```
lehmer_pi
 2
     #include<bits/stdc++.h>
 3
     using namespace std;
     typedef long long LL;
 5
     using namespace std;
 6
     const int N = 5e6 + 2;
 7
     bool np[N];
 8
     int prime[N], pi[N];
 9
     const LL MAX = 229000000000LL;
10
     int getprime()
11
12
         int cnt = 0;
13
         np[0] = np[1] = true;
14
         pi[0] = pi[1] = 0;
15
         for(int i = 2; i < N; i++)</pre>
16
            if(!np[i]) prime[++cnt] = i;
17
            pi[i] = cnt;
18
19
            for(int j = 1; j <= cnt && i * prime[j] < N; j++)</pre>
20
21
                np[i * prime[j]] = true;
22
                if(i % prime[j] == 0) break;
23
24
         }
25
         return cnt;
26
     }
27
     const int M = 7;
28
     const int PM = 2 * 3 * 5 * 7 * 11 * 13 * 17;
29
     int phi[PM + 1][M + 1], sz[M + 1];
30
     void Init()
31
32
         getprime();
33
         sz[0] = 1;
         for(int i = 0; i <= PM; i++)</pre>
34
35
            phi[i][0] = i;
36
         for(int i = 1; i <= M; i++)</pre>
37
38
            sz[i] = prime[i] * sz[i - 1];
39
             for(int j = 1; j <= PM; j++)</pre>
40
                phi[j][i] = phi[j][i - 1] - phi[j / prime[i]][i - 1];
41
         }
42
43
     int sqrt2(LL x)
44
45
         LL r = (LL) sqrt(x - 0.1);
46
         while(r * r <= x)
47
         return int(r - 1);
48
     }
49
     int sqrt3(LL x)
50
51
         LL r = (LL)cbrt(x - 0.1);
52
         while(r * r * r <= x) ++r;</pre>
53
         return int(r - 1);
54
     }
```

```
1
     LL get_phi(LL x, int s)
 2
 3
         if(s == 0) return x;
 4
         if(s \leftarrow M) return phi[x % sz[s]][s] + (x / sz[s]) * phi[sz[s]][s];
 5
         if(x <= prime[s]*prime[s]) return pi[x] - s + 1;</pre>
 6
         if(x <= prime[s]*prime[s] && x < N)</pre>
 7
 8
            int s2x = pi[sqrt2(x)];
 9
            LL ans = pi[x] - (s2x + s - 2) * (s2x - s + 1) / 2;
10
            for(int i = s + 1; i <= s2x; i++) ans += pi[x / prime[i]];</pre>
11
            return ans;
12
         }
13
         return get_phi(x, s - 1) - get_phi(x / prime[s], s - 1);
14
15
     LL getpi(LL x)
16
17
         if(x < N)
                    return pi[x];
         LL ans = get_phi(x, pi[sqrt3(x)]) + pi[sqrt3(x)] - 1;
18
19
         for(int i = pi[sqrt3(x)] + 1, ed = pi[sqrt2(x)]; i <= ed; i++)</pre>
20
            ans -= getpi(x / prime[i]) - i + 1;
21
         return ans;
22
23
     LL lehmer_pi(LL x)
24
25
         if(x < N) return pi[x];</pre>
26
         int a = (int)lehmer_pi(sqrt2(sqrt2(x)));
27
         int b = (int)lehmer_pi(sqrt2(x));
28
         int c = (int)lehmer_pi(sqrt3(x));
29
         LL sum = get_phi(x, a) + (LL)(b + a - 2) * (b - a + 1) / 2;
30
         for (int i = a + 1; i <= b; i++)
31
32
            LL w = x / prime[i];
33
            sum -= lehmer_pi(w);
34
            if (i > c) continue;
35
            LL lim = lehmer_pi(sqrt2(w));
36
            for (int j = i; j <= lim; j++)</pre>
37
                sum -= lehmer_pi(w / prime[j]) - (j - 1);
38
         }
39
         return sum;
40
     }
41
42
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52
53
54
```

```
1
     等差数列异或和
 2
    LL Get(LL dis, LL l, LL P, LL number)
 3
 4
        LL ret = 0;
 5
        ret += (l / P) * number;
 6
        l %= P;
 7
        ret += (dis / P) * number * (number - 1) / 2;
8
        dis %= P;
9
        if (dis * number + l < P)</pre>
10
            return ret;
11
        else
12
            return ret + Get(P, (dis * number + l) % P, dis, (dis * number + l)
13
     / P);
14
15
16
     LL GetYiHuo(LL l, LL r, LL dis) //以x开始, y为结束, dis为等差 连续异或
17
18
        //number为计算的个数
19
        LL number = (r - l) / dis + 1, ans = 0, Sum, P = 1;
20
        for (LL i = 1; i <= 10; i++)
21
22
            Sum = Get(dis, l, P, number);
23
            if (Sum & 1)
24
               ans += P;
25
            P <<= 1;
26
27
        return ans;
28
     }
29
30
31
32
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34
35
36
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43
44
45
46
47
48
     g++ main.cpp -o main -std=c++11 &>warning.txt && ./main<in.txt
49
     这条语句是把编译信息写入 warning. cpp
50
51
     ~warning.txt
```