

This is the one we did over Thanksgiving and it works great

```
/*3LEDs_same_cycle_time_Functions
```

```
*
```

```
* The program has the start time each cycle that the LEDs going on and off is timed from.
```

```
Uses functions to simplify the code.
```

The 2nd red LED changes state at the beginning of the cycle.

The red, green, and yellow LEDs are started independently from the a delay from the start of the cycle. They are each on for a certain amount of time, then turn off.

```
*/
```

```
unsigned long cycleStartMillis = millis(); // gives last time the cycle started
```

```
long cycleLength = 10000; // how long each cycle is
```

```
unsigned long currentMillis = millis();
```

```
int ledPin4 = 12; // the number of the 2nd red LED pin
```

```
int ledState4 = LOW; // ledState used to set the LED
```

```
int ledState1 = LOW; // ledState used to set the LED
```

```
int ledState2 = LOW; // ledState used to set the LED
```

```
int ledState3 = LOW; // ledState used to set the LED
```

```
void setup()
```

```
{
```

```
// set the digital pin as output:-
```

```
pinMode(9, OUTPUT);
```

```
pinMode(10, OUTPUT);
```

```
pinMode(11, OUTPUT);  
pinMode(12, OUTPUT);  
Serial.begin(9600);  
}
```

```
//LED On Function:
```

```
int onLED(int ledPin, int ledState, long ledOnDelay, long ledOnTime) // arguments passed here from the  
function calls
```

```
{  
if ((ledState == LOW) && (currentMillis - cycleStartMillis >= ledOnDelay) &&  
(currentMillis - cycleStartMillis <= ledOnDelay + ledOnTime))  
{  
    ledState = HIGH;  
    digitalWrite(ledPin, ledState); // turn on the LED  
    Serial.print("ON Command for LED:");  
    Serial.println(ledPin);  
}
```

```
//CAN PUT ELSE IF HERE WITH OFF LOGIC
```

```
return ledState; //HIGH is the ledState returned back to the Function call  
}
```

```
//LED Off Function:
```

```
int offLED(int ledPin, int ledState, long ledOnDelay, long ledOnTime)  
{  
if((ledState == HIGH) && (currentMillis - cycleStartMillis > ledOnDelay + ledOnTime))  
{  
    ledState = LOW;  
    digitalWrite(ledPin, ledState); // turn off the LED  
    Serial.print("OFF Command for LED:");
```

```
Serial.println(ledPin);  
//Serial.println("LED OFF Command");  
}  
return ledState;  
}
```

```
void loop()  
{  
  // get the current time and put in currentMillis  
  currentMillis = millis();  
  if (currentMillis - cycleStartMillis >= cycleLength)  
  {  
    cycleStartMillis = currentMillis; // Reset the cycle start time to the current time  
    if (ledState4 == LOW)  
    {  
      ledState4 = HIGH;  
      digitalWrite(ledPin4, ledState4); // change the state of the 2nd red LED; cycle length indicator  
      Serial.println("Start of Cycle - LED4 high");  
    }  
    else  
    {  
      ledState4 = LOW;  
      digitalWrite(ledPin4, ledState4); // change the state of the 2nd red LED; cycle length indicator  
      Serial.println("Start of Cycle - LED4 low");  
    }  
  }  
}
```

```
ledState1 = onLED(9, ledState1, 2000, 2000);  
ledState2 = onLED(10, ledState2, 3000, 4000);  
ledState3 = onLED(11, ledState3, 5000, 3000);  
ledState1 = offLED(9, ledState1, 2000, 2000);  
ledState2 = offLED(10, ledState2, 3000, 4000);  
ledState3 = offLED(11, ledState3, 5000, 3000);  
  
} // void loop bracket
```