LAB 01 - Setup and Instruction Set

● MPLAB X IDE 的下載及安裝:

O Link: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3FtxzCHZzQM

• Introduction to Instruction Set :

O Link: https://youtu.be/Qf0pMBAEvjg

• Lab requirements :

● 基本題 (70%):

▶ 題目敘述:

將四個數(以下稱作x1, x2, y1, y2)分別存入[0x000], [0x001], [0x002], [0x003]·且分別求得x1 + x2並存入[0x010], y1 - y2存入[0x011], 最後判別[0x010], [0x011]中的數字是否相等·若相等將[0x020]設為 0xFF,反之設為 0x01 。

(測資中x1 + x2不會大於 0xFF, 且y1 > y2。)

▶ 範例測資:

[0x000]	[0x001]	[0x002]	[0x003]	[0x010]	[0x011]	[0x020]
0x04	0x02	0x0A	0x04	0x06	0x06	0xFF
0x07	0x08	0x0D	0x0C	0x0F	0x01	0x01

▶ 評分標準:

- 1. 需使用 CPFSEQ 指令·加減法的部分可以使用 ADDWF, SUBWF 等,細節自行設計。
- 2. 結果必須存放至[0x020]中。

● 進階題 (30%):

▶ 題目敘述:

將兩數存放於[0x000], [0x002], 並設計一迴圈,計算[0x000]中的數字是否為 2 的倍數,是的話把[0x002]加上一,否則減一,之後再將[0x000]中的數字向右移,反覆做至[0x000]為原本數字為止。

▶ 範例測資:

假設[0x000]的數為b'00001010', [0x002]為 0x10。

Step	[0x000]	[0x002]	
1	00001010	0x11	
2	00000101	0x10	
3	10000010	0x11	
4	01000001	0x10	
5	10100000	0x11	
6	01010000	0x12	
7	00101000	0x13	
8	00010100	0x14	
9	00001010	Do nothing	

▶ 評分標準:

- 1. 請使用迴圈完成此題,不能使用任何暴力手段,善用 GOTO, DECFSZ 等指令。
- 2. 必須使用指令 RRNCF, DECF, INCF。
- 3. 結果必須存放至[0x002]中。

● 加分題 (20%):

▶ 題目敘述:

請利用 ANDWF、IORWF、COMF 指令,實作出一個 8bits 的格雷碼的轉換器,不能使用 XORWF。

▶ 範例測資:

以下是0~7的二進位轉格雷碼的表:

十進位	二進位	格雷碼
0	000	000
1	001	001
2	010	011
3	011	010
4	100	110
5	101	111
6	110	101
7	111	100

例: 0b01100010 轉換後為 0b01010011

▶ 評分標準:

- 1. 運算邏輯只能使用 ANDWF、IORWF、COMF 指令(可以只選擇一種或兩種使用,不一定要三個都使用到),其餘部分可以自行設計。
- 2. 不能使用 XORWF 指令。
- 3. 轉換後結果必須存放至[0x001]中。

提示: 善用 AND、OR、NOT 邏輯運算

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Lab requirements:

• Basic (70%):

Description :

Store four numbers (x1, x2, y1, y2) in memory locations [0x000], [0x001], [0x002], and [0x003] respectively. Calculate the sum of x1 and x2, storing the result in [0x010]. Similarly, compute the difference between y1 and y2, and store the result in [0x011]. Finally, check if the values in [0x010] and [0x011] are equal. If they are, set the value of [0x020] to 0xFF; otherwise, set the value of [0x020] to 0x01.

(Note: The sum of x1+x2 will not exceed 0xFF in the test data, and y1 will always be greater than y2.)

> Sample test data :

[0x000]	[0x001]	[0x002]	[0x003]	[0x010]	[0x011]	[0x020]
0x04	0x02	0x0A	0x04	0x06	0x06	0xFF
0x07	0x08	0x0D	0x0C	0x0F	0x01	0x01

Criteria :

- You must use the CPFSEQ instruction. You can use ADDWF, SUBWF, and other similar instructions for addition and subtraction operations in your design accordingly.
- 2. The result must be stored in [0x020].

• Advanced (30%):

Description :

Save a pair of numbers in [0x000] and [0x002], then create a loop to check if the number in [0x000] is even. If it is, add one to the value in [0x0002]; if not, subtract one. Then, shift the number in [0x0000] to the right until you return to the original number in [0x0000].

> Sample test data :

Assuming the value in [0x000] is b'00001010', and [0x002] is 0x10

Step	[0x000]	[0x002]	
1	00001010	0x11	
2	00000101	0x10	
3	10000010	0x11	
4	01000001	0x10	
5	10100000	0x11	
6	01010000	0x12	
7	00101000	0x13	
8	00010100	0x14	
9 00001010		Do nothing	

> Criteria:

- Please use a loop to complete this task without using any brute force methods. Make good use of instructions like GOTO, DECFSZ.
- 2. You must use the instructions RRNCF, DECF, INCF
- 3. The result must be stored in [0x002]

• Bonus (20%):

Description :

Please implement an 8-bit Gray code converter using the **ANDWF**, **IORWF**, and **COMF** instructions. Using **XORWF** instruction is not allowed.

Sample test data :

This table shows the conversion of binary numbers from 0 to 7 into Gray code.

Decimal	Binary	Gray Code	
0	000	000	
1	001	001	
2	010	011	
3	011	010	
4	100	110	
5	101	111	
6	110	101	
7	111	100	

Example: The binary number "0b01100010" will be converted to "0b01010011" in the Gray code format.

Criteria :

- You can only employ the ANDWF, IORWF, and COMF instructions for logical operations. You have the option to choose one or two of these instructions; it's not mandatory to use all three. The remaining instructions can be custom-designed.
- 2. **XORWF** instruction is not allowed.
- 3. The converted result must be stored in [0x001].

Hint: Make good use of AND, OR, and NOT logical operations.