UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 6-K

REPORT OF FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER PURS UANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16 UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the month of August 2025

Commission File Number: 001-40527 **DIGI POWER X INC.**

(Translation of registrant's name into English)

110 Yonge Street, Suite 1601, Toronto, Ontario M5C 1T4

(Address of principal executive office)

 $Indicate\ by\ check\ mark\ whether\ the\ registrant\ files\ or\ will\ file\ annual\ reports\ under\ cover\ of\ Form\ 20-F\ or\ Form\ 40-F.$

Form 20-F X Form 40-F □

DOCUMENTS INCLUDED AS PART OF THIS FORM 6-K

On August 14, 2025, the Registrant filed with the Canadian Securities Regulatory Authorities on the System for Electronic Data Analysis and Retrieval + condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, management's discussion and analysis for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and certifications of each of its CEO and CFO, copies of which are attached hereto as Exhibits 99.1, 99.2, 99.3 and 99.4, respectively. Exhibits 99.1 and 99.2 to this Form 6-K are each hereby incorporated by reference into the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-8 (File No. 333-276647) and the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form F-10 (File No. 333-286520).

See "Exhibits" below.

Exhibits

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Number	Description
99.1	Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024
99.2	Management's Discussion and Analysis for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025
99.3	CEO Certification of Interim Filings - Interim Certificate dated August 14, 2025
99.4	CFO Certification of Interim Filings - Interim Certificate dated August 14, 2025

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

DIGI POWER X INC.

By: /s/ Michel Amar

Name: Michel Amar

Title: Chief Executive Officer

Date: August 14, 2025

DIGI POWER X INC.

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2025 AND 2024

(EXPRESSED IN UNITED STATES DOLLARS) (UNAUDITED)

Digi Power X Inc.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

(Expressed in United States Dollars) (Unaudited)

	 As at June 30, 2025	De	As at ecember 31, 2024
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash	\$ 4,283,118	\$	1,703,896
Digital currencies (note 3)	4,315,848		4,525,416
Amounts receivable and other assets (note 4)	1,411,846		384,939
Income tax receivable	44,000		44,000
Total current assets	10,054,812		6,658,251
Property, plant and equipment (note 5)	19,622,518		21,721,038
Right-of-use assets (note 6)	1,988,812		2,039,910
Intangible asset (note 7)	990,954		1,055,569
Amounts receivable and other assets (note 4)	3,736,777		1,942,476
Investment (note 8)	 900,844		900,844
Total assets	\$ 37,294,717	\$	34,318,088
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 2,977,452	\$	6,579,948
Lease liabilities (note 9)	53,455		51,112
Loans payable (note 10)	-		77,564
Warrant liabilities (note 12)	 5,373,154		3,348,248
Total current liabilities	8,404,061		10,056,872
Deposits payable	2,203,526		2,203,526
Lease liabilities (note 9)	 48,358		75,685
Total liabilities	10,655,945		12,336,083
Shareholders' equity			
Share capital (note 13)	59,938,942		46,006,402
Contributed surplus	15,997,194		16,124,349
Cumulative translation adjustment	(3,928,067)		(7,133,161)
Deficit	(45,369,297)		(33,295,015)
Shareholders' equity attributable to shareholders	26,638,772		21,702,575
Non-controlling interest (note 20)	-		279,430
Total shareholders' equity	26,638,772		21,982,005
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 37,294,717	\$	34,318,088

Nature of operations and going concern (note 1)

Subsequent events (note 24)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

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Digi Power X Inc.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)

(Expressed in United States Dollars) (Unaudited)

	 Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2025 202		2024	2025		2024	
Revenue							
Digital currency mining (note 3)	\$ 1,394,740	\$	2,968,605	\$	2,160,616	\$	9,778,994
Colocation services (note 3)	4,487,129		2,210,505		9,569,924		3,637,436

Sale of electricity (note 3)	-	2,904,208	-	6,283,028
Sale of energy	2,229,582	1,147,346	5,657,498	2,489,525
Total revenue	8,111,451	9,230,664	17,388,038	22,188,983
Cost of digital currency mining				
Cost of revenue	(6,629,841)	(8,176,713)	(15,252,151)	(17,176,595)
Depreciation and amortization	(1,573,691)	(3,951,252)	(3,746,482)	(7,902,503)
Gross loss	(92,081)	(2,897,301)	(1,610,595)	(2,890,115)
Expenses				
Office and administrative expenses	(1,192,048)	(584,865)	(2,467,217)	(1,158,128)
Professional fees	(730,308)	(690,066)	(1,235,737)	(1,052,871)
Regulatory fees	(77,938)	(16,300)	(182,879)	(51,256)
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	(3,538,930)	584,972	(3,602,224)	2,002,846
Gain (loss) on sale of digital currencies (note 3)	316,619	(127,554)	653,628	270,803
Change in fair value of loan and salaries payable (notes 10 and 17)	(282,659)	-	(282,659)	(19,730)
Other income	-	781	750	13,784
Share based compensation (note 15)	(2,069,041)	(504,140)	(3,107,826)	(750,401)
Gain (loss) on revaluation of digital currencies (note 3)	732,947	(198,448)	285,972	49,016
	(6,933,439)	(4,432,921)	(11,548,787)	(3,586,052)
Revaluation of warrant liabilities (note 12)	(3,431,921)	(375,443)	(512,028)	3,682,327
Net financial expenses	(20,390)	(7,338)	(13,467)	(17,574)
Net income (loss) before income taxes	(10,385,750)	(4,815,702)	(12,074,282)	78,701
Income tax recovery	-	50,255	-	-
Net income (loss) for the period	(10,385,750)	(4,765,447)	(12,074,282)	78,701
Other comprehensive income (loss)				
Items that will be reclassified to net income				
Foreign currency translation adjustment	3,177,800	(540,628)	3,205,094	(1,847,013)
Total comprehensive loss for the period	\$ (7,207,950)	\$ (5,306,075)	\$ (8,869,188)	\$ (1,768,312)
Basic income (loss) per share (note 16)	\$ (0.28)	\$ (0.16)	\$ (0.34)	\$ 0.00
Diluted income (loss) per share (note 16)	\$ (0.28)	\$ (0.16)	\$ (0.34)	\$ 0.00

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

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Digi Power X Inc. Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Expressed in United States Dollars) (Unaudited)

Operating activities 2025 2024 Operating activities 8 (12,074,282) \$ 78,701 Adjustments for 1 (10,762,446) (11,243,954) Digital currencies item (note 19) 1 (10,000) 1 (10,000) Depreciation of right-of-use assets 5 (10,000) 78,765,200 Depreciation and amoritation 3,720,499 7,876,520 Interest on lease liabilities 5,016 5,883 Share based compensation 5 (10,000) 75,843 Change in fair value of loan and salaries payable 5 (10,000) 78,000 Change in fair value of loan and salaries payable 5 (10,000) 78,000 Accretion on liability 5 (10,000) 78,000 Accretion on liability 5 (10,000) 78,000 Working capital items (note 19) (10,000) 78,000 Note cash used in operating activities (18,304,222) (2,003,778) Net cash used in operating activities (18,304,222) (4,332,501) Purchase of protty, plant and equipment (1,557,363) (3,200,000) Purchase of protty, plant and equipment (1,000,000)		Six Montl June	
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Return of proceeds to non-controlling interest (1,000,000) - Repayment of mortgage - (267,000) Proceeds of shares issued for cash, net of issuance costs 8,051,923 5,457 Proceeds from exercise of warrants and options 4,525,000 - Repayment of loans payable (78,130) (409,968) Lease payments (30,000) (74,902) Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities 11,468,793 (746,413) Net change in cash 2,579,222 1,185,783 Cash, beginning of period 341,273	Net cash provided by investing activities	9,414,651	6,264,757
Repayment of mortgage - (267,000) Proceeds of shares issued for cash, net of issuance costs 8,051,923 5,457 Proceeds from exercise of warrants and options 4,525,000 - Repayment of loans payable (78,130) (409,968) Lease payments (30,000) (74,902) Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities 11,468,793 (746,413) Net change in cash 2,579,222 1,185,783 Cash, beginning of period 341,273	Financing activities		
Proceeds of shares issued for cash, net of issuance costs 8,051,923 5,457 Proceeds from exercise of warrants and options 4,525,000 - Repayment of loans payable (78,130) (409,968) Lease payments (30,000) (74,902) Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities 11,468,793 (746,413) Net change in cash 2,579,222 1,185,783 Cash, beginning of period 341,273	Return of proceeds to non-controlling interest	(1,000,000)	-
Proceeds from exercise of warrants and options 4,525,000 - Repayment of loans payable (78,130) (409,968) Lease payments (30,000) (74,902) Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities 11,468,793 (746,413) Net change in cash 2,579,222 1,185,783 Cash, beginning of period 341,273	Repayment of mortgage	-	(267,000)
Repayment of loans payable (78,130) (409,968) Lease payments (30,000) (74,902) Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities 11,468,793 (746,413) Net change in cash 2,579,222 1,185,783 Cash, beginning of period 1,703,896 341,273	Proceeds of shares issued for cash, net of issuance costs	8,051,923	5,457
Lease payments (30,000) (74,902) Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities 11,468,793 (746,413) Net change in cash 2,579,222 1,185,783 Cash, beginning of period 1,703,896 341,273	Proceeds from exercise of warrants and options	4,525,000	-
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities 11,468,793 (746,413) Net change in cash 2,579,222 1,185,783 Cash, beginning of period 1,703,896 341,273	Repayment of loans payable	(78,130)	(409,968)
Net change in cash 2,579,222 1,185,783 Cash, beginning of period 341,273	Lease payments	(30,000)	(74,902)
Cash, beginning of period 1,703,896 341,273	Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	11,468,793	(746,413)
	Net change in cash		
	Cash, beginning of period	1,703,896	341,273
	Cash, end of period		

Digi Power X Inc.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity (Expressed in United States Dollars) (Unaudited)

	Number of shares (note 13)				Cumulative	Non-		
	Subordinate	Proportionate	Share	Contributed	Translation	Controlling		
	voting shares	voting shares	capital	surplus	Adjustment	Interest	Deficit	Total
Balance, December 31, 2023	28,878,740	3,333	\$ 42,503,660	\$ 15,468,823	\$ (2,228,447)	\$ -	\$ (26,497,297)	\$ 29,246,739
Shares issued for cash	3,600	-	5,457	-	-	-	-	5,457
Restricted share units converted to common shares	471,409	-	1,779,800	(1,779,800)	-	-	-	-
Share based compensation	-	-	-	750,401	-	-	-	750,401
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-	-	-	-	(1,847,013)	-	-	(1,847,013)
Net income for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	78,701	78,701
Balance, June 30, 2024	29,353,749	3,333	\$44,288,917	\$14,439,424	\$(4,075,460)	\$ -	\$(26,418,596)	\$28,234,285
Balance, December 31, 2024	33,011,600	3,333	\$46,006,402	\$16,124,349	\$(7,133,161)	\$ 279,430	\$(33,295,015)	\$21,982,005
Shares issued for cash (note 13(b))	3,309,892	-	8,325,104	-	-	-	-	8,325,104
Cost of issue - cash	-	-	(273,181)	=	-	-	-	(273,181)
Warrant liabilities	-	-	(2,486,451)	-	-	-	-	(2,486,451)
Restricted share units converted to common shares	850,269	-	2,436,222	(2,436,222)	-	-	-	-
Shares issued for exercise of warrants and options	2,300,000	-	5,930,846	(112,975)	-	-	-	5,817,871
Share based compensation	-	-	-	3,143,312	-	-	-	3,143,312
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-	-	-	-	3,205,094	-	-	3,205,094
Dissolution of non-controlling interest	-	-	-	(721,270)	-	(279,430)	-	(1,000,700)
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	(12,074,282)	(12,074,282)
Balance, June 30, 2025	39,471,761	3,333	\$59,938,942	\$15,997,194	\$(3,928,067)	\$ -	\$(45,369,297)	\$26,638,772

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

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Digi Power X Inc.

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2025 (Expressed in United States Dollars) (Unaudited)

1. Nature of operations and going concern

Digi Power X Inc. (the "Company" or "Digi Power") and its subsidiaries, Digihost International, Inc., DGX Holding, LLC, World Generation X, LLC, and US Data Centers, Inc. (together the "Company") is an innovative energy infrastructure Company that develops data centers to drive the expansion of sustainable energy assets. On March 6, 2025, the Company changed its name to Digi Power X Inc.

The Company is listed on the TSX Venture Exchange and the NASDAQ trading under the trading symbols DGX and DGXX, respectively. The head office of the Company is located at 218 NW 24TH Street, 2nd Floor, Miami, Florida 33127.

These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Company were reviewed, approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on August 14, 2025.

2. Material accounting policies

(a) Statement of compliance

The Company applies IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). The policies applied in these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements are based on IFRS issued and effective at the date they were issued. The same accounting policies and methods of computation are followed in these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements as compared with the most recent annual financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2024. These unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 - Interim Financial Reporting. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements. Therefore, they should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024. There are selected notes included to explain events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the change in the Company's financial performance and financial position since the last annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2024.

(b) New accounting standards adopted and recently announced accounting pronouncements not yet adopted

Accounting standards issued but not yet effective

In April 2024, the IASB issued IFRS 18, *Presentation and Disclosure of Financial Statements* ("IFRS 18"), which replaces IAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements. IFRS 18 introduces a specified structure for the income statement by requiring income and expenses to be presented into the three defined categories of operating, investing and financing, and by specifying certain defined totals and subtotals. Where company-specific measures related to the income statement are provided, IFRS 18 requires companies to disclose explanations around these measures, which are referred to as management-defined performance measures. IFRS 18 also provides additional guidance on principles of aggregation and disaggregation which apply to the primary financial statements and the notes. IFRS 18 will not affect the recognition and measurement of items in the financial statements, nor will it affect which items are classified in other comprehensive income and how these items are classified. The standard is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027, including for interim financial statements. Retrospective application is required, and early application is permitted. We are currently assessing the effect of this new

As at June 30, 2025, there are no other IFRS with future effective dates that are expected to have a material impact on the Company.

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Digi Power X Inc.

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2025
(Expressed in United States Dollars) (Unaudited)

2. Material accounting policies (continued)

(c) Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with IFRS Accounting Standards requires management to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. Actual outcomes could differ from these estimates. These financial statements include estimates that, by their nature, are uncertain. The impacts of such estimates are pervasive throughout the financial statements, and may require accounting adjustments based on future occurrences. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the year in which the estimate is revised and future years if the revision affects both current and future years. These estimates are based on historical experience, current and future economic conditions and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Significant estimates and judgements used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are described in the annual audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Significant assumptions about the future that management has made could result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities, in the event that actual results differ from assumptions made, relate to, but are not limited to, the following:

Significant judgements

(i) Income from digital currency mining

The Company recognizes income from digital currency mining from the provision of transaction verification services within digital currency networks, commonly termed "cryptocurrency mining". As consideration for these services, the Company receives digital currency from each specific network in which it participates ("coins"). Income from digital currency mining is measured based on the fair value of the coins received. The fair value is determined using the average price of the coin on the date of contract inception. The coins are recorded on the statement of financial position, as digital currencies, at their fair value less costs to sell and re-measured at each reporting date. Revaluation gains or losses, as well as gains or losses on the sale of coins for traditional (fiat) currencies are included in profit or loss in accordance with the Company's treatment of its digital currencies as a traded commodity.

There is currently no specific definitive guidance in IFRS or alternative accounting frameworks for the accounting for the mining and strategic selling of digital currencies and management has exercised significant judgement in determining appropriate accounting treatment for the recognition of income from digital currency mining for mining of digital currencies. Management has examined various factors surrounding the substance of the Company's operations, including the stage of completion being the completion and addition of a block to a blockchain and the reliability of the measurement of the digital currency received.

(ii) Income, value added, withholding and other taxes

The Company is subject to income, value added, withholding and other taxes. Significant judgment is required in determining the Company's provisions for taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Company recognizes liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. The determination of the Company's income, value added, withholding and other tax liabilities requires interpretation of complex laws and regulations. The Company's interpretation of taxation law as applied to transactions and activities may not coincide with the interpretation of the tax authorities. All tax related filings are subject to government audit and potential reassessment subsequent to the financial statement reporting period. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the tax related accruals and deferred income tax provisions in the year in which such determination is made.

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Digi Power X Inc.
Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2025
(Expressed in United States Dollars) (Unaudited)

2. Material accounting policies (continued)

Significant estimates

(i) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

Depreciation of data miners and equipment are an estimate of its expected life. In order to determine the useful life of computing equipment, assumptions are required about a range of computing industry market and economic factors, including required hashrates, technological changes, availability of hardware and other inputs, and production costs.

(ii) Data miners valuation

Impairment of data miners was estimated based on the recoverable amount of mining equipment based on current market prices and hash rate power per miner type. The recoverable amount represents the higher value between an asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. Hash rate power refers to the computational power of the mining equipment, which directly affects the mining efficiency and potential revenue generation. As the market prices for mining equipment and hash rate power can vary significantly over time, these factors are considered in estimating the recoverable amount of the assets. The current market prices for mining equipment are obtained from various sources, including manufacturers, distributors, and marketplaces for used equipment. Management reviews and compares these prices regularly to ensure the accuracy and relevance of the data.

(iii) Warrant liability

The Company uses Black Scholes method to determine the fair value of the warrant liability. The Black Scholes method requires significant judgement in determining the fair value such as volatility and risk-free rate. A change in these inputs could lead to significant change in the fair value of the warrant liability.

(d) Restatement of statement of cash flows

The comparative figures in the statement of cash flows have been restated to reclassify \$9,464,757 of cash proceeds from the sale of digital assets and the cash disbursements related to their acquisition, which are accounted for as intangible assets under IAS 38, from cash flows from operations to cash flows from investing activities. The Company has determined that this error was material to the previously issued consolidated financial statements and as such, has restated its consolidated financial statements, as applicable.

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Digi Power X Inc.

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements Three and Six Months Ended June 30,2025

(Expressed in United States Dollars) (Unaudited)

3. Digital currencies

The Company's holdings of digital currencies consist of the following:

		As at		As at		
		June 30,		June 30, De		cember 31,
		2025		2024		
Bitcoin	\$	4,315,848	\$	4,525,416		

Number of

The continuity of digital currencies was as follows:

	Number of	
	Bitcoin	Amount
Balance, December 31, 2023	19	\$ 822,884
Bitcoin mined	188	10,318,500
Bitcoin received from colocation services	126	9,377,476
Bitcoin received for electricity sales	33	2,003,106
Digital currencies traded for cash	(286)	(18,507,626)
Digital currencies paid for services	(26)	(1,773,027)
Digital currencies for loan repayment	(6)	(273,360)
Gain on sale of digital currencies	-	1,658,772
Revaluation adjustment	-	898,691
Balance, December 31, 2024	48	4,525,416
Bitcoin mined for Digihost	23	2,160,616
Bitcoin received from colocation services	86	8,249,845
Digital currencies paid for services	(6)	(587,615)
Digital currencies traded for cash	(111)	(10,972,014)
Gain on sale of digital currencies	-	653,628
Revaluation adjustment		 285,972
Balance, June 30, 2025	40	\$ 4,315,848

4. Amounts receivable and other assets

	 As at June 30, 2025	ne 30, De	
Utility deposits	\$ 3,736,777	\$	1,942,476
Prepaid expenses	195,087		142,066
Accounts receivable	1,051,344		1,836
Other receivable	165,415		169,037
Interest receivable (note 8)	-		72,000
	5,148,623		2,327,415
Long-term deposits and prepaid expenses	 (3,736,777)		(1,942,476)
	\$ 1,411,846	\$	384,939

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Digi Power X Inc.

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2025

(Expressed in United States Dollars) (Unaudited)

5. Property, plant and equipment

Land and Data Equipment Leasehold Equipment in Power plant

	1	buildings	miners	and other	i	mprovement	construction	in use $^{(1)}$	Total
Cost			 1						
December 31, 2023		5,015,740	31,895,779	21,392,207		1,079,542	-	4,643,800	64,027,068
Additions		-	-	3,200,000		-	-	590,777	3,790,777
December 31, 2024		5,015,740	31,895,779	24,592,207		1,079,542	_	5,234,577	67,817,845
Additions		-	-	713,250		-	-	844,113	1,557,363
June 30, 2025	\$	5,015,740	\$ 31,895,779	\$ 25,305,457	\$	1,079,542	\$ -	\$ 6,078,690	\$ 69,375,208
Accumulated depreciation		•							
December 31, 2023		-	22,763,032	7,148,323		401,582	-	327,447	30,640,384
Depreciation		335,324	8,733,406	5,913,455		105,318	-	368,920	15,456,423
December 31, 2024		335,324	31,496,438	13,061,778		506,900	-	696,367	46,096,807
Depreciation		167,662	399,341	2,818,861		52,659	-	217,360	3,655,883
June 30, 2025	\$	502,986	\$ 31,895,779	\$ 15,880,639	\$	559,559	\$ -	\$ 913,727	\$ 49,752,690
Net carrying value									
As at December 31, 2024	\$	4,680,416	\$ 399,341	\$ 11,530,429	\$	572,642	\$ -	\$ 4,538,210	\$ 21,721,038
As at June 30, 2025	\$	4,512,754	\$ -	\$ 9,424,818	\$	519,983	\$ -	\$ 5,164,963	\$ 19,622,518

⁽¹⁾ At December 31, 2024, the Company had plant and equipment with a carrying amount of \$4,538,210 that was temporarily idle due to maintenance and repairs. The Power Plant was brought back into service during January 2025.

6. Right-of-use assets

	As at June 30, 2025		As at ecember 31, 2024
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 2,039,910	\$	2,366,115
Depreciation Modification of lease	(51,098)		(102,197) (224,008)
Balance, end of period	\$ 1,988,812	\$	2,039,910

During the year ended December 31, 2022 the Company entered a lease for a warehouse facility. The lease was prepaid resulting in a right-of-use asset and no corresponding lease liability.

7. Intangible asset

Intangible asset relates to the right-of-use of an electric power facility for a period of 156 months. As at June 30, 2025, there were 95 months remaining of the amortization period.

	As at June 30, 2025		De	As at ecember 31, 2024
Balance, beginning of period	\$	1,055,569	\$	1,184,798
Amortization		(64,615)		(129,229)
Balance, end of period	\$	990,954	\$	1,055,569

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Digi Power X Inc.

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2025

(Expressed in United States Dollars) (Unaudited)

8. Investment

In December 2021, the Company entered into an agreement for a Secured Convertible Promissory Note ("Note") with principal of \$800,000. The Note accrued interest at a rate of 6% per annum, with 3% payable in cash every calendar quarter and 3% payable in notes (note 4). The Note was converted into Series C Preferred Stock ("Shares") of the issuer effective October 1, 2023, with 8,000 warrants issued to the Company. The Shares are secured by the assets of the issuer. As at June 30, 2025, the fair value of the Shares and warrants was estimated to be \$900,844.

	As at		As at
	June 30,		ecember 31,
	2025		2024
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 900,844	\$	850,685
Fair value adjustment	-		50,159
Balance, end of period	\$ 900,844	\$	900,844

9. Lease liabilities

The Company entered into a lease agreement dated April 1, 2022, with TXMA International LLC, a company controlled by the chief executive officer. The present value of the lease liability as at June 30, 2025 was \$101,813 (December 31, 2024 - \$126,797). Payments made during the six months ended June 30, 2025, totaled \$30,000 (December 31, 2024 - \$151,286).

	As at		As at
	 June 30, 2025	Dec	cember 31, 2024
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 126,797	\$	447,514
Interest	5,016		13,271

Lease payments	(30,000)	(109,980)
Modification of lease	<u>-</u>	(224,008)
Balance, end of period	\$ 101,813	\$ 126,797
Current portion	\$ 53,455	\$ 51,112
Non-current portion	 48,358	75,685
Total lease liabilities	\$ 101,813	\$ 126,797

Maturity analysis - contractual undiscounted cash flows

As at June 30, 2025		

Less than one year	\$ 60,000
One to five years	 50,000
Total undiscounted lease obligations	\$ 110,000

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Digi Power X Inc.

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2025

(Expressed in United States Dollars) (Unaudited)

10. Loans payable

	J	As at June 30, 2025		As at ember 31, 2025
Balance, beginning of the period	\$	77,564	\$	610,340
Repayment of loans		(78,130)		(590,919)
Interest		566		38,413
Fair value adjustment		-		19,730
Balance, end of the period	\$	-	\$	77,564

11. Mortgage payable

In June 2022, the Company's incremental borrowing rate applied was estimated to be 7% per annum. The mortgage does not bear interest, is repayable by monthly instalments of \$44,500 and matured in September 2024. The mortgage was secured by the powerplant.

	As at June 30,	As at December 31, 2025
Balance, beginning of period	\$ -	\$ 389,064
Interest	-	11,436
Payments	-	(400,500)
Balance, end of period	\$	\$ -

12. Warrant liabilities

The Company has warrants classified as financial liabilities due to the presence of cashless exercise options under certain conditions, or in other cases due to a failure to meet the fixed for fixed criteria. Therefore the Company records these warrants as financial liabilities measured at fair value upon initial recognition. At each subsequent reporting date, the warrants are re-measured at fair value and the change in fair value is recognized through profit or loss. Upon warrant exercise, the fair value previously recognized in warrant liabilities is transferred from warrant liabilities to share capital.

The following table summarizes the changes in the warrant liabilities for the Company's warrants for the years ending June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024:

	Number of	
	warrants	 Amount
Balance, December 31, 2023	9,098,514	\$ 5,456,749
Warrants expired	(3,955,993)	-
Warrants issued	3,636,363	2,316,965
Revaluation of warrant liabilities	-	(4,071,434)
Foreign currency translation	_	(354,032)
Balance, December 31, 2024	8,778,884	3,348,248
Warrants expired	(2,112,773)	-
Warrants issued	1,251,805	2,486,451
Warrants exercised	(2,200,000)	(1,292,871)
Revaluation of warrant liabilities	-	512,028
Foreign currency translation	_ _	319,298
Balance, June 30, 2025	5,717,916	\$ 5,373,154

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12. Warrant liabilities (continued)

The fair value of the Company's warrants has been determined using the Black-Scholes pricing model and the following weighted average assumptions:

				As at			. A	As at	
	Is	Issued		Issued June 30,		ne 30, Issued		December 3	
	in	2025		2025		in 2024	2	2024	
Spot price (in CAD\$)	\$	4.15	\$	3.83	\$	1.60	\$	2.16	
Risk-free interest rate		3.25%		2.60%		3.25%		2.80%	
Expected annual volatility		121%		111%		104%		104%	
Expected life (years)		3.50		2.61		3.00		2.62	
Dividend		nil		nil		nil		nil	

The following table reflects the Company's warrants outstanding and exercisable as at June 30, 2025.

	Warrants		
	outstanding and		
Expiry date	exercisable	Exercis	e price
September 9, 2025	3,029,748	CAD\$	6.25
August 15, 2027	1,436,363	US\$	2.00
February 7, 2028	1,251,805	US\$	3.66
	5,717,916		

13. Share capital

a) Authorized share capital

Unlimited subordinate voting shares without par value and conferring 1 vote per share.

Unlimited proportionate voting shares without par value, conferring 200 votes per share, convertible at the holder's option into subordinate voting shares on a basis of 200 subordinate voting shares for 1 proportionate voting shares.

b) Subordinate voting shares and proportionate voting shares issued

Six months ended June 30, 2025

- (i) On February 7, 2025, the Company completed a private placement consisting of 2,503,601 units of the Company at a purchase price of \$2.64 per unit for gross proceeds of \$6,609,500. Each unit is comprised of one subordinate voting share of the Company and one half warrant, with each warrant entitling the holder to purchase one additional share. The warrants have an exercise price of \$3.66 per share and exercise period of three years from the issuance date.
- (ii) During the six months ended June 30, 2025, the Company issued 806,291 subordinate voting shares at an average share price of \$2.13 for a total aggregate of \$1,715,604 pursuant to the at-the-market equity program. The Company announced that it has entered into an at-the-market sales agreement with A.G.P./Alliance Global Partners, which may issue and sell from time to time such number of subordinate voting shares of the Company having an aggregate offering price of up to U\$100 million. There is a cash commission of up to 3% on the aggregate gross proceeds raised.

Six months ended June 30, 2024

(ii) During the six months ended June 30, 2024, the Company issued 3,600 subordinate voting shares at an average share price of \$1.52 for a total aggregate of \$5,457 pursuant to the at-the-market equity program.

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Digi Power X Inc.

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2025

(Expressed in United States Dollars) (Unaudited)

14. Warrants Classified as Equity

	Number of Warrants	Weighted Average Exercise Price (CAD\$)
Balance, December 31, 2023	1,025,816	7.81
Expired	(471,910)	8.48
Balance, June 30, 2024	553,906	7.25
Balance, December 31, 2024	553,906	7.25
Expired	(311,526)	8.025
Balance, June 30, 2025	242,380	6.25

The following table reflects the warrants issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2025:

		Weighted
Number of		Average
Warrants	Exercise	Contractual

Outstanding	Price (CAD\$)	Life (years)	Expiry Date
242,380	6.25	0.19	September 9, 2025 ⁽¹⁾

(1) Broker warrants.

15. Stock options and restricted share units

(a) Stock options

The Company has a stock option plan whereby the maximum number of shares subject to the plan, in the aggregate, shall not exceed 10% of the Company's issued and outstanding shares. The exercise price shall be no less than the discount market price as determined in accordance with TSXV policies.

The following table reflects the continuity of stock options for the periods presented below:

		Weighted
		Average
	Number of Stock	Exercise Price
	Options	(CAD\$)
Balance, December 31, 2023 and June 30, 2024	692,170	5.09
Balance, December 31, 2024	482,954	4.60
Granted	1,507,500	2.03
Exercised	(100,000)	1.80
Expired / cancelled	(158,333)	2.88
Balance, June 30, 2025	1,732,121	2.69

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Digi Power X Inc.

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2025

(Expressed in United States Dollars) (Unaudited)

15. Stock options and restricted share units (continued)

The fair value of the Company's options has been determined using the Black-Scholes pricing model and the following weighted average assumptions:

	Gr	anted
	in	2025
Spot price (in CAD\$)	\$	2.03
Risk-free interest rate		2.85%
Expected annual volatility		132%
Expected life (years)		5.00
Dividend		nil

The following table reflects the stock options issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2025:

			Weighted Average Remaining	Number of	Number of	
Expiry Date		e Price .D\$)	Contractual Life (years)	Options Outstanding	Options Vested (exercisable)	Number of Options Unvested
January 5, 2026	(6	3.75	0.52	150,828	150,828	-
March 25, 2026		7.47	0.73	101,997	101,997	-
May 17, 2026		7.35	0.88	43,464	43,464	-
June 22, 2026		4.20	0.98	28,332	28,332	-
February 28, 2030		2.00	4.67	25,000	25,000	-
February 28, 2030	US\$	1.50	4.67	37,500	37,500	-
March 5, 2030	US\$	1.25	4.68	200,000	200,000	-
June 6, 2030		2.09	4.94	1,145,000	1,145,000	-
		2.69	4.10	1,732,121	1,732,121	-

(b) Restricted share units

The Company has an RSU plan whereby there is a fixed cap of shares that can be granted under the plan. The exercise price shall be no less than the discount market price as determined in accordance with TSXV policies.

The following table reflects the continuity of RSUs for the periods presented below:

	Number of RSUs
Balance, December 31, 2023	1,036,900
Granted	1,176,000
Cancelled	(103,333)
Converted	(471,409)
Balance, June 30, 2024	1,638,158
Balance, December 31, 2024	2,828,336
Granted (i)	45,000
Cancelled	(6,500)
Converted	(850.269)

Digi Power X Inc.

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2025

(Expressed in United States Dollars) (Unaudited)

15. Stock options and restricted share units (continued)

(i) During the six months ended June 30, 2025, the Company granted 45,000 RSUs to consultants. These RSUs vest one-third on each of the first, second and third anniversaries of the date of grant. The grant date fair value of the RSUs was \$67,297, which was measured based on the quoted price of the Company's shares on the date of grant.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2025, the Company recorded share based compensation of \$750,401 and \$3,107,826, respectively related to vesting of RSU's, (three and six months ended June 30, 2024 - \$504,140 and \$750,401, respectively).

16. Loss per share

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Month June			ıded
	2025		2024		2025		2024
Net income (loss) for the period	\$ (10,385,750)	\$	(4,765,447)	\$	(12,074,282)	\$	78,701
Net income (loss) per share - basic and diluted	\$ (0.28)	\$	(0.16)	\$	(0.34)	\$	0.00
Weighted average number of shares outstanding - basic and diluted	36,623,575		29,349,573		35,799,779		29,297,364

(i) Diluted income per share does not include the effect of warrants and stock options as they are anti-dilutive.

17. Related party transactions

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control. Related parties include key management personnel and may be individuals or corporate entities. A transaction is considered to be a related party transaction when there is a transfer of resources or obligations between related parties. Related party transactions are recorded at the exchange amount, being the amount agreed to between the related parties.

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company, directly or indirectly. Key management personnel include the Company's executive officers and members of the Board of Directors.

 $\label{lem:company} Remuneration of key \ management \ personnel \ of the \ Company \ was \ as \ follows:$

	Three Months Ended June 30,						ths Ended e 30,	
	2025		2025 2024		2025			2024
Professional fees ⁽¹⁾	\$	64,520	\$	32,518	\$	99,233	\$	60,210
Salaries ⁽¹⁾		364,508		214,821		1,054,053		434,001
Share based compensation ⁽²⁾		1,683,445		457,593		2,150,820		699,401
	\$	2,112,473	\$	704,932	\$	3,304,106	\$	1,193,612

(1) Represents the professional fees and salaries paid to officers and directors in BTC. During the six months ended June 30, 2025 the Company paid 6 BTC (six months ended June 30, 2024 - 16 BTC) as compensation for the services provided in by officers and directors with a fair value of \$587,615 (six months ended June 30, 2024 - \$994,420).

(2) Represents the share based compensation for officers and directors.

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Digi Power X Inc.

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2025

(Expressed in United States Dollars) (Unaudited)

18. Additional information on the nature of comprehensive loss components

	Three Moi Jun	ıded		Six Mont Jun	ths En e 30,	ded	
	 2025 2024		2025			2024	
Expenses for employee benefits							
Cost of revenue	\$ 236,959	\$	194,049	\$	436,984	\$	360,596
Office and administrative expenses	364,508		214,821		1,054,053		434,001
	\$ 2,735,028	\$	945,528	\$	4,698,096	\$	1,605,208

Six Months Ended June 30,		2025	2024
Digital currencies items	, ,		
Digital currencies mined	\$	(2,160,616)	\$ (9,778,994)
Bitcoin received from colocation services		(8,249,845)	(409,815)
Bitcoin received for electricity sales		-	(2,003,106)
Services paid in digital currencies		587,615	994,420
Gain on sale of digital currencies		(653,628)	(270,803)
Digital currencies for loan repayment		-	273,360
Gain on revaluation of digital currencies		(285,972)	(49,016)
	\$	(10,762,446)	\$ (11,243,954)
Working capital items			
Amounts receivable and prepaid expenses	\$	(2,821,908)	\$ (923,430)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(3,885,155)	2,043,704
Income tax receivable		<u>-</u>	124,337
Deposit payable		-	2,497,320
	\$	(6,707,063)	\$ 3,741,931
Other supplemental information			
Interest paid	\$	-	\$ -
Taxes paid	\$	-	\$ _

20. Non-controlling interest

The Company incorporated US Data Centers Inc., as a subsidiary on September 20, 2024. Subsequent to December 31, 2024, the Company dissolved this subsidiary and incorporated an entity of the same name. Funds of approximately \$1,000,000 were distributed back to the original shareholders upon on dissolution.

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Digi Power X Inc.

Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

Three and Six Months Ended June 30,2025

(Expressed in United States Dollars) (Unaudited)

21. Segmented reporting

The Company has three operating segments being cryptocurrency mining, sales of energy and electricity and colocation services located in the United States.

	Sales of energy									
	Cry	ptocurrency		and		Colocation				
Six Months Ended June 30, 2025	mining		electricity		electricity		electricity service			Total
Revenue	\$	2,160,616	\$	5,657,498	\$	9,569,924	\$	17,388,038		
Cost of revenue		(1,110,586)		(8,345,440)		(5,796,125)		(15,252,151)		
Depreciation and amortization		(963,905)		(281,976)		(2,500,601)		(3,746,482)		
Gross profit (loss)		86,125		(2,969,918)		1,273,198		(1,610,595)		
Net profit (loss)		(10,377,562)		(2,969,918)		1,273,198		(12,074,282)		

	Sales of energy							
	Cry	ptocurrency		and	(Colocation		
Six Months Ended June 30, 2024		mining		electricity		services		Total
Revenue	\$	9,778,994	\$	8,772,553	\$	3,637,436	\$	22,188,983
Cost of revenue		(6,531,714)		(9,299,291)		(1,345,590)		(17,176,595)
Depreciation and amortization		(5,282,652)		(654,894)		(1,964,957)		(7,902,503)
Gross profit (loss)		(2,035,372)		(1,181,632)		326,889		(2,890,115)
Net profit (loss)		(1,507,799)		(705,346)		2,291,846		78,701

22. Capital management

The Company manages its capital to maintain its ability to continue as a going concern and to provide returns to shareholders and benefits to other stakeholders. The capital structure of the Company consists of equity comprised of issued share capital and reserves. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of economic conditions. The Company, upon approval from its Board of Directors, will balance its overall capital structure through new share issuances or by undertaking other activities as deemed appropriate under the specific circumstances. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements and the Company's overall strategy with respect to capital risk management remains unchanged from the year ended December 31, 2024.

23. Financial instruments and risk management

Fair value

The fair value of the Company's financial instruments, including cash, current portion of amounts receivable, investment and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximates their carrying value due to their short-term nature. Deposit payable is due to arm's length third parties, the fair values of this payable is measured using relevant market input (Level 3). The fair value of deposit payable was calculated using actualized cash flows using market rates in effect at the balance sheet date. Reasonable changes to key assumptions would not have a significant impact. Investment is measured using a market-based valuation approach, utilizing relevant Level 3 market inputs. Digital currencies are measured at fair value using the quoted price on Gemini Exchange (Level 2). Warrant liabilities are measured at fair value using the Black-Scholes pricing model (Level 2) (see note 12).

23. Financial instruments and risk management (continued)

Risks

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Company's primary exposure to credit risk is on its cash, amounts receivable and promissory note receivable. The cash held in an account which is FDIC insured up to \$3 million. The Company believes no impairment is necessary in respect of amounts receivable, deposits and promissory note receivable as balances are monitored on a regular basis with the result that exposure to bad debt is insignificant.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining cash balances to ensure that it is able to meet its short-term and long-term obligations as and when they fall due. The Company manages cash projections and regularly updates projections for changes in business and fluctuations caused in digital currency prices and exchange rates.

The following table summarizes the expected maturity of the Company's significant financial liabilities and other liabilities based on the remaining period from the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date:

As at June 30, 2025	Payments by period											
	L	ess than						More than				
		1 year		1-3 years		4-5 years		5 years		Total	Ca	rrying Value
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	2,977,452	\$		\$		\$		-	\$ 2,977,452	\$	2,977,452
Deposit payable		-		2,203,526		-			-	2,203,526		2,203,526
Lease liabilities		60,000		50,000		<u>-</u>			_	110,000		101,813
	\$	3,037,452	\$	2,253,526	\$	-	\$		_	\$ 5,290,978	\$	5,282,791

As at December 31, 2024	Payments by period												
		Less than 1 year		1-3 years		4-5 years		More than 5 years			Total	Con	rying Value
A comment was the condition of the little	•		Φ		Φ			3 years	_	¢.		¢	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Э	6,579,948	Э		Э	-	· ·	•	-	Э	6,579,948	Э	6,579,948
Deposit payable		-		2,203,526		-			-		2,203,526		2,203,526
Lease liabilities		60,000		80,000		-			-		140,000		126,797
Loan payable·		77,564					_				77,564		77,564
	\$	6,717,512	\$	2,283,526	\$	-		8		\$	9,001,038	\$	8,987,835

Foreign currency risk

Currency risk relates to the risk that the fair values or future cash flows of the Company's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Exchange rate fluctuations affect the costs that the Company incurs in its operations.

As the Company operates in an international environment, some of the Company's financial instruments and transactions are denominated in currencies other than an entity's functional currency. The fluctuation of the Canadian dollar in relation to the US dollar will consequently impact the profitability of the Company and may also affect the value of the Company's assets and liabilities and the amount of shareholders' equity. As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the foreign currency risk was considered minimal.

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Digi Power X Inc.
Notes to Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2025
(Expressed in United States Dollars) (Unaudited)

23. Financial instruments and risk management (continued)

Digital currency risk

Digital currency prices are affected by various forces including global supply and demand, interest rates, exchange rates, inflation or deflation and the global political and economic conditions. The profitability of the Company is directly related to the current and future market price of digital currencies; in addition, the Company may not be able liquidate its holdings of digital currencies at its desired price if required. A decline in the market prices for digital currencies could negatively impact the Company's future operations. The Company has not hedged the conversion of any of its sales of digital currencies.

Digital currencies have a limited history and the fair value historically has been very volatile. Historical performance of digital currencies is not indicative of their future price performance. The Company's digital currencies currently consist of Bitcoin.

At June 30, 2025, had the market price of the Company's holdings of Bitcoin increased or decreased by 10% with all other variables held constant, the corresponding asset value increase or decrease respectively would amount to \$431,585 (December 31, 2024 - \$452,542).

24. Subsequent events

On July 23, 2024, the Company announced the closing of a registered direct offering of 4,807,693 shares of common stock (or pre-funded warrants in lieu thereof) at an offering price of U.S.\$3.12 per share resulting in gross proceeds of approximately U.S.\$15 million before deducting placement agent fees and other expenses payable by the Company.

Subsequent to quarter end, the Company has received \$1,827,272 in cash from the exercise of 913,636 warrants with a price of \$2.00 per warrant.

Subsea	uent to	year end,	the Co	mpan	v issued	279.83	30 subc	ordinate	voting	shares	for a tot	al aggi	regate o	of \$1.2	28,962	2 pursuai	it to th	e at-tl	ne-mark	et eau	itv r	rog	ram

DIGI POWER X INC. (FORMERLY "DIGIHOST TECHNOLOGY INC.")

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

DIGI POWER X INC. (FORMERLY "DIGIHOST TECHNOLOGY INC.") Management's Discussion & Analysis For the three and six months ended June 30, 2025

Introduction

The following management's discussion & analysis (this "MD&A") of the financial condition and results of the operations of Digi Power X Inc. (formerly "Digihost Technology Inc.") (the "Company" or "Digi Power") constitutes management's review of the factors that affected the Company's financial and operating performance for the three and sixmonth periods ended June 30, 2025. This MD&A was written to comply with the requirements of National Instrument 51-102 — Continuous Disclosure Obligations. This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the Company's unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Company for the three and six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, together with the notes thereto. Results are reported in United States dollars, unless otherwise noted. The Company's unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements and the financial information contained in this MD&A, unless otherwise indicated, were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations of the IFRS Interpretations Committee.

The effective date of this MD&A is August 14, 2025.

For the purpose of preparing this MD&A, management, in conjunction with the Board of Directors (the "Board"), considered the materiality of information. Information is considered material if: (i) such information results in, or would reasonably be expected to result in, a significant change in the market price or value of Company's subordinate voting shares; (ii) there is a substantial likelihood that a reasonable investor would consider it important in making an investment decision; or (iii) it would significantly alter the total mix of information available to investors. Management, in conjunction with the Board, evaluated materiality with reference to all relevant circumstances, including potential market sensitivity.

Information about the Company and its operations can be obtained from the offices of the Company and is available for review under the Company's profile on the System for Electronic Documents Analysis and Retrieval + ("SEDAR +") website (www.sedarplus.ca) and on the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission's EDGAR website at www.sec.gov/edgar.

The Company's management team ("Management") is responsible for the preparation and integrity of the Financial Statements including the maintenance of appropriate information systems, procedures and internal controls. Management is also responsible for ensuring that information disclosed externally, including the Financial Statements and MD&A. is complete and reliable.

Description of Business

Digi Power, through its U.S. operating subsidiaries, is an innovative energy infrastructure company that develops data centers to drive the expansion of sustainable energy assets. With multiple sites, including its combined cycle and high-capacity substations, the Company taps into and enhances the energy grid, supporting both industrial clients and broader energy markets

Digi Power's mission is to create efficient, reliable, and cost-effective energy solutions by maximizing the potential of our power facilities and building advanced infrastructure to meet the demands of high-performance computing, Bitcoin mining, and other energy-intensive industries. The Company currently operates three U.S.-based Bitcoin mining sites and remains focused on procuring power from renewable energy sources and those that create zero carbon emissions.

The head office of the Company is located at 218 NW 24th Street, 2nd Floor, Miami, Florida 33127.

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DIGI POWER X INC. (FORMERLY "DIGIHOST TECHNOLOGY INC.") Management's Discussion & Analysis For the three and six months ended June 30, 2025

Mining operation and network overview

Revenue from the Company's Bitcoin mining operation is recognized based upon the average Bitcoin price in effect on the day the Bitcoins are mined. Bitcoins are received within a 24-hour period from the actual time they are mined. The Bitcoin price is volatile and can change markedly from day to day. This volatility in price can result in material changes in revenue recorded from period to period.

Network mining difficulty is one of the most significant competitive conditions the Company faces in its Bitcoin mining operation. Network difficulty is a unitless measure of how difficult it is to find a hash below a given target. Network difficulty is impacted directly by the price of Bitcoin. As the price of Bitcoin increases network mining difficulty may increase if more competitors begin to mine Bitcoin, which would result in a decrease in the number of Bitcoins mined by the Company based upon its existing computing power. As network difficulty rises the cost to the Company to mine Bitcoin also rises.

The Bitcoin network protocol automatically adjusts network difficulty by changing the target every 2,016 blocks hashed based on the time it took for the total computing power used in Bitcoin mining to solve the previous 2,016 blocks such that the average time to solve each block is maintained as close to ten minutes as possible. Price and network difficulty are positively correlated such that, as the price of Bitcoin rises, there is an added incentive for miners to enter the market, and such increase in miners typically results in a proportional increase in network difficulty.

With respect to the conversion of the Company's Bitcoin to cash, the Company relies on a third-party service provider to broker sales of its mined Bitcoin. In 2022, the Company began to monetize a portion of Bitcoin mined to fund the Company's operating costs and SG&A expenses, mitigating the need to access equity markets to fund those costs and expenses when appropriate. This strategy has continued during the entirety of 2025 and to the date of this MD&A.

A "mining pool" is a service operated by a mining pool operator that pools the resources of individual miners to share their processing power over a network. Mining pools emerged in response to the growing difficulty and network hash rate competing for Bitcoin rewards on the Bitcoin blockchain as a way of lowering costs and reducing the risk of an individual miner's mining activities. The mining pool operator provides a service that coordinates the computing power of the independent mining enterprises participating in the mining pools are subject to various risks such as disruption and down time. In the event that a pool we utilize experiences down time or is not yielding returns, our results may be impacted.

The Company uses a mining pool that pays Bitcoin rewards utilizing a "Full-Pay-Per-Share" payout of Bitcoin based on a contractual formula, which calculates payout primarily based on the hash rate provided by us to the mining pool as a percentage of total network hash rate, along with other inputs. We are entitled to consideration even if a block is not successfully placed by the mining pool operator. The Company transitioned completely to this type of mining pool in 2022 and utilized it for the period ended June 30, 2025, and to the date of this MD&A.

Mining Operations

Bitcoin

As of June 30, 2025, the Company held a total of approximately 40 Bitcoins with an inventory value of \$4,315,848 based on the Bitcoin price as of that date per the Gemini exchange. For the six-month period ending June 30, 2025, Digi Power mined a total of approximately 23 Bitcoins compared to a total of approximately 174 Bitcoins for the six-month period ending June 30, 2024, representing a decrease of 87%.

For the three-month period ended June 30, 2025, Digi Power mined a total of 14 Bitcoins compared to 45 for the three-month period ended June 30, 2024, a decrease of 69%.

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DIGI POWER X INC. (FORMERLY "DIGIHOST TECHNOLOGY INC.") Management's Discussion & Analysis

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2025

The number of coins decreased compared to 2024 due to the continued expansion of the Company's colocation operations agreements that were entered into in order to diversify its operations.

Updates and Expansion

On February 7, 2023, the Company announced that it had completed the acquisition of a 60 MW power plant in North Tonawanda, NY. Further to the Company's initial news release on March 24, 2021, the terms of the acquisition were amended to reflect an all-cash purchase price. No shares of the Company were issued in connection with the acquisition.

The acquisition represents a significant milestone in the Company's ongoing infrastructure expansion strategy. As a result of the acquisition, the Company's consolidated operating capacity across its three sites represents approximately 90MW of available power, representing approximately 2 EH/s of computing power. The generator capacity will continue flexible operation to ensure that 24/7 dispatchable supply is made available to area residents, businesses and industry to mitigate impacts of power interruptions in concert with directives of the New York Independent System Operator (NYISO).

A Colocation Services Agreement was entered into on April 20, 2023, by and between the Company and Bit Digital USA, Inc. ("Bit"). Under the terms of the agreement, Digi Power provides hosting services in return for reimbursement of power consumption per the contractual terms.

A Colocation Services Agreement was entered into on September 21, 2023, by and between the Company and a strategic partner. Under the terms of the agreement, Digi Power provides hosting services in return for reimbursement of power consumption per the contractual terms.

On July 11, 2024, the Company announced that it signed a profit-sharing agreement with a strategic partner. Under the executed agreement, the Company agreed to integrate 11,000 state-of-the-art S21 miners (200/TH) into its facilities, translating to approximately 44 MW of hosting. This deal also includes a profit-sharing component, whereby the Company receives 60% of the daily Bitcoin mining rewards earned from the S21 miners in exchange for providing the agreed upon capacity and electrical infrastructure support.

On February 7, 2025, the Company closed a private placement for gross proceeds of \$6,609,500 and consisted of the sale of 2,503,601 subordinate voting shares of the Company and 1,251,805 warrants at a price of \$2.64. Each warrant is exercisable at a price of \$3.66 and expires three years from the issuance date.

The Company incorporated US Data Centers Inc. as a subsidiary on September 20, 2024. In Q1 2025, the Company dissolved this subsidiary and incorporated an entity of the same name. Funds of approximately \$1,000,000 were distributed back to the original shareholders upon dissolution.

On February 11, 2025, Digi Power announced the formation of US Data Centers, Inc. ("US Data Centers"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company which will be dedicated to the development of high-performance computing ("HPC") and artificial intelligence ("AI")-focused data centers. The new US Data Centers website can be found at www.usdatacenters.ai.

With the launch of US Data Centers, Digi Power is creating a dedicated platform focused entirely on delivering AI and HPC solutions, ensuring purpose-built infrastructure for the next generation of computing. As its first major initiative, US Data Centers plans to lead the transformation of the Company's existing site in Columbiana, Alabama into a state-of-the-art Tier 3 data center designed to support next-generation AI and HPC workloads.

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DIGI POWER X INC. (FORMERLY "DIGIHOST TECHNOLOGY INC.") Management's Discussion & Analysis English the control of the control

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2025

On July 17, 2025, the Company announced the execution of a definitive purchase order with Super Micro Computer, Inc. ("Supermicro") (NASDAQ: SMCI) to supply NVIDIA B200-powered systems for the launch of NeoCloud, Digi Power X's Tier 3 modular artificial intelligence ("AI") infrastructure platform.

The Supermicro systems, pre-qualified for NVIDIA's new Blackwell B200 GPUs, will be deployed inside Digi Power X's proprietary ARMS 200 (AI-Ready Modular Solution) pods. The first live deployment will take place at the Company's Alabama site, with operations set to begin in the first quarter of 2026.

Green Initiative

Digi Power's operations use a blend of renewable energy, zero-carbon electricity, and non-renewable sources. Currently, 91% of the electricity consumed by the Company's grid-based power across its two New York State sites is sourced from zero-carbon generation. Additionally, more than 50% of the total energy consumed at these sites is derived from renewable sources.

As the Company brings online its own natural gas-fired power generation facility, it will focus on sourcing renewable natural gas (RNG) for at least 50% of the natural gas consumed at its Alabama site. New York State's growing RNGecosystem—primarily supplied by anaerobic digesters on local dairy farms and by landfill gas recovery—positions the Company to support sustainable fuel sourcing.

Current Carbon-Neutrality Efforts & Initiatives include:

- 100% Carbon Neutral by 2026: The Company is committed to achieving 100% carbon neutrality across all operations with a net-zero carbon footprint by the end of 2026. While the original goal was 2025, the timeline has been adjusted to align with updated projections on New York State's renewable energy deployment, which is slightly behind pace. The Company remains on track to meet its long-term target of using 100% renewable energy by 2030.
- Community Solar Leadership: The Company is the anchor subscriber to a 5 MW community solar project located in Grand Island, NY, just 15 miles from its East Delevan facility. This project is expected to generate enough clean electricity to power more than 2,500 homes annually. Our participation directly supports the development of new renewable assets, adds clean energy to the grid, and reduces our overall electricity costs.
- Digigreen Initiative: An internal program focused on implementing sustainable, environmentally responsible, and economically sound practices. This initiative helps position the Company as an industry leader in reducing and eliminating its carbon footprint without sacrificing profitability.
- Crypto Climate Accord: As a signatory to this private sector-led initiative, the Company is working collaboratively with other crypto stakeholders to rapidly decarbonize
 the cryptocurrency industry.
- Proof of Green: The Company is developing proprietary standards to measure and audit its carbon impact. These tools enable regular environmental accountability reports and provide strategic guidance to directors and shareholders on carbon reduction opportunities across operations.

At-the-Market Offering

On May 30, 2025, the Company entered into an at-the-market sales agreement with A.G.P./Alliance Global Partners as agent (the "Agent"), pursuant to which the Company established an at-the-market equity program (the "ATM Program"). From the commencement of the ATM Program through June 30, 2025, the Company issued 806,291 subordinate voting shares in exchange for gross proceeds of \$1,759,800, at an average share price of \$2.13, and received net proceeds of \$1,715,597 after paying commissions of \$44,203 to the Agent and incurring \$100,000 of other transaction fees.

Custodial services for digital currencies

The Company has a digital custody account with Gemini Trust Company, LLC (Gemini). Gemini is a digital currency exchange and custodian that allows customers to buy, sell, and store its digital assets. Gemini holds 100% of the Company's cryptocurrency assets in hot storage. Gemini is not a related party of the Company. The Company is not aware of anything with regards to Gemini's operations that would adversely affect the Company's ability to obtain an unqualified audit opinion on its audited financial statements.

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DIGI POWER X INC. (FORMERLY "DIGIHOST TECHNOLOGY INC.") Management's Discussion & Analysis For the three and six months ended June 30, 2025

The Company has chosen to hold its full inventory of Company's cryptocurrency assets with Gemini due to its track record in the industry. Gemini is a New York trust company regulated by the New York State Department of Financial Services and is the foreign equivalent of a Canadian financial institution (as that term is defined in National Instrument 45-106 – *Prospectus Exemption*). Gemini is a qualified custodian under New York Banking Law and is licensed by the State of New York to custody digital assets. Gemini has not appointed a sub-custodian to hold any of the Company's cryptocurrencies. Gemini has US\$100M split between US\$25M of commercial crime insurance for digital assets held in online hot wallet and US\$75M for offline, cold storage insurance coverage. Although the Company has historically utilized both cold and hot storage for its digital crypto assets with Gemini, the Company currently holds all its cryptocurrencies custodied with Gemini in hot storage.

The Company has conducted due diligence on Gemini and has not identified any material concerns. It routinely reviews and verifies its asset balances on public blockchain explorers. Management of the Company is not aware of any security breaches or other similar incidents involving Gemini that resulted in lost or stolen cryptocurrency assets. In the event of an insolvency or bankruptcy of Gemini, the Company would write off as losses any unrecoverable cryptocurrency assets.

In order to monitor Gemini, the Company relies on system and organization controls provided by a SOC 2 Type II report, which was undertaken by Deloitte & Touche LLP, an independent audit firm. A SOC 2 Type II certification and report are viewed as instrumental in providing verification to third parties that appropriate controls have been put in place to safeguard the Company's cryptocurrency assets, specifically as it relates to having strict security and data protection processes and protocols.

In general, a SOC 2 Type II certification is issued by an outside auditor that evaluates the extent to which a vendor complies with five trust principles based on the systems and processes in place. These five principles include the following:

- "Security", which addresses the safeguarding of system resources and assets against unauthorized access;
- "Availability", which addresses the accessibility of the system as stipulated by the applicable service agreement between vendor and customer;
- "Processing Integrity", which addresses whether or not a systemachieves its purpose;
- "Confidentiality", which addresses whether access and disclosure of data is restricted to a specified set of persons or organizations; and
- "Privacy", which addresses the system's collection, use, retention, disclosure and disposal of personal information in conformity with an organization's privacy notice.

The Company has elected to use Gemini as its sole custodian as Gemini compiles documented controls that can be provided to the Company, such as the SOC 2 Type II certification. The Company reviews the SOC 2 Type II report to ensure it maintains a secure technology infrastructure and the security systems designed to safeguard cryptocurrency assets are operating effectively. To date, the Company has not identified any material concerns based on its review of the SOC 2 Type II report.

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Gemini maintains insurance coverage for the cryptocurrency held on behalf of the Company in its online hot wallet. The Company is in the process of looking to insure the remainder of its mined digital currency. Given the novelty of digital currency mining and associated businesses, insurance of this nature is generally not available, or is uneconomical for the Company to obtain, which leads to the risk of inadequate insurance cover.

On occasion, to mitigate third-party risk, the Company will hold a portion of its digital currencies in cold storage solutions that are not connected to the internet. The Company's digital assets that are held in cold storage are stored in safety deposit boxes at a bank branch. The wallets in which the Company stores its cryptocurrency assets are not multisignature wallets; however, the Company secures the 24-word seed phrase, which facilitates recovery of the wallets should the wallets become lost, stolen or damaged, by partitioning the seed phrase in multiple parts, and securing each part in a separate location. Each part of the seed phrase is stored in either a safe or safety deposit box, The Company replicates this security protocol by taking the same 24-word seed phrase, partitioning this into several parts and storing each part in a secure location in a separate safe or safety deposit box than was used for the first copy of the seed-phrase. This duplication ensures that the digital currencies held via cold storage solutions will be recoverable by the Company, should the Company's cold-wallets become lost, stolen or damaged. During the quarter-ended June 30, 2025, all of the Company's cryptocurrency assets were and, as of the date of this MD&A, all of the Company's cryptocurrency assets are currently held in its Gemini wallets.

Selected Financial Information

	Period ended June 30, 2025 (\$)	Year ended December 31, 2024 (\$)	Year ended December 31, 2023 (\$)
Revenue	17,388,038	37,002,263	26,112,908
Net income (loss)	(12,322,295)	(6,797,718)	(21,885,410)
Net income (loss) per share – basic and diluted	(0.34)	(0.22)	(0.77)
	Period ended June 30, 2025 (\$)	Year ended December 31, 2024 (\$)	As at December 31, 2023 (\$)
Total assets	37,096,704	34,318,088	42,147,347
Total long-term liabilities	2,251,884	2,279,211	2,179,757

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Selected Quarterly Information

A summary of selected information for each of the eight most recent quarters prepared in accordance with IFRS is as follows:

		Net Income or (Loss)							
Three Months Ended	Revenues (\$)	Total (\$)	Per Share - Basic (\$)	Per Share - Diluted (\$)					
2025-June 30	8,111,451	(10,633,763)	(0.29)	(0.29)					
2025-March 31	9,276,587	(1,688,532)	(0.05)	(0.05)					
2024-December 31	5,637,540	(464,075)	(0.10)	(0.10)					
2024-September 30	9,175,740	(6,412,344)	(0.13)	(0.13)					
2024-June 30	9,230,664	(4,765,447)	(0.16)	(0.16)					
2024-March 31	12,958,319	4,844,148	0.17	0.17					
2023-December 31	7,393,047	(9,685,061)	(0.34)	(0.34)					
2023-Sentember 30	6 991 701	136,060	0.00	0.00					

The Company is generally not subject to seasonality. Factors that may impact revenues and profitability include Bitcoin price, network difficulty, the price of power, foreign currency fluctuations and the Company's hashrate.

Results of Operations

For the three months ended June 30, 2025, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2024:

For the three months ended June 30, 2025, the Company's net loss was \$10,633,763 compared to a net loss of \$4,765,447 for the three months ended June 30, 2024. Highlights of the quarter include:

Revenue

Revenue from Bitcoin mining was \$1,394,740 for the three months ended June 30, 2025, compared to \$2,968,605 for the period ended June 30, 2024.

For the three-month period ended June 30, 2025, the Company self-mined a total of approximately 14 Bitcoins at an average Bitcoin price of US\$98,697 (from Gemini) compared to the three-month period ended June 30, 2024, in which the Company mined approximately 45 Bitcoins at an average price of Bitcoin of US\$65,675.

The primary reason for the decrease in the Company's mining revenue in Q2 2025 versus Q2 2024 was the continued diversification of the Company's revenue streams by entering into the colocation agreements mentioned above in this MD&A. By entering into these contracts, the Company was able to utilize its existing infrastructure and power supply and receive consistent payment for consumption.

From the colocation agreements, the Company recognized revenue from colocation service agreements of \$4,487,129 for the quarter ended June 30, 2025 (2024: \$2,210,505). Sale of electricity was \$nil in Q2 2025 as the Company's agreement with Northern Data expired at the end of Q2 2024 (2024: \$2,904,208).

The Company also recognized revenue from the sale of energy of \$2,229,582 for the period, compared to \$1,147,346 in Q2 2024. Revenue from this acquisition of a business is recognized each month through the operations of the plant through its available capacity that can be sold, and actual generation of power sold. The increase in revenue on a year-over-year basis was due to the plant selling its power to the grid during the current year instead of using the plant power to run its mining operations (higher power pricing drove the decision to curtail).

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Cost of Sales

The Company's cost of sales was \$8,401,545 for the three-month period ended June 30, 2025, compared to \$12,127,965 for the three-month period ended June 30, 2024.

Depreciation and amortization expense decreased by \$2,377,561 year over year as the expense associated with the \$3.2 million of assets related to the Company's infrastructure and mining equipment that were put into use during the first half of 2024 was offset by the reduction of expense associated with fully depreciated assets.

Cost of revenue of \$6,827,854 as of June 30, 2025, decreased by \$1,348,859 with the prior year (\$8,176,713) as the Company's utility expenses decreased in parallel with its reduction in self mining.

General, Administrative & Other Expenses

The Company's general and administrative expenses were \$6,891,358 for the three-month period ended June 30, 2025, compared to \$1,535,620 in the same period of 2024.

The primary drivers in the current period versus the quarter ended June 30, 2024, were due to:

- Increase in office and administrative spend of \$607,183 associated with expenses incurred related to a performance bonus paid to a Company officer and an increase in marketing and consulting fees.
- Foreign exchange loss of \$3,538,930 (2024: gain of \$584,972) related to currency exchange fluctuations on the intercompany balances.
- Share based compensation expense of \$2,069,041 (2024: \$504,140) related to vested stock options and RSU's awards.

Other income/expense items of note in the current year include the revaluation of the warrant liabilities, which resulted in a loss of \$3.43 million (2024: loss of \$0.375 million).

For the six months ended June 30, 2025, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024:

For the six months ended June 30, 2025, the Company's net loss was \$12,322,295 compared to net income of \$78,701 for the six months ended June 30, 2024. Highlights of the quarter include:

Revenue

Revenue from Bitcoin mining was \$2,160,616 for the six months ended June 30, 2025, compared to \$9,778,994 for the period ended June 30, 2024.

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2025, the Company self-mined a total of approximately 23 Bitcoins at an average Bitcoin price of US\$96,059 (from Gemini) compared to the six-month period ended June 30, 2024, in which the Company mined approximately 174 Bitcoins at an average price of Bitcoin of US\$59,531.

The primary reason for the decrease in the Company's mining revenue in 2025 versus 2024 was the continued diversification of the Company's revenue streams by entering into the colocation agreements mentioned above in this MD&A. By entering into those agreements, the Company was able to utilize its existing infrastructure and power supply and receive consistent payment for consumption.

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From those agreements, the Company recognized revenue from colocation service agreements of \$9,569,924 for the six months ended June 30, 2025 (2024: \$3,637,436). Sale of electricity was \$nil in 2025 as the Company's agreement with Northern Data expired at the end of Q2 2024 (2024: \$6,283,028).

The Company also recognized revenue from the sale of energy of \$5,657,498 year to date, compared to \$2,489,525 in 2024. Revenue from this acquisition of a business is recognized each month through the operations of the plant through its available capacity that can be sold, and actual generation of power sold. The increase in revenue on a year-over-year basis was due to the plant selling its power to the grid during the current year instead of using the plant power to run its mining operations (higher power pricing drove the decision to curtail).

Cost of Sales

The Company's cost of sales was \$15,450,164 for the six-month period ended June 30, 2025, compared to \$17,176,595 for the six-month period ended June 30, 2024.

Depreciation and amortization expense decreased by \$4,156,021 year-over-year as the expense associated with the \$3.2 million of assets related to the Company's infrastructure and mining equipment that were put into use during the first half of 2024 was offset by the reduction of expense associated with fully depreciated assets.

Cost of revenue of \$15,450,164 as of June 30, 2025, decreased by \$1,726,431 compared to the prior year (\$17,176,595) as the Company's utility expenses decreased in parallel with its reduction in self mining.

General, Administrative & Other Expenses

The Company's general and administrative expenses were \$9,988,192 for the six-month period ended June 30, 2025, compared to \$695,937 in 2024.

The primary drivers in the current period versus the year ended June 30, 2024, were due to:

- Increase in office and administrative spend of \$1,309,089 associated with expenses incurred related to a performance bonus paid to a Company officer and an increase in marketing and consulting fees.
- Foreign exchange loss of \$3,602,224 (2024: gain of \$2,002,846) related to currency exchange fluctuations on the intercompany balances.
- Share based compensation expense of \$3,107,826 (2024: \$750,401) related to vested stock options and RSU's awards.

Other income/expense items of note in the current year include the revaluation of the warrant liabilities which resulted in a loss of \$0.5 million (2024: gain of \$3,682,327).

Cash flows

Operating Activities

Cash used by operating activities for the quarter year ended June 30, 2025, was \$18,354,222 as compared to cash used of \$4,332,561 for the quarter ended June 30, 2024. The difference is primarily attributable to the change in warrant liability (\$512,028 versus -\$3,682,327), decrease in depreciation and amortization (\$3,720,499 versus 7,876,520) and the increase in amounts owed for working capital items in the current quarter (-\$6,509,050 versus \$3,741,931).

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Investing Activities

Cash provided from investing activities for the quarter year ended June 30, 2025, was \$9,414,651 as compared to cash provided from investing activities of \$6,264,757 for the quarter ended June 30, 2024. In the current period, cash of \$1,557,363 was used for the purchase of equipment and digital currencies traded for cash of \$10,972,014. In the prior year, \$3,200,000 was used for the purchase of mining infrastructure equipment and there were digital currencies traded for cash of \$9,464,757.

Financing Activities

Cash provided by financing activities for the quarter year ended June 30, 2025, was \$11,518,793, as compared to cash used of \$746,413 for the quarter ended June 30, 2024. The drivers of the balance in the current period were proceeds of shares issued for cash of \$8,101,923 and the proceeds from exercise of warrants and options of \$4,525,000, partly offset by repayment of loans of \$78,130 and lease payments of \$30,000. The drivers of the balance in the prior year were proceeds of shares issued for cash of \$5,457, offset by repayment of loans of \$676,968 and lease payments of \$74,902.

Liquidity and Financial Position

As of June 30, 2025, the Company had a positive working capital balance of \$1,452,738, including digital currencies of \$4,315,848. The Company commenced earning revenue from digital currency mining in mid-February 2020; however, it has limited operating history, and there can be no assurance that the Company's historical performance will be indicative of its future performance.

The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on the Company's ability to efficiently mine and liquidate digital currencies, continue its colocation arrangements, manage operational expenses, and raise additional funds through debt or equity financing.

Capital Resources

The Company's capital management objective is to provide the financial resources that will enable Digi Power to maximize the return to its shareholders while also optimizing its cost of capital. In order to achieve this goal, the Company monitors its capital structure and adjusts as required in response to an ever-changing economic environment and the various risks to which the Company is exposed. The Company's approach to attaining this objective is to preserve a flexible capital structure that optimizes the cost of capital at a satisfactory level of risk, to maintain its ability to meet financial obligations as they come due, and to ensure the Company has appropriate financial resources to fund its organic and acquisitive growth.

In order to achieve its future business objectives, Digi Power may need to liquidate or borrow against Bitcoin that has been accumulated as of the date hereof as well as Bitcoin generated from ongoing operations, which may or may not be possible on commercially attractive terms or at all. The Company presently anticipates that additional financing may be required to fund its initiative of developing high-performance computing and artificial intelligence focused data centers.

The Company also anticipates that additional financing could be required to purchase the next generation miners required to utilize its maximum capacity and is looking for an attractive joint venture and hosting colocation arrangements to strengthen its capital position.

Digi Power may manage its capital structure through a variety of methods, including, without limitation, by issuing equity, seeking financing through loan products, adjusting capital spending, entering into beneficial hosting or colocation agreements, or disposing of assets.

Notes Receivable and Related Party Transactions

Investment

In December 2021, the Company entered into an agreement for a Secured Convertible Promissory Note ("Note") with principal of \$800,000. The Note accrued interest at a rate of 6% per annum, with 3% payable in cash every calendar quarter and 3% payable in notes. The Note was converted into Series C Preferred Stock ("Shares") of the issuer effective October 1, 2023, with 8,000 warrants issued to the Company. The Shares are secured by the assets of the issuer. As at June 30, 2025, the fair value of the Shares and warrants was estimated to be \$900,844.

Related Party Transactions

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control. Related parties include key management personnel and may be individuals or corporate entities. A transaction is considered to be a related party transaction when there is a transfer of resources or obligations between related parties. Related party transactions are recorded at the exchange amount, being the amount agreed to between the related parties.

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing, and controlling the activities of the Company, directly or indirectly. Key management personnel include the Company's executive officers and members of the Board of Directors.

Remuneration of key management personnel of the Company was as follows:

	Period ended June 30, 2025	eriod ended June 30, 2024
Professional fees (1)	99,233	60,210
Salaries (1)	1,054,053	434,001
Share based compensation ⁽²⁾	2,150,820	 699,401
Total	\$ 3,304,106	\$ 1,193,612

- (1) Represents the professional fees and salaries paid to officers and directors in BTC. During the six months ended June 30, 2025, the Company paid 6 BTC (six months ended June 30, 2024 - 16 BTC) as compensation for the services provided in by officers and directors with a fair value of \$587,615 (six months ended June 30, 2024 - \$994,420).
- (2) Represents the share-based compensation for officers and directors.

Share Capital

As of the date of this MD&A, the Company has 44,707,644 subordinate voting shares outstanding.

As of the date of this MD&A, the Company had issued 1,732,121 stock options, 2,016,567 restricted share units and 5,717,916 warrants, including 242,380 broker warrants.

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Subsequent Events

On July 23, 2024, the Company announced the closing of a registered direct offering of 4,807,693 shares of common stock (or pre-funded warrants in lieu thereof) at an offering price of U.S.\$3.12 per share resulting in gross proceeds of approximately U.S.\$15 million before deducting placement agent fees and other expenses payable by the Company.

Subsequent to quarter end, the Company has received \$1,827,272 in cash from the exercise of 913,636 warrants with a price of \$2.00 per warrant.

Subsequent to year end, the Company has issued 279,830 subordinate voting shares for a total aggregate of \$1,228,962 pursuant to the at-the-market equity program.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As at the date of this MD&A, the Company did not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

Adoption of new accounting policies

On October 2022, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements - Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current and Noncurrent Liabilities with Covenants. These amendments increase the disclosure required to enable users of financial statements to understand the risk that non-current liabilities with covenants could become repayable within 12 months. The amendments are effective January 1, 2024. Retrospective application is required on adoption. These amendments resulted in \$5,456,749 of warrant liabilities previously classified as long term, to be reclassified as current liabilities as at December 31, 2023, upon adoption. As at June 30, 2025, the Company's warrant liabilities of \$5,373,154 are entirely classified as current liabilities, as the counterparties who hold them may exercise them into common shares of the Company at any time.

Accounting standards issued but not yet effective

In April 2024, the IASB issued IFRS 18, Presentation and Disclosure of Financial Statements ("IFRS 18"), which replaces IAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements. IFRS 18 introduces a specified structure for the income statement by requiring income and expenses to be presented into the three defined categories of operating, investing and financing, and by specifying certain defined totals and subtotals. Where company-specific measures related to the income statement are provided, IFRS 18 requires companies to disclose explanations around these measures, which are referred to as management-defined performance measures. IFRS 18 also provides additional guidance on principles of aggregation and disaggregation which apply to the primary financial statements and the notes. IFRS 18 will not affect the recognition and measurement of items in the financial statements, nor will it affect which items are classified in other comprehensive income and how these items are classified. The standard is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027, including for interim financial statements. Retrospective application is required, and early application is permitted. We are currently assessing the effect of this new standard on our financial statements.

As at June 30, 2025, there are no other IFRS or IFRIC interpretations with future effective dates that are expected to have a material impact on the Company.

Critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumption

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. Actual outcomes could differ from these estimates. These financial statements include estimates that, by their nature, are uncertain. The impacts of such estimates are pervasive throughout the financial statements and may require accounting adjustments based on future occurrences. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. These estimates are based on historical experience, current and future economic conditions, and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

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Significant assumptions about the future that management has made that could result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities, in the event that actual results differ from assumptions made, relate to, but are not limited to, the following:

Significant judgements

(i) Income from digital currency mining

The Company recognizes income from digital currency mining from the provision of transaction verification services within digital currency networks, commonly termed "cryptocurrency mining". As consideration for these services, the Company receives digital currency from each specific network in which it participates ("coins"). Income from digital currency mining is measured based on the fair value of the coins received. The fair value is determined using the spot price of the coin on the date of receipt. The coins are recorded on the statement of financial position, as digital currencies, at their fair value less costs to sell and re-measured at each reporting date. Revaluation gains or losses, as well as gains or losses on the sale of coins for traditional (fiat) currencies are included in profit or loss in accordance with the Company's treatment of its digital currencies as a traded commodity.

There is currently no specific definitive guidance in IFRS or alternative accounting frameworks for the accounting for the mining and strategic selling of digital currencies and management has exercised significant judgement in determining appropriate accounting treatment for the recognition of income from digital currency mining for mining of digital currencies. Management has examined various factors surrounding the substance of the Company's operations, including the stage of completion being the completion and addition of a block to a blockchain and the reliability of the measurement of the digital currency received.

(ii) Income, value added, withholding and other taxes

The Company is subject to income, value added, withholding and other taxes. Significant judgment is required in determining the Company's provisions for taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Company recognizes liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. The determination of the Company's income, value added, withholding and other tax liabilities requires interpretation of complex laws and regulations. The Company's interpretation of taxation law as applied to transactions and activities may not coincide with the interpretation of the tax authorities. All tax related filings are subject to government audit and potential reassessment subsequent to the financial statement reporting period. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the tax related accruals and deferred income tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

Significant estimates

(i) Useful lives of property, plant, and equipment

Depreciation of data miners and equipment are an estimate of its expected life. In order to determine the useful life of computing equipment, assumptions are required about a range of computing industry market and economic factors, including required hashrates, technological changes, availability of hardware and other inputs, and production costs.

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(ii) Data miners valuation

Impairment of data miners was estimated based on the recoverable amount of mining equipment based on current market prices and hash rate power per miner type. The recoverable amount represents the higher value between an asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. Hash rate power refers to the computational power of the mining equipment, which directly affects the mining efficiency and potential revenue generation. As the market prices for mining equipment and hash rate power can vary significantly over time, these factors are considered in estimating the recoverable amount of the assets. The current market prices for mining equipment are obtained from various sources, including manufacturers, distributors, and marketplaces for used equipment. Management reviews and compares these prices regularly to ensure the accuracy and relevance of the data.

(iii) Warrant liability

The Company uses Black Scholes method to determine the fair value of the warrant liability. The Black Scholes method requires significant judgement in determining the fair value such as volatility and risk-free rate. A change in these inputs could lead to significant change in the fair value of the warrant liability.

Restatement of statement of cash flows

The statement of cash flows in the prior year has been restated to reclassify the cash proceeds from the sale of digital assets and the cash disbursements related to their acquisition, which are accounted for as intangible assets under IAS 38, from cash flows from operations to cash flows from investing activities. The Company has determined that this error was material to the previously issued consolidated financial statements and as such, has restated its consolidated financial statements, as applicable.

Disclosure of Internal Controls

Management has established processes to provide it with sufficient knowledge to support representations that it has exercised reasonable diligence to ensure that (i) the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not contain any untrue statement of material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances under which it is made, as of the date of and for the periods presented by the financial statements, and (ii) the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flow of the Company, as of the date of and for the periods presented.

In contrast to the certificate required for non-venture issuers under National Instrument 52-109 - Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings ("NI 52-109"), the Venture Issuer Basic Certificate does not include representations relating to the establishment and maintenance of disclosure controls and procedures ("DC&P") and internal control over financial reporting ("ICFR"), as defined in NI 52-109. In particular, the certifying officers filing such certificate are not making any representations relating to the establishment and maintenance of:

- (i) controls and other procedures designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by the issuer in its annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted under securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in securities legislation; and
- (ii) a process to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of consolidated financial statements for external purposes in accordance with the issuer's GAAP (IFRS).

The Company's certifying officers are responsible for ensuring that processes are in place to provide them with sufficient knowledge to support the representations they are making in the certificate. Investors should be aware that inherent limitations on the ability of certifying officers of a venture issuer to design and implement on a cost-effective basis DC&P and ICFR as defined in NI 52-109 may result in additional risks to the quality, reliability, transparency and timeliness of interim and annual filings and other reports provided under securities legislation.

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Identified material weakness

We have identified material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting relating to (a) the Company not having effective review and reconciliation procedures related to the period end balances in connection with the closing of financial statements for a particular period, and (b) the Company having insufficient procedures or processes to (i) Independently generate an expectation over the rewards which should be received from self-mining and colocation agreements based on the hashing power provided to the network, in order to assess the completeness and accuracy of rewards received from these revenue streams. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of our annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Effective internal controls are necessary for us to provide reliable financial reports and prevent fraud. To respond to the material weaknesses we identified, we plan to implement review and reconciliation procedures for period end balances related to the items where a deficiency was noted and to establish and maintain an equipment list that will allow the Company to verify the Bitcoin rewards we receive from mining pools and colocation agreements, as described in ITEM 15. "Controls and Procedures." Even if we successfully implement our remediation plan, there is no assurance that this initiative will ultimately have its intended effect.

If we identify any new material weaknesses in the future, any such newly identified material weakness could limit our ability to prevent or detect a misstatement of our accounts or disclosures that could result in a material misstatement of our annual or interim financial statements. In such a case, we may be unable to maintain compliance with applicable U.S. securities law requirements regarding timely filing of periodic reports in addition to applicable stock exchange listing requirements, investors may lose confidence in our financial reporting and our stock price may decline as a result.

Remediation of Material Weaknesses in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

The Company plans to strengthen its internal control over financial reporting and is committed to ensuring that such controls are designed and operating effectively. The Company plans to implement a formal process to review and reconcile period end balances related to the items described above and properly reassess those items as required. The Company also plans to implement procedures to ensure and maintain a formal review of the equipment listings for its miners used for self-mining and for co-location customers, and to generate an independent expectation of expected rewards based on hashing power provided to the network.

The material weaknesses in the Company's internal control over financial reporting will not be considered remediated until the remediated controls operate for a sufficient period of time and management has concluded, through testing, that these controls are operating effectively. Management's efforts are ongoing, and the Company expects its remediation plan to be completed Q3 2025. If these remediation efforts do not prove effective and control deficiencies and material weaknesses persist or occur in the future, the accuracy and timing of the Company's financial reporting may be materially and adversely affected, including as described in the "Risk Factors" section below.

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DIGI POWER X INC. (FORMERLY "DIGIHOST TECHNOLOGY INC.") Management's Discussion & Analysis For the three and six months ended June 30, 2025

Remediation of Prior Material Weakness in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As previously reported in the Company's annual report on 20-F for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, management of the Company identified certain material weaknesses related to (a) the Company's failure to timely communicate with and enable its independent registered public accounting firm to timely complete a PCAOB audit of the Company's financial statements included in that annual report and (b) the Company improperly classifying proceeds from the sales of digital assets in its financial statements as cash flows from investing activities, rather than cash flows from operating activities. As noted above, a material weakness is not generally considered fully remediated until the enhanced controls related to that material weakness are fully implemented and operate for a sufficient period of time, and management has concluded, through testing, that these controls are operating effectively. Since identifying the material weaknesses, the Company's management has implemented its plan to remediate these control deficiencies, including in order to timely file this Annual Report, which contains financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, that classify proceeds from the sales of digital assets as cash flows from investing activities. Management has completed its documentation, testing and evaluation of the updated internal controls and determined that, as of December 31, 2024, these controls have now operated for a sufficient period of time, and, through testing of the design and operating effectiveness of the controls, management has concluded that

these controls are operating effectively. As such, management concluded that the previously identified material weaknesses have been remediated as of December 31, 2024.

Factors Impacting Profitability

Market Price of Bitcoin: The Company's business is heavily dependent on the average price of Bitcoin. The prices of cryptocurrencies, including Bitcoin, have experienced substantial volatility, meaning that high or low prices may be based on speculation and incomplete information, subject to rapidly changing investor sentiment, and influenced by factors such as technology, regulatory void or changes, fraudulent actors, manipulation, and media reporting. Bitcoin (as well as other cryptocurrencies) may have value based on various factors, including, but not limited to, their acceptance as a means of exchange by consumers and producers, scarcity, and market demand, all of which are beyond the Company's control.

Halving: Further affecting the industry, particularly for the Bitcoin blockchain, the Bitcoin reward for solving a block is subject to periodic incremental halving. Halving is a process designed to control the overall supply and reduce the risk of inflation in Bitcoin, which uses a proof-of-work consensus algorithm. At a predetermined block, the mining reward is cut in half, hence the term "halving." For Bitcoin the reward was initially set at 50 Bitcoin currency rewards per block. The Bitcoin blockchain has undergone halvings three times since its inception as follows: (1) on November 28, 2012, at block height 210,000; (2) on July 9, 2016, at block height 420,000; and (3) on May 11, 2020, at block height 630,000, when the reward was reduced to its current level of 6.25 Bitcoin per block. The next halving for the Bitcoin blockchain is currently anticipated to occur in May 2024 at block height 840,000. Halvings will continue to occur until the total amount of Bitcoin currency rewards issued reaches approximately 21million and the theoretical supply of new Bitcoin is exhausted, which is expected to occur around the year 2140. Many factors influence the price of Bitcoin, and potential increases or decreases in prices in advance of or following a future halving is unknown.

Network Hash Rate and Difficulty: Generally, a Bitcoin miner's chance of solving a block on the Bitcoin blockchain and earning a Bitcoin reward is a function of the miner's hash rate, relative to the global network hash rate (i.e., the aggregate amount of computing power devoted to supporting the Bitcoin blockchain at a given time). As demand for Bitcoin has increased, the global network hash rate has increased rapidly, and as greater adoption of Bitcoin occurs, we expect the demand for new Bitcoin will likewise increase as more mining companies are drawn into the industry by this increased demand. Further, as a greater number of increasingly powerful miners have been deployed, the network difficulty for Bitcoin has consequently also increased. Network difficulty is a measure of how difficult it is to solve a block on the Bitcoin blockchain, which is adjusted every 2,016 blocks (approximately every 2 weeks) so that the average time between each block validation remains approximately ten minutes. A high difficulty means that more computing power will be required in order to solve a block and earn a new Bitcoin reward, which, in turn, makes the Bitcoin network more secure by limiting the possibility of one miner or mining pool gaining control of the network. Therefore, as new and existing miners deploy additional hash rate, the global network hash rate at pace with the industry.

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DIGI POWER X INC. (FORMERLY "DIGIHOST TECHNOLOGY INC.") Management's Discussion & Analysis For the three and six months ended June 30, 2025

Cost of electricity: A key factor in the Company's profitability of its mining and colocation operations is the cost of electricity in the regions where the Company has mining operations. Energy costs generally are subject to government regulation, natural occurrences (including weather) and local supply and demand for energy. The availability and pricing of energy may be negatively affected by governmental or regulatory changes in energy policies in the states where we operate. In addition, the Company is exposed to negative impacts of changes in tax policy, such as, but not limited to, being precluded from claiming back input taxes or other specific taxes imposed on cryptocurrency.

Risk Factors

An investment in the securities of the Company is highly speculative and involves numerous and significant risks. Such investment should be undertaken only by investors whose financial resources are sufficient to enable them to assume these risks and who have no need for immediate liquidity in their investment. Prospective investors should carefully consider the risk factors that have affected, and which in the future are reasonably expected to affect, the Company and its financial position. Please refer to the section entitled "Risk Factors" in the Company's annual report on Form 20-F for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, dated March 31 2025 and the Risk Factors contained the Company's various filings on SEDAR+at www.sedarplus.ca and on EDGAR at www.sec.gov/edgar.

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Information

This MD&A contains certain forward-looking information and forward-looking statements, as defined in applicable securities laws (collectively referred to herein as "forward-looking statements"). These statements relate to future events or the Company's future performance. All statements other than statements of historical fact are forward-looking statements. Often, but not always, forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of words such as "plans", "expects", "is expected", "budget", "scheduled", "estimates", "continues", "forecasts", "projects", "predicts", "intends", "anticipates" or "believes", or variations of, or the negatives of, such words and phrases, or statements that certain actions, events or results "may", "could", "would", "should", "might" or "will" be taken, occur or be achieved. Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated in such forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements in this MD&A speak only as of the date of this MD&A or as of the date specified in such statement. The following table outlines certain significant forward-looking statements contained in this MD&A and provides the material assumptions used to develop such forward-looking statements and material risk factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements. In particular, this MD&A contains forward-looking statements pertaining to the following:

- the impact of the Bitcoin Halving in May 2024 on the price of Bitcoin and the normalization after the Bitcoin Halving to pre-Bitcoin Halving profitability levels;
- future debt levels, financial capacity, liquidity, and capital resources;
- anticipated future sources of funds to meet working capital requirements;
- future capital expenditures and contractual commitments;
- expectations respecting future financial results;
- expectations regarding benefits of certain transactions and capital investments;
- the Company's objectives, strategies, and competitive strengths and growth strategy, including the ability to develop and build out the infrastructure in North Carolina;
- expectations with respect to future opportunities;
- expectations with respect to the Company's financial position;
- the Company's capital expenditure programs and future capital requirements;

- capital resources and the Company's ability to raise capital;
- industry conditions pertaining to the cryptocurrency industry; and
- ability to finance the development of high-performance computing and artificial intelligence focused data centers; and
- the other factors discussed under "Risk Factors".

This list of factors should not be construed as exhaustive.

Additional Information

 $Additional\ information\ concerning\ the\ Company\ is\ available\ on\ SEDAR+ at\ www.sedamplus.ca\ and\ on\ EDGAR\ at\ www.sec.gov/edgar.$

FORM 52-109F2 CERTIFICATION OF INTERIM FILINGS FULL CERTIFICATE

I, Michel Amar, Chief Executive Officer of Digi Power X Inc., certify the following:

- 1. **Review:** I have reviewed the interim financial report and interim MD&A (together, the "interim filings") of **Digi Power X Inc.** (the "issuer") for the interim period ended **June 30, 2025**.
- 2. **No misrepresentations:** Based on my knowledge, having exercised reasonable diligence, the interim filings do not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances under which it was made, with respect to the period covered by the interim filings.
- 3. **Fair presentation:** Based on my knowledge, having exercised reasonable diligence, the interim financial report together with the other financial information included in the interim filings fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, financial performance and cash flows of the issuer, as of the date of and for the periods presented in the interim filings.
- 4. **Responsibility:** The issuer's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (DC&P) and internal control over financial reporting (ICFR), as those terms are defined in National Instrument 52-109 Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings, for the issuer
- 5. **Design:** Subject to the limitations, if any, described in paragraphs 5.2 and 5.3, the issuer's other certifying officer(s) and I have, as at the end of the period covered by the interim filings
 - (a) designed DC&P, or caused it to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance that
 - (i) material information relating to the issuer is made known to us by others, particularly during the period in which the interim filings are being prepared; and
 - (ii) information required to be disclosed by the issuer in its annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted by it under securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in securities legislation; and
 - (b) designed ICFR, or caused it to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with the issuer's GAAP.
- 5.1 **Control framework:** The control framework the issuer's other certifying officer(s) and I used to design the issuer's ICFR is the Internal Control Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).
- 5.2 ICFR material weakness relating to design: N/A
- 5.3 Limitation on scope of design: N/A

Chief Executive Officer

6. **Reporting changes in ICFR:** The issuer has disclosed in its interim MD&A any change in the issuer's ICFR that occurred during the period beginning on **April 01, 2025** and ended on **June 30, 2025** that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the issuer's ICFR.

Date: August 14, 2025
/s/ Michel Amar
Michel Amar

FORM 52-109F2 CERTIFICATION OF INTERIM FILINGS FULL CERTIFICATE

I, Paul Ciullo, Chief Financial Officer of Digi Power X Inc., certify the following:

- 1. **Review:** I have reviewed the interim financial report and interim MD&A (together, the "interim filings") of **Digi Power X Inc.** (the "issuer") for the interim period ended **June 30, 2025**.
- 2. **No mis representations:** Based on my knowledge, having exercised reasonable diligence, the interim filings do not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances under which it was made, with respect to the period covered by the interim filings.
- 3. **Fair presentation:** Based on my knowledge, having exercised reasonable diligence, the interim financial report together with the other financial information included in the interim filings fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, financial performance and cash flows of the issuer, as of the date of and for the periods presented in the interim filings.
- 4. **Responsibility:** The issuer's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (DC&P) and internal control over financial reporting (ICFR), as those terms are defined in National Instrument 52-109 Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings, for the issuer.
- 5. **Design:** Subject to the limitations, if any, described in paragraphs 5.2 and 5.3, the issuer's other certifying officer(s) and I have, as at the end of the period covered by the interim filings
 - (a) designed DC&P, or caused it to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance that
 - (i) material information relating to the issuer is made known to us by others, particularly during the period in which the interim filings are being prepared; and
 - (ii) information required to be disclosed by the issuer in its annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted by it under securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in securities legislation; and
 - (b) designed ICFR, or caused it to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with the issuer's GAAP.
- 5.1 **Control framework:** The control framework the issuer's other certifying officer(s) and I used to design the issuer's ICFR is the Internal Control Integrated Framework (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).
- 5.2 ICFR material weakness relating to design: N/A
- 5.3 Limitation on scope of design: N/A
- 6. **Reporting changes in ICFR:** The issuer has disclosed in its interim MD&A any change in the issuer's ICFR that occurred during the period beginning on **April 01, 2025** and ended on **June 30, 2025** that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the issuer's ICFR.

Date: August 14, 2025
/s/ Paul Ciullo

Paul Ciullo Chief Financial Officer