

$M \subseteq G$ Levi Subgp, G splits over a tame extension ①
 (σ, V_σ) a supercuspidal rep of M

Def A pair (K, ϱ) consisting of a compact, open subgp $K \subset G$ an irred rep (ϱ, V_ϱ) of K is an $[M, \sigma]$ -type if for all irred rep (π, V) of G the following are equivalent:

(i) $\pi \in \text{Rep}(G)[M, \sigma]$

(ii) $\varrho \hookleftrightarrow \pi|_K$, i.e.,

$\text{Hom}_K(\varrho, \pi) \neq \{0\}$

restriction
to K

Example: $G = \text{SL}_2(F)$, $T = M = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} * & 0 \\ 0 & * \end{pmatrix} \right\}$

(ω, triv) is a $[T, \text{triv}]$ -type

$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ \omega & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ $\det=1$

Fact (Bushnell - Kutzko 1998)

$\tilde{K} \subset G$ compact-mod-center, open

$(\tilde{\rho}, V_{\tilde{\rho}})$ repr of \tilde{K} s.th.

$\pi := \text{c-ind}_{\tilde{K}}^G \tilde{\rho}$ is irreducible, supercuspidal

Then $(\tilde{K}_{\text{cpt}}, \rho)$ is a $[G, \pi]$ -type, where

$\tilde{K}_{\text{cpt}} = \text{maximal compact subgroup of } \tilde{K}$

ρ some irred rep in

$\tilde{\rho}|_{\tilde{K}_{\text{cpt}}}$

Thm (Bushnell - Kutzko, 1998)

If (K, ρ) is an $[M, \sigma]$ -type,

then $\text{Rep}(G)_{[M, \sigma]} \simeq \text{Mod-}\mathcal{H}(G, K, \rho)$

// ← Harish-Chandra

$\mathcal{H}(V_{\rho})$

$\{ \rho: G \rightarrow \text{End}(V_{\rho}) \mid \rho(RgR') = \rho(R)\rho(g)\rho(R')$

$R, R' \in K, g \in G$ & cply supp

Examples: $G = \mathcal{L}_2(T)$

a) $[M = G, \sigma = \text{cind}_G \vartheta]$

$$\mathcal{H}(G, \underset{\parallel}{K}_{\text{cft}}, \vartheta) \simeq \text{End}_G(\text{cind}_G \vartheta)$$

$$\tilde{K} = K \simeq \mathbb{C}$$

b) $[M = T, \text{triv} = \sigma]$

$$\mathcal{H}(G, \mathcal{I}_W, \text{triv})$$

$$= \{ f: \underbrace{\mathcal{I}_W \backslash G / \mathcal{I}_W}_{N(T)/T_0} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}, f \text{ cply supp} \}$$

$$N(T)/T_0 =: \text{Walt}$$

$$\simeq \langle s_0, s_i \mid s_i^2 = 1 \rangle$$

$$= \bigoplus_{\omega \in \text{Walt}} \mathbb{C} \cdot \pi_\omega \quad \text{with relations generated by}$$

$$\pi_\omega = \pi_{s_{i_1}} \cdot \pi_{s_{i_2}} \cdots \pi_{s_{i_n}}$$

$$\omega = \underbrace{s_{i_1} s_{i_2} \cdots s_{i_n}}_{\text{shortest possible expression}}$$

$$\pi_{s_i} \cdot \pi_{s_i} = q \cdot \pi_1 + (q-1) \pi_{s_i}$$

$$=: \mathcal{H}_q(\text{Walt}, q)$$

Def K opt, open subgp of G ④
 K_M — " ————— M
 $(\mathfrak{g}, V_{\mathfrak{g}})$ irred rep of K
 $(\mathfrak{g}_M, V_{\mathfrak{g}_M})$ — " ————— K_M

The pair (K, \mathfrak{g}) is a G -cover
of (K_M, \mathfrak{g}_M) if for every
parabolic $P = M \dot{\cap} N \subseteq G$ and
 $\overline{P} = M \dot{\cap} \overline{N} \subseteq G$ with $P \cap \overline{P} = M$
we have:

(i) $K = (K \cap N)(K \cap M)(K \cap \overline{N})$
and $K \cap M = K_M$

(ii) $\mathfrak{g}|_{K_M} = \mathfrak{g}_M$, $\mathfrak{g}|_{K \cap N} = 1_{V_{\mathfrak{g}}}$, $\mathfrak{g}|_{K \cap \overline{N}} = 1_{V_{\mathfrak{g}}}$

(iii) For any irrep (π, V) of G ,
the restriction of

$$V \longrightarrow V_N = V / \langle v - \pi(n)v \mid v \in V, n \in N \rangle$$

to $V(K, \mathfrak{g})$ is injective

↑ subspace on which $\pi|_K$
acts via $\mathfrak{g} \oplus \mathfrak{m}$

Example: $G = \mathrm{SL}_2(F)$, $M = 1$
 (J_w, triv) is a G -cover
of (T_0, triv)

Thm (Bushnell-Kutzko 1998)

Let (K_M, g_M) be an $[M, \sigma]$ -
type in M . Let (K, g) be
a G -cover of (K_M, g_M) .

Then (K, g) is an $[M, \sigma]$ -
type for G .

Construction of ~~supercuspidal~~ ^{types} reps
à la Yu (+ twist by Fintzen-
Kim - Kaletha - Spice)

Input: (i) $G^0 \subsetneq G^1 \subsetneq \dots \subsetneq G^{n-1} \subseteq G^n = G$
tame twisted Levi subgps

s.th. ~~$Z(G^0)/Z(G)$ is anisotropic~~

(ii) $x \in B(G^0, F) \subset B(G^1, F) \subset \dots \subset B(G, F)$

$x \in B(M^0, F)$ ^{$U \leftarrow$ "generic"} $M^0 \subset G^0$ Levi

s.th. x is a vertex in ~~$B(G^0, F)$~~

(iii) $0 < r_0 < r_1 < \dots < r_{n-1}$ $B(M^0, F)$

(iv) Φ_i ($0 \leq i \leq n-1$) a (G^{i+1}, G^i) -generic character of G^i of depth r_i

(v) ϑ^0 an irred repr of ~~G_x^0~~ $G_{x,0}^0(M_x^0)$ _{cpt}

such that $\vartheta^0|_{G_{x,0+}^0} = \mathbb{1}_{V_{\vartheta^0}}$ and K^0

$\vartheta^0|_{G_{x,0}^0}$ is a cuspidal repr of

$$\overset{K}{G_{x,0}^0} / \overset{K^0}{G_{x,0+}^0} \cong \overset{K^0}{M_{x,0}^0} / \overset{K^0}{M_{x,0+}^0}$$

$$\rightsquigarrow \tilde{K} = \overset{K^0}{G_x^0} \cdot G_{x,1}^{r_1} \cdot \dots \cdot G_{x,n-1}^{r_{n-1}}$$

$$\vartheta = \vartheta^0 \otimes \kappa$$

analogous to previous κ
 $\kappa^{(1)}$ @ EFKS

Thm (~~Kim~~ Kim-Yu 2017, Fintzen 2021)

(K, \mathfrak{s}) is an $[M, \sigma]$ -type.

If $p \nmid |\text{Weyl gp of } G|$, then

$\forall [M, \sigma] \exists (K, \mathfrak{s})$ as above
that is an $[M, \sigma]$ -type.

Fix an input as above $\rightsquigarrow (K, \mathfrak{s})$

Fact: $\text{Supp } \mathcal{R}(G, K, \mathfrak{s})$

$$= K(\text{Supp } \mathcal{R}(G^\circ, K^\circ, \mathfrak{s}^\circ))K$$

Prop (Adler - Fintzen - Mishra - Chacra,
Aug 2024) "AFMO

$$\exists \text{ subgp } N^\heartsuit \leq N_{G^\circ}(M^\circ, (M_x^\circ)_{\text{cpt}})$$

such that $K^\circ \backslash \text{Supp}(\mathcal{R}(G^\circ, K^\circ, \mathfrak{s}^\circ)) / K^\circ$

$$\xleftarrow{\sim} \underbrace{N^\heartsuit / N^\heartsuit \cap (M_x^\circ)_{\text{cpt}}}_{\text{group}} =: W^\heartsuit$$

\rightsquigarrow gp structure on Supp

Thm (AFMO, 08/2024)

\exists a rep $\tilde{\kappa}: N^\heartsuit(K \rtimes M) \rightarrow \text{End}(V_M)$
 such that $\tilde{\kappa}|_{K \rtimes M} = \kappa$
 and we have

$$J: \mathcal{X}(G^\circ, K^\circ, \mathfrak{g}^\circ) \xrightarrow{\cong} \mathcal{X}(G, K, \mathfrak{g})$$

given by the following:

If $\varphi \in \mathcal{X}(G^\circ, K^\circ, \mathfrak{g}^\circ)$ is supported
 on $K^\circ \rtimes K^\circ$ with $n \in N^\heartsuit$,
 then $J(\varphi)$ is supported on $K \rtimes K$

$$\text{and } J(\varphi)(n) = d_n \cdot \varphi(n) \otimes \tilde{\kappa}(n)$$

$$\uparrow$$

$$\text{End}(V_{\mathfrak{g}})$$

$$\uparrow$$

$$\text{End}(V_{\mathfrak{g}^\circ})$$

$$\parallel$$

$$V_{\mathfrak{g}^\circ} \otimes V_K$$

$$d_n = \sqrt{\frac{|K^\circ / n K^\circ n^{-1} n K^\circ|}{|K / n K n^{-1} n K|}}$$

(K, \mathfrak{g}) type
 \downarrow

$(K^\circ, \mathfrak{g}^\circ)$ depth-0
 \downarrow

$$\text{Cor: } \text{Rep}(G)[M, \sigma] \simeq \text{Rep}(G^\circ)[M^\circ, \sigma^\circ]$$

Thm (AFMO, 08/2024)

(9)

Morris 193

$$W^\vee \simeq \underbrace{W(\mathfrak{g})_{\text{aff}}}_{\text{affine Weyl gp}} \times \Omega(\mathfrak{g})$$

$$\mathcal{H}(G, K, \mathfrak{g}) \simeq \mathcal{H}(W(\mathfrak{g})_{\text{aff}}, \{q_s\})$$

$$\times \mathbb{C}[\Omega(\mathfrak{g}), \mu]$$



some

2-cocycle

$$\Omega(\mathfrak{g}) \times \Omega(\mathfrak{g}) \rightarrow \mathbb{C}^\times$$

$$M^0 \subset G^0$$

$$\cap$$

$$\cap$$

$$M \subset G$$

$$=$$

$$?$$

$$M := \text{Cent}_G(\text{Zsplit}(M^0))$$