API Design and Management

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Outline

- Course Objectives
- Understanding APIs
- 3 API Design Principles
- RESTful API Design
- Advanced API Protocols
- 6 API Documentation and Specification
- API Security
- 8 API Testing and Quality Assurance
- API Management and Lifecycle
- Conclusion



Provide good Arabic content for the topic



- Provide good Arabic content for the topic
- Overview of API Design and Management



- Provide good Arabic content for the topic
- Overview of API Design and Management
- Role and Importance of APIs in Distributed Systems



- Provide good Arabic content for the topic
- Overview of API Design and Management
- Role and Importance of APIs in Distributed Systems
- The best practices you should follow today



Understanding APIs

Definition wikipedia

Application programming interface (API) is a way for two or more computer programs or components to communicate with each other. It is a type of software interface, offering a service to other pieces of software.

Definition ChatGPT

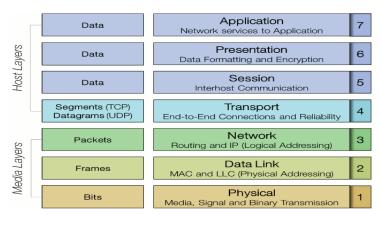
API (Application Programming Interface) is a set of rules, protocols, and tools for building software applications. It specifies how software components should interact and is used to enable the integration between different software systems.

History wikipedia

The term "application program interface" is first recorded in a paper called Data structures and techniques for remote computer graphics in 1968. The authors use the term to describe the interaction of an application "Graphics Program" with the rest of the computer system.

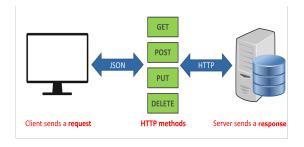
Understanding APIs OSI Model

The open systems interconnection (OSI) model is a conceptual model created for Standardization which enables diverse communication systems to communicate using standard protocols.





Understanding APIs Example



source: phpenthusiast.com/blog/what-is-rest-api



There are several types of API, each one serves specific use case.

 Public APIs (Open APIs)
 The APIs are publicly available and can be designed in various ways, taking security into account. However,
 the main priority is to ensure they are easily consumable by as many clients as possible.



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Specialized interfaces that enable organizations to access data and service offerings across businesses (B2B) in order to create unique features within their own applications or services by utilizing a partner's resources.



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The types can be designed and developed using two ways

- API Architectural Style,
- API Standard Protocol.



Understanding APIs (API Architecture vs API Protocols)

API Architecture Style

It refers to the high-level structural design of the API. It encompasses the standards, and best practices governing how the API is developed, how it interacts with other systems, and how it exposes its functionality and data.

Example: REST

No Restrictions

Architectural style is sensitive to change and enhancement; it relies more on human experience.

API Protocol

It refers to a set of rules and standards used for communication between various software components. The protocol dictates how requests and responses are formatted and transmitted, and what are the restrictions of the communication.

Example: SOAP



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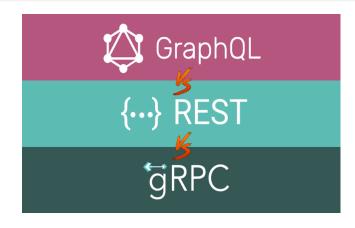
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```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
       <soap:Envelope xmlns:soap="http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/soap/envelope/">
         <soap:Header>
           <!-- header information here -->
         </soap:Header>
         <soap:Body>
           <m:GetPrice xmlns:m="http://www.example.org/stock">
 8
             <m:StockName>IBM</m:StockName>
 9
           </m:GetPrice>
         </soap:Body>
         <soap:Fault>
           <!-- fault information here -->
12
13
         </soap:Fault>
       </soap:Envelope>
14
```



Understanding APIs (Other Protocols)

- gRPC
- REST
- GraphQL

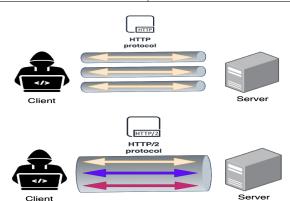


source: REST vs GraphQL vs gRPC: Comparing Three Modern API Technologies



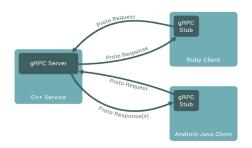
Understanding APIs (HTTP1 vs HTTP2)

HTTP/1.1	HTTP/2	
Text-Based Protocol: Data is sent in a text-based	Binary Protocol: More efficient binary protocol,	
format.	easier to parse.	
One Request Per Connection: Each TCP connection	Multiplexing: Multiple requests and responses can be	
allows only one request-response cycle at a time.	handled over a single TCP connection in parallel.	
Headers Uncompressed: Headers are sent in plain	Header Compression: Uses HPACK compression to	
text and can be quite large.	reduce overhead.	
No Push Capabilities	Server Push	



Understanding APIs (gRPC Protocol)

- gRPC is a modern open source high performance Remote Procedure Call (RPC) framework that was developed in Google.
- gRPC can use protocol buffers as its underlying message interchange format.
- gRPC is based around the idea of defining a service, specifying the methods that can be called remotely with their parameters and return types.
- On the server side, the server implements this interface and runs a gRPC server to handle client calls.
- On the client side, the client has a stub (referred to as just a client in some languages) that provides the same methods
 as the server.



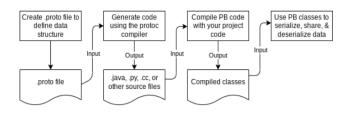


source: Introduction to gRPC

Understanding APIs (Protocol Buffers)

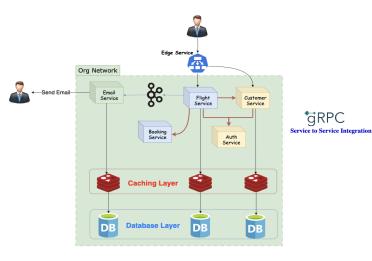
- Protocol Buffers are a language-neutral, platform-neutral extensible mechanism for serializing structured data.
- The file that includes the definition is .proto file

```
message Person {
string name = 1;
int32 id = 2;
bool has_kids = 3;
optional string email = 4;
}
```





Understanding APIs (gRPC)



source: gRPC Offical doc

Understanding APIs (gRPC)

```
syntax = "proto3";
    package observer;
    service ObserverStatusService {
        rpc getServiceStatus (SystemStatusRequest)
          returns (SystemStatusResponse) {}
    }
    message SystemStatusRequest {
        optional string uuid = 1;
10
        string service name = 2;
    }
12
13
    message SystemStatusResponse {
14
        string uuid = 1;
15
        string status = 2;
        string component = 3;
        optional string service_name = 4;
18
19
```



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REST API

- In 2000, Roy Fielding proposed Representational State Transfer (REST) as an architectural approach to designing web services
- REST is independent of any underlying protocol and is not necessarily tied to HTTP
- REST is an architectural style for building distributed systems based on hypermedia

Primary Goal

REST API doesn't bind the implementation to any specific implementation, the API could be written in ${\bf Go}$, and the client can use any language or tools.

Example

To GET an order , API URI might look like <code>https://api-design/orders/1</code>

Client response {"orderId":1,"orderValue":99.90,"productId":1,"quantity":1}

source: Microsoft: RESTful web API design



It is all about resources

A resource is an entity that can be identified, named, addressed, or handled on the web.REST APIs expose data as resources and use standard HTTP methods to represent Create, Read, Update, and Delete (CRUD) transactions against these resources.



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- HTTP methods like GET, POST, UPDATE, and DELETE inform the server about the action to be performed
- REST methods semantics "CRUD"
 - READ \rightarrow GET, never change the server state
 - \bullet CREATE \rightarrow POST
 - UPDATE →PUT or PATCH
 - ullet DELETE oDELETE



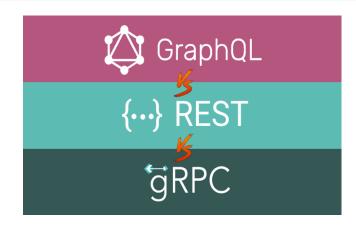
CRUD operations, HTTP verbs, and REST conventions

Operation	HTTP verb	URL: /users	URL: /users/U123
Create	POST	Create a new user	Not applicable
Read	GET	List all users	Retrieve user U123
Update	PUT or PATCH	Batch update users	Update user U123
Delete	DELETE	Delete all users	Delete user U123



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Understanding APIs (Intro to GraphQL)

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Example

A GraphQL service is created by defining types and fields on those types, then providing functions for each field on each type. For example, a GraphQL service that tells you who the logged in user is (me) as well as that user's name might look like this:

```
type Query {
  me: User
}

type User {
  id: ID
   name: String
}
```



source: Introduction to GraphQL

Understanding APIs (Intro to GraphQL "examples")

source: Introduction to GraphQL



Understanding APIs (Websockets API)

What is Websocket API?

 The WebSocket API is an advanced technology that makes it possible to open a two-way interactive communication session between the user's browser and a server.

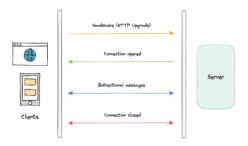




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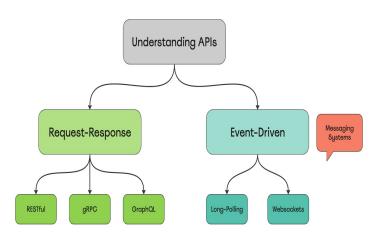
What is Websocket API?

- The WebSocket API is an advanced technology that makes it possible to open a two-way interactive communication session between the user's browser and a server.
- With this API, you can send messages to a server and receive event-driven responses without having to poll the server for a reply.





Understanding APIs





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API you design is like a window that shows what you want outsiders to see.

Expert Advice

When we asked Ido Green, developer advocate at Google, what makes an API good, his top answer was *focus*:

"The API should enable developers to do one thing really well. It's not as easy as it sounds, and you want to be clear on what the API is not going to do as well."



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Expert Advice

No matter how carefully we design and build our core API, developers continue to create products we'd never expect. We give them the freedom to build what they like.

Designing an API is much like designing a transportation network. Rather than prescribing an end state or destination, a good API expands the very notion of what's possible for developers.

-Romain Huet, head of developer relations at Stripe



API Design Principles

- Fundamentals of Good API Design
- Designing for Scalability and Performance
- API Versioning Strategies



RESTful API Design

- RESTful Architecture Principles
- Designing RESTful Services (Endpoints, HTTP Methods, Status Codes)
- Best Practices in RESTful API



Advanced API Protocols

- Introduction to GraphQL and Its Advantages
- Implementing gRPC for Microservices
- Comparison of Different API Styles



API Documentation and Specification

- Importance of Comprehensive API Documentation
- Tools for API Documentation (Swagger, OpenAPI Specification)
- Maintaining and Versioning API Documentation



API Security

- Authentication and Authorization Mechanisms (OAuth, JWT)
- Securing API Endpoints
- Handling Sensitive Data and Privacy Concerns



API Testing and Quality Assurance

- Writing Effective API Tests
- Tools and Frameworks for API Testing
- Performance Testing and Load Testing for APIs



API Management and Lifecycle

- The Lifecycle of API Development
- API Deployment Strategies
- Monitoring and Analytics for APIs



Conclusion

- Recap of Key Learnings
- Emerging Trends in API Development

