

1. Which of the following methods do we use to find the best fit line for data in Linear Regression?

Ans : Least Square Error

2. Which of the following statement is true about outliers in linear regression?

Ans : Linear regression is sensitive to outliers

3. A line falls from left to right if a slope is \_\_\_\_\_?

Ans : Negative

4. Which of the following will have symmetric relation between dependent variable and independent variable?

Ans : Both of them

5. Which of the following is the reason for over fitting condition?

Ans : Low bias and high variance

6. If output involves label then that model is called as

Ans : Predictive modal

7. Lasso and Ridge regression techniques belong to \_\_\_\_\_?

Ans : Regularization

8. To overcome with imbalance dataset which technique can be used?

Ans : Cross validation

9. The AUC Receiver Operator Characteristic (AUCROC) curve is an evaluation metric for binary classification problems. It uses \_\_\_\_\_ to make graph?

Ans: TPR and FPR

10. In AUC Receiver Operator Characteristic (AUCROC) curve for the better model area under the curve should be less.

Ans. False

11. Pick the feature extraction from below:

A) Construction bag of words from a email

B) Apply PCA to project high dimensional data

C) Removing stop words

12. Which of the following is true about Normal Equation used to compute the coefficient of the Linear Regression?

A) We don't have to choose the learning rate.

B) It becomes slow when number of features is very large.

13. Explain the term regularization?

Ans: Regularizations are techniques used to reduce the error by fitting a function appropriately on the given training set and avoid over fitting.

14. Which particular algorithms are used for regularization?

Ans : Ridge Regression

15. Explain the term error present in linear regression equation?

Ans : An error term represents the margin of error within a statistical model; it refers to the sum of the deviations within the regression line, which provides an explanation for the difference between the theoretical value of the model and the actual observed results