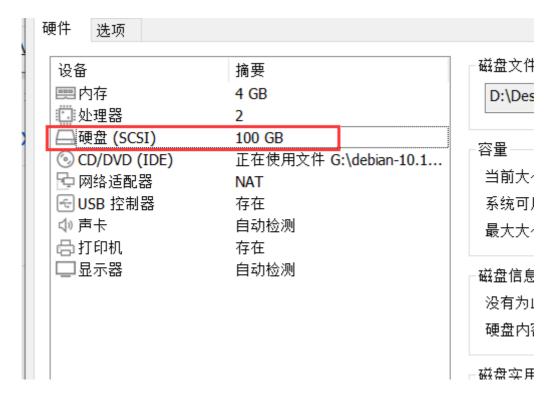
Debian DLBD镜像的下载

Debian DLBD镜像的下载

- 1: 安装虚拟机
- 2: 安装虚拟机
- 3: 配置网络
- **4:** 配置apt源
- 5: 镜像下载
- 扩展

1: 安装虚拟机

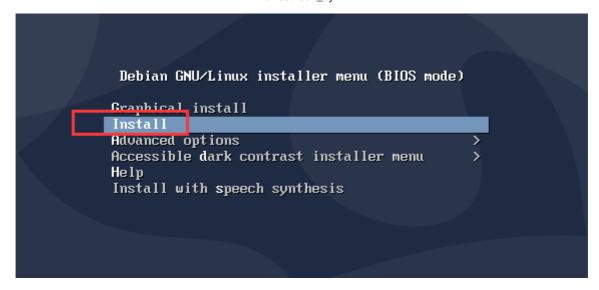
首先安装一个debian任意版本的虚拟机, 并给至少80G以上的硬盘空间,建议100G ,镜像大小接近50G,虚拟机需要20G左右,为避免其他各种原因,建议新装一个虚拟机来下载镜像



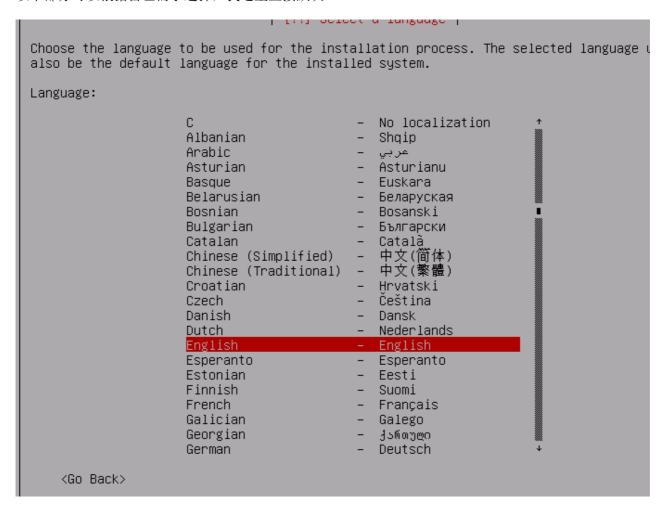
2: 安装虚拟机

虚拟机的安装步骤与普通虚拟机安装一致即可

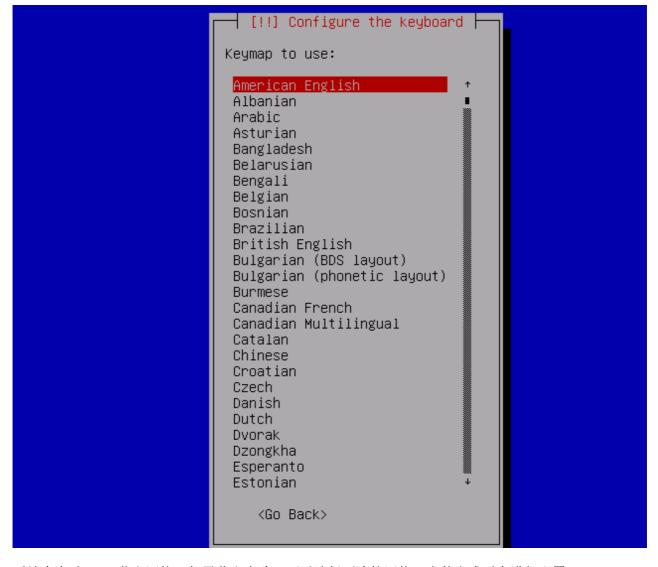
选择第二个安装, 也可以选择第一个图形化安装



以下部分可以根据自己需求选择,我这里直接默认

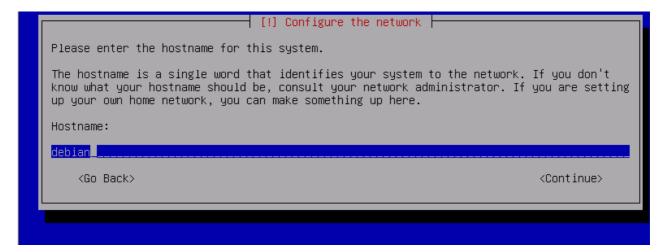


```
┥ [!!] Select your location ト
The selected location will be used to set your time zone and also for example to help
select the system locale. Normally this should be the country where you live.
This is a shortlist of locations based on the language you selected. Choose "other" if
your location is not listed.
Country, territory or area:
                                  Antigua and Barbuda
                                  Australia
                                  Botswana
                                  Canada
                                  Hong Kong
                                  India
                                  Ireland
                                  Israel
                                  New Zealand
                                  Nigeria
                                  Philippines
                                  Seychelles
                                  Singapore
                                  South Africa
                                  United Kingdom
                                  United States
                                  Zambia
                                  Zimbabwe
                                  other
    <Go Back>
```

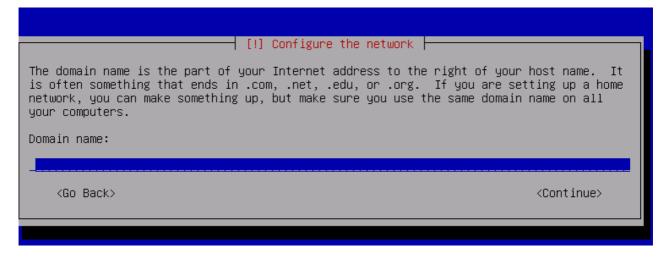


后续会自动DHCP获取网络,如果获取失败,可以选择不连接网络,安装完成后在进行配置

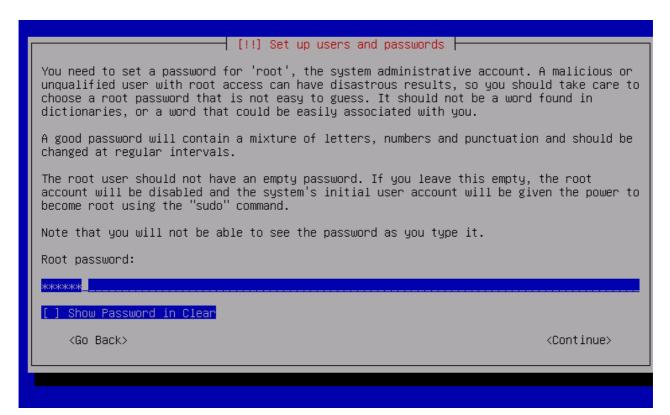
主机名



域名



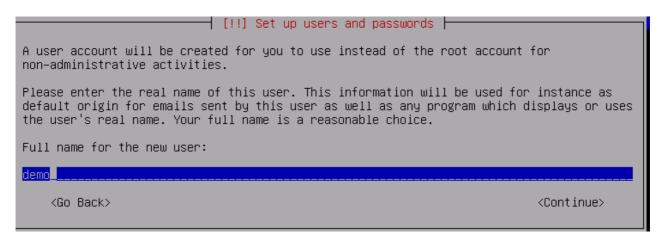
root密码



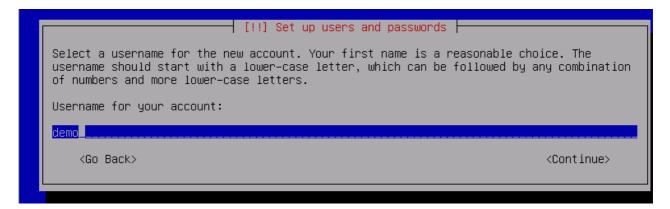
确认root密码



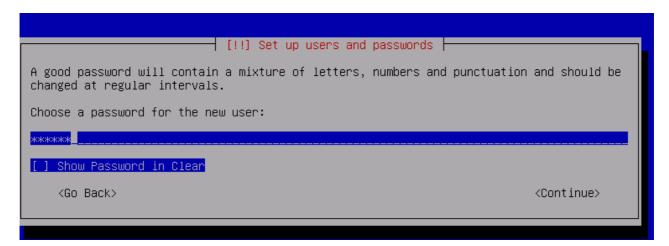
创建一个新用户



默认即可



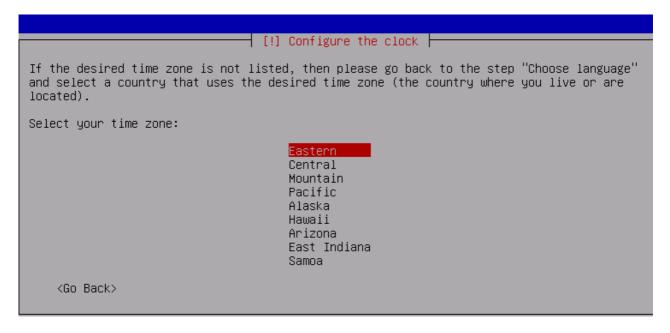
新用户密码



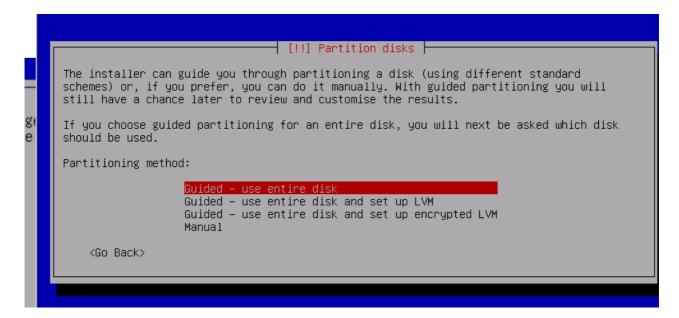
确认新用户密码



默认



选择使用磁盘



默认

─ [!!]Partition disks ├─

Note that all data on the disk you select will be erased, but not before you have confirmed that you really want to make the changes.

Select disk to partition:

SCSI3 (0,0,0) (sda) – 107.4 GB VMware, VMware Virtual S

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选择一个分区

```
[!] Partition disks
```

Selected for partitioning:

SCSI3 (0,0,0) (sda) - VMware, VMware Virtual S: 107.4 GB

The disk can be partitioned using one of several different schemes. If you are unsure, choose the first one.

Partitioning scheme:

All files in one partition (recommended for new users)

Separate /home partition

Separate /home, /var, and /tmp partitions

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接受更改

[!!] Partition disks

This is an overview of your currently configured partitions and mount points. Select a partition to modify its settings (file system, mount point, etc.), a free space to creat partitions, or a device to initialize its partition table.

Guided partitioning Configure software RAID Configure the Logical Volume Manager Configure encrypted volumes Configure iSCSI volumes

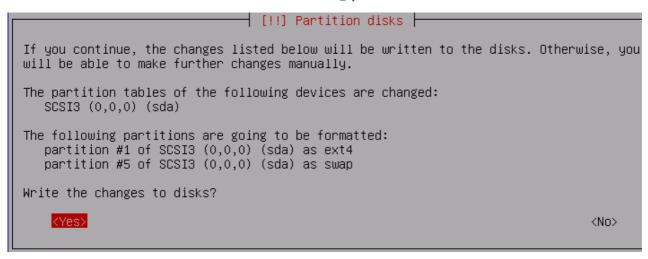
SCSI3 (0,0,0) (sda) – 107.4 GB VMware, VMware Virtual S #1 primary 106.3 GB f ext4 / #5 logical 1.0 GB f swap swap

Undo changes to partitions

Finish partitioning and write changes to disk

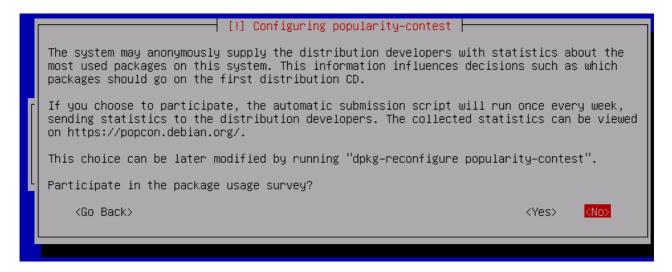
<Go Back>

确定

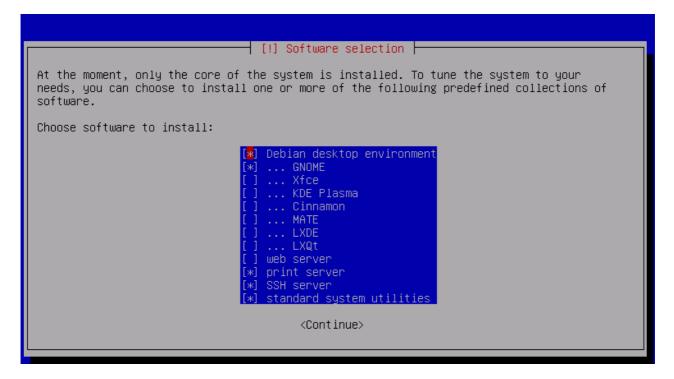


等待系统进行安装

不需要网络镜像源

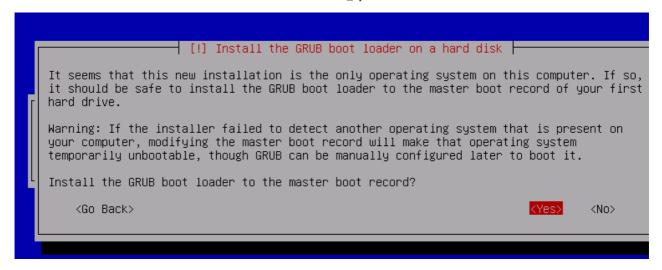


勾选桌面环境,桌面,ssh服务等(按空格选择取消)



等待安装

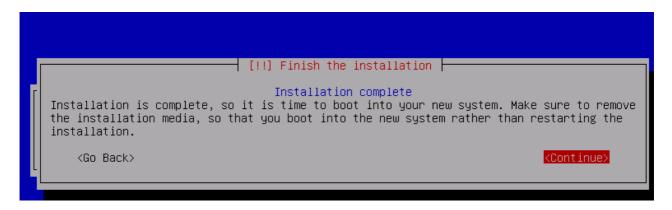
选择yes



选择磁盘

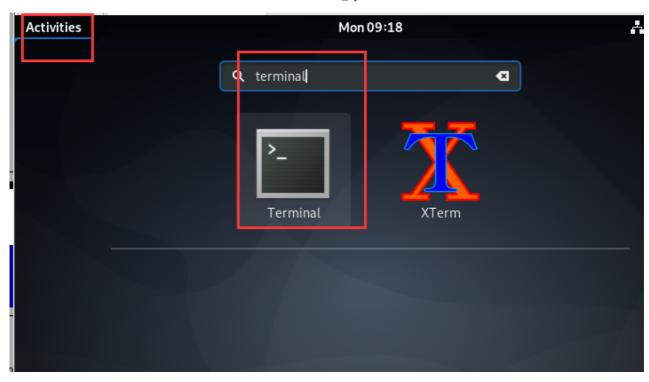


重启



重启后进入图形界面,默认不能以root用户登录,需要以普通身份用户登录

按键盘上的徽标键或者点击active,搜索terminal并选择进入



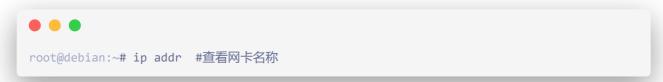
连接到光盘。默认即可安装软件,可以按照open-vmtools来协同物理机与虚拟机剪切板

3: 配置网络

切换用户与软件安装

```
demo@debian:~$ su - root
Password:
root@debian:~#
root@debian:~# apt install open-vm-tools //按安装vmtools工具
root@debian:~# apt install bash* //如果命令无法补全安装,安装完成后重启
root@debian:~# apt install vim -y //安装vim编辑器
```

配置网络



查看网卡名称

sweetheart_dyf

```
vacta_cic iolevel preferred_cic forever
root@debian:~# ip addr

    lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group default qlen

1000
    link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00:00
    inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo
       valid lft forever preferred lft forever
    inet6 ::1/128 scope host
       valid lft forever preferred lft forever
2 ens33: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc pfifo_fast state UP group de
fault qlen 1000
    link/ether 00:0c:29:41:1a:6f brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
    inet 192.168.196.153/24 brd 192.168.196.255 scope global dynamic noprefixroute ens3
       valid lft 1685sec preferred lft 1685sec
    inet6 fe80::20c:29ff:fe41:1a6f/64 scope link noprefixroute
       valid lft forever preferred lft forever
root@debian:~#
```

修改网络



4: 配置apt源

进入阿里开源镜像站,根据对应的debian版本选择源

debian10源如下

```
deb https://mirrors.aliyun.com/debian/ buster main non-free contrib deb-src https://mirrors.aliyun.com/debian/ buster main non-free contrib deb https://mirrors.aliyun.com/debian-security buster/updates main deb-src https://mirrors.aliyun.com/debian-security buster/updates main deb https://mirrors.aliyun.com/debian/ buster-updates main non-free contrib deb-src https://mirrors.aliyun.com/debian/ buster-updates main non-free contrib deb https://mirrors.aliyun.com/debian/ buster-backports main non-free contrib deb-src https://mirrors.aliyun.com/debian/ buster-backports main non-free contrib
```

修改yum源

```
root@debian:~# vim /etc/apt/sources.list //注销掉之前所有的内容添加上面阿里的镜像源进去root@debian:~# apt update //更新源
```

将阿里的源放在最前

```
deb https://mirrors.aliyun.com/debian/ buster main non-free contrib
deb-src https://mirrors.aliyun.com/debian/ buster main non-free contrib
deb https://mirrors.aliyun.com/debian-security buster/updates main
deb-src https://mirrors.aliyun.com/debian-security buster/updates main
deb https://mirrors.aliyun.com/debian/ buster-updates main non-free contrib
deb-src https://mirrors.aliyun.com/debian/ buster-updates main non-free contrib
deb-src https://mirrors.aliyun.com/debian/ buster-backports main non-free contrib
deb-src https://mirrors.aliyun.com/debian/ buster-backports main non-free contrib

# deb cdrom:[Debian GNU/Linux 10.10.0 _Buster_ - Official amd64 DLBD Binary-1 20210619-16:12]/ buster contrib

# deb cdrom:[Debian GNU/Linux 10.10.0 _Buster_ - Official amd64 DLBD Binary-1 20210619-16:12]/ buster contrib

# deb http://security.debian.org/debian-security buster/updates main contrib

# deb-src http://security.debian.org/debian-security buster/updates main contrib

# buster-updates, previously known as 'volatile'

# A network mirror was not selected during install. The following entries

# are provided as examples, but you should amend them as appropriate

# for your mirror of choice.

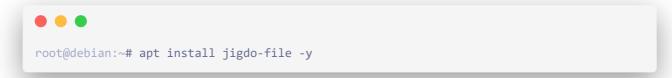
# deb http://deb.debian.org/debian/ buster-updates main contrib

# deb-src http://deb.debian.org/debian/ buster-updates main contrib

# deb-src http://deb.debian.org/debian/ buster-updates main contrib
```

5: 镜像下载

安装镜像下载工具



进入阿里下debian的镜像仓库,进入debian镜像源

找到我们所需要的文件,右键复制连接debian-11.5.0-amd64-DLBD-1.jigdo

File Name	File Size	Date
Parent directory/	-	-
HEADER.html	3.9 KB	2022-0
SHA256SUMS	596.0 B	2022-0
SHA256SUMS.sign	833.0 B	2022-0
SHA512SUMS	980.0 B	2022-0
SHA512SUMS.sign	833.0 B	2022-0
debian-11.5.0-amd64-DLBD-1.jigdo	853.3 KB	2022-0
debian-11.5.0-amd64-DLBD-1.template	58.6 MB	2022-0
debian-11.5.0-amd64-DLBD-2.jigdo	889.4 KB	2022-0
debian-11.5.0-amd64-DLBD-2.template	25.3 MB	2022-0

运行程序

```
root@debian:~# jigdo-lite //运行程序
Jigsaw Download "lite"
Copyright (C) 2001-2005 | jigdo@
Richard Atterer | atterer.org
Getting mirror information from /etc/apt/sources.list
To resume a half-finished download, enter name of .jigdo file.
To start a new download, enter URL of .jigdo file.
You can also enter several URLs/filenames, separated with spaces,
or enumerate in {}, e.g. `http://server/cd-{1_NONUS,2,3}.jigdo'
jigdo: https://mirrors.aliyun.com/debian-cd/current/amd64/jigdo-dlbd/debian-11.5.0-
amd64-DLBD-1.jigdo?spm=a2c6h.25603864.0.0.2344718fawq4D0 //粘贴我们复制的debian-11.5.0-
amd64-DLBD-1.jigdo地址回车
Alternatively, just press enter if you want to start downloading
the remaining files.
Files to scan: //直接回车
States', or a server name like `sunsite'.
Debian mirror [https://mirrors.aliyun.com/debian/]: //镜像源地址,如果不是阿里的就复制
阿里的镜像源地址粘贴回车即可
```

后续则等待自动下载整合即可,中途不能断网,关机,挂起等操作。容易出现问题

下载的时间比较长,具体根据当前网速来确定

允许root用户桌面环境直接登录

```
root@debian:~# vim /etc/pam.d/gdm-password
#%PAM-1.0

auth requisite pam_nologin.so

auth required pam_succeed_if.so user = root quiet_success //去掉=之前的!即可,重
启生效
```

允许远程ssh以root身份登录