Questions

Q. No. 51
Question:
The contents of a dictionary (dict) can be written as a series of key:value pairs within
Answer Choices
A: ()
B: []
C: { }
D: <>
Difficulty Level: Intermediate
Reference: Common Python Question
Answer: C
Q. No. 52
Question:
The "empty dict" is an empty pair of
Answer Choices
A: { }
B: { , }
C: ()

D: (,)
Difficulty Level: Intermediate
Reference: Common Python Question
Answer: A
======================================
Question:
Looking up a value which is not in the dict throws a
Answer Choices
A: TypeError
B: ValueError
C: ValError
D: KeyError
Difficulty Level: Intermediate
Reference: Common Python Question
Answer: D
Q. No. 54
Question:
When working with dictionary (dict), the dict.get(key) returns the value or if
the key is not present

Answer Choices
A: Error
B: None
C: Key
D: Value
Difficulty Level: Intermediate
Reference: Common Python Question
Answer: B
Q. No. 55
Question:
In the following scenario, the print dict.get('z', 'Error, Value Not Found') will return
>>> print dict
{'a': 'alpha', 'c': 'z', 'b': 'bravo'}
>>>

>>> print dict.get('z', 'Error, Value Not Found')

Answer Choices

A: Error

B: Value Not Found

C: Error, Value Not Found

D: None	
Difficulty Level: Intermediate	
Reference: Common Python Question	
Answer: C	
=======================================	
Q. No. 56	
Question:	
A for loop on a dictionary iterates over its	by default.
Answer Choices	
A: keys	
B: values	
C: index	
D: None of the above	
Difficulty Level: Difficult	
Reference: Common Python Question	
Answer: A	
Q. No. 57	
Question:	
wucsiivii.	
When printing a dictionary, the keys will appear in	order.
Answer Choices	

A: Ascending
B: Descending
C: Arbitrary
D: entered sequence
Difficulty Level: Difficult
Reference: Common Python Question
Reference. Common rython Question
Answer: C
Q. No. 58
Question:
The methods dict.keys() return of the keys explicitly.
Answer Choices
A: string
B: list
C: tuple
D: sets
Difficulty Level: Intermediate
Reference: Common Python Question
Answer: B
Q. No. 59
Question:

The methods dict.values() return	of the keys explicitly.
Answer Choices	
A: string	
B: list	
C: tuple	
D: sets	
Difficulty Level: Intermediate	
Reference: Common Python Question	
Answer: B	
Q. No. 60	
Question:	
When working with dictionary, the items() re	eturns a of (key, value)
Answer Choices	
A: list, tuples,	
B: tuples, list	
C: string, tuples	
D: tuples, string	
Difficulty Level: Easy	

Reference: Common Python Question

Answer: A ______ Q. No. 61 Question: What is the uutput of the following: >>> print dict {'a': 'alpha', 'c': 'z', 'b': 'bravo'} >>> type(dict.items()) **Answer Choices** A: <type 'list'> B: Error C: <type 'tuple'> D: None Difficulty Level: Intermediate Reference: Common Python Question Answer: A

What is the uutput of the following:

Q. No. 62 Question:

```
>>> print dict
{'a': 'alpha', 'c': 'z', 'b': 'bravo'}
>>> a = dict.items()
>>> print type(a[0])
```

Answer Choices

A: <type 'list'>

B: Error

C: <type 'tuple'>

D: None

Difficulty Level: Intermediate

Reference: Common Python Question

Answer: C

Q. No. 63

Question:

Output of the following:

```
>>> print dict
{'a': 'alpha', 'c': 'z', 'b': 'bravo'}
>>> a = dict.items()
>>> len(a[0])
```

Answer Choices A: 3 B: 2 C: 6 D: 1 Difficulty Level: Intermediate Reference: Common Python Question Answer: B Q. No. 64 Question: Everything in Python is a(n) _____ **Answer Choices** A: Instance B: Object C: Method D: File Difficulty Level: Intermediate Reference: Common Python Question

Answer: B

Q. No. 65
Question:
All functions have a built-in attribute, which returns the doc string defined
in the function's source code.
Answer Choices
A: docstring
B:docstr
C:doc
D:docstring
Difficulty Level: Difficult
Reference: Common Python Question
Answer: C
Q. No. 66
Question:
Question.
The sys module is an which has (among other things) an called
path.
Answer Choices
A: attribute, object
B: object, attribute
C: attribute, method
D:method, attribute

Difficulty Level: Intermediate
Reference: Common Python Question
Answer: B
Q. No. 67
Question:
In Python data-types, the are sequence of Unicode characters
Answer Choices
A: Byte arrays
B: Numbers
C: Strings
D: Bytes
Difficulty Level: Intermediate
Reference: Common Software Question
Answer: C
Q. No. 68
Question:
In Python data-types, the are unordered set(s) of key-value pairs.
Answer Choices
A: Byte arrays

C: Strings	
D: Dictionaries	
Difficulty Level:	Difficult
Reference: Cor	mmon Software Question
Answer: D	
======== Q. No. 69	
Question:	
The	function opens and returns a file handle that can be used to read or
write to a file.	
Answer Choice	es
A: file()	
B: fileio()	
C: open()	
D: iosys()	
Difficulty Level:	Intermediate
Reference: Cor	mmon Python Question

When doing file I/O operation, 'r' option specifies:		
Answer Choices		
A: read mode		
B: random access mode		
C: write mode		
D: append mode		
D. appena mode		
Difficulty Level: Difficult		
Reference: Common Python Question		
Answer: A		
Q. No. 71		
Question:		
When doing file I/O operation, 'w' option specifies:		
Answer Choices		
A: read mode		
B: random access mode		
C: write mode		
D: append mode		
Difficulty Level: Difficult		
Reference: Common Python Question		
Answer: C		

Q. No. 72 Question:
Question:
When doing file I/O operation, 'a' option specifies:
Answer Choices
A: read mode
B: random access mode
C: write mode
D: append mode
Difficulty Level: Difficult
Reference: Common Python Question
Answer: D
Q. No. 73
Question:
In file I/O, the special mode 'rU' (or 'U') is the option for text files.
Answer Choices
A: Unicode
B: Universal
C: Ubiquitous
D: None of the above
Difficulty Level: Intermediate

Reference: Common Python Question

Answer: B
Q. No. 74 Question:
Unix / Linux uses characters to mark EOL.
Answer Choices
A: \n
B: \r
C: \r\n
D: \n\r
Difficulty Level: Difficult
Reference: Common Python Question
Answer: A
Q. No. 75
Question:
Mac uses characters to mark EOL.
Answer Choices
A: \n
B: \r
C: \r\n

D: \n\r					
Difficulty Level: Difficult					
Reference: Common Python Question					
Answer: B					
======================================					
Question:					
Windows uses characters to mark EOL.					
Answer Choices					
A: \n					
B: \r					
C: \r\n					
D: \n\r					
Difficulty Level: Difficult					
Reference: Common Python Question					
Answer: C					
======================================					
Question:					
To find out the default EOL for your OS, use					

Answer Choices					
A: os.linesep					
B: os.eol					
C: eol.os					
D: linesep.os()					
Difficulty Level: Difficult					
Reference: Common Python Question					
Answer: A					
Q. No. 78					
Question:					
The is used to close the open file.					
Answer Choices					
A: file.exit()					
B: exit(file)					
C: close(file)					
C: close(file)					
C: close(file) D: file.close()					
D: file.close()					
D: file.close() Difficulty Level: Intermediate Reference: Common Python Question					
D: file.close() Difficulty Level: Intermediate					
D: file.close() Difficulty Level: Intermediate Reference: Common Python Question					

Q. No. 79										
Question: readlines() reads the entire file into memory as a python										
						Answer Choices				
A: string B: list C: tuple										
						D: dict				
						Difficulty Level: Difficult				
Reference: Common Python Question										
Reference. Common rython Question										
Answer: B										
Q. No. 80										
Question:										
read() reads the entire file into memory as a python										
Answer Choices										
A: string										
B: list										
C: tuple										
D: dict										
Difficulty Level: Difficult										

Reference: Common Python Question

Answer: A		
=======================================	:========	 ========