \text{segment running speed}$$

8. Determine Segment LOS.

Calculations:

```
LOS(Class, SA) := if Class = 1
                    | out ← "A" if SA > 42
                    | out ← "B" if 34 < SA ≤ 42
                    | out ← "C" if 27 < SA ≤ 34
                    | out ← "D" if 21 < SA ≤ 27
                    | out ← "E" if 16 < SA ≤ 21
                    | out ← "F" if SA ≤ 16
                    | if Class = 2
                    |   | out ← "A" if SA > 35
                    |   | out ← "B" if 28 < SA ≤ 35
                    |   | out ← "C" if 22 < SA ≤ 28
                    |   | out ← "D" if 17 < SA ≤ 22
                    |   | out ← "E" if 13 < SA ≤ 17
                    |   | out ← "F" if SA ≤ 13
                    |   | if Class = 3
                    |   |   | out ← "A" if SA > 30
                    |   |   | out ← "B" if 24 < SA ≤ 30
                    |   |   | out ← "C" if 18 < SA ≤ 24
                    |   |   | out ← "D" if 14 < SA ≤ 18
                    |   |   | out ← "E" if 10 < SA ≤ 14
                    |   |   | out ← "F" if SA ≤ 10
                    |   |   | if Class = 4
                    |   |   |   | out ← "A" if SA > 25
                    |   |   |   | out ← "B" if 19 < SA ≤ 25
                    |   |   |   | out ← "C" if 13 < SA ≤ 19
                    |   |   |   | out ← "D" if 9 < SA ≤ 13
                    |   |   |   | out ← "E" if 7 < SA ≤ 9
                    |   |   |   | out ← "F" if SA ≤ 7
                    |   |   | out
                    |   | out
                    |   out
                    | out
```

LOS(Class, S_{A1}) = "D"

From Exhibit 15-2
HCM 2000

