

**VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**  
“JnanaSangama”, Belgaum -590014, Karnataka.



**LAB REPORT**  
on

**Artificial Intelligence**

*Submitted by*

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*in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree of*  
**BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING**  
*in*  
**COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING**



**B.M.S. COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING**  
(Autonomous Institution under VTU)  
**BENGALURU-560019**  
**Nov-2023 to Feb-2024**

**B. M. S. College of Engineering,**  
**Bull Temple Road, Bangalore 560019**  
(Affiliated To Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum)  
**Department of Computer Science and Engineering**



**CERTIFICATE**

This is to certify that the Lab work entitled "**Artificial Intelligence**" carried out by **SWASTIK SRIVASTAVA (1BM21CS228)**, who is bonafide student of **B.M.S. College of Engineering**. It is in partial fulfillment for the award of **Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Science and Engineering** of the Visvesvaraya Technological University, Belgaum during the academic semester June-2023 to Sep-2023. The Lab report has been approved as it satisfies the academic requirements in respect of a **Artificial Intelligence(22CS5PCAIN)** work prescribed for the said degree.

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## **Course Outcome**

CO1	Apply knowledge of agent architecture, searching and reasoning techniques for different applications.
CO2	Analyse Searching and Inferencing Techniques.
CO3	Design a reasoning system for a given requirement.
CO4	Conduct practical experiments for demonstrating agents, searching and inferencing.

Implement tic tac toe

```
import math
```

```
import copy
```

```
X = 'X'
```

```
O = 'O'
```

```
EMPTY = None
```

```
def initial_state():
```

```
    return [[EMPTY, EMPTY, EMPTY],  
           [EMPTY, EMPTY, EMPTY],  
           [EMPTY, EMPTY, EMPTY]]
```

```
def player(board):
```

```
    count_O = 0; count_X = 0; count_E = 0;
```

```
    count_X = 0; count_O = 0;
```

```
    for y in [0, 1, 2]:
```

```
        for x in board[y]:
```

```
            if x == "O": count_O += 1;
```

```
            elif x == "X": count_X += 1;
```

```
            else: count_E += 1;
```

```
    if count_O >= count_X:
```

```
        return X
```

```
    elif count_X > count_O:
```

```
        return O
```

```
def actions(board):
```

```
    freeboxes = set();
```

```
    for i in [0, 1, 2]:
```

```
        for j in [0, 1, 2]:
```

```
            if board[i][j] == EMPTY:
```

```

def freeboxer-add((i,j))
    return freeboxer-add((i,j))

def result(board, action):
    i = action[0]
    j = action[1]
    if type(action) == float:
        action = (i,j)
    if action in actions(board):
        if player(board) == 'X':
            board[i][j] = 'X'
        elif player(board) == 'O':
            board[i][j] = 'O'
    return board

def winner(board):
    if (board[0][0] == board[0][1] == board[0][2] == 'X') or
       (board[1][0] == board[1][1] == board[1][2] == 'X') or
       (board[2][0] == board[2][1] == board[2][2] == 'X'):
        return 'X'
    if (board[0][0] == board[0][1] == board[0][2] == 'O') or
       (board[1][0] == board[1][1] == board[1][2] == 'O') or
       (board[2][0] == board[2][1] == board[2][2] == 'O'):
        return 'O'

for i in [0,1,2]:
    s2 = []
    for j in [0,1,2]:
        s2.append(board[i][j])
    if (s2[0] == s2[1] == s2[2]):
        return s2[0]
strokeD = []

```

SURYA Gold  
Date \_\_\_\_\_  
Page \_\_\_\_\_

```
for i in [0,1,2]:  
    strikeD.append(board[i][i])  
if (strikeD[0] == strikeD[1] == strikeD[2]):  
    return strikeD[0]  
if (board[0][2] == board[1][1] == board[2][0]):  
    return board[0][2]  
return None
```

```
def terminal(board):  
    full = True  
    for i in [0,1,2]:  
        for j in range(3):  
            if j != None:  
                full = False  
    if full:  
        return True  
    if (winner(board) != None):  
        return True  
    return False
```

```
def utility(board):  
    if (winner(board) == X):  
        return 1  
    elif winner(board) == O:  
        return -1  
    else:  
        return 0
```

```
def minimax_helper(board):  
    isMaxTurn = True if Player(board) == X else  
    False  
    if terminal(board):  
        return utility(board)
```

Score = []  
for move in actions(board):  
 result(board, move)

Score.append(minimax\_helper(board))  
board[moves[0]][moves[1]] = EMPTY  
return max(score) if isMaxTurn else  
min(score)

def minimax(board):  
 isMaxTurn = True if player(board) == X else  
 False  
 bestMove = None  
 if isMaxTurn:  
 bestScore = -infinity  
 for move in actions(board):  
 result(board, move)  
 score = minimax\_helper(board)  
 board[moves[0]][moves[1]] = EMPTY  
 if (score > bestScore):  
 bestScore = score  
 bestMove = move  
 return bestMove  
 else:  
 bestScore = +infinity  
 for move in actions(board):  
 result(board, move)  
 score = minimax\_helper(board)  
 board[moves[0]][moves[1]] = EMPTY  
 if (score < bestScore):  
 bestScore = score  
 bestMove = move  
 return bestMove

```

def print_board(board):
    for row in board:
        print(row)

game_board = initial_state()
print("Initial Board:")
print_board(game_board)

while not terminal(game_board):
    if player(game_board) == 'X':
        user_input = input("Entered your move\n( > row, column): ")
        row, col = map(int, user_input.split(','))
        result = result(game_board, (row, col))
    else:
        print("It's my turn")
        move = minimax(cby, depth=4, (game_board))
        result = result(game_board, move)

    print("The current Board:")
    print_board(game_board)

    if winner(game_board) is not None:
        print(f"The winner is: {winner(game_board)}")
    else:
        print("It's a tie")

```

OUTPUT  
enter your move

X		

enter your move  
At my move

X		
O		

enter your move

X		
O	X	

At move

X		
O	X	
O		

enter your move

X		
O	X	
O	X	

Player wins

## Vacuum cleaner Agent

```

def vacuum_world():
    goal_state = {'A': '0', 'B': '0'}
    cost = 0

    location_input = input("Enter location of vacuum")
    status_input = input("Enter status of " + location_input)
    status_input_complement = input("Enter status of other
                                    room")

    print("Initial location condition" + str(goal_state))

    if location_input == 'A':
        print("vacuum is placed in location A")
        if status_input == '1':
            print("location A is dirty")
            goal_state['A'] = '0'
            cost += 1
            print("cost for cleaning A" + str(cost))
            print("location A has been cleaned")

    if status_input_complement == '1':
        print("location B is dirty")
        print("moving right to the location B")
        cost += 1
        print("cost for moving right" + str(cost))
        goal_state['B'] = '0'
        cost += 1
        print("cost for suck" + str(cost))
        print("location B has been cleaned")
        else:
            print("No action" + str(cost))
            print("location B is already cleaned")

```

```
if status_input == '0':
    print("Location A is already clean")
else:
    if status_input_complement == '1':
        print("Location B is dirty")
        print("moving right to location B")
        cost += 1
        print("cost for moving right" + str(cost))
        goal_state['B'] = '0'
        cost += 1
        print("cost for suck" + str(cost))
        print(cost)
        print("Location B has been cleaned")
    else:
        print("vacuum is placed in location B")
        if status_input == '1':
            print("Location B is dirty")
            goal_state['B'] = '0'
            cost += 1
            print("cost for cleaning" + str(cost))
            print("Location B has been cleaned")
        if status_input_complement == '1':
            print("Location A is dirty")
            print("moving left to location A")
            cost += 1
            print("cost for moving left" + str(cost))
            goal_state['A'] = '0'
            cost += 1
            print("cost for suck" + str(cost))
            print("Location A has been cleaned")
        else:
            print(cost)
```

```
print("Location B is already clean")  
if status_input_complement == 1:  
    print("Location A is dirty")  
    print("moving left to the location A")  
    cost += 1  
    print("cost for moving left" + str(cost))  
    goal_state['A'] = '0'  
    cost += 1  
    print("cost for suck" + str(cost))  
    print("location A has been cleaned")  
else:  
    print("No action" + str(cost))  
    print("location A is already clean")  
print("Goal State:")  
print(goal_state)  
print("Performance measurement" +  
      str(cost))
```

## B-Puzzle program

```
from collections import deque
```

```
class puzzle8:
```

```
    def __init__(self, size=3):
```

```
        self.size = size
```

```
    def display_state(self, state):
```

```
        for i in range(0, len(state), self.size):
```

```
            print("state[i:i+size]]")
```

```
            print()
```

```
    def get_neighbours(self, state):
```

```
        neighbours; b, r, c = [], self.get_blank_index(state)
```

```
        dimond (self.get_blank_index(state), self.size)
```

```
        for m in [(0, 1), (1, 0), (0, -1), (-1, 0)]:
```

```
            r, c = r[m[0]] + m[0], c[m[1]] + m[1]
```

```
            if 0 <= r < self.size and 0 <= c < self.size:
```

```
                new_state = state[:]
```

```
                new_blank_index = new_row + self.size +
```

```
                new_col
```

```
                new_state[blank_index], new_state[new_blank_
```

```
                index] =
```

```
                new_state[new_blank_index], new_state[
```

```
                blank_index]
```

```
                neighbours.append(new_state)
```

```
        return neighbours
```

```
    def is_goal_state(self, state, target_state):
```

```
        return state == target_state
```

```
    def bfs(self, initial_state, target_state):
```

```
        return
```

```
queue = deque([initial_state, [ ]])
```

```
visited = set()
```

```
while queue:
```

```
    current_state, path = queue.popleft()
```

```
    if self.is_goal_state(current_state, target_state):  
        return path
```

```
    if tuple(current_state) not in visited:
```

```
        visited.add(tuple(current_state))
```

```
        for neighbor in neighbors:
```

```
            queue.append((neighbor, path + [neighbor]))
```

```
return None
```

```
initial_state = [1, 2, 3, 4, 0, 1, 5, 6, 7, 8]
```

```
goal state = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, -1]
```

```
puzzle = Puzzle8()
```

```
solution = puzzle.bfs(initial_state, goal_state)
```

```
if solution:
```

```
    print("solution found!")
```

```
    for step, state in enumerate(solution):
```

```
        print(f"step{step+1}:")
```

```
puzzle.display_state(state)
```

```
print()
```

```
else:
```

```
    print("No solution found.")
```

✓

OUTPUT of Vacuum Cleaner

Enter location of Vacuum B

Enter status of B 1

Enter status of other room 1

Initial location condition { 'A': 1, 'B': 1 }

Vacuum is placed in location B

Location B is dirty

Cost for CLEANING 1

Location B has been cleaned.

Location A is dirty.

Moving LEFT to the location A.

Cost for moving LEFT 2

Cost for SUC 3

Location A has been cleaned.

GOAL STATE:

{ 'A': 0, 'B': 0 }

Performance Measurement: 3

8\*

Week-4

die negative-deutung-zeichen (sec, target) :

depth limit = 0

while true:

result = depth-limited-search(state, target, depth\_limit, [?])

if result is not None:

```
print("Success");
```

8 etud 5

depth\_limit += 1

if depth-11mst > 30:

parent ("Soln not found within limit")

~~return~~

```
def depth_limited_search(scc, target, depth_limit, visited_state
```

if  $\text{exc} == \text{target}$ :

perm\_state (2x C)

8. etude 58 c.

if depth\_limit == 0;

return Note

visited states. applied (exc)

possible\_moves\_to\_dc = possible\_moves(exc, visited, state)

for move in posh\_moves\_to\_do:

if move not in visited-states:

print\_state(mov0)

result = depth-limited-search (root, target, depth-limit-1, visited-state)

If result is not None:

stretch result

return result None

```
def possible_moves(state, visited_states):
```

b = state.index(0)

d = []

```

if b not in [0,1,2]:
    d.append('u')
if b not in [6,7,8]:
    d.append('d')
if b not in [0,3,6]:
    d.append('l')
if b not in [0,5,8]:
    d.append('r')

```

pos\_mover\_it\_cab = []

for i in d:

pos\_mover\_it\_cab.append(gen(state, i, b))

return [move\_it\_cab for move\_it\_cab in pos\_mover\_it\_cab  
 if move\_it\_cab not in visited\_states]

def gen(state, m, b):

temp = state.copy()

if m == 'd':

temp[b+3], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b+3]

elif m == 'u':

temp[b-3], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b-3]

elif m == 'l':

temp[b-1], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b-1]

elif m == 'r':

temp[b+1], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b+1]

return temp

def print\_state(state):

```

print(f'{state[0]} {state[1]} {state[2]} {state[3]}\n
{state[4]} {state[5]} {state[6]}\n
{state[7]} {state[8]}' )

```

$\Delta \text{sc} = [1, 2, 3, 0, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]$   
 $\text{target} = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 0, 6, 7, 8]$

(iterative deepening search ( $\Delta \text{sc}$ , target))

## OUTPUT

0 2 3

1 2 3

1 4 5

6 4 5

6 7 8

0 7 8

1 2 3

1 2 3

6 4 5

6 4 5

0 7 8

7 0 8

1 2 3

1 2 3

4 0 5

4 0 5

6 7 8

6 7 8

0 2 3

1 0 3

1 4 5

4 2 5

6 7 8

6 7 8

2 0 3

1 2 3

1 4 5

4 4 5

6 7 8

6 0 8

1 2 3

1 2 3

6 4 5

4 5 0

0 7 8

6 7 8

1 2 3

4 5 0

6 7 8

Success

OK

OK

# B-Puzzle using Best First Search algorithm

import queue as Q

goal = [[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6], [7, 8, 0]]

HeuristicValue(state):

def f(gstate):

cmt = 0;

for i in range(len(goal)):

for j in range(len(goal[i])):

if goal[i][j] != state[i][j]:

cmt += 1

return cmt

def isGoal(state):

return state == goal

def getCoordinates(currentState):

for i in range(len(goal)):

for j in range(len(goal[i])):

if currentState[i][j] == 0:

return (i, j)

def isValid(i, j) → bool:

return 0 <= i < 3 and 0 <= j < 3

def BFS(state, goal) → ret:

visited = set()

PQ = Q.PriorityQueue()

PQ.put(HeuristicValue(state), 0, state))

while not PQ.empty():

- moves, currentState = PQ.get()

```
if currentstate == goal:  
    return moves
```

```
if tuple(map(tuple, currentstate)) in visited:  
    continue
```

```
visited.add(tuple(map(tuple, currentstate)))
```

```
coordinates = getCoordinates(currentstate)
```

```
i, j = coordinates[0], coordinates[1]
```

```
for dx, dy in [(0, 1), (0, -1), (1, 0), (-1, 0)]:
```

```
new_i, new_j = i + dx, j + dy
```

```
if invalid(new_i, new_j):
```

```
new_state = [row[:] for row in currentstate]
```

```
new_state[i][j], new_state[new_i][new_j] =
```

```
new_state[new_i][new_j], new_state[i][j]
```

```
if tuple(map(tuple, new_state)) not in visited:
```

```
pq.put((heuristicValue(new_state), moves + 1,  
        new_state))
```

```
state = [[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6], [7, 0, 8]]
```

```
moves = BFS(state, goal)
```

```
if moves == -1:  
    print("No way to reach given state")
```

```
else:
```

```
    print("Reached in " + str(moves) + " moves")
```

## B-Puzzle using A\* Search algorithm

```
import queue as Q
```

```
goal = [[1,2,3], [4,5,6], [7,8,0]]
```

```
def isGoal(state):
```

```
    return state == goal
```

```
def heuristicValue(state):
```

```
    cut = 0
```

```
    for i in range(len(goal)):
```

```
        for j in range(len(goal[i])):
```

```
            if goal[i][j] != state[i][j]:
```

```
                cut += 1
```

```
    return cut
```

```
def getCoordinates(currentState):
```

```
    for i in range(len(goal)):
```

```
        for j in range(len(goal[i])):
```

```
            if currentState[i][j] == 0:
```

```
                return (i, j)
```

```
def isValid(i, j) → bool:
```

```
    return 0 <= i < 3 and 0 <= j < 3
```

```
def A_star(state, goal) → ret:
```

```
    visited = set()
```

```
    pq = Q.PriorityQueue()
```

```
    pq.put((heuristicValue(state), 0, state))
```

```
    while not pq.empty():
```

```
        moves, currentState = pq.get()
```

if current state == goal:  
return moves

if tuple(map(tuple, currentstate)) in visited:  
continue

visited.add(tuple(map(tuple, currentstate)))

coordinates = get coordinates(currentstate)

i, j = coordinates[0], coordinates[1]

for dx, dy in [(0, 1), (0, -1), (1, 0), (-1, 0)]:

new\_i, new\_j = i + dx, j + dy

if invalid(new\_i, new\_j):

new\_state = [row[:] for row in currentstate]

new\_state[i][j], new\_state[new\_i][new\_j] =

new\_state[new\_i][new\_j], new\_state[i][j]

if tuple(map(tuple, new\_state)) not in visited:

pq.put((HeuristicValue(new\_state) + moves,

moves+1, new\_state))

if new\_state == goal:

print(new\_state)

return -1

state = [[1, 2, 3], [4, 0, 5], [6, 7, 8]]

moves = A\_star(state, goal)

if moves == -1:

print("No way to reach the given state")

else:

print("Reached in " + str(moves) + " moves")

Create a KB : Using propositional logic 2  
show that the given query entails the  
KB or not

def evaluate\_expression(q, p, s):

#

expression\_result = ((not q or not p) or s) and  
(not q and p) and s

return expression\_result

def generate\_truth\_table():

print("q | P | s | Expression(KB) | Query(s)")

print("-----|-----|-----|-----|-----")

for q in [True, False]:

    for p in [True, False]:

        for s in [True, False]:

            expression\_result = evaluate\_expression(q, p, s)

            query\_result = s

            print(f" {q} | {P} | {s} | {expression\_result} | {query\_result}")

|  
(query\_result)

def query\_entails\_kb(q):

    for q in [True, False]:

        for p in [True, False]:

            for s in [True, False]:

                expression\_result = evaluate\_expression(q, p, s)

(q, p, s)

                query\_result = s

                if expression\_result and not

query-entail:

return false

return true

def main():

generate-truth-table()

if query-entails-knowledge():

print("In Query entails the Knowledge.")

else:

print("In Query does not entail the Knowledge.")

if \_\_name\_\_ == "\_\_main\_\_":

main()

IP Enter rule: ( $\neg q \wedge \neg p \vee q$ )  $\wedge (\neg q \wedge p) \rightarrow q$ 

Query = ?

exp result

True | True | True | False

True | True | False | False

True | False | True | False

False | True | False | True

False | True | True | False

Logic entails query

guru

CBP or KB using predicate logic  
and prove the given query using  
resolution

import re

```
def main(rules, goal):
    rules = rules.split(' ')
    steps = resolve(rules, goal)
    print ('Instep1 | clause1 | Derivation 1')
    print ('- - - & 3a')
    i = 1
    for step in steps:
        print (f' {i} | 2 | {steps[i]}')
        i += 1
```

```
def negate(term):
    return f'~{term}' if term[0] == '~' else
    f'{term}~'
```

```
def reverse(clause):
    if len(clause) > 2:
        t = split - terms(clause)
        return f' {t[1]} V {t[0]}'
    return ''
```

```
def split_terms(rule):
    exp = ' (~ * [PQR]) '
    terms = re.findall(exp, rule)
    return terms
```

```
split_terms ('~ P V R')
['~ P', 'R']
```

```

def contradiction(goal, clause):
    contradictions = [f'{goal} \n {negate(goal)}',
                      f'{negate(goal)} \n {goal}']
    return clause in contradictions or
    negate(clause) in contradictions

```

```

def resolve(rules, goal):
    temp = rules.copy()
    temp += [negate(goal)]
    steps = dict()
    for rule in temp:
        steps[rule] = 'Given.'
    steps[negate(goal)] = 'Negated conclusion.'
    i = 0

```

```

while i < len(temp):
    n = len(temp)
    j = (i+1) % n
    clauses = []
    while j != i:
        terms1 = split_terms(temp[j])
        terms2 = split_terms(temp[i])
        for c in terms1:
            if negate(c) in terms2:
                t1 = [t for t in
                      terms1 if t != c]
                t2 = [t for t in
                      terms2 if t != negate(c)]
                gen = t1 + t2
                if len(gen) == 0:
                    if gen[0] != negate(goal):
                        clauses += [
                            negate(goal)]
    i += 1

```

[ f' {goal} ] \n [ negate(goal) ] \n [ goal ]

contradiction (goal);  $\neg(\text{gun} \wedge \text{gun}) \vee (\text{gun} \wedge \neg\text{gun})$   
 temp. append ( $\neg(\text{gun} \wedge \text{gun}) \vee (\text{gun} \wedge \neg\text{gun})$ ) steps [']  
 f" Derived tempt['] and tempt['] to  
 tempt['].

## contradiction

for clouds in clouds[i] and temp[i]  
 if cloud not in temp[i] and cloud[i] = reverse(cloud) or d = reverse(cloud)  
 rot out temp[i]  
 append to temp offord(cloud[i])  
 steps[cloud[i]] = f! resolved from  
 tempt[i] and tempt[i].

$$j = (j+1) \% n$$

$$i = i + 1$$

return steps

rules =  $\neg R \vee \neg P \vee \neg Q \sim P \vee P \sim P \vee Q \wedge (P \wedge Q) \Leftrightarrow R$   
 $(R \vee P) \vee (R \vee Q) \wedge (\neg R \vee P) \wedge (\neg R \vee Q)$

$$\text{goal} = P$$

match(rules, goal) :

rules =  $\neg P \vee Q \sim P \vee R \sim Q \vee R \wedge P = \neg Q, P = \neg R$   
 $\sim P \vee Q, Q = \neg R, \sim Q \vee R$

$$\text{goal} = P$$

match(rules, goal)

rules =  $\neg P \vee Q \sim P \vee R \sim P \vee R \sim P \vee R \sim Q \sim S \vee \neg Q \wedge (P = \neg Q) \Rightarrow R, (P = \neg P) \Rightarrow R, (P = \neg S) \Rightarrow \neg(S = \neg Q)$

match(rules, (P))

## OUTPUT

Step	Clauses	Derivation
1	RUP	given
2	RVNQ	given
3	~RNP	given
4	if to ~RVNQ	given
5	( $\neg P \rightarrow \neg Q$ )	negation

resumed RVNR and  
 $\neg RUP \rightarrow RVNR$ , which

is in turn true

full

A contradiction is found when  $\neg P$  is assumed as true. Hence  $P$  is true.

## Unification

```
def unify(exp1, exp2):
    func1, args1 = exp1.split('(')
    func2, args2 = exp2.split('(')
    if func1 != func2:
        print("Expression cannot be unified. Different functions")
        return None
    args1 = args1.rstrip(')').split(',')
    args2 = args2.rstrip(')').split(',')
    substitution = {}
    for o1, o2 in zip(args1, args2):
        if o1.islower() > o2.islower() and o1 == o2:
            substitution[o1] = o2
        elif o1.islower() and not o2.islower():
            substitution[o2] = o1
        elif not o1.islower() > o2.islower():
            substitution[o1] = o2
        elif o1 != o2:
            print("Expressions cannot be unified. Incompatible arguments")
            return None
    return substitution
```

```
def apply_substitution(expr, substitution):
    for key, value in substitution.items():
        expr = expr.replace(key, value)
    return expr
```

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## OUTPUT

Enter the first expression : f(x,y)

Enter the sec expression : f(a,b)

The substitution rule :

x/a

y/b

Unified expression 1: f(a,b)

Unified expression 2: f(a,b)

convert given fol to CNF

```
def getAttributes(string):
```

```
expr = '\([^\)]+\)'
```

```
matches = re.findall(expr, string)
```

```
return [m for m in matches if m.isalpha()]
```

```
def getPredicates(string):
```

```
expr = '[a-zA-Z]+[A-Za-z, ]+'
```

```
return re.findall(expr, string)
```

```
def Skolemization(statement):
```

```
SKOLEM_CONSTANTS = [f'c{ord(c)}' for c in
range(ord('A'), ord('Z')+1)]
```

```
matches = re.findall('[\E].', statement)
```

```
for match in matches[1:-1]:
```

```
statement = statement.replace(match, '')
```

```
for predicate in getPredicates(statement):
```

```
attributes = getAttributes(predicate)
```

```
if len(attributes) == 0:
```

```
statement = statement.replace(matches[1],
```

```
SKOLEM_CONSTANTS.pop(0))
```

```
return statement
```

```
import re
```

```
def fol_to_cnf(fol):
```

```
statement = fol.replace("=>", "¬")
```

```
expr = '\[(\[[^\]]+\]+\)]'
```

```
statements = re.findall(expr, statement)
```

```
for i, s in enumerate(statements):
```

```
if '[' in s and ']' not in s:
```

```
statements[i] += ']'
```

```
for s in statements:
```

Statement = Statement.replace(';', fol\_to\_cnf('S'))  
 while ':-' in statements:

i = Statement.index(':-')

bx = Statement.index('[') if '[' in  
 Statement else 0

(1) new statement = ':-' + Statement[bx:i] + ']' +  
 Statement[i+1:]

Statement = Statement[;bx] + new\_statement

if bx > 0 else new\_statement

return skolemization(statement)

print(fol\_to\_cnf("bird(x) => ~fly(x)"))

print(fol\_to\_cnf("forall [x][bird(x) => ~fly(x)]"))

O/P

$\neg \text{bird}(x) \mid \neg \text{fly}(x)$

$[\neg \text{bird}(A) \mid \neg \text{fly}(A)]$

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Create a KB consisting of fcl statements  
and prove due given query using  
forward reasoning

import re

```
def isVariable(x):
    return len(x) == 1 & x.islower() & x.isalpha()
```

```
def getAttribute(string):
    expr = '([^\"]+\"'
    matches = re.findall(expr, string)
    return matches
```

```
def getPredicates(string):
    expr = '([a-zA-Z]+)([^\s]+)'
    return re.findall(expr, string)
```

class Fcl:

```
def __init__(self, expression):
    self.expression = expression
    predicate, params = self.splitExpression(expression)
    self.predicate = predicate
    self.params = params
    self.result = any(self.getconstants())
```

```
def splitExpression(self, expression):
    predicate = getPredicates(expression)[0]
    params = getAttributes(expression)[0].strip('\'')
    return [predicate, params]
```

```
def getResult(self):
```

return self.result

```
def getConstants(self):
```

return [None if isVariable(c) else fact  
in self.parameters]

```
def getVariables(self):
```

return [v if isVariable(v) else None for  
v in self.parameters]

```
def substitute(self, constants):
```

c = constants.copy()  
f = f" {self.predicate}( {l[0].join([constants.pop(0)  
if isVariable(p) else p for p in  
self.parameters])} )"

return fact(f)

~~class Implication:~~

```
def init(self, expression):
```

self.expression = expression

l = expression.split('=>')

self.lhs = [fact(f) for f in l[0].split('&')]

self.rhs = fact(l[1])

```
def evaluate(self, fact):
```

constants = {}

new\_lhs = []

for fact in facts:

for val in self.lhs:

if val.predicate == fact.predicate:

for i, v in enumerate(

val.getVariables()):

if v:

constants[v] = fact.getConstants([v])

new\_lws.append(fact)

predicate, attributes = getPredicate(self, self.expression)  
fact.setAttributes(self, self.expression)[0])

for key in constants:

if constants[key]:

attributes = attributes.replace(key, constants[key])

expr = f'& predicate(attributes)'

return fact(expr) if len(new\_lws) and all([

[f.getResult() for f in new\_lws]) else None

class KB:

def \_\_init\_\_(self):

self.facts = set()

self. implications = set()

def tell(self, e):

if '=>' in e:

self. implications.add(implication(e))

else:

self.facts.add(fact(e))

for i in self. implications:

res = i.evaluate(self.facts)

if res:

self.facts.add(res)

def query(self, e):

facts = set([f.expression for f in  
self.facts])

i = 1

print("Querying facts: ")

for f in facts:

if fact(f).predicate == fact(e).

predicate:

print(f"\t{f} \n")

i += 1

def display(self):

print("All facts: ")

for i, f in enumerate(self.f\_expressions)

for f in self.facts[i]):

print(f"\t{f}\n")

KB = KB()

KB += tell("king(x) &amp; greedy(x) =&gt; evil(x) ")

KB += tell("king(John)")

KB += tell("greedy(John)")

KB += tell("king(Richard)")

~~KB += tell~~

KB += query("evil(\*)")

O/P

Querying evil(\*):

evil(John)

Solve  
2/2/24

Week-4

def. Negative-destruktiv-Beziehungen (exc. target) :

depth limit = 0

while true:

`result = depth-limited-search(state, target, depth_limit, [?])`

if result is not None:

```
print("Success");
```

8 etud 5

depth-limit + 1

if depth-11m<sup>1st</sup> > 30:

parent ("Soln not found within limit")

return

```
def depth_limited_search(state, target, depth_limit, visited_states)
```

if  $8 \times c == \text{target}$ :

perm\_state (2x C)

8. etude syc.

Section 7

Visited - states, about 1850

possible\_moves\_to\_d0 = possible\_moves (sdc, visited, states)

for move to post houses to do:

if move not in visited-states:

print\_state(mov0)

```
result = depth-limited-search(move, target)
```

deptn-11001-1, V1311  
state

If result is not None:

### study result

return result None

```
def possible_moves(state, visited_states):
```

b = static\_index(0)

Score = []  
 for move in actions(board):  
     result(board, move)

Score.append(minimax\_helper(board))  
 board[moves[0]][moves[1]] == EMPTY  
 return max(score) if isMaxTurn else  
 min(score)

def minimax(board):  
 isMaxTurn = True if player(board) == X else  
 False  
 bestMove = None  
 if isMaxTurn:  
     bestScore = -infinity  
     for move in actions(board):  
         result(board, move)  
         score = minimax\_helper(board)  
         board[moves[0]][moves[1]] == EMPTY  
         if (score > bestScore):  
             bestScore = score  
             bestMove = move  
     return bestMove  
 else:  
     bestScore = +infinity  
     for move in actions(board):  
         result(board, move)  
         score = minimax\_helper(board)  
         board[moves[0]][moves[1]] == EMPTY  
         if (score < bestScore):  
             bestScore = score  
             bestMove = move  
     return bestMove

Create a KB consisting of fcl statements  
and prove due given query using  
forward reasoning

import re

```
def isVariable(x):
    return len(x) == 1 & x.islower() & x.isalpha()
```

```
def getAttribute(string):
    expr = '([^\"]+\"'
    matches = re.findall(expr, string)
    return matches
```

```
def getPredicates(string):
    expr = '([a-zA-Z]+)([^\s]+)'
    return re.findall(expr, string)
```

class Fcl:

```
def __init__(self, expression):
    self.expression = expression
    predicate, params = self.splitExpression(expression)
    self.predicate = predicate
    self.params = params
    self.result = any(self.getconstants())
```

```
def splitExpression(self, expression):
    predicate = getPredicates(expression)[0]
    params = getAttributes(expression)[0].strip('\'')
    return [predicate, params]
```

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```
for i in [0,1,2]:  
    strikeD.append(board[i][i])  
if (strikeD[0] == strikeD[1] == strikeD[2]):  
    return strikeD[0]  
if (board[0][2] == board[1][1] == board[2][0]):  
    return board[0][2]  
return None
```

```
def terminal(board):  
    full = True  
    for i in [0,1,2]:  
        for j in range(len(board[i])):  
            if j != None:  
                full = False  
    if full:  
        return True  
    if (winner(board) != None):  
        return True  
    return False
```

```
def utility(board):  
    if (winner(board) == X):  
        return 1  
    elif winner(board) == O:  
        return -1  
    else:  
        return 0
```

```
def minimax_helper(board):  
    isMaxTurn = True if Player(board) == X else  
    False  
    if terminal(board):  
        return utility(board)
```

```
if status_input == '0':
    print("Location A is already clean")
else:
    if status_input_complement == '1':
        print("Location B is dirty")
        print("moving right to location B")
        cost += 1
        print("cost for moving right" + str(cost))
        goal_state['B'] = '0'
        cost += 1
        print("cost for suck" + str(cost))
        print(cost)
        print("Location B has been cleaned")
    else:
        print("vacuum is placed in location B")
        if status_input == '1':
            print("Location B is dirty")
            goal_state['B'] = '0'
            cost += 1
            print("cost for cleaning" + str(cost))
            print("Location B has been cleaned")
        if status_input_complement == '1':
            print("Location A is dirty")
            print("moving left to location A")
            cost += 1
            print("cost for moving left" + str(cost))
            goal_state['A'] = '0'
            cost += 1
            print("cost for suck" + str(cost))
            print("Location A has been cleaned")
        else:
            print(cost)
```

```
queue = deque([(initial_state, [ ])])
```

```
visited = set()
```

```
while queue:
```

```
    current_state, path = queue.popleft()
```

```
    if self.is_goal_state(current_state, target_state):
        return path
```

```
    if tuple(current_state) not in visited:
```

```
        visited.add(tuple(current_state))
```

```
        for neighbor in neighbors:
```

```
            queue.append((neighbor, path + [neighbor]))
```

```
return None
```

```
initial_state = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
```

```
goal state = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, -1]
```

```
puzzle = Puzzle8()
```

```
solution = puzzle.bfs(initial_state, goal_state)
```

```
if solution:
```

```
    print("solution found!")
```

```
    for step, state in enumerate(solution):
```

```
        print(f"step{step+1}:")
```

```
puzzle.display_state(state)
```

```
print()
```

```
else:
```

```
    print("No solution found.")
```

Cheat

```

def freeboxer-add((i,j))
    return freeboxer-add((i,j))

def result(board, action):
    i = action[0]
    j = action[1]
    if type(action) == list:
        action = (i,j)
    if action in actions(board):
        if player(board) == X:
            board[i][j] = X
        elif player(board) == O:
            board[i][j] = O
    return board

def winner(board):
    if (board[0][0] == board[0][1] == board[0][2] == X
        or board[1][0] == board[1][1] == board[1][2] == X
        or board[2][0] == board[2][1] == board[2][2] == X):
        return X
    if (board[0][0] == board[0][1] == board[0][2] == O
        or board[1][0] == board[1][1] == board[1][2] == O
        or board[2][0] == board[2][1] == board[2][2] == O):
        return O
    else:
        return None

for i in [0,1,2]:
    s2 = []
    for j in [0,1,2]:
        s2.append(board[i][j])
    if (s2[0] == s2[1] == s2[2]):
        return s2[0]
strokeD = []

```

# 8-Puzzle using Best First Search algorithm

import queue as Q

goal = [[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6], [7, 8, 0]]

HeuristicValue(state):

def f(gstate):

cnt = 0;

for i in range(len(goal)):

for j in range(len(goal[i])):

if goal[i][j] != state[i][j]:

cnt += 1

return cnt

def isGoal(state):

return state == goal

def getCoordinates(currentState):

for i in range(len(goal)):

for j in range(len(goal[i])):

if currentState[i][j] == 0:

return (i, j)

~~def isValid(i, j) → bool:~~

~~return 0 <= i < 3 and 0 <= j < 3~~

def BFS(state, goal) → ret:

visited = set()

PQ = Q.PriorityQueue()

PQ.put(HeuristicValue(state), 0, state))

while not PQ.empty():

- moves, currentState = PQ.get()

Implement tic tac toe

```
import math
```

```
import copy
```

```
X = 'X'
```

```
O = 'O'
```

```
EMPTY = None
```

```
def initial_state():
```

```
    return [[EMPTY, EMPTY, EMPTY],  
           [EMPTY, EMPTY, EMPTY],  
           [EMPTY, EMPTY, EMPTY]]
```

```
def player(board):
```

```
    count_O = 0; count_X = 0; count_E = 0;
```

```
    count_X = 0; count_O = 0;
```

```
    for y in [0, 1, 2]:
```

```
        for x in board[y]:
```

```
            if x == "O": count_O += 1;
```

```
            elif x == "X": count_X += 1;
```

```
            else: count_E += 1;
```

```
    if count_O >= count_X:
```

```
        return X
```

```
    elif count_X > count_O:
```

```
        return O
```

```
def actions(board):
```

```
    freeboxes = set();
```

```
    for i in [0, 1, 2]:
```

```
        for j in [0, 1, 2]:
```

```
            if board[i][j] == EMPTY:
```

## OUTPUT of Vacuum Cleaner

Enter location of Vacuum B

Enter status of B 1

Enter status of other room 1

Initial location condition { 'A': 1, 'B': 1 }

Vacuum is placed in location B

Location B is dirty

Cost for CLEANING 1

Location B has been cleaned.

Location A is dirty.

Moving LEFT to the location A.

Cost for moving LEFT 2

Cost for SUC 3

Location A has been cleaned.

GOAL STATE:

{ 'A': 0, 'B': 0 }

Performance Measurement: 3

8\*

## B-Puzzle using A\* Search algorithm

```
import queue as Q
```

```
goal = [[1,2,3], [4,5,6], [7,8,0]]
```

```
def isGoal(state):
```

```
    return state == goal
```

```
def heuristicValue(state):
```

```
    cut = 0
```

```
    for i in range(len(goal)):
```

```
        for j in range(len(goal[i])):
```

```
            if goal[i][j] != state[i][j]:
```

```
                cut += 1
```

```
    return cut
```

```
def getCoordinates(currentState):
```

```
    for i in range(len(goal)):
```

```
        for j in range(len(goal[i])):
```

```
            if currentState[i][j] == 0:
```

```
                return (i, j)
```

```
def isValid(i, j) → bool:
```

```
    return 0 <= i < 3 and 0 <= j < 3
```

```
def A_star(state, goal) → ret:
```

```
    visited = set()
```

```
    pq = Q.PriorityQueue()
```

```
    pq.put((heuristicValue(state), 0, state))
```

```
    while not pq.empty():
```

```
        moves, currentState = pq.get()
```

Statement = Statement.replace(';', fol\_to\_cnf('S'))  
 while ':-' in statements:

i = Statement.index(':-')

bx = Statement.index('[') if '[' in  
 Statement else 0

(1) new statement = ':-' + Statement[bx:i] + ']' +  
 Statement[i+1:]

Statement = Statement[;bx] + new\_statement

if bx > 0 else new\_statement

return skolemization(statement)

print(fol\_to\_cnf("bird(x) => ~fly(x)"))

print(fol\_to\_cnf("forall [x][bird(x) => ~fly(x)]"))

O/P

$\neg \text{bird}(x) \mid \neg \text{fly}(x)$

$[\neg \text{bird}(A) \mid \neg \text{fly}(A)]$

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CBP or KB using predicate logic  
and prove the given query using  
resolution

import re

```
def main(rules, goal):
    rules = rules.split(' ')
    steps = resolve(rules, goal)
    print ('Instep1 | clause1 | Derivation 1')
    print ('- - - & 3a')
    i = 1
    for step in steps:
        print (f' {i} | 2 | {steps[i]}')
        i += 1
```

```
def negate(term):
    return f'~{term}' if term[0] == '~' else
    f'{term}~'
```

```
def reverse(clause):
    if len(clause) > 2:
        t = split - terms(clause)
        return f' {t[1]} V {t[0]}'
    return ''
```

```
def split_terms(rule):
    exp = ' (~ * [PQR]) '
    terms = re.findall(exp, rule)
    return terms
```

```
split_terms ('~ P V R')
['~ P', 'R']
```

```

def contradiction(goal, clause):
    contradictions = [f'{goal} \n {negate(goal)}',
                      f'{negate(goal)} \n {goal}']
    return clause in contradictions or
    negate(clause) in contradictions

```

```

def resolve(rules, goal):
    temp = rules.copy()
    temp += [negate(goal)]
    steps = dict()
    for rule in temp:
        steps[rule] = 'Given.'
    steps[negate(goal)] = 'Negated conclusion.'
    i = 0

```

```

    while i < len(temp):
        n = len(temp)
        j = (i+1) % n
        clauses = []
        while j != i:
            terms1 = split_terms(temp[i])
            terms2 = split_terms(temp[j])
            for c in terms1:
                if negate(c) in terms2:
                    t1 = [t for t in
                           temp[i] if t != c]
                    t2 = [t for t in
                           temp[j] if t != c]
                    terms1 = terms1 + t2
                    terms2 = terms2 + t1
                    gen = t1 + t2
                    if len(gen) == 0:
                        if gen[0] != negate(goal):
                            clauses += [
                                negate(goal)]
            i += 1
        i = j

```

[ f' {goal} ] \n [ f' {negate(goal)} ]

if v:

constants[v] = fact.getConstants([v])

new\_lws.append(fact)

predicate, attributes = getPredicate(self, self.expression)  
fact.setAttributes(self, self.expression)[0])

for key in constants:

if constants[key]:

attributes = attributes.replace(key, constants[key])

expr = f'& predicate(attributes)'

return fact(expr) if len(new\_lws) and all([

[f.getResult() for f in new\_lws]) else None

class KB:

def \_\_init\_\_(self):

self.facts = set()

self. implications = set()

def tell(self, e):

if '=>' in e:

self. implications.add(implication(e))

else:

self.facts.add(fact(e))

for i in self. implications:

res = i.evaluate(self.facts)

if res:

self.facts.add(res)

def query(self, e):

facts = set([f.expression for f in  
self.facts])

convert given fol to CNF

def getAttributes(string):

expr = '\([^\)]+\)'

matches = re.findall(expr, string)

return [m for m in matches if m.isalpha()]

def getPredicates(string):

expr = '[a-zA-Z]+[A-Za-z.]+'

return re.findall(expr, string)

def Skolemization(statement):

SKOLEM\_CONSTANTS = [f'c{ord(c)}' for c in range(ord('A'), ord('Z')+1)]

matches = re.findall('[\E].', statement)

for match in matches[1:-1]:

statement = statement.replace(match, '')

for predicate in getPredicates(statement):

attributes = getAttributes(predicate)

if len(attributes) == 0:

statement = statement.replace(matches[1],

SKOLEM\_CONSTANTS.pop(0))

return statement

import re

def fol\_to\_cnf(fol):

statement = fol.replace("=>", "¬")

expr = '\[(\[[^\]]+\]+\)]'

statements = re.findall(expr, statement)

for i, s in enumerate(statements):

if '[' in s and ']' not in s:

statements[i] += ']'

for s in statements:

```

def print_board(board):
    for row in board:
        print(row)

game_board = initial_state()
print("Initial Board:")
print_board(game_board)

while not terminal(game_board):
    if player(game_board) == 'X':
        user_input = input("Entered your move\n( > row, column): ")
        row, col = map(int, user_input.split(','))
        result = result(game_board, (row, col))
    else:
        print("It's my turn")
        move = minimax(cby, depth=4, (game_board))
        result = result(game_board, move)

    print("The current Board:")
    print_board(game_board)

    if winner(game_board) is not None:
        print(f"The winner is: {winner(game_board)}")
    else:
        print("It's a tie")

```

OUTPUT  
enter your move

X		

enter your move  
At my move

X		
O		

enter your move

X		
O	X	

At move

X		
O	X	
O		

enter your move

X		
O	X	
O	X	

Player wins

```
def getResult(self):
```

return self.result

```
def getConstants(self):
```

return [None if isVariable(c) else fact  
in self.parameters]

```
def getVariables(self):
```

return [v if isVariable(v) else None for  
v in self.parameters]

```
def substitute(self, constants):
```

c = constants.copy()  
f = f" {self.predicate}( {l[0].join([constants.pop(0)  
if isVariable(p) else p for p in  
self.parameters])} )"

return fact(f)

~~class Implication:~~

```
def init(self, expression):
```

self.expression = expression

l = expression.split('=>')

self.lhs = [fact(f) for f in l[0].split('&')]

self.rhs = fact(l[1])

```
def evaluator(self, fact):
```

constants = {}

new\_lhs = []

for fact in facts:

for val in self.lhs:

if val.predicate == fact.predicate:

for i, v in enumerate(

val.getVariables()):

Create a KB : Using propositional logic 2  
show that the given query entails the  
KB or not

def evaluate\_expression(q, p, s):

#

expression\_result = ((not q or not p) or s) and

((not q and p) and s) or ((not q and p) and q)

return expression\_result

def generate\_truth\_table():

print("q | P | s | Expression(KB) | Query(s)")

print("-----|-----|-----|-----|-----")

for q in [True, False]:

    for p in [True, False]:

        for s in [True, False]:

            expression\_result = evaluate\_expression(q, p, s)

            query\_result = s

            print(f" {q} | {P} | {s} | {expression\_result} | {query\_result}")

|  
(query\_result)

def query\_entails\_kb(q):

    for q in [True, False]:

        for p in [True, False]:

            for s in [True, False]:

                expression\_result = evaluate\_expression(q, p, s)

(q, p, s)

                query\_result = s

                if expression\_result and not

d = []

```

if b not in [0,1,2]:
    d.append('u')
if b not in [6,7,8]:
    d.append('d')
if b not in [0,3,6]:
    d.append('l')
if b not in [0,5,8]:
    d.append('r')

```

pos\_mover\_it\_cab = []

```

for i in d:
    pos_mover_it_cab.append(gen(state, i, b))

```

```

return [move_it_cab for move_it_cab in pos_mover_it_cab
        if move_it_cab not in visited_states]

```

```

def gen(state, m, b):
    temp = state.copy()

```

```

    if m == 'd':

```

```

        temp[b+3], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b+3]

```

```

    elif m == 'u':

```

```

        temp[b-3], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b-3]

```

```

    elif m == 'l':

```

```

        temp[b-1], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b-1]

```

```

    elif m == 'r':

```

```

        temp[b+1], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b+1]

```

```

    return temp

```

```

def print_state(state):

```

```

    print(f'{state[0]} {state[1]} {state[2]} {state[3]}\n
          {state[4]} {state[5]} {state[6]}\n
          {state[7]} {state[8]}')

```

## Unification

```
def unify(exp1, exp2):
    func1, args1 = exp1.split('(')
    func2, args2 = exp2.split('(')
    if func1 != func2:
        print("Expression cannot be unified. Different functions")
    return None
    args1 = args1.rstrip(')').split(',')
    args2 = args2.rstrip(')').split(',')
    substitution = {}
    for o1, o2 in zip(args1, args2):
        if o1.islower() > o2.islower() and o1 == o2:
            substitution[o1] = o2
        elif o1.islower() and not o2.islower():
            substitution[o2] = o1
        elif not o1.islower() > o2.islower():
            substitution[o1] = o2
        elif o1 != o2:
            print("Expressions cannot be unified. Incompatible arguments")
    return None
def apply_substitution(expr, substitution):
    for key, value in substitution.items():
        expr = expr.replace(key, value)
    return expr
```

SURYA Gold

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Page \_\_\_\_\_

SURYA Gold

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Page \_\_\_\_\_

## OUTPUT

Enter the first expression : f(x,y)  
Enter the sec expression : f(a,b)  
The substitution rule:  
x/a  
y/b  
Unified expression 1: f(a,b)  
Unified expression 2: f(a,b)

## Vacuum cleaner Agent

```

def vacuum_world():
    goal_state = {'A': '0', 'B': '0'}
    cost = 0

    location_input = input("Enter location of vacuum")
    status_input = input("Enter status of " + location_input)
    status_input_complement = input("Enter status of other
                                    room")

    print("Initial location condition" + str(goal_state))

    if location_input == 'A':
        print("vacuum is placed in location A")
        if status_input == '1':
            print("location A is dirty")
            goal_state['A'] = '0'
            cost += 1
            print("cost for cleaning A" + str(cost))
            print("location A has been cleaned")

    if status_input_complement == '1':
        print("location B is dirty")
        print("moving right to the location B")
        cost += 1
        print("cost for moving right" + str(cost))
        goal_state['B'] = '0'
        cost += 1
        print("cost for suck" + str(cost))
        print("location B has been cleaned")
        else:
            print("No action" + str(cost))
            print("location B is already cleaned")

```

```
if current state == goal:
    return moves
```

```
if tuple(map(tuple, currentstate)) in visited:
    continue
```

```
visited.add(tuple(map(tuple, currentstate)))
```

```
coordinates = get coordinates(currentstate)
```

```
i, j = coordinates[0], coordinates[1]
```

```
for dx, dy in [(0, 1), (0, -1), (1, 0), (-1, 0)]:
```

```
new_i, new_j = i + dx, j + dy
```

```
if invalid(new_i, new_j):
```

```
new_state = [row[:] for row in currentstate]
```

```
new_state[i][j], new_state[new_i][new_j] =
```

```
new_state[new_i][new_j], new_state[i][j]
```

```
if tuple(map(tuple, new_state)) not in visited:
```

```
pq.put((HeuristicValue(new_state) + moves,
```

```
moves+1, new_state))
```

```
if new_state == goal:
```

```
print(new_state)
```

```
return -1
```

state = [[1, 2, 3], [4, 0, 5], [6, 7, 8]]

moves = A\_star(state, goal)

if moves == -1:

print("No way to reach the given state")

else:

print("Reached in " + str(moves) + " moves")

## B-Puzzle program

```
from collections import deque
```

```
class puzzle8:
```

```
    def __init__(self, size=3):
```

```
        self.size = size
```

```
    def display_state(self, state):
```

```
        for i in range(0, len(state), self.size):
```

```
            print("state[i:i+size]]")
```

```
            print()
```

```
    def get_neighbours(self, state):
```

```
        neighbours; b, r, c = [], self.get_blank_index(state)
```

```
        dimond (self.get_blank_index(state), self.size)
```

```
        for m in [(0, 1), (1, 0), (0, -1), (-1, 0)]:
```

```
            r, c = r[m[0]] + m[0], c[m[1]] + m[1]
```

```
            if 0 <= r < self.size and 0 <= c < self.size:
```

```
                new_state = state[:]
```

```
                new_blank_index = new_row + self.size +
```

```
                new_col
```

```
                new_state[blank_index], new_state[new_blank_
```

```
                index] =
```

```
                new_state[new_blank_index], new_state[
```

```
                blank_index]
```

```
                neighbours.append(new_state)
```

```
        return neighbours
```

```
    def is_goal_state(self, state, target_state):
```

```
        return state == target_state
```

```
    def bfs(self, initial_state, target_state):
```

```
        return
```

## OUTPUT

Step	Clauses	Derivation
1	RUP	given
2	RVNR	given
3	$\neg RNP$	given
4	$\neg R \rightarrow \neg RVNR$	given
5	$(\neg R \rightarrow \neg RVNR) \vdash$	negation

resinded RVNR and  
 $\neg RUP \rightarrow RVNR$ , which

is in turn true

full

A contradiction is found when  $\neg R$  is assumed as true. Hence  $R$  is true.

```
print("Location B is already clean")  
if status_input_complement == 1:  
    print("Location A is dirty")  
    print("moving left to the location A")  
    cost += 1  
    print("cost for moving left" + str(cost))  
    goal_state['A'] = '0'  
    cost += 1  
    print("cost for suck" + str(cost))  
    print("location A has been cleaned")  
else:  
    print("No action" + str(cost))  
    print("location A is already clean")  
print("Goal State:")  
print(goal_state)  
print("Performance measurement" +  
      str(cost))
```

i = 1

print("Querying facts: ")

for f in facts:

if fact(f).predicate == fact(e).

predicate:

print(f"\t{f} \n")

i += 1

def display(self):

print("All facts: ")

for i, f in enumerate(self.f\_expressions)

for f in self.facts[i]):

print(f"\t{f}\n")

kb\_ = KB()

kb\_.tell("king(x) &amp; greedy(x) =&gt; evil(x) ")

kb\_.tell("king(John)")

kb\_.tell("greedy(John)")

kb\_.tell("king(Richard)")

~~kb\_.tell~~

kb\_.query("evil(\*)")

O/P

Querying evil(\*):

evil(John)

Skt  
2/2/24

## 1. Implement Tic –Tac –Toe Game.

```
import math
import copy

X = "X"
O = "O"
EMPTY = None

def initial_state():
    return [[EMPTY, EMPTY, EMPTY],
            [EMPTY, EMPTY, EMPTY],
            [EMPTY, EMPTY, EMPTY]]

def player(board):
    countO = 0
    countX = 0
    for y in [0, 1, 2]:
        for x in board[y]:
            if x == "O":
                countO = countO + 1
            elif x == "X":
                countX = countX + 1
    if countO >= countX:
        return X
    elif countX > countO:
        return O

def actions(board):
```

```
freeboxes = set()  
for i in [0, 1, 2]:  
    for j in [0, 1, 2]:  
        if board[i][j] == EMPTY:  
            freeboxes.add((i, j))  
return freeboxes
```

```
def result(board, action):  
    i = action[0]  
    j = action[1]  
    if type(action) == list:  
        action = (i, j)  
    if action in actions(board):  
        if player(board) == X:  
            board[i][j] = X  
        elif player(board) == O:  
            board[i][j] = O  
    return board
```

```
def winner(board):  
    if (board[0][0] == board[0][1] == board[0][2] == X or board[1][0] == board[1][1] ==  
        board[1][2] == X or board[2][0] == board[2][1] == board[2][2] == X):  
        return X  
    if (board[0][0] == board[0][1] == board[0][2] == O or board[1][0] == board[1][1] ==  
        board[1][2] == O or board[2][0] == board[2][1] == board[2][2] == O):  
        return O  
    for i in [0, 1, 2]:  
        s2 = []  
        for j in [0, 1, 2]:
```

```
s2.append(board[j][i])

if (s2[0] == s2[1] == s2[2]):

    return s2[0]

strikeD = []

for i in [0, 1, 2]:

    strikeD.append(board[i][i])

if (strikeD[0] == strikeD[1] == strikeD[2]):

    return strikeD[0]

if (board[0][2] == board[1][1] == board[2][0]):

    return board[0][2]

return None
```

```
def terminal(board):

    Full = True

    for i in [0, 1, 2]:

        for j in board[i]:

            if j is None:

                Full = False

    if Full:

        return True

    if (winner(board) is not None):

        return True

    return False
```

```
def utility(board):

    if (winner(board) == X):

        return 1

    elif winner(board) == O:
```

```

        return -1

    else:
        return 0

def minimax_helper(board):
    isMaxTurn = True if player(board) == X else False
    if terminal(board):
        return utility(board)

    scores = []
    for move in actions(board):
        result(board, move)
        scores.append(minimax_helper(board))
        board[move[0]][move[1]] = EMPTY
    return max(scores) if isMaxTurn else min(scores)

def minimax(board):
    isMaxTurn = True if player(board) == X else False
    bestMove = None
    if isMaxTurn:
        bestScore = -math.inf
        for move in actions(board):
            result(board, move)
            score = minimax_helper(board)
            board[move[0]][move[1]] = EMPTY
            if (score > bestScore):
                bestScore = score
                bestMove = move

```

```

        return bestMove

    else:
        bestScore = +math.inf
        for move in actions(board):
            result(board, move)
            score = minimax_helper(board)
            board[move[0]][move[1]] = EMPTY
            if (score < bestScore):
                bestScore = score
                bestMove = move
        return bestMove

```

```

def print_board(board):
    for row in board:
        print(row)

```

```

# Example usage:
game_board = initial_state()
print("Initial Board:")
print_board(game_board)

```

```

while not terminal(game_board):
    if player(game_board) == X:
        user_input = input("\nEnter your move (row, column): ")
        row, col = map(int, user_input.split(','))
        result(game_board, (row, col))
    else:
        print("\nAI is making a move...")

```

```

move = minimax(copy.deepcopy(game_board))

result(game_board, move)

print("\nCurrent Board:")
print_board(game_board)

# Determine the winner
if winner(game_board) is not None:
    print(f"\nThe winner is: {winner(game_board)}")
else:
    print("\nIt's a tie!")

```

```

Initial Board:
[None, None, None]
[None, None, None]
[None, None, None]

Enter your move (row, column): 1,2

Current Board:
[None, None, None]
[None, None, 'X']
[None, None, None]

AI is making a move...

Current Board:
[None, None, None]
[None, 'O', 'X']
[None, None, None]

Enter your move (row, column): 0,0

Current Board:
['X', None, None]
[None, 'O', 'X']
[None, None, None]

AI is making a move...

Current Board:
['X', 'O', None]
[None, 'O', 'X']
[None, None, None]

Enter your move (row, column): 2,1

```

```

Current Board:
['X', 'O', None]
[None, 'O', 'X']
[None, 'X', None]

AI is making a move...

Current Board:
['X', 'O', None]
[None, 'O', 'X']
['O', 'X', None]

Enter your move (row, column): 1,0

Current Board:
['X', 'O', None]
['X', 'O', 'X']
['O', 'X', None]

AI is making a move...

Current Board:
['X', 'O', 'O']
['X', 'O', 'X']
['O', 'X', None]

The winner is: O

```

## OUTPUT:

## 2. Solve 8 puzzle problems.

```
def bfs(src,target):  
    queue = []  
    queue.append(src)  
  
    exp = []  
  
    while len(queue) > 0:  
        source = queue.pop(0)  
        exp.append(source)  
  
        print(source)  
  
        if source==target:  
            print("Success")  
            return  
  
        poss_moves_to_do = []  
        poss_moves_to_do = possible_moves(source,exp)  
  
        for move in poss_moves_to_do:  
  
            if move not in exp and move not in queue:  
                queue.append(move)  
  
def possible_moves(state,visited_states):  
    #index of empty spot  
    b = state.index(0)
```

```

#directions array

d = []

#Add all the possible directions

if b not in [0,1,2]:
    d.append('u')

if b not in [6,7,8]:
    d.append('d')

if b not in [0,3,6]:
    d.append('l')

if b not in [2,5,8]:
    d.append('r')

# If direction is possible then add state to move

pos_moves_it_can = []

# for all possible directions find the state if that move is played

### Jump to gen function to generate all possible moves in the given directions

for i in d:
    pos_moves_it_can.append(gen(state,i,b))

return [move_it_can for move_it_can in pos_moves_it_can if move_it_can not in
visited_states]

def gen(state, m, b):
    temp = state.copy()

    if m=='d':
        temp[b+3],temp[b] = temp[b],temp[b+3]

```

```

if m=='u':
    temp[b-3],temp[b] = temp[b],temp[b-3]

if m=='l':
    temp[b-1],temp[b] = temp[b],temp[b-1]

if m=='r':
    temp[b+1],temp[b] = temp[b],temp[b+1]

# return new state with tested move to later check if "src == target"
return temp

print("Example 1")
src= [2,0,3,1,8,4,7,6,5]
target=[1,2,3,8,0,4,7,6,5]
print("Source: " , src)
print("Goal State: " , target)
bfs(src, target)

print("\nExample 2")
src = [1,2,3,0,4,5,6,7,8]
target = [1,2,3,4,5,0,6,7,8]
print("Source: " , src)
print("Goal State: " , target)
bfs(src, target)

```

### OUTPUT:

Example 1

```
Source: [2, 0, 3, 1, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]
Goal State: [1, 2, 3, 8, 0, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 0, 3, 1, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 0, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[0, 2, 3, 1, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 3, 0, 1, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 6, 4, 7, 0, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 0, 1, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 4, 0, 7, 6, 5]
[1, 2, 3, 0, 8, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 3, 4, 1, 8, 0, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 6, 4, 0, 7, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 6, 4, 7, 5, 0]
[0, 8, 3, 2, 1, 4, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 7, 1, 4, 0, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 0, 1, 4, 3, 7, 6, 5]
[2, 8, 3, 1, 4, 5, 7, 6, 0]
[1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 4, 0, 6, 5]
[1, 2, 3, 8, 0, 4, 7, 6, 5]
Success
```

Example 2

```
Source: [1, 2, 3, 0, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
Goal State: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 0, 6, 7, 8]
[1, 2, 3, 0, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
[0, 2, 3, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
[1, 2, 3, 6, 4, 5, 0, 7, 8]
[1, 2, 3, 4, 0, 5, 6, 7, 8]
[2, 0, 3, 1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
[1, 2, 3, 6, 4, 5, 7, 0, 8]
[1, 0, 3, 4, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8]
[1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 5, 6, 0, 8]
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 0, 6, 7, 8]
Success
```

### **3. Implement Iterative deepening search algorithm.**

```
def iterative_deepening_search(src, target):
    depth_limit = 0
    while True:
        result = depth_limited_search(src, target, depth_limit, [])
        if result is not None:
            print("Success")
            return
        depth_limit += 1
        if depth_limit > 30: # Set a reasonable depth limit to avoid an infinite loop
            print("Solution not found within depth limit.")
            return

def depth_limited_search(src, target, depth_limit, visited_states):
    if src == target:
        print_state(src)
        return src

    if depth_limit == 0:
        return None

    visited_states.append(src)
    poss_moves_to_do = possible_moves(src, visited_states)

    for move in poss_moves_to_do:
        if move not in visited_states:
            print_state(move)
            result = depth_limited_search(move, target, depth_limit - 1, visited_states)
```

```

        if result is not None:
            return result

    return None

def possible_moves(state, visited_states):
    b = state.index(0)
    d = []

    if b not in [0, 1, 2]:
        d.append('u')
    if b not in [6, 7, 8]:
        d.append('d')
    if b not in [0, 3, 6]:
        d.append('l')
    if b not in [2, 5, 8]:
        d.append('r')

    pos_moves_it_can = []

    for i in d:
        pos_moves_it_can.append(gen(state, i, b))

    return [move_it_can for move_it_can in pos_moves_it_can if move_it_can not in
visited_states]

def gen(state, m, b):
    temp = state.copy()

    if m == 'd':
        temp[b + 3], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b + 3]

```

```
        elif m == 'u':
            temp[b - 3], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b - 3]
        elif m == 'l':
            temp[b - 1], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b - 1]
        elif m == 'r':
            temp[b + 1], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b + 1]

    return temp

def print_state(state):
    print(f"\{state[0]\} \{state[1]\} \{state[2]\}\n\{state[3]\} \{state[4]\} \{state[5]\}\n\{state[6]\}
\{state[7]\} \{state[8]\}\n")

print("Example 1")
src = [1,2,3,0,4,5,6,7,8]
target = [1,2,3,4,5,0,6,7,8]
print("Source: " , src)
print("Goal State: " , target)
iterative_deepening_search(src, target)
```

### **OUTPUT:**

```
Example 1
Source: [1, 2, 3, 0, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
Goal State: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 0, 6, 7, 8]
0 2 3
1 4 5
6 7 8

1 2 3
6 4 5
0 7 8

1 2 3
4 0 5
6 7 8

0 2 3
1 4 5
6 7 8

2 0 3
1 4 5
6 7 8

1 2 3
6 4 5
0 7 8

1 2 3
6 4 5
7 0 8

1 2 3
4 0 5
6 7 8
```

```
1 0 3  
4 2 5  
6 7 8
```

```
1 2 3  
4 7 5  
6 0 8
```

```
1 2 3  
4 5 0  
6 7 8
```

```
1 2 3  
4 5 0  
6 7 8
```

```
Success
```

#### 4. Implement A\* search algorithm.

```
def print_grid(src):  
    state = src.copy()  
    state[state.index(-1)] = ''  
    print(  
        f"""  
        {state[0]} {state[1]} {state[2]}\n        {state[3]} {state[4]} {state[5]}\n        {state[6]} {state[7]} {state[8]}\n        ....\n    )  
  
def h(state, target):  
    #Manhattan distance  
    dist = 0  
    for i in state:  
        d1, d2 = state.index(i), target.index(i)  
        x1, y1 = d1 % 3, d1 // 3  
        x2, y2 = d2 % 3, d2 // 3
```

```

    dist += abs(x1-x2) + abs(y1-y2)

    return dist

def astar(src, target):
    states = [src]
    g = 0
    visited_states = set()
    while len(states):
        moves = []
        for state in states:
            visited_states.add(tuple(state))
            print_grid(state)
            if state == target:
                print("Success")
                return
            moves += [move for move in possible_moves(state, visited_states) if move not in
moves]
            costs = [g + h(move, target) for move in moves]
            states = [moves[i] for i in range(len(moves)) if costs[i] == min(costs)]
            g += 1
        print("Fail")

def possible_moves(state, visited_states):
    b = state.index(-1)
    d = []
    if 9 > b - 3 >= 0:
        d += 'u'
    if 9 > b + 3 >= 0:
        d += 'd'
    if b not in [2,5,8]:
        d += 'r'

```

```

if b not in [0,3,6]:
    d += 'T'
pos_moves = []
for move in d:
    pos_moves.append(gen(state,move,b))
return [move for move in pos_moves if tuple(move) not in visited_states]

```

```

def gen(state, direction, b):
    temp = state.copy()
    if direction == 'u':
        temp[b-3], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b-3]
    if direction == 'd':
        temp[b+3], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b+3]
    if direction == 'r':
        temp[b+1], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b+1]
    if direction == 'l':
        temp[b-1], temp[b] = temp[b], temp[b-1]
    return temp

```

```

#Test 1
print("Example 1")
src = [1,2,3,-1,4,5,6,7,8]
target = [1,2,3,4,5,-1,6,7,8]
print("Source: " , src)
print("Goal State: " , target)
astar(src, target)

```

```

# Test 2
print("Example 2")

```

```
src = [1,2,3,-1,4,5,6,7,8]
target=[1,2,3,6,4,5,-1,7,8]
print("Source: " , src)
print("Goal State: " , target)
astar(src, target)
```

```
# Test 3
print("Example 3")
src = [1,2,3,7,4,5,6,-1,8]
target=[1,2,3,6,4,5,-1,7,8]
print("Source: " , src)
print("Goal State: " , target)
astar(src, target)
```

**OUTPUT:**

**Example 1**

Source: [1, 2, 3, -1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]  
Goal State: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, -1, 6, 7, 8]

1 2 3  
4 5  
6 7 8

1 2 3  
4 5  
6 7 8

1 2 3  
4 5  
6 7 8

Success

**Example 2**

Source: [1, 2, 3, -1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]  
Goal State: [1, 2, 3, 6, 4, 5, -1, 7, 8]

1 2 3  
4 5  
6 7 8

1 2 3  
6 4 5  
7 8

Success

Example 3  
Source: [1, 2, 3, 7, 4, 5, 6, -1, 8]  
Goal State: [1, 2, 3, 6, 4, 5, -1, 7, 8]

1 2 3  
7 4 5  
6 8

1 2 3  
7 4 5  
6 8

1 2 3  
4 5  
7 6 8

2 3  
1 4 5  
7 6 8

1 2 3  
4 5  
7 6 8

1 2 3  
4 6 5  
7 8

1 2 3  
6 5  
4 7 8

1 2 3  
6 5  
4 7 8

1 2 3  
6 7 5  
4 8

1 2 3  
6 7 5  
4 8

1 2 3  
7 5  
6 4 8

2 3  
1 7 5  
6 4 8

1 2 3  
7 5  
6 4 8

7 1 3  
4 6 5  
2 8

7 1 3  
4 6 5  
2 8

7 1 3  
4 5  
2 6 8

7 1 3  
4 6 5  
2 8

7 1 3  
4 5  
2 6 8

7 1 3  
2 4 5  
6 8

Fail

## 5. Implement vacuum cleaner agent.

```
def clean(floor, row, col):
    i, j, m, n = row, col, len(floor), len(floor[0])
    goRight = goDown = True
    cleaned = [not any(f) for f in floor]
    while not all(cleaned):
        while any(floor[i]):
            print_floor(floor, i, j)
            if floor[i][j]:
                floor[i][j] = 0
                print_floor(floor, i, j)
            if not any(floor[i]):
                cleaned[i] = True
                break
        if j == n - 1:
            j -= 1
            goRight = False
        elif j == 0:
            j += 1
            goRight = True
        else:
            j += 1 if goRight else -1
        if all(cleaned):
            break
        if i == m - 1:
            i -= 1
            goDown = False
        elif i == 0:
```

```

    i += 1
    goDown = True
else:
    i += 1 if goDown else -1
if cleaned[i]:
    print_floor(floor, i, j)

def print_floor(floor, row, col): # row, col represent the current vacuum cleaner position
    for r in range(len(floor)):
        for c in range(len(floor[r])):
            if r == row and c == col:
                print(f">{floor[r][c]}<", end = "")
            else:
                print(f" {floor[r][c]} ", end = "")
        print(end = '\n')
    print(end = '\n')

# Test 1
floor = [[1, 0, 0, 0],
          [0, 1, 0, 1],
          [1, 0, 1, 1]]

print("Room Condition: ")
for row in floor:
    print(row)
    print("\n")
clean(floor, 1, 2)

```

## **OUTPUT:**

```

Room Condition:
[1, 0, 0, 0]
[0, 1, 0, 1]
[1, 0, 1, 1]

1 0 0 0
0 1 >0< 1
1 0 1 1

1 0 0 0
0 1 0 >1<
1 0 1 1

1 0 0 0
0 1 0 >0<
1 0 1 1

1 0 0 0
0 1 >0< 0
1 0 1 1

1 0 0 0
0 >1< 0 0
1 0 1 1

1 0 0 0
0 >0< 0 0
1 0 1 1

1 0 0 0
0 0 0 0
0 >0< 1 1

1 0 0 0
0 0 0 0
0 0 >1< 1

1 0 0 0
0 0 0 0
0 0 >0< 1

1 0 0 0
0 0 0 0
0 0 0 >1<

1 0 0 0
0 0 0 0
0 0 0 >0<

1 0 0 0
0 0 0 >0<
0 0 0 0

1 0 0 0
0 0 0 0
0 0 0 >0<

1 0 0 0
0 0 0 0
0 0 >0< 0

```

1	0	>0<	0
0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0
1	>0<	0	0
0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0
>1<	0	0	0
0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0
>0<	0	0	0
0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0

- 6. Create a knowledge base using propositional logic and show that the given query entails the knowledge base or not.**

```
def evaluate_expression(p, q, r):
    expression_result = (p or q) and (not r or p)
    return expression_result

def generate_truth_table():
    print(" p | q | r | Expression (KB) | Query (p^r)")
    print("----|---|---|-----|-----")
    for p in [True, False]:
        for q in [True, False]:
            for r in [True, False]:
                expression_result = evaluate_expression(p, q, r)
                query_result = p and r
                print(f" {p} | {q} | {r} | {expression_result} | {query_result}")

def query_entails_knowledge():
    for p in [True, False]:
        for q in [True, False]:
            for r in [True, False]:
                expression_result = evaluate_expression(p, q, r)
                query_result = p and r
                if expression_result and not query_result:
                    return False
    return True
```

```

def main():

    generate_truth_table()

    if query_entails_knowledge():

        print("\nQuery entails the knowledge.")

    else:

        print("\nQuery does not entail the knowledge.")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    main()

```

**OUTPUT:**

KB: (p or q) and (not r or p)				
p	q	r	Expression (KB)	Query (p^r)
True	True	True	True	True
True	True	False	True	False
True	False	True	True	True
True	False	False	True	False
False	True	True	False	False
False	True	False	True	False
False	False	True	False	False
False	False	False	False	False

● Query does not entail the knowledge.

**7. Create a knowledge base using propositional logic and prove the given query using resolution**

```
import re

def main(rules, goal):
    rules = rules.split(' ')
    steps = resolve(rules, goal)
    print("\nStep\tClause\tDerivation\t")
    print('-' * 30)
    i = 1
    for step in steps:
        print(f'{i}. {step}\t{steps[step]}')
        i += 1
    def negate(term):
        return f'~{term}' if term[0] != '~' else term[1]

    def reverse(clause):
        if len(clause) > 2:
            t = split_terms(clause)
            return f'{t[1]} v {t[0]}'
        return ""

    def split_terms(rule):
        exp = '(~*[PQRS])'
        terms = re.findall(exp, rule)
        return terms

    split_terms('~P v R')
    def contradiction(goal, clause):
        contradictions = [ f'{goal} v {negate(goal)}', f'{negate(goal)} v {goal}' ]
        return clause in contradictions or reverse(clause) in contradictions

    def resolve(rules, goal):
```

```

temp = rules.copy()
temp += [negate(goal)]
steps = dict()
for rule in temp:
    steps[rule] = 'Given.'
steps[negate(goal)] = 'Negated conclusion.'
i = 0
while i < len(temp):
    n = len(temp)
    j = (i + 1) % n
    clauses = []
    while j != i:
        terms1 = split_terms(temp[i])
        terms2 = split_terms(temp[j])
        for c in terms1:
            if negate(c) in terms2:
                t1 = [t for t in terms1 if t != c]
                t2 = [t for t in terms2 if t != negate(c)]
                gen = t1 + t2
                if len(gen) == 2:
                    if gen[0] != negate(gen[1]):
                        clauses += [f'{gen[0]} v {gen[1]}']
                    else:
                        if contradiction(goal, f'{gen[0]} v {gen[1]}'):
                            temp.append(f'{gen[0]} v {gen[1]}')
                            steps[""] = f"Resolved {temp[i]} and {temp[j]} to {temp[-1]}, which is in turn null.\nA contradiction is found when {negate(goal)} is assumed as true. Hence, {goal} is true."
                            return steps
                elif len(gen) == 1:
                    temp.append(f'{gen[0]}')
                    steps[""] = f"Resolved {temp[i]} and {temp[j]} to {temp[-1]}, which is in turn null.\nA contradiction is found when {negate(goal)} is assumed as true. Hence, {goal} is true."
                    return steps
            else:
                temp.append(f'{c}')
                steps[""] = f"Resolved {temp[i]} and {temp[j]} to {temp[-1]}, which is in turn null.\nA contradiction is found when {negate(goal)} is assumed as true. Hence, {goal} is true."
                return steps
        j += 1
    i += 1

```

```

cclauses += [f'{gen[0]}']

else:
    if contradiction(goal,f'{terms1[0]} v {terms2[0]}'):
        temp.append(f'{terms1[0]} v {terms2[0]}')
        steps[""] = f"Resolved {temp[i]} and {temp[j]} to {temp[-1]}, which is in
turn null.\n
A contradiction is found when {negate(goal)} is assumed as true. Hence,
{goal} is true."
    return steps

for clause in clauses:
    if clause not in temp and clause != reverse(clause) and reverse(clause) not in temp:
        temp.append(clause)
        steps[clause] = f'Resolved from {temp[i]} and {temp[j]}.''
        j = (j + 1) % n
    i += 1
return steps

rules = 'Rv~P Rv~Q ~RvP ~RvQ' #(P^Q)<=>R : (Rv~P)v(Rv~Q)^(~RvP)^(~RvQ)
goal = 'R'
print('Rules: ',rules)
print("Goal: ",goal)
main(rules, goal)

rules = 'PvQ ~PvR ~QvR' #P=vQ, P=>Q : ~PvQ, Q=>R, ~QvR
goal = 'R'
print('Rules: ',rules)
print("Goal: ",goal)
main(rules, goal)

rules = 'PvQ PvR ~PvR RvS Rv~Q ~Sv~Q' # (P=>Q)=>Q, (P=>P)=>R, (R=>S)=>~(S=>Q)
goal = 'R'
print('Rules: ',rules)

```

```
print("Goal: ",goal)
```

```
main(rules, goal)
```

## **OUTPUT:**

```
Example 1
```

```
Rules: Rv~P Rv~Q ~RvP ~RvQ
```

```
Goal: R
```

Step	Clause	Derivation
1.	Rv~P	Given.
2.	Rv~Q	Given.
3.	~RvP	Given.
4.	~RvQ	Given.
5.	~R	Negated conclusion.
6.		Resolved Rv~P and ~RvP to Rv~R, which is in turn null.

A contradiction is found when ~R is assumed as true. Hence, R is true.

```
Example 2
```

```
Rules: PvQ ~PvR ~QvR
```

```
Goal: R
```

Step	Clause	Derivation
1.	PvQ	Given.
2.	~PvR	Given.
3.	~QvR	Given.
4.	~R	Negated conclusion.
5.	QvR	Resolved from PvQ and ~PvR.
6.	PvR	Resolved from PvQ and ~QvR.
7.	~P	Resolved from ~PvR and ~R.
8.	~Q	Resolved from ~QvR and ~R.
9.	Q	Resolved from ~R and QvR.
10.	P	Resolved from ~R and PvR.
11.	R	Resolved from QvR and ~Q.
12.		Resolved R and ~R to Rv~R, which is in turn null.

• A contradiction is found when ~R is assumed as true. Hence, R is true.

**Example 3**

Rules:  $P \vee Q$   $P \vee R$   $\neg P \vee R$   $R \vee S$   $R \vee \neg Q$   $\neg S \vee \neg Q$   
Goal:  $R$

Step	Clause	Derivation
1.	$P \vee Q$	Given.
2.	$P \vee R$	Given.
3.	$\neg P \vee R$	Given.
4.	$R \vee S$	Given.
5.	$R \vee \neg Q$	Given.
6.	$\neg S \vee \neg Q$	Given.
7.	$\neg R$	Negated conclusion.
8.	$Q \vee R$	Resolved from $P \vee Q$ and $\neg P \vee R$ .
9.	$P \vee \neg S$	Resolved from $P \vee Q$ and $\neg S \vee \neg Q$ .
10.	$P$	Resolved from $P \vee R$ and $\neg R$ .
11.	$\neg P$	Resolved from $\neg P \vee R$ and $\neg R$ .
12.	$R \vee \neg S$	Resolved from $\neg P \vee R$ and $P \vee \neg S$ .
13.	$R$	Resolved from $\neg P \vee R$ and $P$ .
14.	$S$	Resolved from $R \vee S$ and $\neg R$ .
15.	$\neg Q$	Resolved from $R \vee \neg Q$ and $\neg R$ .
16.	$Q$	Resolved from $\neg R$ and $Q \vee R$ .
17.	$\neg S$	Resolved from $\neg R$ and $R \vee \neg S$ .
18.		Resolved $\neg R$ and $R$ to $\neg R \vee R$ , which is in turn null.

A contradiction is found when  $\neg R$  is assumed as true. Hence,  $R$  is true.

## 8. Implement unification in first order logic

```
import re

def getAttributes(expression):
    expression = expression.split("(")[1:]
    expression = ".join(expression)
    expression = expression[:-1]
    expression = re.split("(?<!\(.),(?!.\))", expression)
    return expression

def getInitialPredicate(expression):
    return expression.split("(")[0]

def isConstant(char):
    return char.isupper() and len(char) == 1

def isVariable(char):
    return char.islower() and len(char) == 1

def replaceAttributes(exp, old, new):
    attributes = getAttributes(exp)
    for index, val in enumerate(attributes):
        if val == old:
            attributes[index] = new
    predicate = getInitialPredicate(exp)
    return predicate + "(" + ",".join(attributes) + ")"

def apply(exp, substitutions):
    for substitution in substitutions:
```

```

new, old = substitution

exp = replaceAttributes(exp, old, new)

return exp


def checkOccurs(var, exp):
    if exp.find(var) == -1:
        return False
    return True


def getFirstPart(expression):
    attributes = getAttributes(expression)
    return attributes[0]


def getRemainingPart(expression):
    predicate = getInitialPredicate(expression)
    attributes = getAttributes(expression)
    newExpression = predicate + "(" + ",".join(attributes[1:]) + ")"
    return newExpression


def unify(exp1, exp2):
    if exp1 == exp2:
        return []

    if isConstant(exp1) and isConstant(exp2):
        if exp1 != exp2:
            return False

    if isConstant(exp1):

```

```

        return [(exp1, exp2)]


if isConstant(exp2):
    return [(exp2, exp1)]


if isVariable(exp1):
    if checkOccurs(exp1, exp2):
        return False
    else:
        return [(exp2, exp1)]


if isVariable(exp2):
    if checkOccurs(exp2, exp1):
        return False
    else:
        return [(exp1, exp2)]


if getInitialPredicate(exp1) != getInitialPredicate(exp2):
    print("Predicates do not match. Cannot be unified")
    return False


attributeCount1 = len(getAttributes(exp1))
attributeCount2 = len(getAttributes(exp2))
if attributeCount1 != attributeCount2:
    return False


head1 = getFirstPart(exp1)
head2 = getFirstPart(exp2)
initialSubstitution = unify(head1, head2)
if not initialSubstitution:

```

```

        return False

    if attributeCount1 == 1:
        return initialSubstitution

    tail1 = getRemainingPart(exp1)
    tail2 = getRemainingPart(exp2)

    if initialSubstitution != []:
        tail1 = apply(tail1, initialSubstitution)
        tail2 = apply(tail2, initialSubstitution)

    remainingSubstitution = unify(tail1, tail2)
    if not remainingSubstitution:
        return False

    initialSubstitution.extend(remainingSubstitution)
    return initialSubstitution

print("\nExample 1")
exp1 = "knows(f(x),y)"
exp2 = "knows(J,John)"
print("Expression 1: ",exp1)
print("Expression 2: ",exp2)

substitutions = unify(exp1, exp2)
print("Substitutions:")
print(substitutions)

print("\nExample 2")
exp1 = "knows(John,x)"

```

```
exp2 = "knows(y,mother(y))"  
print("Expression 1: ",exp1)  
print("Expression 2: ",exp2)
```

```
substitutions = unify(exp1, exp2)  
print("Substitutions:")  
print(substitutions)
```

```
print("\nExample 3")  
exp1 = "Student(x)"  
exp2 = "Teacher(Rose)"  
print("Expression 1: ",exp1)  
print("Expression 2: ",exp2)
```

```
substitutions = unify(exp1, exp2)  
print("Substitutions:")  
print(substitutions)
```

## **OUTPUT:**

**Example 1**

Expression 1: knows(f(x),y)

Expression 2: knows(J,John)

Substitutions:

[('J', 'f(x)'), ('John', 'y')]

**Example 2**

Expression 1: knows(John,x)

Expression 2: knows(y,mother(y))

Substitutions:

[('John', 'y'), ('mother(y)', 'x')]

**Example 3**

Expression 1: Student(x)

Expression 2: Teacher(Rose)

► Predicates do not match. Cannot be unified

Substitutions:

False

## 9. Convert a given first order logic statement into Conjunctive Normal Form (CNF).

```
def getAttributes(string):
    expr = '\([^\)]+\)'
    matches = re.findall(expr, string)
    return [m for m in str(matches) if m.isalpha()]

def getPredicates(string):
    expr = '[a-zA-Z~]+\\([A-Za-z,]+\\)'
    return re.findall(expr, string)

def Skolemization(statement):
    SKOLEM_CONSTANTS = [f'{chr(c)}' for c in range(ord('A'), ord('Z')+1)]
    matches = re.findall('(\exists).', statement)
    for match in matches[::-1]:
        statement = statement.replace(match, "")
        for predicate in getPredicates(statement):
            attributes = getAttributes(predicate)
            if ".join(attributes).islower()":
                statement = statement.replace(match[1],SKOLEM_CONSTANTS.pop(0))
    return statement

import re

def fol_to_cnf(fol):
    statement = fol.replace("=>", " - ")
    expr = '\([^\)]+\)'
    statements = re.findall(expr, statement)
    for i, s in enumerate(statements):
        if '[' in s and ']' not in s:
            statements[i] += ']'

```

for s in statements:

```
statement = statement.replace(s, fol_to_cnf(s))
```

while '-' in statement:

```
i = statement.index('-')
```

```
br = statement.index('[') if '[' in statement else 0
```

```
new_statement = '~' + statement[br:i] + ']' + statement[i+1:]
```

```
statement = statement[:br] + new_statement if br > 0 else new_statement
```

```
return Skolemization(statement)
```

```
print(fol_to_cnf("bird(x)=>~fly(x)"))
```

```
print(fol_to_cnf("∃x[bird(x)=>~fly(x)]"))
```

```
print(Skolemization(fol_to_cnf("animal(y)<=>loves(x,y)")))
```

```
print(Skolemization(fol_to_cnf("∀x[∀y[animal(y)=>loves(x,y)]]=>[∃z[loves(z,x)]]")))
```

```
print(fol_to_cnf("[american(x)&weapon(y)&sells(x,y,z)&hostile(z)]=>criminal(x)"))
```

## OUTPUT:

### Example 1

FOL:  $\text{bird}(x) \Rightarrow \neg \text{fly}(x)$

CNF:  $\neg \text{bird}(x) \vee \neg \text{fly}(x)$

### Example 2

FOL:  $\exists x[\text{bird}(x) \Rightarrow \neg \text{fly}(x)]$

CNF:  $[\neg \text{bird}(A) \vee \neg \text{fly}(A)]$

### Example 3

FOL:  $\text{animal}(y) \Leftrightarrow \text{loves}(x,y)$

CNF:  $\neg \text{animal}(y) \vee \text{loves}(x,y)$

### Example 4

FOL:  $\forall x[\forall y[\text{animal}(y) \Rightarrow \text{loves}(x,y)]] \Rightarrow [\exists z[\text{loves}(z,x)]]$

CNF:  $\forall x \neg [\forall y [\neg \text{animal}(y) \vee \text{loves}(x,y)]] \vee [\exists z \text{loves}(z,x)]$

### Example 5

FOL:  $[\text{american}(x) \wedge \text{weapon}(y) \wedge \text{sells}(x,y,z) \wedge \text{hostile}(z)] \Rightarrow \text{criminal}(x)$

CNF:  $\neg [\text{american}(x) \wedge \text{weapon}(y) \wedge \text{sells}(x,y,z) \wedge \text{hostile}(z)] \vee \text{criminal}(x)$

**10. Create a knowledge base consisting of first order logic statements and prove the given query using forward reasoning.**

```
import re
```

```
def isVariable(x):  
    return len(x) == 1 and x.islower() and x.isalpha()
```

```
def getAttributes(string):  
    expr = '\([^\)]+\)'  
    matches = re.findall(expr, string)  
    return matches
```

```
def getPredicates(string):  
    expr = '([a-zA-Z]+)\([^\&]+\)'  
    return re.findall(expr, string)
```

```
class Fact:  
    def __init__(self, expression):  
        self.expression = expression  
        predicate, params = self.splitExpression(expression)  
        self.predicate = predicate  
        self.params = params  
        self.result = any(self.getConstants())
```

```
def splitExpression(self, expression):  
    predicate = getPredicates(expression)[0]  
    params = getAttributes(expression)[0].strip(')').split(',')  
    return [predicate, params]
```

```
def getResult(self):
```

```

    return self.result

def getConstants(self):
    return [None if isVariable(c) else c for c in self.params]

def getVariables(self):
    return [v if isVariable(v) else None for v in self.params]

def substitute(self, constants):
    c = constants.copy()
    f = f"{{self.predicate}({','.join([constants.pop(0) if isVariable(p) else p for p in self.params])}})"
    return Fact(f)

class Implication:
    def __init__(self, expression):
        self.expression = expression
        l = expression.split('=>')
        self.lhs = [Fact(f) for f in l[0].split('&')]
        self.rhs = Fact(l[1])

    def evaluate(self, facts):
        constants = {}
        new_lhs = []
        for fact in facts:
            for val in self.lhs:
                if val.predicate == fact.predicate:
                    for i, v in enumerate(val.getVariables()):
                        if v:
                            constants[v] = fact.getConstants()[i]
                    new_lhs.append(fact)

```

```

predicate, attributes = getPredicates(self.rhs.expression)[0],
str(getAttributes(self.rhs.expression)[0])

for key in constants:
    if constants[key]:
        attributes = attributes.replace(key, constants[key])

expr = f'{predicate} {attributes}'

return Fact(expr) if len(new_lhs) and all([f.getResult() for f in new_lhs]) else None

class KB:

    def __init__(self):
        self.facts = set()
        self.implications = set()

    def tell(self, e):
        if '=>' in e:
            self.implications.add(Implication(e))
        else:
            self.facts.add(Fact(e))
            for i in self.implications:
                res = i.evaluate(self.facts)
                if res:
                    self.facts.add(res)

    def query(self, e):
        facts = set([f.expression for f in self.facts])
        i = 1
        print(f'Querying {e}:')
        for f in facts:
            if Fact(f).predicate == Fact(e).predicate:
                print(f'\t{i}. {f}')
                i += 1

```

```

def display(self):
    print("All facts: ")
    for i, f in enumerate(set([f.expression for f in self.facts])):
        print(f'\t{i+1}. {f}')

kb = KB()
kb.tell('missile(x)=>weapon(x)')
kb.tell('missile(M1)')
kb.tell('enemy(x,America)=>hostile(x)')
kb.tell('american(West)')
kb.tell('enemy(Nono,America)')
kb.tell('owns(Nono,M1)')
kb.tell('missile(x)&owns(Nono,x)=>sells(West,x,Nono)')
kb.tell('american(x)&weapon(y)&sells(x,y,z)&hostile(z)=>criminal(x)')
kb.query('criminal(x)')
kb.display()

kb_ = KB()
kb_.tell('king(x)&greedy(x)=>evil(x)')
kb_.tell('king(John)')
kb_.tell('greedy(John)')
kb_.tell('king(Richard)')
kb_.query('evil(x)')

```

## **OUTPUT:**

```
Example 1
Querying criminal(x):
    1. criminal(West)
All facts:
    1. american(West)
    2. enemy(Nono,America)
    3. hostile(Nono)
    4. sells(West,M1,Nono)
    5. owns(Nono,M1)
    6. missile(M1)
    7. weapon(M1)
    8. criminal(West)
```

```
Example 2
Querying evil(x):
    1. evil(John)
```