

# **CANdesc**

# **Technical Reference**

**PSA** 

Version 1.00.00

Authors: Alexander Ditte

Version: 1.00.00

Status: released (in preparation/completed/inspected/released)



# 1 History

Author	Date	Version	Remarks
Alexander Ditte	2007-12-05	1.0	Initial version

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#### 3 Documents this one refers to...

- Technical Reference CANdesc and CANdesc (one for both)
- User Manual CANdesc

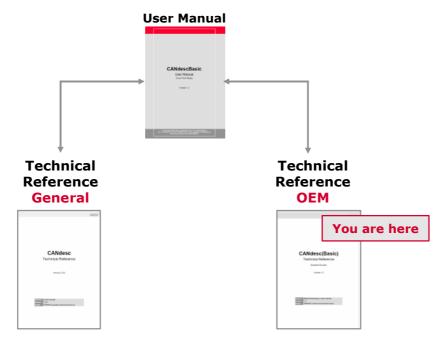


Figure 3-1 Manuals and References for CANdesc

All OEM specific topics with CANdesc are described within this technical reference and the common part (e.g. features, concepts) is in the generic technical reference.

For faster integration, refer to the user manual CANdesc.

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### 4 CANdesc Support by Diagnostic Service

There are three possible levels of support provided by CANdesc for any specific diagnostic request – complete, assisted and basic. The level of support provided by CANdesc varies according to CANdesc functionality and user selection. All levels of support provide complete communication handling, including all transport protocol processing and error handling, diagnostic session and timer management and basic error checking.

"Communication handling includes testing support of service, but also consistency of service, sub-function and/or identifier combination. Length checking or request is performed. Validity of addressing is checked."

Error handling is a significant part of the ECU software. All errors appearing on this level are handled inside of CANdesc.

#### 4.1 CANdesc

#### Complete

Complete support means that CANdesc is capable of handling the diagnostic transaction without requesting support from (calling) the ECU application. The ECU developer need not provide any code to help implement the diagnostic feature and CANdesc handles all processing. In case a service modifies states, the application will be notified using event-callbacks – it does not have to concern about the protocol.

#### **Assisted**

Assisted support means that CANdesc is capable of fully parsing request messages and building response messages, but does not contain the logic necessary to execute the request or determine signal values. The ECU developer shall provide callbacks for CANdesc to invoke when needed to fill the logic gaps.

#### **Basic**

Basic support means that CANdesc is only capable of identifying that the ECU application shall process the request. The ECU application may have to provide logic to validate the request message (length, sub-function/parameter evaluation) and build the response byte-by-byte.



#### 10 - Diagnostic Session Control - Assisted

The application shall provide only a function to check whether the session transition is allowed or not. All other tasks (e.g. response assembling, state management) are performed by CANdesc.

#### 11 - Ecu Reset - Basic

The application must provide a function that resets the ECU.

#### 14 - Clear Diagnostic Information - Basic

The application must provide a function that clears fault memory.

#### 19 - Read DTC Information - Basic

The application must provide a function that implements the complete access to the fault memory.

#### 22 - Read Data By Identifier - Complete/Assisted

CANdesc completely implements this service for IDs that map to global variables. Assisted support is provided for IDs that do not map to global variables (e.g. EEPROM / I/O Ports).

The so called "multiple identifier in single request" support is handled by CANdesc completely.

#### 23 - Read Memory By Address - Basic

The application must provide a function that implements the read access to the memory.

#### 27 - Security Access - Basic

The application must provide a function which includes the complete seed/key algorithm. The state management can be designed to be handled by CANdesc.

#### 2E – Write Data By Identifier – Complete/Assisted

CANdesc completely implements this service for IDs that map to global variables. Assisted support is provided for IDs that do not map to global variables.

#### 2F - Input Output Control By Identifier - Basic

The application must provide a function which implements the complete I/O control operations.

#### 31 - Routine Control - Basic

The application must provide a function which implements the complete routine control.

#### 34 - Request Download - Basic

The application must provide a function which implements the complete service. Instead the Vector FlashBootLoader can be used.



#### 35 - RequestUpload - Basic

The application must provide a function which implements the complete service. Instead the Vector FlashBootLoader can be used.

#### 36 - Transfer Data - Basic

The application must provide a function which implements the complete service. Instead the Vector FlashBootLoader can be used.

#### 37 - Request Transfer Exit - Basic

The application must provide a function which implements the complete service. Instead the Vector FlashBootLoader can be used.

#### 3D - Write Memory By Address - Basic

The application must provide a function that implements the write access to the memory.

#### 3E – Tester Present – Complete

CANdesc completely implements this service.

#### 85 - Control DTC Setting - Basic

The application must provide a function that controls the fault memory storage.

Diagnostic services not listed are not supported in any way by CANdesc and must be implemented entirely by the ECU developer as a workaround.



#### 5 How to...

There are some important use cases you have to consider in order to fulfill the PSA diagnostic requirements. CANdesc offers special APIs and mechanisms to help your application to realize these requirements and here you will find out how to do this.

#### 5.1 ...get the Id of the current active session

PSA defines no dedicated parameter identifier for reporting the current active diagnostic session in the ECU, but if required you can use CANdesc to help you:

The CANdesc APIs for state access (i.e. DescGetStateSession()) returns the current session, but it is only an internal representation of the session not the session identifier. So you cannot use the return value of this API for that report.

To get the session Id your application shall use the API DescGetSessionIdOfSessionState that converts a session state internal representation into its corresponding session Id (e.g. for the default session the state is 0x01, the session Id - 0x01, but for the extended session the state representation is 0x04, the session Id - 0x03).



# 6 CANdesc API categories

CANdesc can be instantiated in case the configuration requires multiple diagnostic instances or/and parallel service processing. In order to offer maximum optimization for the single instance configurations there are two categories of CANdesc API.



#### Info

Currently Multiple Context is **NOT** relevant for PSA.

#### 6.1 Single Context

In this configuration, the run-time and code overhead of an indexed operation mode is reduced to a minimum.

#### 6.2 Multiple Context

In this configuration, the code is using additional handles for exact addressing and recognition of the used API.

For PSA there it depends on the configuration if a multi- or single-instance diagnostics will be used. To lower the development effort of your application and to be independent of the current configuration, please use the special API wrappers as described below.

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#### 6.3 API Context Abstraction

The following chapters describe the main use-cases where the abstraction-macros can be used.

#### 6.3.1 Direct parameter usage

This category is usable only in API with dedicated context parameter (e.g. Pre-/PostHandlers, etc.)

#### 6.3.1.1 DESC CONTEXT PARAM VALUE

Use this macro if you have to access an array in your application that is dependent of the CANdesc running context

#### Example:

```
void ApplDescPreHandlerXY(DESC_CONTEXT_FORMAL_PARAM_DEF_ONLY)
{
   applDescState[DESC_CONTEXT_PARAM_VALUE] = active;
}
```

#### 6.3.1.2 DESC\_CONTEXT\_PARAM\_ONLY

Use this macro if you have to call a context dependent CANdesc API that have only the context handle parameter

Example: DescringBufferStart(DESC CONTEXT PARAM ONLY);

#### 6.3.1.3 DESC\_CONTEXT\_PARAM\_FIRST

Use this macro if you have to call a context dependent CANdesc API that have at least one additional to the context handle parameter

EXAMPLE: DescSetNegResponse (DESC CONTEXT PARAM FIRST kDescNrcGeneralReject);



#### **Caution**

Please note, that there shall be no comma after the macro!!!

#### 6.3.2 Function declaration/definition usage

This category is useful if you declare/define functions that are context dependent.



#### 6.3.2.1 DESC CONTEXT FORMAL PARAM DEF ONLY

You can use this macro in a function declaration that is context dependent and has only parameter - the context handle.

Example: void ApplDescPreHandlerXY(DESC CONTEXT FORMAL PARAM DEF ONLY);

#### 6.3.2.2 DESC\_CONTEXT\_FORMAL\_PARAM\_DEF\_FIRST

You can use this macro in a function declaration that is context dependent and has at least one additional parameter except the context handle one.

#### Example:

void ApplDescCheckSessionTransition(DESC\_CONTEXT\_FORMAL\_PARAM\_DEF\_FIRST DescStateGroup
newState, DescStateGroup formerState);



#### Caution

Please note, that there shall be no comma after the macro!!!

#### 6.3.3 Universal context wrapper

This category is useful in any call-back or call of an API that is context dependent.

#### 6.3.3.1 DESC\_CONTEXT\_PARAM\_WRAPPER\_INDEX(contextConst)

This macro is equivalent to the **DESC\_CONTEXT\_PARAM\_VALUE** one but can take any expression or identifier as a parameter name.

EXAMPLE: applDescState[DESC CONTEXT PARAM WRAPPER INDEX(MyContextVariable)] = active;

#### 6.3.3.2 DESC\_CONTEXT\_PARAM\_WRAPPER\_ONLY(contextConst)

This macro is equivalent to the **DESC\_CONTEXT\_PARAM\_ONLY** one but can take any expression or identifier as a parameter name.

EXAMPLE: DescProcessingDone (DESC CONTEXT PARAM WRAPPER ONLY (pMsgContext->iContext));

#### 6.3.3.3 DESC\_CONTEXT\_PARAM\_WRAPPER\_ONLY(contextConst)

This macro is equivalent to the **DESC\_CONTEXT\_PARAM\_FIRST** one but can take any expression or identifier as a parameter name.

#### Example:

DescSetNegResponse(DESC\_CONTEXT\_PARAM\_WRAPPER\_FIRST(pMsgContext->iContext)
kDescNrcGeneralReject);



#### Caution

Please note, that there shall be no comma after the macro!!!



#### 6.3.4 Utility

This category is useful in any call-back or call of an API that uses a context dependent API.

#### 6.3.4.1 DESC\_CONTEXT\_PARAM\_DEF\_LOCAL

This defines a local context variable in a function, so you can use all the above macros without name incompatibility issues.

#### Example:

```
void ApplTest(void)
{
   DESC_CONTEXT_PARAM_DEF_LOCAL
   applDescState[DESC_CONTEXT_PARAM_VALUE] = active;
}
```

#### 6.3.4.2 DESC\_CONTEXT\_PARAM\_DUMMY\_USE

If some times you don't need to use the dedicated context handle parameter, you can use this macro to avoid warnings of not referenced function parameter.

#### Example:

```
void ApplDescPreHandlerXY(DESC_CONTEXT_FORMAL_PARAM_DEF_ONLY)
{
   DESC_CONTEXT_PARAM_DUMMY_USE /* Ignore warnings */
}
```

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## 7 Functions

7.1 Administrative Functions		
7.1.1 DescInitPower	rOn	
	DescInitPowerOn	
	Is Reentrant Is callback	
Prototype		
Any Context		
void <b>DescInitPowerOn</b> (I	DescInitParam initParameter)	
Parameter		
initParameter	'kDescPowerOnInitParam' : Default initialization	
Return code		
_	-	
Functional Description		
PowerOn Initialization of	the CANdesc.	
This function has to be ca	alled before all other functions of CANdesc once after PowerOn.	
Pre-conditions		
CAN-driver via <b>CanInitPo</b> initialized correctly.	owerOn() and the TransportLayer via TpInitPowerOn() are	
Call context		
Background-loop level wi	th global disabled interrupts	
Particularities and Limi	tations	
	initParameter) shall be called after the TplnitPowerOn() was called ocumentation), otherwise the reserved diagnostic connection will be	
DescInitPowerOn (initF	Parameter) calls internally DescInit() for further initializations	

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#### 7.1.2 DescInit

	DescInit
	Is Reentrant  Is callback
Prototype	
Any Context	
void <b>DescInit</b> (DescInit	Param initParameter)
Parameter	
initParameter	'kDescPowerOnInitParam': Default initialization
Return code	
_	-
<b>Functional Description</b>	
Re-initialization of CANde	esc.
This function can be called to re-initialize CANdesc (e.g. after WakeUp). All internal states will be set to default.	
Pre-conditions	
CANdesc has been once initialized by DescInitPowerOn().	
Call context	
Background-loop level with global disabled interrupts	
Particularities and Limitations	

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**DescGetSessionIdOfSessionState** 

#### 7.2 Help functions

#### 7.2.1 DescGetSessionIdOfSessionState

Is Reentrant Is callback **Prototype Any Context** DescMsqItem DescGetSessionIdOfSessionState (DescStateGroup sessionState) **Parameter** - Shall be one of the valid session states (i.e. the value of the sessionState API DescGetStateSession()). Return code - Is the corresponding session identifier value. DescMsgItem **Functional Description** This function provides a conversion from a session state to its corresponding session identifier (e.g. calling this function with parameter kDescStateSessionDefault will return 0x01). **Pre-conditions Call context Particularities and Limitations** 

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# 8 Glossary

Abbreviation	Description
CANdesc	CAN Diagnostic Embedded Software Component
	Basic implementation variant
RCR-RP	Request Correctly Received – Response Pending
P2	Maximum delay time before the first RCR-RP will be sent (50ms by UDS)
P2* (P2Ex)	Maximum delay time before the second RCR-RP will be sent (5000ms by UDS)
SID	Service Identifier

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