Comparison of
Reinforcement Learning
Algorithms for Continuous
Problem

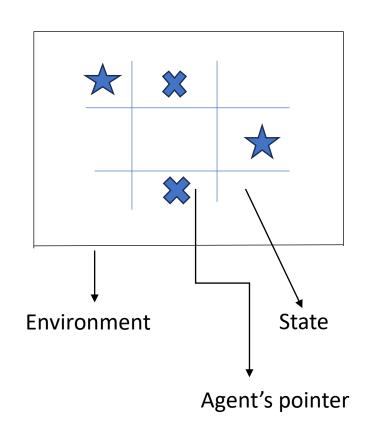
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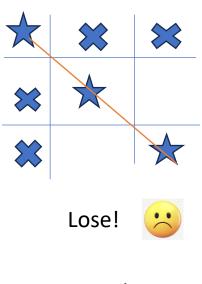


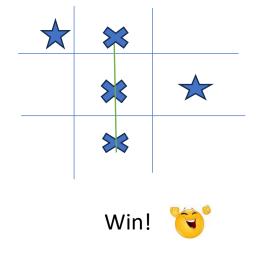
#### Outline

- Introduction
- Problem definition
- Research objective
- Algorithm Description
- Result Analysis
- Discussion

### What is Reinforcement Learning?





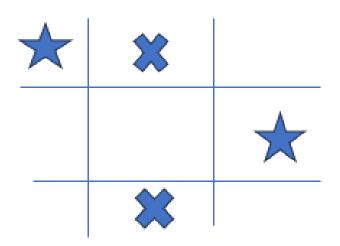


Reward: -1

Reward: +1

## Why Reinforcement Learning?

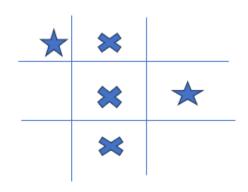
- Well suited when the environment is dynamic
- Algorithm can easily adapt environment
- No prior knowledge is required, receives feedback from the environment in the form of reward
- Due to diverse adaptability, Reinforcement Learning is applied in
  - Robotics
  - Finance
  - Healthcare etc.

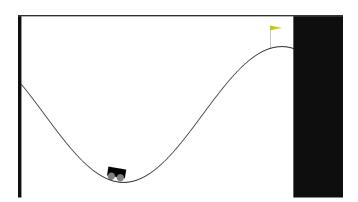


### Research Objective

In Reinforcement Learning, two types of environment are used:

Discrete Continuous



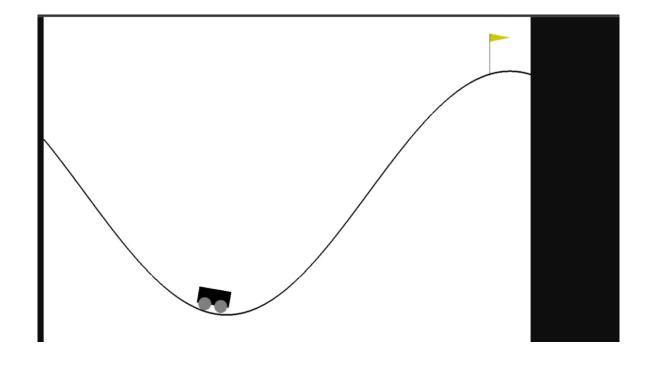


Our research objective is comparison among three prominent RL algorithms for Mountain car continuous problem:

- Q-Learning
- Deep Q Learning (DQN)
- Actor-Critic

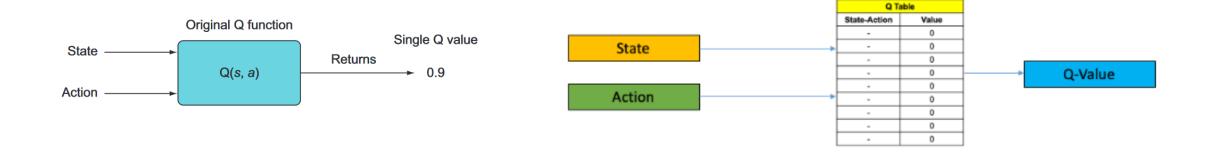
#### Problem Definition

- We used OpenAl Gym's Mountain Car environment
- Agent must learn to navigate a car up a steep hill
- State space (position:[0.6 -1.2] and velocity:[0.07 -0.07]) and action space (action: [-1.0 1.0]) of this environment are continuous, that makes it challenging
- If it reaches to the goal position, +100 reward will be provided
- Otherwise, it will get negative reward



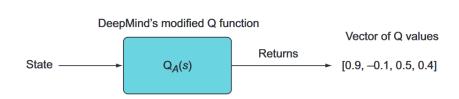
### Q-Learning Algorithm

- Value based algorithm that learns Q-table
- Maps state-action pairs to expected rewards



## Deep Q Learning Algorithm

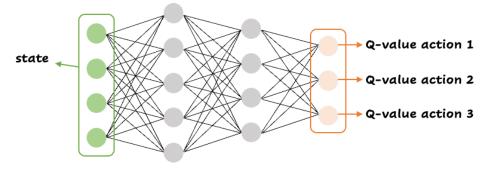
- Uses a deep neural network to represent the Q-table
- Takes only states as input and produce output for every action



#### Tabular Q-learning

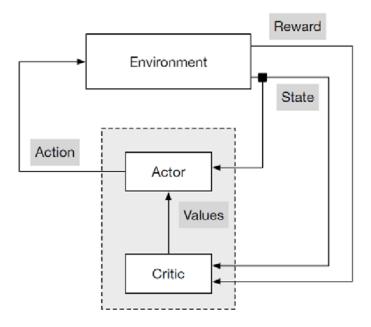
	Actions			
States	1	2		n
0	Q(0,1)	Q(0,2)		Q(0,n)
1	Q(1,1)	Q(1,2)		Q(1,n)
m	Q(m,1)	Q(m,2)		Q(m,n)

#### Deep Q-learning



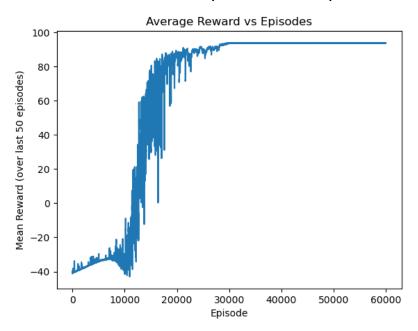
#### Actor-Critic Algorithm

- Learns a policy and a value function simultaneously
- The actor learns a policy that maps states to actions, and the critic learns a value function that estimates the expected reward of a state.



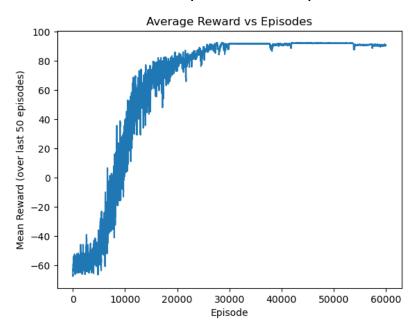
# Results (Q-Learning Algorithm)

- Environment Setup:
  - State space
    - Divided position into 12 equal chunks
    - Divided velocity into 20 equal chunks
  - Divided action space into 3 equal chunks



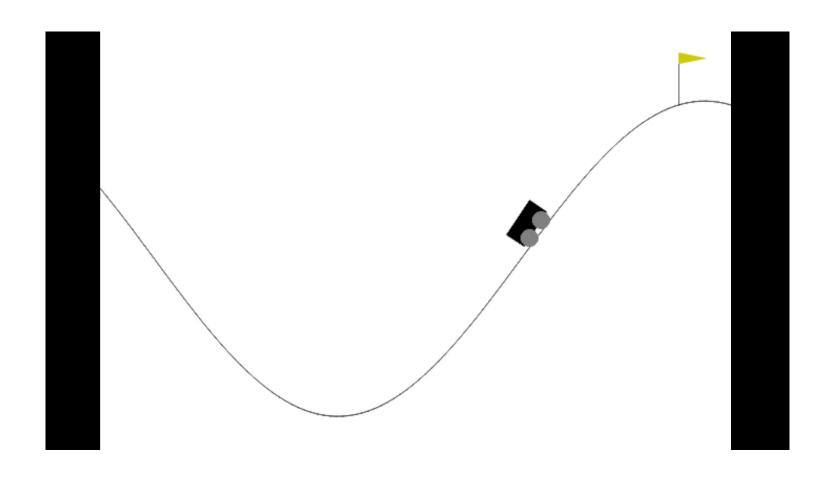
Converged at 21141 episode

- Environment Setup:
  - State space
    - Divided position into 16 equal chunks
    - Divided velocity into 20 equal chunks
  - Divided action space into 9 equal chunks



Converged at 23806 episode

## Results (Q-Learning Algorithm)

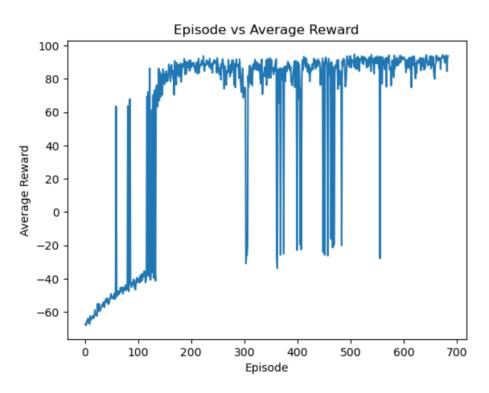


## Results (Deep Q learning)

#### Environment Setup:

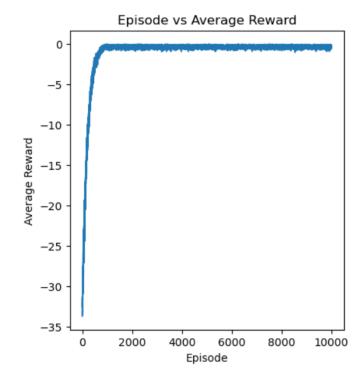
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- State space is continuous
- Divided action space into 3 equal chunks



#### Environment Setup:

- State space is continuous
- Action space is continuous

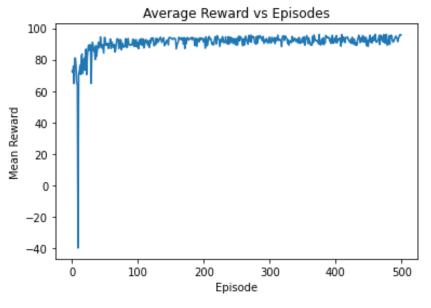


Not Converged (expected)

## Results (Actor-Critic Algorithm)

#### **Environment Setup:**

- Continuous action space
- Continuous state space



Converged at episode 56

# Comparison

Q-Learning Algorithm	Deep Q learning Algorithm	Actor Critic Algorithm
<ul><li>Not suitable for</li><li>Continuous state space</li><li>Continuous action space</li></ul>	<ul><li>Suitable for</li><li>Continuous state space</li><li>Not suitable for continuous action space</li></ul>	<ul><li>Suitable for both</li><li>Continuous state space</li><li>Continuous action space</li></ul>
Converged approximately 21K episodes	Converged at 682 episode for discrete action space	Converged at 56 episode

#### Conclusion

- Among three algorithms, Actor-Critic performs significantly better than other two algorithms when environment is continuous
- In future, we will explore more continuous problems

#### Thank You! Any Questions?

#### References

- https://www.google.com/search?rlz=1C1VDKB\_enUS1033US1033&sxsrf=AB5stBgT956SvHcRCOECbaey\_QqEIGGKqg:1690134820210&q=image+of+dqn&tbm=isch&sa=X&ved=2a hUKEwjV4dLssqWAAxXug4kEHVy0CnwQ0pQJegQIDBAB&biw=1600&bih=781&dpr=1#imgrc=5d7kyHEoKgRbOM&vwlns=WyIwQ0JFUWg2Y0dhaGNLRXdpUTh1bnVzcVdBQXhVQUF BQUFIUUFBQUFBUUJBII0=&Ins=W251bGwsbnVsbCxudWxsLG51bGwsbnVsbCxudWxsLG51bGwslkVrY0tKREJrTIRneU5HRm1MV05rWTJVdE5EUXpNQzFoTVdZNUxUbGINeIF6T0Rre FIUVTBOUklmVVRrNVZISkxVV0ZIUW1kYVNVVXhUR3gwZUVKVIRIQnZhRVJGTFcxQ1p3PT0iLG51bGwsbnVsbCxudWxsLDEsbnVsbCxudWxsLFswLDUyNDEyLDQ3NTg4LDEw MDAwMF0sbnVsbCw1XV0=
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