

- * git init: initialize an existing directory as a Git repository
- * git clone [url]: retrieve an entire repository from a hosted location via URL
- * git checkout: switch to another branch and check it out into your working directory
- * git merge [branch]: merge the specified branch's history into the current one
- * git log: show all commits in the current branch's history
- * git status
show modified files in working directory, staged for your next commit
- * git add [file]
add a file as it looks now to your next commit (stage)
- * git reset [file]
unstage a file while retaining the changes in working directory
- * git diff
diff of what is changed but not staged
- * git branch
list your branches. a * will appear next to the currently active branch
- * git branch [branch-name]
create a new branch at the current commit
- * git checkout
switch to another branch and check it out into your working directory
- * git merge [branch]
merge the specified branch's history into the current one
- * git log
show all commits in the current branch's history
- * git push [alias] [branch]: transmit local branch commits to the remote repository branch
- git remote add [alias] [url]: add a git URL as an alias