

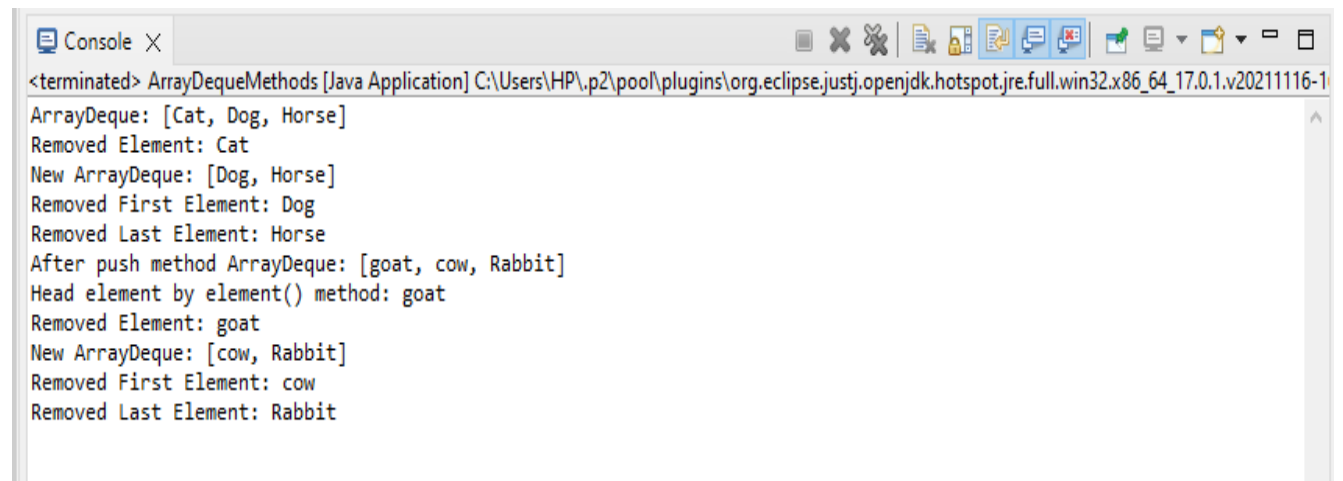
QUESTION 1

Implement an ArrayDeque and all of its methods such as add(), addFirst(), addLast(), element(), poll(), push(), remove.

```
package AssignmentSBA3;
import java.util.ArrayDeque;

public class ArrayDequeMethods {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        ArrayDeque<String> animals = new ArrayDeque<>();
        // Using add()
        animals.add("Dog");
        // Using addFirst()
        animals.addFirst("Cat");
        // Using addLast()
        animals.addLast("Horse");
        System.out.println("ArrayDeque: " + animals);
        // Using poll()
        String element = animals.poll();
        System.out.println("Removed Element: " + element);
        System.out.println("New ArrayDeque: " + animals);
        // Using pollFirst()
        String firstElement = animals.pollFirst();
        System.out.println("Removed First Element: " + firstElement);
        // Using pollLast()
        String lastElement = animals.pollLast();
        System.out.println("Removed Last Element: " + lastElement);
        // using push()
        animals.push("Rabbit");
        animals.push("cow");
        animals.push("goat");
        System.out.println("After push method ArrayDeque: " + animals);
        // using element()--returns element present in the head
        System.out.println("Head element by element() method: " +
animals.element());
        // Using remove()
        String element1 = animals.remove();
        System.out.println("Removed Element: " + element1);
        System.out.println("New ArrayDeque: " + animals);
        // Using removeFirst()
        String firstElement1 = animals.removeFirst();
        System.out.println("Removed First Element: " + firstElement1);
        // Using removeLast()
        String lastElement1 = animals.removeLast();
        System.out.println("Removed Last Element: " + lastElement1);
    }
}
```

OUTPUT

A screenshot of an Eclipse IDE console window. The title bar says 'Console X'. The text in the console is as follows:

```
<terminated> ArrayDequeMethods [Java Application] C:\Users\HP\p2\pool\plugins\org.eclipse.justj.openjdk.hotspot.jre.full.win32.x86_64_17.0.1.v20211116-1
ArrayDeque: [Cat, Dog, Horse]
Removed Element: Cat
New ArrayDeque: [Dog, Horse]
Removed First Element: Dog
Removed Last Element: Horse
After push method ArrayDeque: [goat, cow, Rabbit]
Head element by element() method: goat
Removed Element: goat
New ArrayDeque: [cow, Rabbit]
Removed First Element: cow
Removed Last Element: Rabbit
```

QUESTION 2

Implement a PriorityQueue and use all the methods.

```
package AssignmentSBA3;
import java.util.Iterator;
import java.util.PriorityQueue;
public class PriorityQueMthd {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // Creating empty priority queue
        PriorityQueue<Integer> pQueue = new PriorityQueue<Integer>();

        // Adding items to the pQueue using add()
        pQueue.add(10);
        pQueue.add(12);
        pQueue.add(20);
        pQueue.add(100);
        pQueue.add(155);
        System.out.println("the priority queue: " + pQueue);
        // Creating an iterator
        Iterator <Integer>value =pQueue.iterator();

        // Displaying the values after iterating through the queue
        System.out.println("The iterator values are: ");
        while (value.hasNext()) {
            System.out.println(value.next());
        }
        // Check for "4" in the queue
        System.out.println("Does the Queue contains 12? "+pQueue.contains(12));
        // Inserting using offer()
```

```

    pQueue.offer(1000);
    pQueue.offer(2000);
    // Displaying th final Queue
    System.out.println("Priority queue after Insertion: " +pQueue );

    // Printing the top element of PriorityQueue
    System.out.println("top element of PriorityQueue: " + pQueue.peek());

    // Printing the top element and removing it
    // from the PriorityQueue container
    System.out.println("top element and removing from the PriorityQueue
container: " + pQueue.poll());

    // Printing the top element again
    System.out.println("new top element: " + pQueue.peek());
    // using the method
    pQueue.remove(12);
    System.out.println("After Remove - " + pQueue);
    //to find size
    System.out.println("the size of queue: "+pQueue.size());
    //element()
    System.out.println("The head of the element"+pQueue.element());
    // Creating an iterator

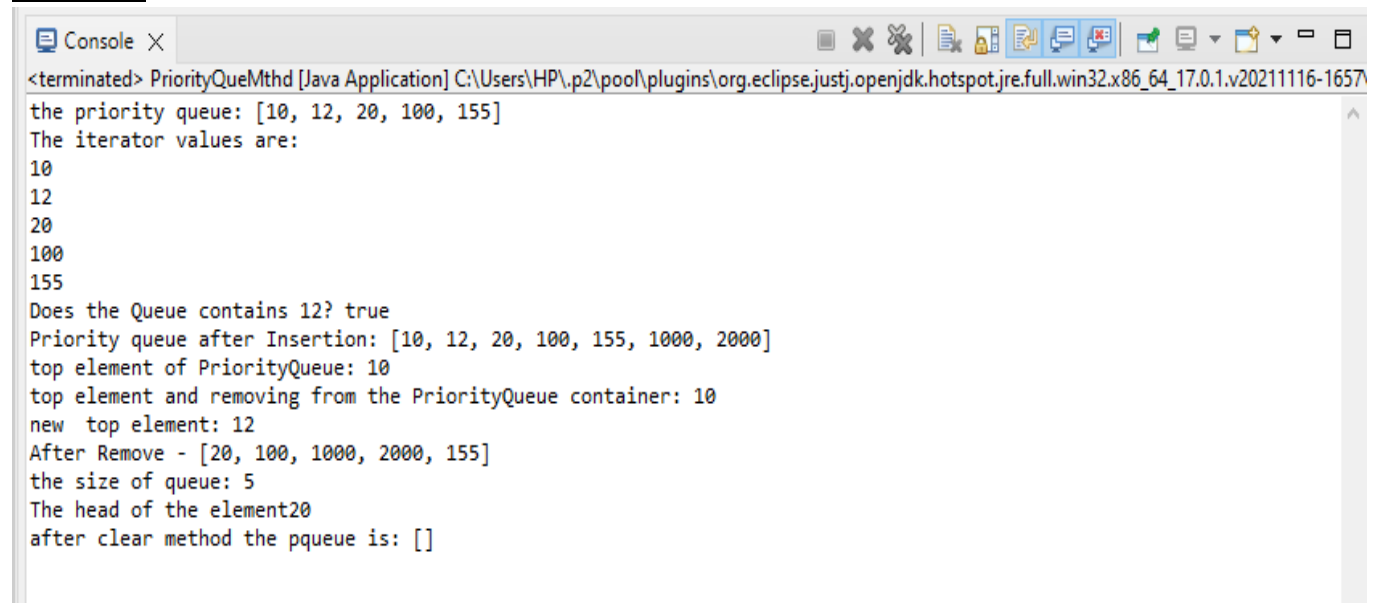
    //clear()
    pQueue.clear();
    System.out.println("after clear method the pqueue is: "+pQueue);

}

}

```

OUTPUT



```

<terminated> PriorityQueMthd [Java Application] C:\Users\HP\p2\pool\plugins\org.eclipse.justj.openjdk.hotspot.jre.full.win32.x86_64_17.0.1.v20211116-1657\
the priority queue: [10, 12, 20, 100, 155]
The iterator values are:
10
12
20
100
155
Does the Queue contains 12? true
Priority queue after Insertion: [10, 12, 20, 100, 155, 1000, 2000]
top element of PriorityQueue: 10
top element and removing from the PriorityQueue container: 10
new top element: 12
After Remove - [20, 100, 1000, 2000, 155]
the size of queue: 5
The head of the element20
after clear method the pqueue is: []

```

QUESTION 3

Implement a Stack and all of its methods peek(), push(), pop(), and to determine the size of the stack.

```
package AssignmentSBA3;
import java.util.Stack;

public class stackMthd {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // Creating an empty Stack
        Stack<Integer> stk = new Stack<Integer>();

        // Use add() method to add elements
        stk.push(10);
        stk.push(15);
        stk.push(30);
        stk.push(20);
        stk.push(5);

        // Displaying the Stack
        System.out.println("Initial Stack: " + stk);

        // Removing elements using pop() method
        System.out.println("Popped element: "
            + stk.pop());
        System.out.println("Popped element: "
            + stk.pop());

        // Displaying the Stack after pop operation
        System.out.println("Stack after pop operation "
            + stk);
        // Fetching the element at the head of the Stack
        System.out.println("The element at the top of the"
            + " stack is: " + stk.peek());

        // Displaying the Stack after the Operation
        System.out.println("Final Stack: " + stk);
        // Displaying the size of stack
        System.out.println("The size is: " + stk.size());
    }
}
```

OUTPUT

```
Console X
<terminated> stackMthd [Java Application] C:\Users\HP\p2\pool\plugins\org.eclipse.justj.openjdk.hotspot.jre.full.win32.x86_64_17.0.1.v20211116-1657\jre\bin
Initial Stack: [10, 15, 30, 20, 5]
Popped element: 5
Popped element: 20
Stack after pop operation [10, 15, 30]
The element at the top of the stack is: 30
Final Stack: [10, 15, 30]
The size is: 3
```

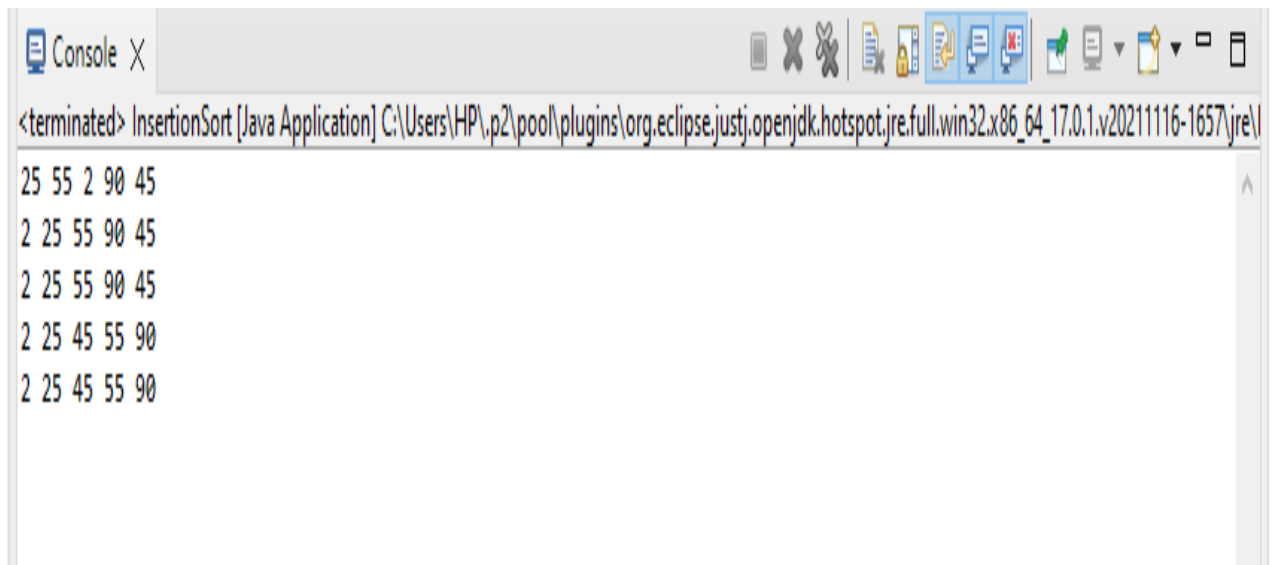
QUESTION 4

Write a program to implement insertion sort.

```
package Assignment;
public class InsertionSort {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int a[] = {25, 55, 2, 90, 45};
        int temp, j;
        for(int i=1; i<a.length; i++)
        {
            temp=a[i];
            j=i;
            while(j>0 && a[j-1]>temp)
            {
                a[j]=a[j-1];
                j=j-1;
            }
            a[j]=temp;
            for (int k=0; k<a.length; ++k)
            {
                System.out.print(a[k]+" ");
            }
            System.out.println();
        }
        for(int i=0; i<a.length; i++)
        {
            System.out.print(a[i]+ " ");
        }
    }
}
```

OUTPUT



The screenshot shows the Eclipse IDE's console window. The title bar reads "Console X". The console output shows the program has terminated and displays the following sequence of numbers: 25 55 2 90 45, followed by four iterations of 2 25 55 90 45. The console window includes standard Eclipse toolbars for actions like copy, paste, and search.

```
<terminated> InsertionSort [Java Application] C:\Users\HP\p2\pool\plugins\org.eclipse.justj.openjdk.hotspot.jre.full.win32.x86_64_17.0.1.v20211116-1657\jre\l  
25 55 2 90 45  
2 25 55 90 45  
2 25 55 90 45  
2 25 45 55 90  
2 25 45 55 90
```