

Overview of my work in Jul and Aug

- Classification of Braking and Normal Windows using PCA eigen vectors
- Classification of Braking and Normal Windows using AutoRegressive Model
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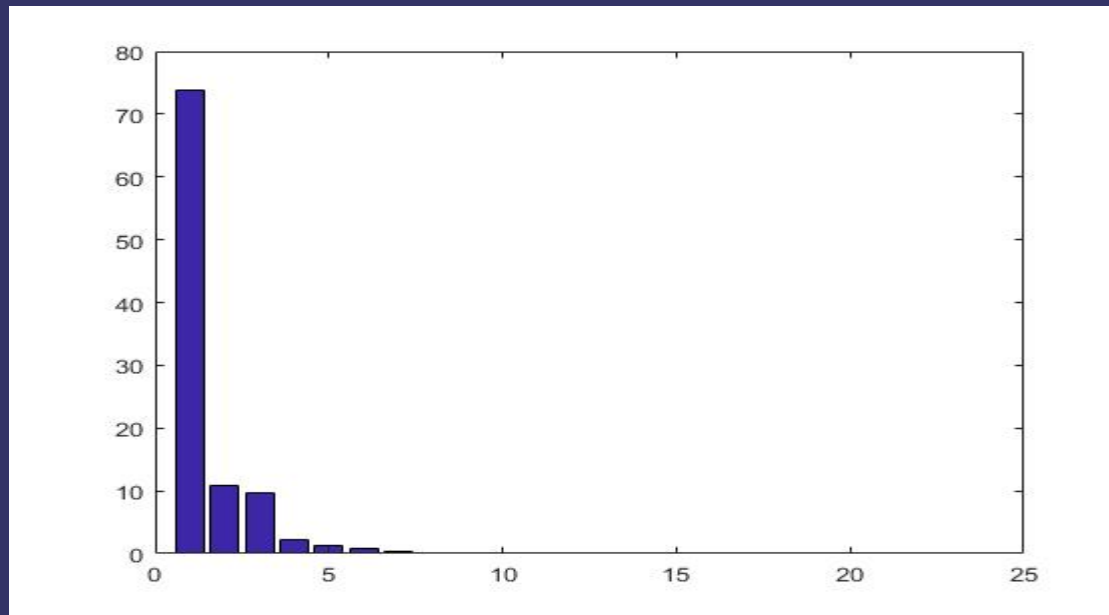
Classification using PCA

- PCA data matrix consists of variables and observations
- I am considering channels as variables
- I am considering windows data samples as observations
- I consider 24 channels and 1.5sec window (300 samples) across these channels
- I reduce each window signal to Zero Mean and Unit Variance
- So the data matrix fed to PCA is of size 300 * 24

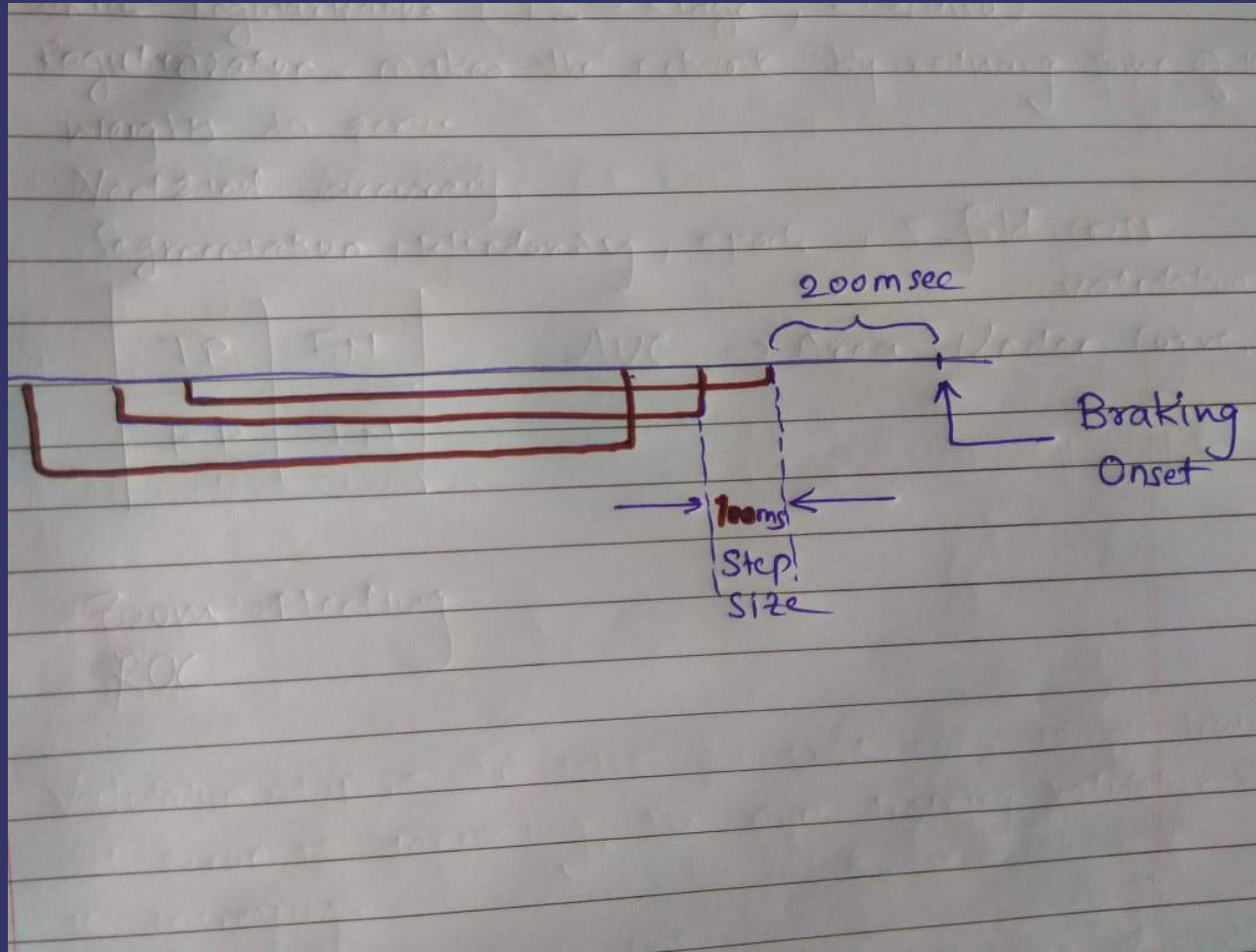


Classification using PCA (contd ...)

- PCA generates a 24×24 matrix with eigen vectors
- I am considering first 4 eigen vectors based on maximum information for each point (little 1.500 sec window)



Overlapping Windows



Classification using PCA (contd ...)

- There are totally such 30 braking and 70 normal points for each of 14 training subjects
- This gives me $14 \times 30 \times 6 + 14 \times 70 \times 6 = 8400$ points (6 is number of overlapping windows)
- I shuffle the above points and their corresponding labels
- I feed the points to the neural network



Over-Fitting issue

➤ I faced an over-fitting issue where the training accuracy is much higher than unseen data testing accuracy

➤ Solutions for Over-fitting issue

- Regularization
- Early Stopping
- More training data
- Less features



Regularization of Neural Network to avoid Over-Fitting

- I implemented Regularization in two ways
- Introducing a ReLU (Poslin) layer
- Make Mean Square Error (MSE) to be a function of weights



Training NN Multiple Times and Pick The Best Network

- I trained the neural network multiple times with Randomness in input data division and finite number of epochs
- I picked up the best network, based on the unseen data accuracy it provides

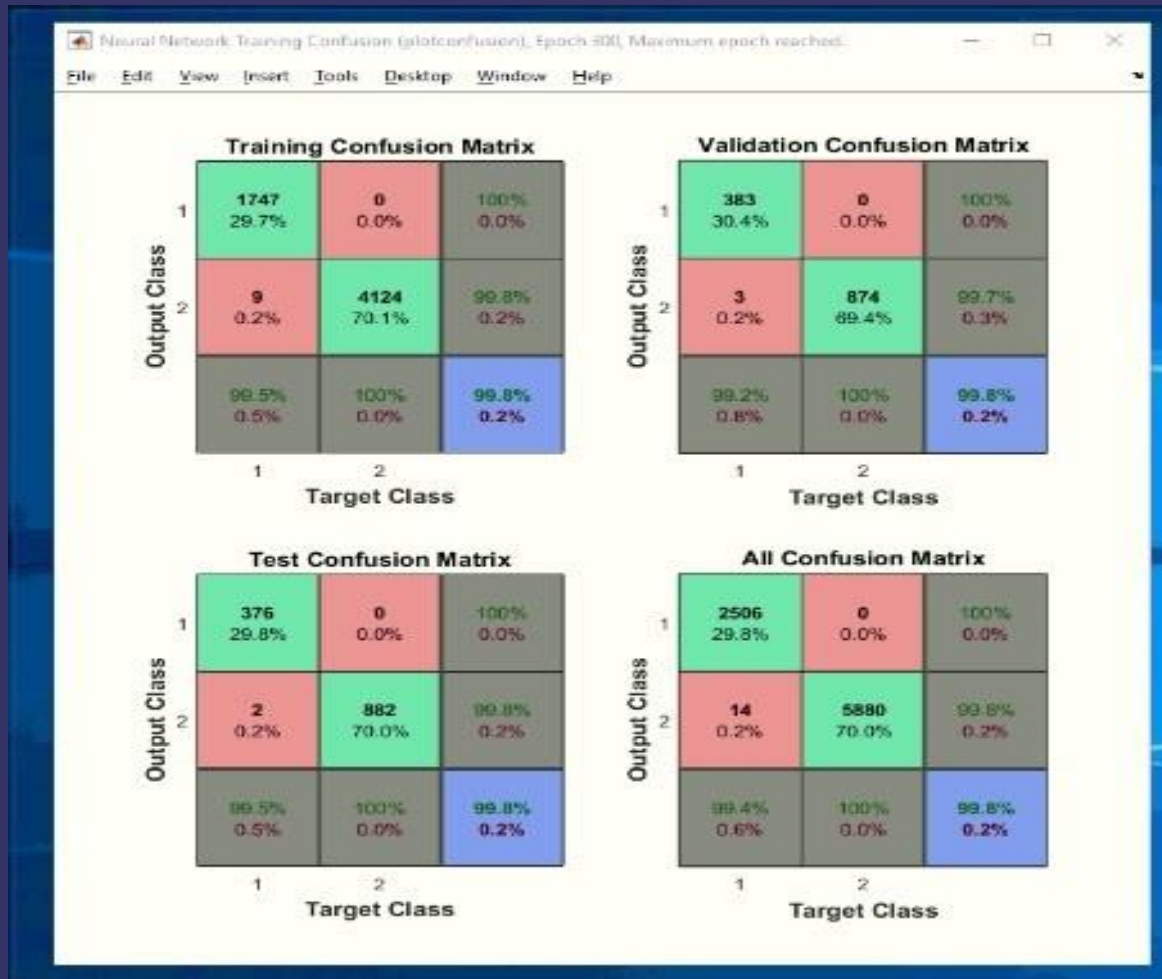


Add More Hidden Layers

➤ I added more hidden layers to represent a more complex non-linear function



Confusion Matrix for Training with PCA classification



Unseen data accuracy

- My unseen data accuracy is 70+ percent
- This accuracy is calculated as follows:
 - Calculate the difference between the "target" and "predicted" labels.
 - $\text{Error Percentage} = ((\text{Incorrect labels}) / (\text{Total number of labels})) * 100.$
 - $\text{Accuracy} = 100 - \text{Error Percentage}$
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Results so far

➤ Early Detection:

- So far I am able to detect the braking signal 200ms early, which is less than mentioned in the paper which is 600ms

➤ Braking Signal Detection Accuracy:

- I am able to detect the braking signal with 99% training accuracy and 70% testing accuracy with unseen data

➤ Real Time Testing: Pending

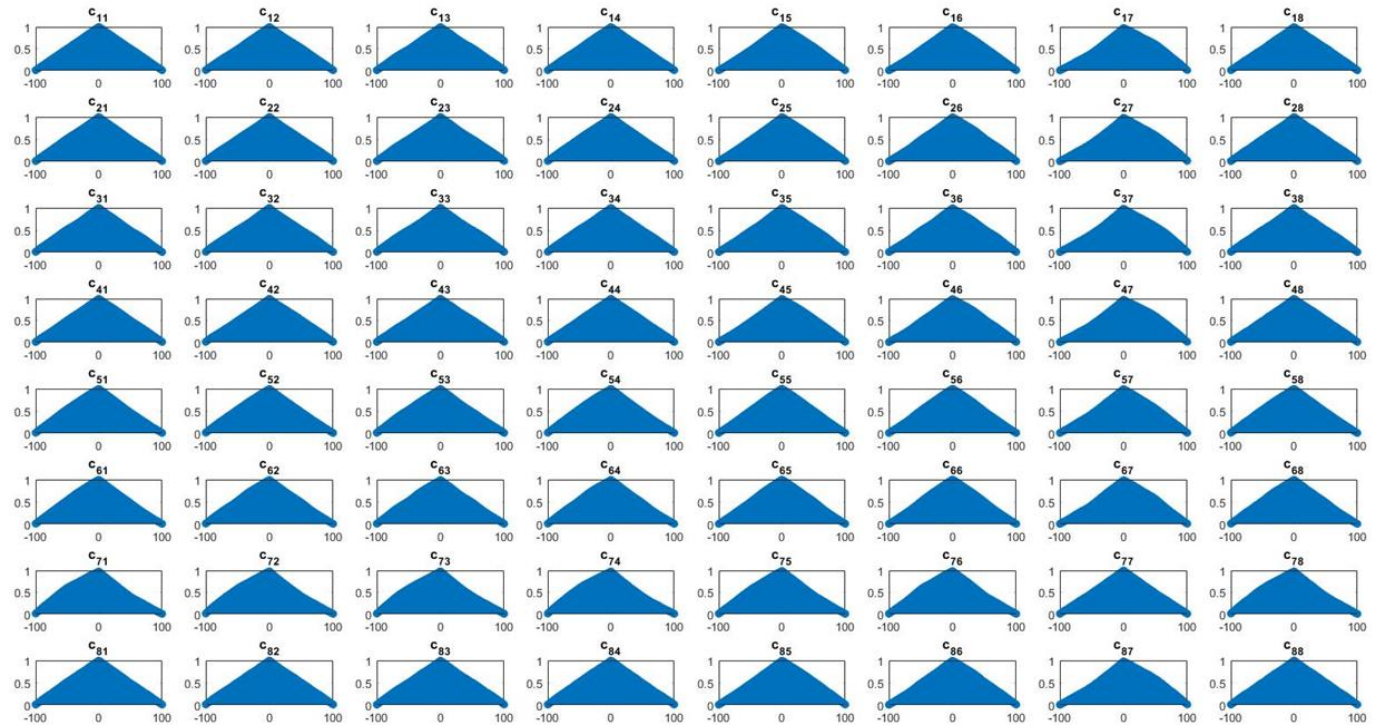


Auto-Correlation and Cross Correlation of Braking and Normal Windows

- I analyzed eight consecutive non-overlapping windows before the normal and braking points.
- I get the output as shown in the figures on the next slides
- My hypothesis is, whenever there is normal driving I get triangular auto/cross correlation without any abnormality.
- However, when there is braking action, I get some abnormality in the auto/cross correlation



Auto and Cross Correlations before Normal



Auto and Cross Correlations before Braking

