

EXP 22: Construct a C program to implement best fit algorithm of memory management.

```
#include <stdio.h>

#define MAX 25

void bestFit(int blockSize[], int m, int processSize[], int n) {
    int allocation[MAX];

    // Initially, all processes are unallocated
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        allocation[i] = -1;

    // Pick each process and find the best-fit block
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        int bestIdx = -1;
        for (int j = 0; j < m; j++) {
            if (blockSize[j] >= processSize[i]) {
                if (bestIdx == -1 || blockSize[j] < blockSize[bestIdx])
                    bestIdx = j;
            }
        }

        // If a suitable block is found
        if (bestIdx != -1) {
            allocation[i] = bestIdx;
            blockSize[bestIdx] -= processSize[i];
        }
    }
}
```

```

    }
}

// Print the allocation results
printf("\nProcess No.\tProcess Size\tBlock No.\n");
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    printf("%d\t\t%d\t\t", i + 1, processSize[i]);
    if (allocation[i] != -1)
        printf("%d\n", allocation[i] + 1);
    else
        printf("Not Allocated\n");
}
}

```

```

int main() {
    int blockSize[MAX], processSize[MAX];
    int m, n;

    printf("Enter number of memory blocks: ");
    scanf("%d", &m);
    printf("Enter size of each block:\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < m; i++)
        scanf("%d", &blockSize[i]);

    printf("Enter number of processes: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Enter size of each process:\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        scanf("%d", &processSize[i]);
}

```

```
bestFit(blockSize, m, processSize, n);

return 0;
}
```

Sample Output

```
Enter number of memory blocks: 3
Enter size of each block:
34 23 45
Enter number of processes: 3
Enter size of each process:
2 3 4

Process No. Process Size    Block No.
1           2           2
2           3           2
3           4           2
```