SMART DUSTBIN

**Using Arduino UNO**

# A PROJECT REPORT

***submitted by***

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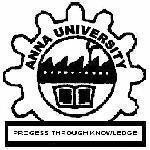
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***in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree of***

**BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING**

***in***

# COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



**RAJALAKSHMI ENGINEERING COLLEGE,**

**ANNA UNIVERSITY : CHENNAI 600 025**

**MAY 2024**

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**BONAFIDE CERTIFICATE**

Certified that this project report titled “**SMART DUSTBIN-Using Arduino UNO”** is the bonafide work of “**SUBBALAKSHMI N (210701263), SUDHASHREE M (210701268) AND SWETHA P (210701277)”** who carried out the work under my supervision. Certified further that to the best of my knowledge the work reported herein does not form part of any other thesis or dissertation on the basis of which a degree or award was conferred on an earlier occasion on this or any other candidate.

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# ABSTRACT

In the era of rapid urbanization and increasing environmental concerns, efficient waste management systems are essential for sustainable development. Traditional waste management methods often suffer from inefficiencies, leading to environmental pollution and resource wastage. To address these challenges, the Smart Dustbin project proposes an innovative IoT-enabled waste management solution.

The Smart Dustbin integrates Internet of Things (IoT) technology with traditional waste bins to create a connected and intelligent waste management system. Each dustbin is equipped with sensors to detect the level of waste accumulation in real-time. These sensors transmit data to a centralized server using wireless communication protocols such as Wi-Fi or LoRaWAN.

The centralized server employs advanced data analytics algorithms to process the incoming data and generate actionable insights. Through data analysis, the system can predict waste accumulation patterns, optimize waste collection routes, and schedule timely pickups. Additionally, users can access the Smart Dustbin system through a mobile application or web interface to receive notifications, monitor waste levels, and request pickups.

# ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

First, we thank the almighty God for the successful completion of the project. Our sincere thanks to our chairman **Mr. S. Meganathan, B.E., F.I.E.,** for his sincere endeavor in educating us in his premier institution. We would like to express our deep gratitude to our beloved Chairperson **Dr. Thangam Meganathan, Ph.D.,** for her enthusiastic motivation which inspired us a lot in completing this project, and Vice-Chairman **Mr. Abhay Shankar Meganthan**, **B.E., M.S.,** for providing us with the requisite infrastructure. We also express our sincere gratitude to our college principal, **Dr.S.N.Murugesan M.E., PhD.,** and **Dr. P. Kumar M.E., Ph.D., Head of the Department of Computer Science and Engineering,** and our project guide **Ms. S. Ponmani M.E.,MBA,** for her encouragement and guiding us throughout the project. We would like to thank our parents, friends, all faculty members, and supporting staff for their direct and indirect involvement in the successful completion of the project for their encouragement and support.

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**CHAPTER 1**

**INTRODUCTION**

In In the era of rapid urbanization and technological advancement, the Internet of Things (IoT) has emerged as a revolutionary paradigm, redefining the way we interact with our surroundings. One of the innovative applications of IoT technology is the development of smart dustbins, which offer an intelligent solution to waste management challenges in urban environments.

Smart dustbins leverage the power of IoT to enhance the efficiency and effectiveness of waste collection and disposal processes. These intelligent bins are equipped with various sensors and connectivity features, allowing them to communicate with central management systems and other connected devices in real-time.

The primary objective of implementing smart dustbins is to optimize waste management operations by enabling proactive monitoring, timely collection, and data-driven decision-making. Through continuous monitoring of fill levels, temperature, and other relevant parameters, smart dustbins can facilitate dynamic route planning for waste collection vehicles, reducing fuel consumption, operational costs, and environmental impact.

Moreover, smart dustbins empower municipal authorities and waste management companies with valuable insights into waste generation patterns, enabling them to implement targeted interventions for waste reduction and recycling initiatives. Additionally, these IoT-enabled bins promote public awareness and engagement by providing real-time feedback and incentives for responsible waste disposal practices.

In this report, we delve into the design, functionality, and potential benefits of smart dustbins in the context of IoT-based waste management systems.

# Motivation

* **Efficiency in Waste Management:** Traditional waste management systems often lack efficiency and accuracy. Smart dustbins equipped with IoT technology can optimize waste collection routes, prioritize areas with higher waste generation, and streamline the overall waste management process.
* **Resource Optimization:** Smart dustbins can help in optimizing the allocation of resources such as manpower and vehicles by providing real-time data on the fill-level of bins.
* **Environmental Impact:** Efficient waste management is crucial for environmental sustainability. By implementing smart dustbins, municipalities and organizations can reduce littering, minimize overflowing bins, and ultimately contribute to a cleaner environment.
* **Public Health:** Overflowing trash bins can attract pests and spread diseases. Smart dustbins can help in maintaining cleanliness and hygiene in public spaces, thus promoting public health and well-being.

**1.2 Objectives**

* The aim of implementing smart dustbins is to modernize waste management systems, leveraging technology to address the challenges of urban waste accumulation.
* By integrating IoT sensors and real-time monitoring, the objective is to optimize waste collection routes, minimize overflowing bins, and enhance resource efficiency.
* These smart dustbins aim to promote sustainable waste practices by encouraging proper disposal habits among residents.
* Additionally, they facilitate data-driven decision-making for waste management authorities, enabling proactive interventions and reducing operational costs.
* Ultimately, the goal is to create cleaner, healthier, and more livable cities while mitigating environmental impact through efficient waste management solutions.

# CHAPTER 2

# LITERATURE REVIEW

1. The research paper published in 2019 [1] discusses the design and implementation of an intelligent garbage monitoring system utilizing IoT technologies. It covers aspects such as sensor integration, data communication, and real-time monitoring for efficient waste management.
2. Another paper published in 2021 [2]  presents a smart waste management system utilizing IoT-enabled garbage bins. It discusses the integration of sensors, wireless communication technologies, and cloud-based data analytics for efficient waste collection and management.
3. Furthermore, a paper published in 2020 [3]  provides a comprehensive review of various smart waste management systems, with a focus on smart dustbins. It discusses different technological approaches, challenges, and potential solutions in the field of waste management.
4. Additionally, a book published in 2021 [4] provides insights on how smart dustbins enhances sustainable development and also improves hygiene in public areas.

# 2.1 Existing System

Existing smart dustbin IoT projects typically incorporate sensors to monitor fill levels, wireless connectivity for data transmission, and a central monitoring system for analysis and management. These systems utilize various sensor technologies like ultrasonic or infrared sensors to measure fill levels accurately. Wireless communication protocols such as Wi-Fi, LoRaWAN enable real-time data transmission to a central server or cloud platform. Alerts and notifications are sent to waste management personnel when bins reach capacity, ensuring timely collection and preventing overflow. Some systems also feature user interfaces for users to access bin information and report issues. Integration with existing waste management infrastructure enhances efficiency and sustainability.

# Advantages of the existing system

* Efficiency: Smart dustbin IoT projects optimize waste collection routes and schedules based on real-time fill-level data, leading to more efficient use of resources and reduced operational costs.
* Cost Savings: By minimizing unnecessary waste collection trips and preventing overflowing bins, these systems can lead to significant cost savings for municipalities and waste management companies.

# 2.1.2 Drawbacks of the existing system

* Initial Investment: Implementing smart dustbin IoT projects requires an initial investment in sensor technology, wireless connectivity, and central monitoring systems, which can be costly for some municipalities or organizations.
* Technical Challenges: Maintaining and troubleshooting complex IoT systems may require specialized technical expertise, and system failures or malfunctions.

# Proposed System

A smart dustbin integrates technology to enhance waste management efficiency and sustainability. It typically includes sensors to detect fill levels, allowing for timely waste collection and optimization of collection routes to reduce fuel consumption and emissions. Additionally, these sensors can provide real-time data on waste generation patterns, aiding in resource allocation and planning.Furthermore, smart dustbins often incorporate compaction mechanisms to maximize capacity, reducing the frequency of emptying and minimizing operational costs. Some models may even feature sorting capabilities, allowing for the segregation of recyclables and non-recyclables at the point of disposal, promoting recycling efforts and reducing contamination. Remote monitoring and management functionalities enable authorities to remotely monitor the status of bins, receive alerts for maintenance or collection needs, and track overall system performance.

# 2.2.1 Advantages of the proposed system

* **Enhanced Accuracy:** Advanced sensor technologies ensure more accurate measurement of fill levels, improving the precision of waste collection and resource allocation.
* **Real-Time Monitoring:** With real-time data transmission and analysis, waste management personnel can monitor fill levels remotely and respond promptly to bin status changes, reducing the risk of overflowing bins.
* **Predictive Maintenance:** By analyzing historical data and usage patterns, the system can predict when bins are likely to reach capacity, enabling proactive maintenance and scheduling of collection routes.

# CHAPTER 3

**SYSTEM DESIGN**

* 1. **Development Environment**

**3.1.1 Hardware Requirements**

Arduino UNO

Ultrasonic sensor

Servo Motor

9V battery

Jumper wires

**Arduino**

Arduino is an open-source electronics platform based on easy-to-use hardware and software. Arduino boards are able to read inputs - light on a sensor, a finger on a button, or a Twitter message - and turn it into an output - activating a motor, turning on an LED, publishing something online.

**Arduino UNO**

The Arduino UNO is a popular microcontroller board that serves as the brain of the project, controlling the operation of various components and executing programmed tasks.

**Ultrasonic sensor**

The ultrasonic sensor measures the distance to the surface of the waste enabling smart opening of dustbins to throw the trash into the dustbin.

**Servo Motor**

The servo motor control the lid's opening and closing mechanism based on sensor inputs, ensuring efficient waste disposal.

**9V Battery**

The 9V battery provides portable power to the sensor nodes, allowing them to operate autonomously without reliance on external power sources.

**Jumper wires**

Jumper wires are used to establish connections between servo motor, battery ultrasonic sensor and Arduino UNO, facilitating the flow of electrical signals in the circuit.

**3.1.1Software Requirements**

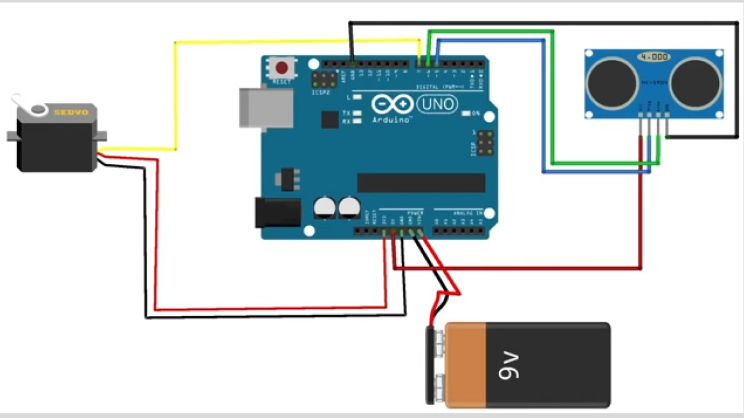
* + - * Arduino IDE

# CHAPTER 4

# PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Smart Dustbin IoT project aims to revolutionize traditional waste management practices by integrating advanced technology with everyday waste disposal processes. Our system utilizes ultrasonic sensors to accurately measure the fill levels of dustbins in real-time. This data is transmitted wirelessly to a central monitoring system, allowing municipal authorities to efficiently allocate resources and optimize waste collection routes. By deploying smart dustbins equipped with IoT capabilities, we empower cities to move towards smarter and more sustainable waste management solutions. The integration of sensor technology, data analytics, and connectivity enables proactive monitoring of waste levels, reducing instances of overflowing bins and improving overall cleanliness. Moreover, our project promotes environmental sustainability by minimizing unnecessary waste collection trips, reducing carbon emissions, and fostering a cleaner and healthier urban environment for residents.

* 1. **SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE**

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**Fig 4.1 System Architecture**

* 1. **METHODOLOGY**

Sensor Deployment and Data Collection: The first step in our methodology involves deploying ultrasonic sensors within the smart dustbins to accurately measure the fill levels of waste. These sensors are strategically placed at the top of the bins to ensure precise measurements. As waste accumulates, the sensors continuously monitor the fill levels and transmit the data wirelessly to a central monitoring system.

Data Processing and Analysis: Upon receiving the sensor data, the central monitoring system processes and analyzes it in real-time. Advanced algorithms are employed to interpret the data and determine the optimal time for waste collection. By analyzing historical data and predicting future fill levels, the system can dynamically adjust waste collection schedules and routes to maximize efficiency.

Alerting and Action: In the final stage of our methodology, the central monitoring system generates alerts and notifications based on predefined thresholds and criteria. When a dustbin reaches a certain fill level or requires maintenance, automated alerts are sent to designated personnel or waste management teams. This proactive approach ensures timely intervention and enables swift action to prevent overflowing bins and maintain the cleanliness of the surroundings. Establish mechanisms for monitoring and evaluating key performance indicators (KPIs) related to smart dustbin usage, waste collection efficiency, and environmental impact. Analyze collected data and metrics to assess the impact of the smart dustbin IoT project on waste management processes, resource utilization, and service quality.

**CHAPTER 5**

**RESULTS AND DISCUSSION**

The results smart dustbin mainly improves public hygiene along with user satisfaction. The results showed a significant reduction in instances of overflowing bins, leading to cleaner and healthier urban environments. Furthermore, the integration of sensor technology and data analytics enabled proactive decision-making and resource allocation, resulting in cost savings and operational optimization for municipal authorities. The successful deployment of our smart dustbin IoT system highlights its potential to revolutionize traditional waste management practices and pave the way for smarter, more sustainable cities. Through extensive testing and validation, we demonstrated the effectiveness of our solution in improving waste management efficiency and sustainability.

**CHAPTER 6**

**CONCLUSION AND FUTURE WORK**

* 1. **Conclusion**

Our smart dustbin IoT project represents a significant advancement in modern waste management systems. By integrating Internet of Things technology with traditional waste bins, the project addresses key challenges such as inefficient collection, overflowing bins, and environmental pollution. Through real-time monitoring of fill levels, optimization of collection routes, and data-driven decision-making, the Smart Dustbin system offers numerous benefits including cost savings, environmental sustainability, and improved operational efficiency. As cities continue to grow and face increasing waste management challenges, solutions like the Smart Dustbin project pave the way for smarter, more sustainable urban environments.

# Future Work

* **Advanced Analytics:** Incorporating machine learning and artificial intelligence algorithms to analyze historical data and predict future waste generation patterns. This could enable proactive decision-making and more accurate optimization of waste collection routes.
* **Sensor Technology:** Researching and implementing advanced sensor technologies to improve the accuracy and reliability of fill-level detection. This could involve exploring new sensor types or integrating multiple sensor modalities for redundancy and robustness.
* **Integration with Smart City Infrastructure:** Integrating the Smart Dustbin system with other smart city initiatives, such as intelligent traffic management or environmental monitoring systems. This integration could facilitate data sharing and collaboration between different municipal departments.

# APPENDIX

**SOFTWARE INSTALLATION**

**Arduino IDE**

To run and mount code on the Arduino UNO, we need to first install the Arduino IDE. After running the code successfully, mount it.

# Sample code

#include <Servo.h> //servo library

Servo servo;

int trigPin = 5;

int echoPin = 6;

int servoPin = 7;

int led= 10;

long duration, dist, average;

long aver[3]; //array for average

void setup() {

Serial.begin(9600);

servo.attach(servoPin);

pinMode(trigPin, OUTPUT);

pinMode(echoPin, INPUT);

servo.write(0); //close cap on power on

delay(100);

servo.detach();

}

void measure() {

digitalWrite(10,HIGH);

digitalWrite(trigPin, LOW);

delayMicroseconds(5);

digitalWrite(trigPin, HIGH);

delayMicroseconds(15);

digitalWrite(trigPin, LOW);

pinMode(echoPin, INPUT);

duration = pulseIn(echoPin, HIGH);

dist = (duration/2) / 29.1; //obtain distance

}

void loop() {

for (int i=0;i<=2;i++) { //average distance

measure();

aver[i]=dist;

delay(10); //delay between measurements

}

dist=(aver[0]+aver[1]+aver[2])/3;

if ( dist<50 ) {

//Change distance as per your need

servo.attach(servoPin);

delay(1);

servo.write(0);

delay(3000);

servo.write(150);

delay(1000);

servo.detach();

}

Serial.print(dist);

}

# REFERENCES

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