1. Conductive heat transfer summary:

heat conductivity is the thermal conductivity of a substance, passing from high temperature to low temperature within the same substance.

k: the thermal resistance of the flat wall heat conduction, Q: the heat transfer rate, L: length, A: area, T: temperature difference

2. Exercise:

L= 0.4 m, A= 20 m2, DeltaT= 25, and k=0.78 W/m

1) simple method:

$$Q = kA \frac{\Delta T}{L}$$
= 0.78W/ m * 20m² * $\frac{25}{0.4m}$
= 975W

2) the resistance concept:

$$R_{Wall} = \frac{L}{kA}$$

$$= \frac{0.4m}{0.78 W/m * 20m^2}$$

$$\approx 0.0256 \text{ °C/W}$$

$$Q = \frac{\Delta T}{R_{Wall}}$$

$$= \frac{25^{\circ}\text{C}}{0.0256^{\circ}\text{C}/W}$$

$$= 976.5625W$$